

try, not within the Dominions of the Crown of Great Britain, and shall be convicted upon Indictment or Information in the King's Bench at Westminster, or by Indictment at the Assizes or General Gaol Delivery for the County, &c. wherein such Offence shall be committed in England, or by Indictment in the Court of Justiciary, or any of the Circuit Courts in Scotland, or by Indictment or Information in the King's Bench at Dublin, if such Offence be committed in Ireland; the Person so convicted shall, for every Artificer contracted with, or seduced, forfeit FIVE HUNDRED POUNDS, and shall suffer Imprisonment in the Common Gaol of the County or Stewartry wherein such Offender shall be convicted, for Twelve Calendar Months, and until Forfeiture be paid: And in Case of a subsequent Offence of the same Kind, the Persons so again offending shall forfeit, for every Person contracted with or seduced, ONE THOUSAND ROUNDS, and shall suffer Imprisonment in the Common Gaol of the County or Stewartry wherein such Offender shall be convicted, for Two Years, and until such Forfeiture be paid.

If any Person in Great Britain or Ireland shall put on Board any Ship or Boat not bound directly to some Port in Great Britain or Ireland, or to some other of the Dominions of the Crown of Great Britain, any such Tools or Utensils as are commonly used in, or proper for the Preparing, Working-up or Finishing of the Woollen or Silk Manufacturers or any Part of such Tools, he shall for every Offence forfeit all such Tools, or Parts thereof, put on Board, and TWO HUNDRED POUNDS, to be recovered by Action of Debt, &c. in any Court of Record at Westminster, or in the Court of Session in Scotland, or at any of the Four Courts in Dublin respectively, wherein no Essoin, &c. shall be allowed.

It shall be lawful for any Officer of the Customs in Great Britain, or for any Officer of the Revenue in Ireland, to seize and secure, in some of His Majesty's Warehouses, all such Tools or Utensils prohibited to be exported, as such Officer shall find on Board any Vessel not bound directly to some Port in Great Britain or Ireland, or to some other of the Dominions of the Crown of Great Britain; and all Tools so seized shall, after Condemnation, be publicly sold to the best Bidder, and one Moiety of the Produce shall be to the Use of His Majesty, and the other Moiety to the Officer who shall seize and secure the same.

If the Captain of any Vessel in Great Britain or Ireland knowingly permit any of the said Tools, prohibited to be exported, to be put on Board his Vessel, he shall for every such Offence forfeit ONE HUNDRED POUNDS, to be recovered as the Penalties inflicted upon Persons exporting the Tools; and if the Vessel belongs to His Majesty, the Captain shall not only forfeit ONE HUNDRED POUNDS, but shall also forfeit his Employment, and be incapable of any Employment under His Majesty.

If any Officer of the Customs in Great Britain, or of the Revenue in Ireland, take, or knowingly suffer to be taken, any Entry outward, or sign any Cocket or Sufferance for the Shipping or Exporting of any of the said Tools, or knowingly suffer the

same to be done, he shall forfeit ONE HUNDRED POUNDS, to be recovered as aforesaid, and also forfeit his Office, and be incapable of any Office under His Majesty.

One Moiety of the Forfeitures shall be applied to the Use of His Majesty, and the other Moiety to the Use of the Person who shall sue for the same.

*Constantinople, November 25.*

The late cold Season having been succeeded by a Continuance of warm Weather, the Plague has again made some Progress in this Capital, particularly at the Porte, and the Frank Quarter of Galata.

*Stockholm, December 1.*

The King of Sweden, in the Chapter held on the 27th of November last, made the following Nominations.

*Knights of the Seraphim*—Count Charles Emil Lowenhaupt, and Lieutenant-General Count Hardh.

*Grands Croix of the Order of the Sword*—Governor Durietz, Major-General and Governor Count Ekeblad, Major-General Platen, General Aminoff, General Sinclair, and General Count Gustavus Horn.

*Commandeurs of the same Order*—Chief Admiral Count Ehrensward, Lieutenant-General and Governor Segebaden, Admiral Stromfelt, Major-General Beckfries, Colonels Kaulbars, Haftfchr, Armfelt, Montgommery, and Toll.

*Knights of the Little Cross of the same Order*—Baron Hamilton, Colonel in the French Service, and Major Melin.

*Knight of the Polar Star*—Mons. Schroder, Secretary of the Bank.

*Commandeurs of the Polar Star*—The Archbishop Dr. Troil, the Bishop of Scara, and the Bishop of Lund.

The following Clergymen have been named Members, and received the

*Little Polar Star*—Doctors Benzelius, Hesselgren, Lutkeman, Gadolin, Brunmark, Almqvist, and Henfchen.

*Knights of the Order of Wasa*—Mons. Pajil, Mons. Averhoff, Swedish Agent at Hamburg, and Assessor Hultman.

After the Ceremony of the Day, the King returned to Upsala.

His Swedish Majesty has granted a Charter, which is just published, for the Establishment of a West-India Company; but the Directors are not yet named, nor is it known to what Amount the Subscriptions for the Capital Stock will extend.

Mons. de Liliencrants, having retired from the Office of Minister of the Finances, which he had held for many Years, is raised to the Dignity of Senator; and the King has appointed Mons. de Ruuth, Master of the Horse to the Duke of Sudermania, to succeed him as Minister of the Finances.

*Durham Militia.*

Notice is hereby given, That the second General Meeting of the Lord Lieutenant and Deputies is appointed to be held at the House of Thomas Wrangham, at Rusbeyford, in the County of Durham, on Friday the