

The London Gazette.

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From Thursday January 31. to Monday February 4. 1677.

Dartmouth, Jan. 27.

WE have an account by Vessels arrived from the French Coasts, that at *St. Malo* they are fitting out about 40 Men of War; that two are already gone to Sea, and eight more ready to follow in few dayes, mounted from 8 to 20 Guns; that some of the rest carry from 20 to 40 Guns, and some even to 50.

Falmouth, Jan. 28. On Thursday night last was cast away in a Creek near this Harbor, a small Vessel belonging to *Lyme*, called the *Pearl*, laden with Linnea from *Morlaix*, all the Men and Goods saved, though the latter much damaged. The 26 passed by this Harbor above 100 Sail of Merchantsmen from the *Downes*, and some from *Plimouth*, under the Convooy of the *Assistance* Frigate, bound for the *Streights*. The next day the *Assistance* Frigate, with 9000 Merchantsmen, came into this Harbor, and we expect the rest of the Fleet will follow, the wind blowing very hard. There are several Vessels in this Harbor bound for *France*.

Pendennis, Jan. 28. The last week the wind being at E. and E. S. E. few Vessels arrived here, until Friday, when the wind changing to S. W. several Ships came into this Harbor, among others, the *Samuel and Elizabeth* of *London*, mounted with 16 Guns, and 22 Men, *Thomas Orchard* Commander; and the *Supply* of *London*, *Joseph Freeman* Master, both bound for the *Barbadoes*. On Saturday and Sunday arrived here several other Vessels. On Thursday night last the wind at S. E. a small Vessel of *Lyme* came aground about two miles to the Westward of this Port. The next day the *Princess Mary* of *Flushing* arrived here, to look after her *Pize*, which I told you some time since was sent in to this Port.

Dover, Jan. 29. This day passed by this place about 100 Sail of Dutch Ships bound for the *Streights*, they were most of them Ships of good force, and about 16 of them Men of War.

Naples, Jan. 11. From *Reggio* we have an account, that the Duke of *Gauzano* had drawn what Troops he could out of *Francoville* and *Catanea*, and with them had joined the Duke of *Bourbonville*, who besieges *Toarmina*, and had likewise received a reinforcement of 1000 men from *Palermo*; that the Duke de *Bourbonville* being thus strengthened, had attacked two Forts built by the French between *Toarmina* and the Castle of *Mola*, and had taken them; that the Duke de *Vivonne*, upon advice thereof, marched out of *Messina* with 4000 men, to relieve *Toarmina*, and had the good fortune to put 300 Foot and four Squadrons of Horse into the place, after which he was returned again to *Messina*, where the People, through the scarcity they had

of Victuals, began to be somewhat disorderly. We have other Letters from *Reggio*, which say that 13 French Vessels laden with Corn and other Provisions, were arrived at *Messina*. It is very much feared that the Duke of *Bourbonville* will not be able to go through with the Siege of *Toarmina*, for among other the difficulties he meets with, we are told, he is in great want of Provisions for his Troops. This morning arrived here a Felucca, the Seamen on board it report, they saw 45 Sail of Ships directing their course for *Messina*.

Postscript. We have at this instant advice, that the Duke of *Bourbonville* hath been obliged to raise the Siege of *Toarmina*.

Copenhagen, Jan. 25. Some few persons who escaped from *Rugen* are arrived here, by their relations it seems, that the death of their General, and the vanishing of Nations, (the Army being composed of *Imperial*, *Brandenburg*, *Munster* Troops, &c.) very much contributed to their defeat. The King has ordered four or five light Frigats to go immediately to Sea, to hinder the communication between *Sweden* and *Rügen*, as well as to curb the Privateers of *Switzerland*, who very much infest the Sea. From *Schonen* we have advice, that the *Suedes* have had another design upon *Christianstadt*, but that it has not succeeded. It is said that the King of *Sweden* is gone for *Göteborg*, having appointed the States of the Kingdom to assemble there.

