The London Gazette.

Publified by Auchouse.

From Monjay March 25. to Etti: Bony March 28. 1678.

Swanzey, March 21.

He weather for their five or fix days palt, hath been very thormy, which, it's feared, hath had fad effects, and these parts have had their share. On Saturday hast a was forced alhore at Neuron, 14 miles to the Eastward of this place, the Fobn of Rosse, a Dutch bilit' Ketch of about 30 Tuns, Edward Sutton Master, laden with Brandy from Rockel, the Men all saved, and most of the Lading. The last night a Vessel' of 150 Tun, some say a Dane, others a Suede, laden with Malaga Wines; was put into this Road, and would certainly have been lost, had it not been for the Master of a small Vessel that was coming his ther for Coals.

Dealer March 14. About even this forendon the wind vecred to the N.E. whereupon the Humer bound for Famaica, with the 3 Eaft India ships, and about 80 Sail of Merchantmen more outward bound

are preparing to fail.

Copenhagen, March 18. It feems that our king has given ever the thoughts he had of endeavouring to retake the Isle of Rugen, and is resolved to employ all his Forces in Schonen, of which the Signr de Gundenlieu is to have the command. We have advice from Sueden, that the Assembly of the States of that Kingdom, which was held at Hehastadt, is ended much to the satisfaction of the King, who has obtained very large simplies of Men and Monies for the carrying on the War. To morrow the King will pass over to Landscroon, accompanied with his Brother Prince George, and the Sieur Gulden lieu.

Hamburg, March 29. The Letters we receive from Pomeren inform us, that Count Coning marke was retired again towards Straelfond, having executed his design, which was to ruine the Country, thereby to deprive the Brandenburgs of subsilience, and to raise Contributions. It is said that the Elector of Brandenburg is drawing his Forces together, in or certo the blocking up Straelfond, with them, which seems almost impracticable, seeing the Troops will

not be able to subsit in those parts.

Cologne, March 27. The Duke of Neuburg hath at present drawn a Body of Men together, composed of his own, Brandenburg and Lunenburg Troops, sufficient to hind r the incursions of the Garison of Maestricks. From above they write, that the general Renderwords of the Imperial Army will be near Francfort on the toth of the next month; that it will be rather stronger than it was the last years, and that the Duke of Lorrain hath full powers to act its he shall think sit; that preparations are marking for the Siege of Friburg (which will be certainly the sirs work of this Campagne) with a see parate Army, while the Duke of Lorrain with the

main Army acts on this fide the Rbine. The Impearial Minister with the suitle Castons hash proposed, in relation to the Neurrality of the Forch Towns, that they should be taken into the protection of the Cantons, but that the Garisons should be tomposed of Imperialists as well as Suissers, and commanded by arrimperial Officer, to whom the Cantons might join two Deputies, and that the Said Garison should take an Oath of Fideli y to the Emperor, which the Cantons have refused to agree

Hague, March 291 Several Dutch Officers who, were taken in the Battel of Seneffe, having finally obtained other liberty are returned hither. The last Letters we had from the Prince of Grange's quarters, are dated the 16 instant; they onely tell us, that his Highness had taken a general review of his Forces; which were as yet too weak to actempt any thing with them. It is said that the Princess of Orange will be back here in few days from Antherp. The States of Holland are still assembled. From Germany they write, that the Imperial Army will not be able to come into the Field till too

wards the middle of May.

Ditto; April r. The States of Holland have appointed a Deputation to attend his Highness in the Army, which is composed of five or fix persons, being one from each of the principal Towns, and the Racds Pentionary Figol, who went hence this morning, and the rest will follow this evening. At Amsterdam are arrived 150 men, who were taken priioners by the French at Tabago, and by them fent to Martenico, from whence they came the 29 of Fanuary in a Veffel called the Wale; they t. Il us that the Count d'Estree had sent six Men of War, and two Flyboats, laden with Provisions, Go to Sti Domingo; and threet other Men of War and a Pirethip to another place, likewise belonging to the Spaniards. They add, that the French had had great difficulty to bring the two Dutch Meir of Warthey took at Tobago to Martenico, they being for very

Brillets, March 29. You will ere this have received an account of the surrender of Ipres, all we here know of it, is, that the French having on Thursday night last attacked the Outworks; they after having been once repulsed, gained them, together with the Counterscarp; whereupon the Bishop, and the Magistrates of the Place, addressed themselves the next morning to the Marz quis de Constant their Governor, to pray him not to expose the Town to an Assault, since he could not hope to defend it, but that he would send to the king, to desire Conditions, as he did, and had very honourable ones granted him, the Inhabitants having their Priviledges constant to them, and the Garison marching out with four pieces of Cannon, and one Mortar-piece. Since the French Army is separrated, and the Troops are put into quarters of re-