## The London Gazette.

## Published by Authority.

From Thursday, February 14. to Monday, February 18. 1666.

Edenburgh, February 5.

Merchant Ship of Glasgow of 300. Tuns laden with Wines from Spain was in her return attempted by a Dutch Man of War, for which Encounter finding her self too weak, though sufficiendy manned ,. the Master commanded his men to conceal themselves, himself and only seven men appearing upon the Deck, who immediately struck says in token of submission; which the Man of War perceiving, Sent 22. of his men abourd her, himself leaving her, to pursue another Veskl discovered to the Leewards; but at the close of the Evening, the concealed men finding their advantage, fet so vigomully upon the Dutch-men, that making them prioners, they regulated the possession of their Vessel, and returned lefto Glafgoe.

Rome, Jan. 29. His Holiness has been lately so much inditposed, that he has not been able to give any Audiences, though much importuned by foreign Ministers. He still continues zealous for the affiftance of the Venetians, having by the free offer of his Gallies inccuraged the Knights of Maltha, and probably the great Duke of Tuscany to affift them with theirs: belides this, he has given them leave to levy 2000 Men in Ferrara and Ravenna, and Cardinal chigi has granted them the Revenues of several Abbeys which he injoyed in the State of Venice, towards the main-

tenance of the War.

By reason of the late great Rains, the River Tyber overflowing its Banks, has much indamaged this City, and ruined

many houses.

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> Cardinal Urfini Protector of the Affairs of Poland and Lythuania, has received a Letter from that King, fent by a particular Courrier, informing him of the late Louision of the Tartars and Coffacks, ruining and plundering the Countties as they pals, having given a defeat to thole Forces that were fent to oppose them, threatning a return into those parts. the next Spring with all their Forces; against whem he begs the affistance of his Holiness for timely Succors, and to use his endeavours with the Princes of Italy (to whom he intends speedily to dispatch his Ambassadours) that he may be powerfully affished by them according to the necessity of his Affairs: Whereupon the Cardinal (upon the Popes Indisposition, which rendered him uncapable of giving his Audience) communicated the Letter to Cardinal Chigi, from whom he received very obliging language; and tis said, his Holiness intends to call a Congregation of Cardinals to consider the best ways chassisting lat Kingdom.

> Bressaw, Jan. 30. We are every day informed of the great Ruines and Devastations made by the Tartars and · Cossack propon the Polish Territories; all Ukrania-Wollina, and Pallascha, being by them reduced to the mercy of the Turks, the greatest part of the people having already acknowlidged the Grand Seignior for their Plince, and Iworn Obedience to him; but yet they are not without hopes that their Ambassadours to soreign Princes may to effectually represent the deplorable condition of their Country, as to invite them to a compassionate and friendly assistance against the common

Enemy of the Christian Worl.

Viennz, Feb. 3. The Count of Sinsendorf, President of the Imperial Coamber, is by his Imperial Majesty made Governor of Tyroll, and his Charge of President conserved on Count Otrgas.

Yesterday the Tuckish Chians had another Audience from the Prince Gonzague, President of the Council of War, representing his Orders lately received from the Viller of Buda, by which he was commanded to inform his Imperial Maj sty, that the Cossacks upon their own inclinations and affection to the Ottoman Court, had demanded the Grand-Seigniors Protection, from the violence of the Polanders, especially the Hussers, that are the King of Poland's Guards; agrinst whom both the Coffacks and Tartars had been forced to fland upon their defence, with such success, as to change the Scine, and bring the War into that Countrey, which might probably engage the King of Poland to demand the Assistance of His Imperial Majesty: But the Visier had such confidence in the good Intentions of His Imperial Majesty to preserve the Treaty made between the two Empires; that he could not be perswaded he would be drawn to succour that Crown to its infringement; defiring the Treaty between them, may not on this occasion meet with a rupture.

The States of Hungary have remonstrated to His Imperial Majesty, the great impoverishment of their Countrey by the late Wars, which hash much disabled them from bearing the Expences of the Court; as might be expected from them at the Solemn Coronation of the Empress, putting him ilfo in mind of their Grievances, for whol. Redress, they defire His Imperial Mijesty to appoint Commissioners to examine them ar Nieusoll, which (when removed) will encourage them to make preparations according to their abilities

for that Solemnity.

