

The London Gazette.

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From Monday June 24. to Thursday June 27. 1678.

Copenhagen, June 25.

THe 18th instant, at night, 300 Foot; and 300 Dragoons, under the Command of the Duke of Croy, plundered *Elsenburg*, and carried away with them a very great Booty, and had they had Cannon with them, they would have attacked the Castle. The 21 the Regiment of Colonel *Schilders* embarked, in order to its passing over to *Landskroon*. Two dayes since came hither a Bore from *Christianstadt*, who says, that the *Suedes* blocked up the place with 12000 men, but that they within wanted nothing, and would be able to subsist some monthes longer. The *Danish* Fleet having been before *Ustede*, and the *Danes* having made a decent there only for plunder, they are at present Cruising off of the Island of *Bornboime*. Here is a report, as if some *Suedish* Men of War were at Sea.

Hamburg, June 28. Our Letters from *Denmark* advise, that they had Letters from *Norway*, of the 18, which gave an account, that the *Danes* continued to batter *Babus* with 27 pieces of Cannon, and four Mortars, and that they had dismounted all the Cannon of the Besieged; that the *Suedes* were drawing a Body together between *Gottenburg* and *Waerburg*, in order to the relieving *Babus*, as is believed.

Strasbourg, June 24. We have nothing of moment to write from hence by this Ordinary, the two Armies continue very near; but what was said of the *Imperialists* having cut off the communication between the *French* and *Brisac*, proves a mistake, for a very considerable Convoy arrived some dayes since in the *French* Camp from thence.

Cologne, June 24. The Account we have from the Armies in *Brigow*, is, that the Duke of *Lorraine* continues encamped at *Bucken*, a large League from *Friburg*; that on the 20th instant his Highness went out with 1000 Horse to view the *French* Camp, which is very near *Friburg*, having a River before it, and very strongly fortified; that on the 19th a great Convoy arrived in the *French* Camp, having taken its march from *Brisac* to *Greitzbus*, and so to *Heiteren*, where the *French* have thrown a Bridge over the *Rhine* which comes from *Saltzberg*, taking thus a compass of three Leagues about. The detachments which came from *Flanders*, and are already arrived at *Brisac*, will take the same way, and when they have joined *Mareschal Crequi*, he will be much stronger than the Duke of *Lorraine*. The same Letters add, that Count *Staremberg* had defeated a *French* Convoy, and taken 20 Wagons, without giving us any other particulars. The Most Christian King having put the Duke of *Bouillon* in possession of the Duchy of that name, our Elector, in whose hands it was before the War, has written to the Pope, the Emperor, and the Most Christian King, to desire he may not be deprived of so considerable a Territory. The Duke of *Neuburg* has sent Orders to demolish all the fortified places in the

Dutchy of *Fullers*, except *Fullers* and *Dufeldorp*. The *French* have again burnt several Villages in that Country.

From the *Mareschal de Crequi's* Camp at *Leken* near *Friburg*, June 25. Yesterday the *Mareschal de Crequi* perceived, that the *Imperialists* begun to move, and therefore the better to observe them, drew up his Army in *Battalia*, and the night following caused it to advance very near to the Enemies Posts, and this morning, before break of day, he understood that the Enemy marched, and thereupon commanded several Troops to follow them, as they did, and after an hours march came up with their Rear, which, after some Skirmish, made haste to retreat to their main Body, our Troops did not follow them, for the *Mareschal* understanding that the Van of the Enemy turned upon his right, and that the Enemy attacked the Church at *Languen-linguen*, in which were 100 Musketeers, he commanded back those Troops that were sent to attack the Enemies Rear, in order to the securing his right Wing, and relieving the said Musketeers, against whom the Enemy had raised two Batteries, and planted three pieces of Cannon on each. The *Mareschal* having drawn up the Army in *Battalia*, in the Plain, caused commanded Parties to advance very near the said Church, who attacked the Posts the Enemy had taken, and gave the Musketeers opportunity to retire, which done, our Army, having been 37 hours in Arms, returned to its Camp, and the Duke of *Lorraine* went and encamped at the entrance into the Valley of *Walkirk*.