Hamburg, Jan. 25. We have an ample confirmation of what we have already told you of the defeat of the Danes on the Isle of *Rugen*, and we have this farther account, that about 2000 of the Prisoners have taken service under Count *Cornesmarke*, and the Officers have promised to procure their ransoms in a certain time. We have Letters from *Mittau* in *Cayroland*, which assure us that the *Suedish* Army was on its march, and that it intended, according to all appearance, to take its march through that Countrey.

Ditto, Febr. 4. We had a very strong report here for two or three dayes together, that greatest part of the City of *Copenhagen* had been burnt by an accidental Fire, which is sufficiently confuted by the Letters we receive this day, which make not the least mention of any Fire hapned there; but on the contrary say, that all things were there in a very good posture, save that People were somewhat concerned at the News they had of the defeat of their Troops on the Isle of *Rügen*. From *Berlin* they write, that the Elector of *Brandenburg* hath not only given Orders for the repairing the Fortifications of *Stetin* with all the diligence possible, but likewise to add certain new Works, which may render the place of greater strength and difficulty to be attacked. The *Danish* Troops which are quartered in the Duchy of *Holslein*, have Orders to march; of which we know not the reason, unless it be that the King of *Denmark* thinks

thinks it necessary to have them near at hand, in case the *Suedes* should be encouraged by their late success on *Rigen*, to make some brisk attempt nearer home.

Strasburgh, Jan. 31. The *French Cavalry in Alsace* have received Orders to march forthwith towards *Flanders*, and they are on their march accordingly. The other *French Troops* which were ordered to march towards *Alsace*, and were already come to *Markirker-dal*, are countermanded, and likewise ordered to march towards *Flanders*, which gives People ground to believe that the *French King*, upon some new appearances of things, has taken new resolutions. The *French* have already demolished *Rauchenberg*, and they seem intended to do the like to *Ingweyler*, *Haguenaw*, and some other places; they have likewise provided about thirty Vessels with all materials necessary for the making a Bridge between *Schlestadt* and *Benfiden*. We are here full of fears and apprehensions of the *French* designs, and are not wanting to do what in us lies to secure our selves against them. Our Magistrates have invited several Officers of Note into their Service, and in all other things are providing for the defence of this City, which we cannot believe the *French* will attack, unless they are sure that the Elector of *Bavaria* will declare.

Cologne, Febr. 4. Yesterday we had news, that two *Munster Regiments*, who had their quarters in the *Westerwald*, were marching through the Countrey of *Berge*, towards *Duseldorp*, whither the Commissaries are gone, by the Duke of *Newburg's* Order, to conduct them to the Territories of the Bishop of *Munster*. Here is a report, that the rest of the Troops of that Bishop, who are now quartered in the County of *Nassau*, have Orders to follow. Our Magistrates persist very firmly not to pay the 40000 Crowns demanded by the Duke of *Newburg* in lieu of Winter-quarters; and on the other side his Highness declares, that he will raise the said Sum upon such Inhabitants of this City, who have any Lands or Estates within his Territories; what the issue of this Affair may be, time must shew.

Hague, Febr. 4. The 2d instant her Highness the Princess of *Orange* went from hence for *Soestdike*, whither the Prince of *Orange* went 2 or 3 dayes before; in her way her Highness visited *Amsterdam* incognito. The Deputies of *Groningon* and the *Ommelanden* are returned home, and now we must see whether their Principals will acquiesce in the Resolution taken by the *States General*, for the composing the differences that have so long depended between them. From *Amsterdam* we hear, that the Men of War designed for the *Mediterranean*, are sailed with a great Fleet of Merchantmen under their Convoy.