On Monday last the Horse Ballet was again exhibited; with the addition of the Great Machine, representing the Four Elements, before which passed a great Ship in form of a Fregat, in Circumference 180 feet, and in Height 28: feet, whereon there was presented great Variety of excellent Mufick of all forts of I fit uments; after which followed 'a very rich Triumphal Chariot, which ceneluded the glory of that Divertisement, to the great satisfaction of their Imperial Mijesties. The Inventor of this Ballet, is by the Emperor rewarded with the Gift of 20000. Florins, besides the liberal allowances he has had fince his first undertaking it, ad an honourable Pension settled on him for his life.

Letters from Constantinople, inform us that a Truce is made between the Turks and Persians for eight years, upon equdition, That the Perfians oblige the Tartars to affift the Grand Signior in his Wars for three years; who has remanded his Forces from Persia, intending vigorously to prose-

cute the War against the Polanders.

Venice, Feb. 4. The Convoy under the Command of his Excellency Morofini, so long detained by ill weather, put to Sea on Thursday last with a fair wind; about the same time came in two [mall Veffels from Cephalonia and Corfu, that have been 50. dayes tegether kept at Sea by contrary winds in learch for prey 3 at their coming out they were told of seven Corsairs of Tripoly that were plying about Sapi-

From the Levant we are informed that the Turks proceed in their delign upon Candia, and have much strained it. by drawing their Forces very near it's upon whom the Garrison have made several stout Sallies, with some damage to the Turks, in one of which Vertmiller received a flight

Of the two Gallies some sime since arrived from Dalmatia; one of them is disarmed, to be put upon the Stocks, the Slaves taken out, and put aboard the Bastard Gally, which is to be fent into the Levant, for the Service of his Excellency Morofini; and is arming and fitting up to follows with all the diligence imaginable. The other of those Gallies to

be sent back to Dalmatia, with Moneys and Necessaries for

The two Ships ordered to be built in the Arfenal, are upon the Stocks, and will prove to be much larger than any Ships that have yet been feen in these Sees 3 being full as leng as any of our Gallensses. Several other great Ships are building in our Docks, whereof one is near finished, and will in

few daves be ready to pur to Sea.

Hildesheim, Feb. 6. We are daily looking for the return of the Count Guillaume of Furstemburgh from the Imperial Court at Vienna, with some impatience expecting what success he will have in his suit for the Investiture of Metz, as Prince of the Empire. In the mean time the Deputies from the Neigl bour Princes, have their frequent Conferences here, and are now more warmly than ever pursuing their Design of making a League Offentive and Desentive. Here is as yet no D. pu y arrived, from the Prince Elector of the Upper Rhine, the two Electors of Mayence and Palatine, being at the present wholly intent upon the Decisive Sentence expected daily from the two Embassadors; which Astair being determined, 'cis believed they will speedily employ such. persons to this Assembly, as may carry on their interest with the rest, it being generally thought that this Alliance will comprehend all the Electors, excepting only the Duke of Baviere, who also may be taken in, in case the Emperor finall think fit to enter into ir-

Zelle, Feb. 7. Notwithstanding our former resolution to disband and reduce our Forces to a lesser number, the posture of our Neighbour Princes, enforces us to change our intentions, and to keep our Forces entire; being as yet unsatisfied of the intention of the Swedes in the re-inforce-

ment of their Army.

Monsieur Balbitzki continues still at Hamburgh, where there are frequent Conferences between the Swedes and

Erench Ministers.

Monsieur Millet Envoye from the King of France, continues about Staadt, being very intent upon the issue of the Negotiation amongst the Princes in the Assembly at Hilde-sheim

From Stockholme we are informed that the Sieur Tungel is appointed by the Court of Swedeland, to go thence Ambassador for the Court of Spain, which may create some jealousies in France, that that King will hardly be drawn from his Neutrality, notwithstanding all their arts and en-

deavours to the contrary.