From the *Mareschal de Crequi's* Camp at *Grainguen*, June 27. Yesterday morning the *Mareschal de Crequi* decamped from the Neighborhood of *Friburg*, and came and posted himself here, and this morning at break of day we are decamping again, and shall march towards *Neuburg*, where a Bridge is by the *Marschals* Order laying over the *Rhine*; he has sent for his heavy Cannon from *Brisac*, which makes us believe that he has some great enterprize in hand. Yesterday the *Imperial* Army was still encamped near the Valley of *Walkirk*, but we believe they will not continue long there, for that they want Forrage.

Brussels, June 28. On Saturday morning last, *Monsieur Lanoy* (who commands old Prince *Maurice's* Regiment) arrived here from the *Hague*, being sent by the *States General* to the Most Christian King, to acquaint him with the resolution they had taken, that their Ambassadors at *Nimeguen* should sign the Peace before the end of this month, &c. and having stayed here, while a Trumpet brought him a Pass from the Duke of *Luxemburg*, through whose Camp he passed, to deliver the Letter he was charged with from the *States* to him, he continued his journey to *Paris*, where, we believe, he arrived last night. On Sunday we heard of the great misfortune hapned to Count *Waldeck* and his Family, by the loss of his onely Son, the Count of *Gulemburg*, a most hopeful young Gentle-

Gentleman, who dyed suddenly in a Passage-Boat, between *Culemburg* and *Vienne*; the *States*, as well as the Prince of *Orange*, have sent to condole with him upon this occasion; he, in his affliction, is retired to his own Estate, and Count *Nassau* has taken upon him the Command of the Army. Yesterday 3 or 4000 *French* Horse came very near this City, between *Anderlech* and *Laken*, to forage, our Cavalry went out to skirmish with them, but some of the *French* Officers rode up, and declared to them, that they had Orders to forbear all Acts of Hostility, that they came to take their leaves of them, for that they should decamp in a day or two. Our Letters from *Ruremond*, which came yesterday, told us, that Lieutenant General *Chauvet*, who commands the *Luxemburg* Troops, had defeated *Marschal Schomberg's* Rear-guard, and taken some of his Baggage; that on the other side, 300 of the *Confederates* Horse had been cut in pieces by the *French*, and that the two Armies were very near: But our Letters from *Aix la Chapelle* of the 25th, say, there had not passed any Action between them; that *Marschal Schomberg* was encamped behind *Borcel* Abby, near *Aix*, on the side towards *Limburg*; and that the *Confederate* Troops encamped the 25th at *Heydam*, on the other side of *Aix*; that Parties from both Armies came daily into the Town to buy Provisions; that the *French* were strongest in Foot, and the *Confederates* in Horse, in which the former had the advantage, being in a Country which is altogether inclosed. This day the Prince of *Vaudemont*, accompanied with Lieutenant-General *Agurto*, and other General Officers, went to the *French* Camp to visit the Duke of *Luxemburg*, who received them with great respect, shewed them his Army, and told them, that he had Orders to decamp in a day or two, and to put his Troops into several Garrisons, except a detachment, which is to be sent to *Marschal Schomberg*.

Ditto, July 1. While we were in expectation to hear that the Peace was signed at *Nimeguen*, at least between *Spain*, *France*, and *Holland*, and that in consequence thereof, the Armies would retire from the *Spanish* Territories, we receive very unexpected news from *Nimeguen*, as well as from the *Hague*, of a new and great difficulty arisen in that work, and that the *Dutch* Ambassadors had by Orders from the *States*, absolutely refused to sign the Peace, till that was removed; in the mean time the month allowed by the Most Christian King to the *States*, to have their positive resolution in, being expired, we must expect that the *French* will renew the Hostilities, and for this reason his Excellency has sent Orders to stop the march of the *Osnabrug* Troops, who having received part of the monies due to them, were marching towards the *Meuse*, to join with the other *Confederate* Troops; they are now coming back to their old quarters at *Duffle*, and the *Dutch* Troops, who were going home, are commanded to continue in these Parts.

