## Bublified by Authority.

From Saturday March 23, to Tiestay March 26, 1782.

Westminster, March 25. HIS Day, the Lords being met, a Mes-lage was sent to the Honourable House Commons by Sir Francis Molyneux, Gentleman Usher of the Black Rod, acquaining them, that The Lords, authorized by Virtue of His Micjesty's Commission, for declaring His Royal Affect to several Acts agreed upon by both Houses, do desire the immediate Attendance of this Honourable House in the House of Peers, to hear the Commission read; and the Commons being come thither, the faid Commission, impowering the Lord Archbishop of Canterbury, the Lord High Chancellor of Great-Britain, the Lord President of the Council, and feveral other Lords therein mentioned, to declare and notify the Royal Affent to the faid Acts, was read accordingly, and the Royal Affent given to

An Act for reciffing Mistakes in the Names of several of the Commissioners appointed by an Act made in the last Session of Parliament, to put in Execution An Act made in the fame Seffion, intituled, An Act for granting as hid to His Majesty, by a Land Tax to be raised in Great Britain for the Service of the Year one Thousand Seven Hundred and Eighty-one; and for appointing other Commissioners, together with these named in the first mentioned Ast, to put in Execution an Ast of this Session of Parliament, for granting an Aid to His Majesty by a Land Tax to be raised in Great Britain, for the Service of the Year One Thousand Seven Fundred and Fighty-town. fand Seven Humdred and Eighty-two.

An Ast for the Regulation of His Majesty's Marine Forces while on Shore.

An Ast for making Componiation to the Proprietors of certain Messuages, Lands, Tenements, and Hereditaments, in the Counties of Cornwall and Dewon, purchased in pursuance of two nets of Parliament, one made in the Twentieth Year of the Reign of His pre-sent Majesty, for better securing His Majesty's Docks, Ships, and Stores at Plymouth and Sheerness, and for better defending the Passage of the River Thames at Gravesend and Tilbury Fort; and the other in the Twenty-first Year of His present Majesty's Reign, for explaining and amending so much of the said Act as relates to the Security of His Majesty's Docks, Ships, and Stores at Plymouth, and to certain Proprietors and Occupiers of Land at or near Plymouth who have fustained any Loss or Damage in Consequence of the said Acts.

An Ast for the better Supply of Mariners and Seamen to serve in His Mujesty's Ships of War, and on Board Merchant Ships and other trading Ships and

r An All for the Relief of Naval Officers, Seamen, Marines, and Soldiers with respect to Prize and Bounty Money not claimed in due Time.

An Act for the better detaining and more easy Exchange of American Prisoners brought into Great Britain.

An Act to continue several Laws therein mentioned relating to the better Encouragement of the making of Sail Cloth in Great Britain; to the Encouragement of the Silk Manufactures; and for taking off several Duties on Merchandize exported, and reducing other Duties; to the free Importation of Cochineal and Indico; to the prohibiting the Importation of Eooks reprinted Abroad, and first composed, written, and printed in Great Britain; to fecuring the Duties upon Foreignmade Sail Cloth, and charging Foreign-made Sails

with a Duty; to the allowing a Bounty on the Exportation of British Corn and Grain in Neutral Ships; to the allowing the Exportation of Provisions, Goods, Wares, and Merchandizes, to certain Places in North America, which are or may be under the Protection of His Majesty's Arms, and from Such Places to Great Britain, and other Parts of His Majesty's Dominions; to the impowering His Majesty to prohibit the Exportation, and restrain the carrying Ccastwise, of Copper in Bars or Copper in Sheets; and to the allowing the Exportation of certain Quantities of Wheat and other Articles, to His Majesty's Sugar Colonies in America. An Act to repair, enlarge, and rebuild Cobbom,