Legorn, Febr. 7. The Report so strongly spread in these parts of a Peace between the Venetians and Turks, grows. cold, wanting the expected Confirmation, being probably railed upon the proceedings of the Vilier, who having taken a view of the Fortifications of Candia, indeavoured by the hopes of a Treaty, to make the City less careful of its defence; to which purpole, he fent a Chiaus to the Venetian General, to tell him that the greatest reason of his arrival at that Island, was (if possibly he could) to: establish a peace with them, which was also the intention and desire of his Master the Grand Seignior, in which he was resolved to use his utmost endeavour; and to that end, defired his Excellency to send some person to the Camp, with full power to treat and conclude such Articles as should be agreed of between them, and in the mean time to have a suspension of Arms between both parties, which the General accordingly complied with, though with little hopes of effecting any thing; during which Treaty, nothing is omitted on the Venetians part that can be done, for the Rrengthning and securing of all places that may be exposed to any danger; care being likewise taken by the Fleet to hinder and intercept all Succor defigned for the affiftance of the Enemy. One of their Light Ships lately furprized a Saich of the Enemies put out from Canea, intending for Constantinople, having aboard her onely four Seamen, and one principal Turk, fent with Letters from the Visier to the Grand Seignfor, to inform him of the State of Canea, which he found in arrill posture, with sew Inhabitants and flender Provisions; and on the other side, the City of Candia in a far better condition for defence then he expected, concluding with his earnest defires, that some considerable

Succors might be speedly sent him, especially of Men and Amimunicion, in that proportion as was formerly agreed upon at the Court.

Basic, Feb. 8. The French Design upon Alfatia takes up all our thoughts and discourse in these parts, we being assured from the Court of France, that a powerful Army will be sent thither in March, which 'is believed may draw many of the Princes of Germany to put themselves upon their Guards.

Hague, Feb. 16. The disbanding of our Forces is as yet deferred, till we can be more certainly informed of the Intentions of our Neighbours, who continuing still in Arms, oblige us to stand upon our Guards, and to take such care of the Frontiers, that they may be in a readiness to defend themselves against any attempts: to which purpose, Orders are sent to provide themselves with all forts of Ammunicion and Provisions for six Moneths, and to repair the Fortifications of the most considerable places, a summ of money being accordingly raised by the Contribution of the several Provinces, to desirat their necessary Expences.

We are informed that Brabant, and the other Provinces under the Spanish Jurisdiction, are providing against a Storm which they fear may suddenly fall upon them, being frequently alarmed by the French, who by a late stop of Flemish Ships at Manter, upon a pretence of Sickness in Flanders, have much startled the Flemish Merchants, and increased

their apprehensions of a sudden breach.

Doctor Magdowell is at the last condemned to a perpetual banishment out of the seven Provinces, and to pay the expences of the whole process.

From Rotterdam we are told of the arrival of feveral Ships laden from France with divers Seamen, formerly taken by the

Englishin the Fortune and Walderen

A Vessel arrived lately in the Stream near Amsterdam from England, with released prisoners, was thereuniortunately set

on fire and wholly confumed.

Paris, Febr. 19. His Majesty has given Orders to his Forces neer the Frontiers, to advance towards Chaalons in Champagne, where he intends a general Rendezvous, and great preparations are making at Loursey for the Reception of his Majesty, and Provisions for his Army, which he intends there to take a view of.

Several of the Officers, of the Companies drown'd in palfing the River at Conflans, are committed prisoners to the Bastille, upon information that they were forewarned of the danger in over-charging the Boat, and took no care for its prevention.

The 12th instant, the Ambassadous and foreign Ministers introduced by the Master of the Caremonies, made their Complements to the Queen upon the birth of the Princes.

The 13th, his MajeRy went to the Castle of Verseilles, where the Cardinal de Ret2 attended him, and was graciously received by his Majesty, the Dauphin, Monsieur and Madam.

Falmouth, Feb. 10. Yesterday arrived here the Gerard a Privateer in sour dayes from Dartmeuth, to which place the Captain brought in a pretended Ostender, but upon examination supposed Prize, laden with Iron and Wool from Bibboa; and had besides in her Cabin a Chest of Plate, two Chests of Sassion, and a considerable quantity of Cocheneles, all which at her arrival there, was secured by the Officers for Prizes: But the Captain, who had taken the Vesselment the Port, and had not time to examine or secure any part of the Prize; being much dissatisfied that he had lost his opportunity, endeavoured to redeem it by sorce; and with part of his Crew came aboard her in the Night, where securing the Waiters, he broke open the Door, taking away what patt of the Goods he pleased, selling them in the Town at inconsiderable rates; for which he is since secured.

Barwick, Feb. 10. On Friday last a Vessel bound with Corn for Newcastle, was by a Privateer of 30 Guns, chased into a Creek about 10. miles to the Southwards of this places where she was defended by a Company accidentally drawntogether near the place by the Sheriff of the County, and the

Privateer forced again to Sea.