Hague, July 1. The 27th past, the *States General*, upon Letters they received from *Nimeguen*, were assembled till one in the morning; the *States* of *Holland* had likewise long consultations on the same Subject, till the 28th at noon, when they separated, and the Deputies went home to consult their Principals, at least some of them; they returned the 29 in the evening, and the 30 the *States* of *Holland* met again, and were together from eight in the morning, till one afternoon, his Highness being most of that

time present. Yesterday they were again assembled, as well as this day, and, it seems, had long debates, so that all conclude the Affair before them is of great importance. Expresses have been sent to *England*, and to *Nimeguen*, with Orders to our Ministers there; and we are told that the *States* have resolved not to conclude the Peace, as was intended, till the difficulty which is at present arisen about the quitting the Towns in *Flanders* by the *French* is removed, so that the hopes we had of Peace begin to lessen. In the mean time it is said, that the Elector of *Brandenburg* has acquainted the *States*, that he will agree to the Cessation of Arms as offered by *France*. We have nothing new from *Germany*, the Armies continued in the same Posts, we gave you an account of in our last, and it was believed the Cessation would likewise take place with them. The only Son of Count *Waldeck* is dead suddenly, to the great Affliction of that Family.

Paris, July 2. The King has, as we are informed, sent Orders to the Duke of *Luxemburg*, to remove with the Army out of the Neighborhood of *Brussels*, after having sent a detachment of his Troops to join the *Marschal de Schomberg*, who is encamped with his Body of men near *Aix la Chapelle*. According to the Advices we receive from *Nimeguen*, an Accident has hapned there, which may occasion a change in Affairs, for it is said for certain, that the *Dutch* Ambassadors have declared they cannot sign the Peace, till the matter in dispute be adjudged. In *Brigow* the Armies continue very closely to observe each others motions; the *Imperialists* decamped the 24 instant from *Bucken*, and marched towards the Valley of *Walkirke*.

Advertisements.

☞ A Theological Discourse of Angels, and their Ministries Wherein their Existence, Nature, Number, Order and Offices, are modestly treated of, &c. By Benjamin Curfield, Rector of *Aylston* near *Leicester*.

☞ A Collection of Select Discourses out of the most eminent Wits of *France* and *Italy*. A Preface to Monsieur *Sarasin's* Works, by Monsieur *Pelisson*, &c. Both sold by *H. Brome* at the Gun in *St. Pauls Church-yard*.

☞ A New French Grammar: Or, a New Method for Learning of the French Tongue. To which are added, for a Help to Young Beginners, a large Vocabulary, and a store of familiar Dialogues. By *Guy Mige*, Author of the New French Dictionary. Sold by *T. Basset*, at the George near *St. Dunstan's Church* in *Fleet-street*.

These are to give Notice, that on the 21 instant, a Stranger came to the *Dolphin* Coffee-house in *Kings-street*, *Westminster*, and left a Silver Watch with several motions. If he please to call upon *Mrs. Bernard*, the Mistress of the house aforesaid, and tell the marks, and pay the charges, he may have his Watch again.

Stolen about the 6th instant, from *Warshall* near *Whitchurch* in *Shropshire*, a light bay Mare with a bald face, two walled eyes, a slit in the right ear, three white feet, a black mane, and bob-tail'd, having all her paces, supposed to be stolen by one *William Levett*, alias *Shelden*, a tall sandy man, with a brown perriwig, and brown cloaths. Whoever shall apprehend or give notice of the Person or Mare above-mentioned, to *Mrs. Jane Baker* at the *Red Lyon* in *Westchester*, or *Mt. George Tushingham* at *Staple Inn* in *Hoborn*, *London*, shall have Two Guineys Reward.

Stolen out of a Stable at the Parsonage of *Mersham* near *Ashford* in *Kent*, the 21 instant, a bay Mare near 14 hands, all her paces, her mane almost shorn close throughout, white spots under the saddle, and in good case. Whoever gives notice at the said Parsonage at *Mersham*, or to *Mr. Moses Pitt* at the *Angel* in *St. Pauls Churchyard*, shall be well rewarded.