Leatherhead, and Godalming Bridges, in the County of

An Ast for allowing further Time to negociate by In-dorfement the Bonds iffued in Purjuance of an Ast, exacts in the Fourteenth Year of the Reign of His prefent Ma-jefly, intituled, An Ast for more effectually carrying into Execution certain Proposals made by the Most Nobit. Henry Duke of Buccleugh, the Most Noble Charles Duke of Queensberry and Dower, and others, for redteming the Annuities granted by the Company of the Bank of Ayr, in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland, known under the Firm of Douglas, Heron, and Com-

An Ast for continuing the Term and Powers of an AA, made in the Thirty-third Year of the Reign of his late Majesty King George the Second, intituled, An A.2 for laying a Duty of Two Pennies Scots, or One Sixth Part of a Penny Stirling, on every Scots Pint of Ale, Porter, or Bear, brewed for Sale or wended within the

Town and Parish of Dalkeith.

An Act to explain, amend, and render more effectual, an Act, made in the Sixteenth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, for making and maintaining a Navi-gable Canal from or near the Town of Stourbridge in the County of Worcester, to join the Staffordshire and Worcestershire Canal, at or near Stourton in the County of Stafford, and also Two Collateral Cuts therein mentioned.

An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of an Act, made in the Thirty-second Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Second, intituled, An Ad for repairing and widening the Roads from a Place called Littlegate, at the Top of Leadenbam Hill, in the County of Lincoln, to the West End of Barnby Gate, in Newark upon Trent, and from the Guide-Post at the Division of Kelham and Mushkam Lanes, to Manisseld, and from Southwell to Oxton, in the County of Nottingbum; and for repairing the Road from the West Side of Newark Bridge to the faid Guide-Post.

An Act to continue and enlarge the Term and Powers of an Act, made in the first Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, An Act for amending and widening the Roads from the Turnpike Road upon Gatherly Moor in the County of York, to Staindrop in the County of Durham, and from the faid Turnzike Road near Swallways, acrofs the River Tees, to Win-flon, in the faid County of Durham, and for building a Bridge over the faid River at or near Winfton Food.

An Act for continuing the Term, and altering and enlarging the Powers, of an Act of the Second Year of His present Majesty, for amending and avidening the Road from the Market House in Stourbridge to Celly Gate in Cradley, and other Roads therein mentioned, in the Counties of Worcester, Stafford, and Sulop, so far as the fame relates to the Roads leading from the Market.



Market House in Stourbridge to Colly Gate, and from Pedmore to Holly Hall, and from Colly Gate to Halesouven, and for opening a more commodious Communication with the Birmingham Turnpike Road.

An Ast fir continuing the Term, and altering and enlarging the Powers, if an Ast, made in the Thirty-third Year of his late Majesty, for repairing several Roads leading to the Town of Oakhampton in the County

of Devon.

An Act for continuing the Term, and altering and enlarging the Powers, of an Ast of the first Year of His present Majesty, for amending and widening the Read from the Town of Stone to Wordsley Green Gate, and from the West End of Bilston Street in Wolverhampton, to the High Street opposite The Old Bush in Dudley, and from a Place called Burnt Tree, near Dudley, to Birmingham, and from the Market Cross in Wolverhampton, to Cannock, in the Counties of Stafford, Worcester, and Warwick.

An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of an Act made in the Thirty-third Year of the Reign of his Majesty King George the Second, intituled, An Ast for amending and widening the Road from Barutry to Sheffield, and from Sheffield to the South Side of Wortley, in the County of York, where it joins the Turnpike Road leading from Rotherham to Manchester, so far as the same relates to the Road leading from Bawtry aforesaid to Tinsley, and through Part of the Town of Tinsley to the Place where the same joins the Road

leading from Rotherham to Sheffield.

An Act for continuing the Ierm, and altering the Powers of an Act of the First Year of His present Majesty, for amending the Road from Dariford to Northfleet, and other Roads therein mentioned, in the County of Kent, and for allowing an Annual Payment out of the Tolly arising upon the said Roads to the Trustees for the Care of the Road leading from Rochester to Maid-stone in the said County, to be applied for the Purposes eberein mentioned.

