

The London Gazette.

Published by Authority.

From Thursday November 22. to Sunday November 26. 1677.

Pendennis, Nov. 18.

ON Friday last, the wind being at N. W. the Fleet bound for France sailed out of this Harbor. Here is detained a French Privateer, and her Sails are brought ashore, but hitherto no Complaints are brought against him.

Falmouth, Nov. 19 The 16 instant sailed from hence about forty Sail of Merchantmen bound for several Ports in France, the wind at N. W. the weather for these 14 dayes past hath been very stormy, we fear we shall hear of much harm done at Sea. We have an account of an English Vessel, laden with Sugars from the *Barbadoes*, being cast away near *Scilly*, all the men and most of the Goods being saved. The 13 instant a French ship laden with Sugars from *Martenico*, was cast away near *Paafou*, all the Men and most of the Goods being likewise saved. This day is come in the *James* Frigate of London. *Solomon Blackloch* Commander, from *Carolina*, with some other small Vessels from London; the wind is at present at N. E.

Truroe, Nov. 19. Two days since was cast away within ten miles of this place a Flyboat of 150 Tun, and 13 Men, who were all saved; they say the Vessel belonged to *Raucin* in France, and was laden with Sugar, which is most spoiled.

Plymouth, Nov. 20. This afternoon came into this Port two Dutch Privateers, mounted with 14 and 20 Guns each.

Venice, Nov. 12. This State hath forbid all Trade and Commerce with *Dalmatia*, for that the Plague rages very violently in that Countrey, so that several Vessels which were on their way thither are turned back. By a Vessel arrived from *Naples* we have an account, that nothing of moment passes in those Parts; That the French Men of War designed to winter at *Thoulon*, were sailed from *Messina*, and that it was believed nothing of moment would be undertaken in *Sicily* during this Winter, but that both Parties would make all the preparation they could possibly, for the beginning the next Campaign very early.

Copenhagen, Nov. 20. The 18 instant the King, accompanied with the Duke of *Croy*, passed over to *Landskrona*, to give the necessary Orders about several matters there. The Duke de *Croy* is to remain Governor of the place in the room of the Heer *Hoffelen*, who is indisposed. The Heer *Guldenhies*, Viceroy of *Norway*, is expected here in few dayes, as is also the Duke of *Holslein Ploen*, and then a great Council of War will be held. We know nothing at present of the *Suedish* affairs.

From the Camp before *Stein*, Nov. 22. Nothing of moment has hapned since our last, save that yesterday the Besieged made 2 Sallys, but were presently driven in again. We are preparing several Mines under the walls of the Town, and it is said that so soon as the *Danish* Auxiliary Troops arrive, we shall make a general Assault. Within these three dayes eight Deserters are come out of the Town, who tell us, that the Garrison still consists in between 1 and 600 men, and that the Burghers continue to flatter themselves with an expecta-

tion of relief. They add, that there was yesterday a great quarrel in the Town between the Soldiers and the Burghers, and that several were killed on both sides, from which misunderstanding we hope to draw an advantage. In the Isle of *Rügen* the *Danes* continue to be employed in their attacks upon the *Fris-Scans*, which in it self is very strong, and made much more so by the rainy weather, which makes it very difficult for the Besiegers to make their approaches, the said Fort being situated in a wet and marshy ground.

Strasburg, Nov. 24. In our last we gave you an account of the Surrender of *Friburg*, of which we have now these particulars; That the *Marschal de Crequi* being resolved to make a speedy end of the Siege, had caused a great Battery to be raised, in order to the making a breach in the walls of the Town; which having been done accordingly, an assault was made, in which the French were repulsed with considerable loss; but the Besieged perceiving that the Enemy were coming on with new force and vigor, and despairing of being able to defend the place, sent a Trumpet to the *Marschal de Crequi*, to demand Conditions; who answered, That he would not grant any, unless they would Treat as well for the Surrender of the Castle, as of the Town: To which the Governor being unwilling to expose the Town and its Inhabitants to the last extremity, consented, and obtained Articles to march out with Bag and Baggage, two pieces of Cannon, &c. Since which, the French have possessed themselves of *Markirke*, which was surrendered to them upon the first Summons; and are at present besieging the Castle of *Hoogburg*, the residence of the *Marquis of Bieden Durlach*; when that is in their hands, they will be sole Masters of the Countrey of *Brisgow*: *Basel* and *Rhinfeldt* are not without their fears, that the French will look towards them. We cannot certainly say where the Duke of *Lorraine* is at present, but we know that wheresoever he be, he is not in a condition to make head against the French, who exceed him in number, for a great many of the Imperial Regiments were gone from the Army towards their Winter-quarters, before the News was brought to the Duke of *Lorraine* of the Siege of *Friburg*. On the other hand we have advice, that the French besiege *Sarbrucke*.

Framfort, Nov. 24. We had thought the Season would have put an end to the Campaign, and have left the Parties at leisure to prepare for another; but on the contrary the Enemy makes Conquests of great importance, having already possessed themselves of *Friburg* and *Markirke*, as they will in all likelihood be in few dayes of the Castle of *Hoogburg*, after which there is nothing in the Countrey of *Brisgow* that can make the least resistance. The Duke of *Lorraine*, that he might do what lay in him to secure that Countrey, marched with what Troops were not yet gone into their Winter-quarters, but he came too late to relieve *Friburg*; and besides we are told, that if he had not, the French would have been too strong for him. His Highness has sent an Express to *Vienna*, to inform the Emperor of all matters, and to pray his Imperial Majesties directions upon them.

