

# The London Gazette.

Published by Authority.

From Monday December 3. to Thursday December 6. 1677.

Dublin, Novemb. 21.

**T**HE first Notice of His Majesties Gracious Intentions of a Marriage between the Lady Mary and the Prince of Orange, came hither on the 5th of this Month, while we were, according to Custom, solemnizing the memory of that day. But the last Saturdays Paquet having brought us an Account of the Consummation of the said Marriage, it filled this place with an extraordinary Joy, and on Monday last his Grace the Duke of Ormond Lord Lieutenant of this Kingdom, and all the Nobility and Gentry in Town, met in great splendor at the Play, where there passed a general Inivision of all the Company, to spend that evening at the Castle. And while the Streets were everywhere filled with Bouffes, the Bells ringing, and all the great Guns of the City firing round, at the Castle there was Musick and Dancing. (The Ball being ended) there was provided in the long Gallery a magnificent Banquet for the whole Company, who parted not till two a Clock in the morning. And to morrow we shall repeat our Joy, with like Solemnities, for the welcome News of the birth of the Duke of Cambridge.

Naples, Novemb. 16. We hear not of any action in Sicily, the season making a kind of Truce. The Spanish Gallies, and those of this Kingdom, are on their way hither from Palermo, being to winter here. One of the said Gallies, who brought the Marquis de Bayonne, arrived some days since, who in her Voyage fell in the night in with a Squadron of 13 French of Men of War, who were returning to Thoulon.

Vienna, Nov. 21. The Rebels demand a Ransom of 25000 Crowns for the liberty of Colonel Boyer, of whose defeat and being taken prisoner you have already had an account (in that action 350 were killed, and about the same number taken prisoners) and if that Sum be not paid very suddenly, they threaten to put him to death, and even to that cruel one of being empaled. Count Harach, Ambassador from the Emperor is arrived here. The news we have from Germany does not at all please us.

Copenhagen, Nov. 30. Last night arrived here an Express, who brought Letters from the Governor of Christianstadt, giving an account, that the Swedes had formed a design to surprize the place on St. Martins Night, when they believed they within would be taken up with the usual merriments and entertainments of that day; that accordingly they approached the Town with a considerable Body of Horse and Foot; which the Governor having notice of, he sent out a good party, with orders to take the advantage that should be offered of falling upon the Enemy, who being approached neay to the great Bridge, they were so warmly saluted by the Cannon which the Governor had purposely placed, that they were forced to retire in some disorder. In their retreat the Party abovementioned did very much gaul them, and besides, another small Body of

Dragoons were sent out, who, it's said, did considerable execution upon the Enemy; the particulars of their loss we do not as yet know. The last account we had from the Isle of Rugen was, that there was no likelihood of our Troops making themselves Masters of the Fehr Scant, which defends it self well.

Straelsund, Nov. 30. Here are several in Town, who came lately from Stetin, they all report that the Besieged defend themselves very well, and that they are resolved to expect a general Assault, which they believed the Elector would now make, having received a Succor of 2000 Danes. On the 24th instant 300 of the Besieged made a Sally, and surprized a small Man of War or Gally which lay in the Oder, the Captain happened to be killed, and the men, being twenty four, were carried into the Town. We are told that the Army of the Elector of Brandenburg is lessened by 7000 men, since he set down before Stetin; and at the same time, much is spoken of the constancy of the Soldiers, who endure the hardships of so long a Siege, and all the incommodities of the season with great patience and resolution. The Danes in the Isle of Rugen, finding they could do no good upon the Fehr Scant, have quitted the Siege, and are removed at a pretty distance from it.

Hamburg, Decemb. 3. Our last Letters from the Camp before Stetin are of the 29 past, they tell us, that the Frost did very much incommode the Besiegers, that the Besieged had made so many Retrenchments within the Town, and had so well fortified several houses which they had filled with Earth, that in all likelihood it would yet require time to take the place; part of the Danish Succors were arrived in the Camp, and the rest daily expected.

Strasburg, Nov. 29. The Marechal de Crequi has caused a Bridge to be laid over the Rhine at Ormsersheim, which will be finished to morrow, and then his Troops designed to winter in the Franche Comte will pass it. Those that are to have their quarters in Alsace, will pass the Rhine at Brisac. The Imperial Army continues at Elzach, where several of those Regiments that were already gone into their Winter-quarters, are to rejoin it.

Ditto, Decemb. 3. The French, as we are told, had a design to have surprized Willingen, but the Duke of Lorraine having got notice of it, put a good Garrison into the place, and besides, the Bore of the Neighborhood put themselves in Arms, so that the French gave over the Enterprize; and this day we understand, that they have passed the Rhine in order to their going into their Winter-quarters, but they give out they will be in the Field again by the middle of January.

Brassels, Decemb. 7. You have been told that the Governor of Macstricht had besieged the Castle of Bremon near Liege, the besieged made no resistance, but presently capitulated to surrender the place, they marching out without Arms. Since which the Sieur Calvo is again abroad with 2000 Horse, and, it is believed, his design may be upon Sittard. The Duke of Neuburg