An A.I for enlarging the Term and Powers of an Ast fof the Ten b Year of His prefent M. jefty, intituled, An Ast for repairing and widning several Roads leading to and through the Borough of Tamworth, and other Roads therein mentioned, in the Counties of Stafford, Warwick, and Derby.
And to One Private Bill.

OPY of a Letter from the Honourable General Murray, Governor of Minorca, to the Earl of Hillsborough, One of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State. Received by Captain Don, March 19.

Minorca, February 16, 1782.

MY LORD, HAVE the Honor to acquaint your Lordship, that Fort St. Philip's was surrendered to His Catholick Majesty the 5th Instant The Capitulation accompanies this. I flatter myself all Europe will agree the brave Garriton shewed uncommon Heroism, and that Thirst for Glory, which has ever diffinguished the Troops of my Royal Master. Our necessary Guards required Four Hundred and Fifzeen Men, the Night before the Capitulation; the whole Number able to carry Arms amounted to Six Hundred and Sixty only, of course there were none for Piquet, and a Defect of One Hundred and Seventy to relieve the Guards, as is evident by the The most inveterate Scurvy which I believe ever has infected Mortals reduced us to this The Reports of the Faculty fully ex-Situation. plain the dreadful Havock it made, and that Three Days further Obstinacy on my Part must have inevitably destroyed the brave Remains of this Garrison, tably destroyed the brave Remains of this Garrison, as they declare there was no Remedy for the Men in the Hospitals, but Vegetables; and that of the Six Hundred and Sixty able to do Duty, Five Hundred and Sixty were actually rainted with the Scurvy, and, in all Likelihood, would be in the Hospitals in Four Days Time. Such was the uncommon Spirit of the King's Soldiers, that they soncealed their Diforders and Inability, rather than go into the Hospitals; several Men died on Guard, after having flood Sentry; their Fate was not dif-

covered till called upon for the Relief, when it came to their Turn to mount again. Perhaps a more noble, nor a more tragical Scene, was never exhibited than that of the March of the Garrison of St. Philip's through the Spanish and French Armies. It confifted of no more than Six Hundred old decrepid Soldiers, Two Hundred Seamen, One Hundred and Twenty of the Royal Artillery, Twenty Corficans, and Twenty-five Greeks, Turks, Moors, Jews, &c. The Two Armies were drawn up in Two Lines, the Battalions, fronting each other, forming a Hay for us to march through: They confished of Fourteen Thouland Men, and reached from the Glacis to George Town, where our Battalions laid down their Arms, declaring they had furrendered them to God alone, having the Confolation to know, the Victors could not plume them-felves in taking an Hospital. Such was the diftressing Figures of our Men, that many of the Spanish and French Troops are faid to have shed Tears as they passed them; the Duke de Crillon and the Baron de Falkenhayn declare it is true: I cannot aver this, but think it was very natural: For my own Part, I telt no Uncafiness on this Occasion but that which proceeded from the miserable Disorder which threatned us with Destruction. Thanks to the Almighty, my Apprehensions are now abated; the flumanity of the Duke de Crillon (whose Heart was most senfibly touched by the Misfortunes of such brave Men) has gone even beyond my Wishes in providing every Thing which can contribute to our Recovery. Spanish as well as the French Surgeons attend our Hospitals. We are greatly indebted to the Baron de Falkenhayn, who commands the French I roops. We owe infinite Obligations to the Count de Crillon; they can never be forgot by any of us. I hope this young Man never will command an Army against my Sovereign, for his Military Talents are as conspicuous as the Goodness of his Heart.

Lists of the killed and wounded, with the Number of our Guns which were destroyed by the Enemy's Battering Artillery, which consisted of 109 Pieces of Cannon and 36 Mortars, are inclosed. I shill wait here until I see the last Man of my noble Garriton fafely and commodiously embarked. If my accompanying them in a Transport to England could be of the smallest Service to any of them, I would chearfully go with them by Sea; but as I can be of no furder Use to them after they are on Board Ship, I trust His Majesty will approve of my going to Leghorn to bring Home with me my Wife and my Children, who fled to Italy the Evening of the Day the Spanish Army landed on the Island.