Ditto, Febr. 8. The Privates of *Zealand* having, notwithstanding the Agreement made between the Most Christian King and this State for the liberty of the Fishery, taken several *Newfoundland Ships*, and thereby occasioned the Revocation of the said Liberty by the *French*, and the taking of several *Dutch Vessels*, who had been going for Whales at *Greenland*, by the *French* Privateers. The *States General* have taken finally this Resolution, that the *Zealanders* shall release the said Vessels, their Lading and Men, without any Charge or Ransom; which we doubt not, but will likewise procure the Releasement of those taken by the *French*. To morrow the *States of Holland* meet again, and we are

told, that several matters of great importance are before them. From *Alsace* they write, that the *French Troops* in those Parts are ordered to march towards *Flanders*.

Antwerp Febr. 8. The last Letters we received from *Paris*, informed us that the King would part from *St. Germain*, as on Monday next, towards *Germany*; that the Queen accompanied the King as far as *Mezz*, and that it was believed the Elector of *Bavaria* would declare for *France*. Certain it is that the Cardinal *d'Estrees*, who is at the Electors Court, is Negotiating matters of very great importance, and that the last week a Courier arrived at *St. Germain* with Letters from the said Cardinal, directed to the Kings own hands; that accordingly the King himself opened the Dispatch, and answered it, and the next morning the said Courier was sent back again. The *French Troops* have plundered *Engbien* the fourth time. The Duke of *Orleans* will command the *French Forces* in these Parts this Campaigne.

Advertisements.

☞ The Kingdom of G O D opened and proved to be a Kingdom of Grace and Glory, the one Thing necessary for all, and the Saints everlasting happiness, &c. By *T. bias Ellys*, Minister of the Gospel. Sold by *H. Mortock* at the *Plænix* in *St. Pauls Church-yard*, and at the *White-Hart* in *Westminster-hall*.

☞ Christianity no Enthusiasm: Or, the several Kinds of inspirations and Revelations pretended to by the Quakers, tried, and found detruſive to Holy Scripture and true Religion. In Answer to *Thomas Atwood's* Defence thereof; in his Treatise, Miscalled *Truib Prevauling*, &c.

☞ The Christian Education of Children, according to the Maxims of the Sacred Scripture, and the Instructions of the Fathers of the Church. Written and several times Printed in *French*, and now carefully Translated into *English*.

☞ A Narrative of the Principal Actions occurring in the Wars betwixt *Sueden* and *Denmark*, before and after the *Roschild Treaty*: With the Counsels and Measures by which those Actions were directed. Together with a view of the *Suedish* and other Affairs, as they stood in *Germany* in the year 1675, with relation to *England*. All sold by *H. Brome* at the Gun in *St. Pauls Church-yard*.

S Tolen or strayed the 23d of *January*, out of a Pasture near *Hull*, a black brown Mare, about 14 hands, a brown muzzle with a little white on her upper lip, several white saddle spots, and a mauler on her far fore-leg. Whoever gives notice of her to *Mr. Bernard Lister* of *Hutton-Gardens* next door to the *Kings-Head*, or to *John Lister Esq;* at *Hull* aforesaid, shall have 40 s. Reward.

S Tolen *Jan 18.* from *Mr. Chr. Smith*, Minister of *Cherrington* in *Warwickshire*, a bright Bay Mare about 12 years old, 14 hands, a star in her forehead, cut tail'd, saddle marked, forward in foal, trots all. Whoever gives notice of her to *Mr. Cherrington* aforesaid, or to *Mr. Coleman Dyer* in *Monmouth-Close, Southwark*, shall have 20 s. Reward.

A Black Gelding about 14 hands, three white feet, a star in his forehead, and a bite on his near eye, not fully cured, having on him a hunting Saddle, and a blew Saddle cloth bound with white Tape, throwing his Rider, a Servant of *Mr. John Lindfays* Goldsmith, the 2d instant, about six a clock in the evening, near *Hyde Park* corner, by occasion thereof being strayed on the Road. Whoever shall give notice of the said Gelding at the said *Mr. Lindfays*'s house in *Lombard-street*, or to *Mr. Mann* at the Royal Coffee-house near *Charingcross*, shall be well rewarded.