Cologne, Nov. 26. The Duke of *Newburg*, after having had a long Conference with our Elector, parted hence on Tuesday last to *Bensberg*. The *Brandenburg* Troops, who came from the *Maes*, are come into the Country of *Meurs*, intending to pass the *Rhine* at *Rörratz*. The dispute with the City of *Aix la Chapelle* is not yet determined, the General of the *Munster* Troops will not abate any thing of the demand they made concerning that Cities granting them Winter-quarters; in the mean time those Troops continue to rove up and down in the County of *Eyffelt*, to the great vexation of the Inhabitants; and we are told that if the City of *Aix* cannot be brought to accord them the Winter-quarters they demand for 4000 men, they will pass the *Rhine*, and go and winter in the County of *Nassau*, and in the *Wetteravia*. After all that has been said of our Electors going to reside at *Bonne*, pursuant to the Treaty lately concluded between the Emperor and him, at present we hear no more of it. From *Straßburg* and those Parts they write, that the *French* pursue their advantage in *Brisgow*, and at present besiege the Castle of *Hoogburg*, which it's thought will not be able to make any great resistance.

Leyden, Nov. 27. One *Hendricke Verhoef* Goldsmith, Inhabitant of the *Hague*, (who is said to have been one of the chief Promoters of the disorders in 1672. and who had a principal hand in the murder of the *Sieurs de Witt*) having been some time since apprehended here for some misdemeanors by him committed, this morning received his Sentence to be publicly whipped, and afterwards to be put into the *Rasp*, or Working-house of this City, there to remain for the space of 50 years; which Sentence was accordingly executed with great severity, the Executioner having given him near 60 Stripes, amidst an extraordinary Concourse of People, who flocked from all parts of this City, as well as from the Neighborhood, to have the satisfaction of seeing this punishment and infamy overtake a person, who, in respect of his former Crimes, had deserved a much severer one.

Hague, Nov. 30. It is with great impatience that we expect the arrival of their Highnesses the Prince and Princess of *Orange*, who, we believe, are kept on the other side by the contrary Wind, and the foul Weather. His Highnesses Coaches have been for some dayes at *Maesland-Sluis*, (where their Highnesses will Land) to carry them directly to *Honstædyke*, where they will make some short stay, to give time to prepare the Court here for their Reception. We expect every day to hear that either *Stein* is taken, or else the Siege raised; for as on the one hand the Besieged seem to be brought upon their last legs, so on the other this weather will make it almost impossible to continue the Siege; and according to our last advices, there seems the greatest appearance of the latter. In *Brisgow* the *French* with great diligence pursue the advantage which the taking of *Friburg* hath given them; and we are told that by means of this Conquest, they will be able to extend their Contributions very far into the neighbouring Provinces. Some of the greatest ships of the Squadron designed for *Sicily*, and fitted at *Amsterdam*, have already pass'd the *Pampus*, as the rest will do with the next High Tyde. The Spanish Minister has paid a great Sum of Money to the Admiralty for this Equipage, and given good security for the payment of the rest.

Paris, Nov. 27. By Letters from some Officers in our Army in *Germany*, we have these particulars of the besieging and taking of *Friburg* by the *Marschal de Crequi*, viz. That on the 9th instant the place was in-

vested; That on the 10th, the Trenches were opened, and carried that night within 20 paces of the Ditch of the Town; That the same night a Battery of 17 Cannon was raised, which the next day made a breach eighteen yards wide; That the 12th a small Redoubt was taken by the Regiment of *Normandy* at the first onset, which stands upon a Hill opposite to the Castle; but of little use to the Besiegers, by reason they could not get up their Guns thither; That the 13th the *Marschal de Crequi* sent a Summons to the Governor, who returned for answer, That he would defend the place to the last; That the 15th, the *Marschal de Crequi* caused a general Assault to be made upon the *New Town*, our Troops attacked them very stoutly, and after some small loss on our side, forced the Besieged to retire into the *Old Town*, (there being a little wall that divided the *New* and *Old Town*) behind which they retrenched themselves, and beat back our men that would have made a Lodgment under the wall, with the loss of near 500 men, and 30 Officers, besides a great many wounded: Whereupon the *Marschal de Crequi* presently sent for his heaviest Cannon, and caused a Battery to be raised that night in the *New Town*, which beat down so much of the *Old Town*, that it was laid quite open, and our Foot being well fortified in the streets and houses, Orders were given for making a second Attack, when the Besieged bear a Parley for the Town onely; but the *Marschal de Crequi* would by no means grant it, except the Castle were comprehended also: at length the Governor, to save the Garrison and the Town, made good Conditions for both, and the 16 in the afternoon there marched out of the Town and Castle 1506 Foot, and 250 Horse, with Arms, Baggage, Colours flying, and two pieces of Cannon, and were conducted to *Rhinfelden*.

Whitehall, Nov. 23. This morning His Majesty was pleased to confer the Honour of Knighthood upon *Robert Hackett* Esq; Inhabitant of the *Barbadoes*, in His Bed-chamber, being presented to His Majesty by his Royal Highnesses.

Since our last, these Alterations have been made in the Sheriffs.

Stafford	<i>Henry Grey</i> Esq;
Southampton	<i>Henry Whitehead</i> Esq;
Suffex	<i>John Boarde</i> of <i>Lindseild</i> Esq;

Advertisements.

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THIS is to give Notice, That if *Thomas Banning*, or the Masters *Mace*, or *Mathias Mitchell*, *John Lidell*, *John Carr*, *Luke Jackson*, or any others who were Mariners in the Ship *Sarah*, whereof *Charles Groom* was Master about three years since, are now in *England*, they are earnestly desired forthwith to repair unto *Thomas Long* Esq; at his house in *Basinghall-street* against the Church, and they shall be paid their Charges.