



The London Gazette.

Published by Authority.

From Saturday February 7, to Tuesday February 10, 1789.

Kew, February 8.

HIS Majesty continued in a composed State Yesterday, has had a very good Night, and is calm this Morning.

Kew, February 9.

His Majesty was quiet Yesterday, had a good Night, and is quiet this Morning.

Kew, February 10.

His Majesty passed Yesterday in a State of Composure, had Four Hours of Sleep, and has more than usual Recollection this Morning.

St. Petersburg, January 16.

Monday last, being New Year's Day, O. S. the Nobility and Foreign Ministers were in the Morning admitted to the Honour of paying their Respects to her Imperial Majesty, and in the Evening there was a most magnificent and sumptuous Ball at Court.

Madrid, January 20.

The King of Spain was proclaimed in this Capital on Saturday the 17th Instant, with all customary Ceremonies. The Conde de Altemira, as Alferes-Maior of Madrid, bore the Royal Standard, and was accompanied in the Procession by a great Number of Grandees on Horses very richly caparisoned, and also by the Corregidor, Alguazils, Heralds, and others. The Proclamation was repeated in different Parts of the City, and Silver and Gold Coins, prepared for the Occasion, were thrown by the Heralds among the People. The first Proclamation was made in the great Square, in Front of the Palace. Their Catholick Majesties were present, seated in a Balcony, and attended by the Ambassadors, and other Foreign Ministers, and by the principal Officers of State. The Acclamations of the People were great, and expressive of much Loyalty and Affection to their Sovereigns. The public Mourning was suspended during Three Days, a very large List of Promotions was published, various Entertainments and Balls were given, and there was a general Illumination on each of the Three Evenings.

A Royal Order has been published at Malaga,

permitting for the present, and only at the Custom-House of that Port, the free Transshipping and Deposit of such Produce, Goods and Merchandizes as may be entered there, and destined for the Barbary, or other Foreign Ports, as also of such as may arrive from those Countries, and be destined for the Northern or other Ports, including Silver in Coin, in Bars, or wrought; which, as well as all other Goods, is to pay, on being reshipped, One per Cent. on the Value, according to the Invoice; and Gold in Coin, Ingots, or Dust, and all Kinds of Articles of Silver and Gold, set or unset with Pearls or precious Stones, are to pay Half per Cent. The Goods may remain in Deposit, till it may be convenient to ship them, on paying Warehouse Rent, as there is not sufficient Room for them in the Custom-House.

General Post-Office, December 27, 1788.

THE Post-Boy carrying the Mail from Barnsley to Wakefield, on the 26th Instant, was attacked by Two Men on Foot, about Two o'Clock that Morning, upon Staincross Common, and robbed of the Bags of Letters from hence of the 24th,—

F O R

Wakefield, Halifax, and
Bradford, Huddersfield.
Leeds,

The Robbers are described to be tall Men; one dressed in a blue Jacket; and the other in a Waggoner's Frock.

Whoever shall apprehend and convict, or cause to be apprehended and convicted, both or either of the Persons who committed this Robbery, will be entitled to a Reward of TWO HUNDRED POUNDS, over and above the Reward given by Act of Parliament for apprehending of Highwaymen; or if any Person, whether an Accomplice in the said Robbery or knowing thereof, shall make discovery whereby both or either of the said Persons who committed the same may be apprehended and brought to Justice, such Discoverer will, upon Conviction of both or either of the Parties, be entitled to the same Reward of TWO HUNDRED POUNDS, and will also receive His Majesty's most gracious Pardon.

By Command of the Postmaster General,
Anth. Todd, Secretary