My Aid de Camp, Captain Don, will have the Honor to prefent this Letter to your Lordship; he is well acquainted with the most minute Circumstance relative to the Siege, is an intelligent, dif-tinguished Officer, and is fu nished with Copies of all the Papers I have, which he will lay before your Lordship, if requisite.

The Captains Savage, Boothby, and Don, of the 51th Regiment, Lieutenant Mercier, of ditto, Lieutenant Botticher, of Goldacker's Regiment, and Lieutenant Douglas the Engineer, are exchanged

for the Officers we made Prifoners at Cap: Mola.

Colonel Pringle and his Nephew Lieutenant Pringle are to be left Hostages until the Transports return agreeable to the Capitulation.

I have the Honor to be, with great Truth and Regard,

MY LORD, Your Lordship's most obedient and most humble Servant, JA. MURRAY.

P. S. It would be unjust and ungrateful was I nor to declare, that from the Beginning to the last Hour of the Siege, the Officers and Men of the Royal Regiment of Artiflery, and likewife the Seamen, distinguished themselves: I believe the World cannot produce more expert. Gunners and Bombadiers than those who served at this Siege, and I am sure the Sailors shewed uncommon Zeal. It is necessary likewise to declare, that no Garrison

was ever nourished with better Salt Provisions of all Kinds than we had fent to us from England; fresh Vegetables we could not have; but we had Plenty of Pease, good Bread and Rice, with Currants and Raisins; and left in the Fort Six Months full Allowance of all Kinds, although a Magazine, containing Six Months more, was burnt by the Enemy's Shells. J A. M URRAY.

ARTICLES of CAPITULATION pro-posed by his Excellency the Honourable James Murray, Lieutenant-General of His Britannic Majesty's Forces, Colonel of the 13th Regiment of Foot, Captain-General and Commander in Chief of Fort St. Philip's, to his Excellency Louis Berton des Balls, Duc de Crillon, Licutenant-General of the French and Spanish Forces, and Commander in Chief of the Combined Army.

St. Philip's Caftle, February 4, 1782, at Nine o' Clack in the Morning.

Article I.

HAT all Acts of Hostility shall cease till the Articles of Capitulation are agreed upon

and figned.

Art. II. That the Garrison, upon their Surrender, shall be allowed all the Honors of War, viz. To march out with shouldered Arms, Drum beating, Colours flying, Twenty-four Rounds per Man, Matches lighted, Four Pieces of Cannon, Two Mortars with Twenty-four Rounds of Ammunition for each Piece, Four covered Boats not to be fearched upon any Account.

Art III. That the whole Garrison, comprehend-Ing all His Britannic Majesty's Subject, Civil as well as Military, and the Confican Corps and Greeks, &c. shall have all their Baggage and Effects secured to them, with Leave to move or diffusion pose of it as they shall think proper; and that His Britannic Majesty's Subjects serving in the Garri-Jon, who possessed Houses and Grounds in Mahon and George Fown, shall have Leave to dispose of them to any of His Catholic Majelly's Subjects.

Art. IV. That the Garrison, including Officers, Artificers, Soldiers, and other British Subjects and their Families, shall be provided with convenient Transports rat the Rate of One Ton and a Half per Man, and to be carried to the first Port in Great Britain, and danded there as foon as they arrive, at the Expence of the Crown of Spain; and that Provisions shall be allowed to them, out of such as remain in the Magazines of the Garrison at it's Surrender, for the Time they remain in the Island, and for their Voyage by Sea for Ten Weeks, in the fame Proportion as they now receive it; and the Officers with their Famil'es, who have the Governor's Permission, shall have Passports granted to them to go to England or Germany by Land; that the Corficans, creeks, &c. now ferving in the Garrison, who do not exceed Seventy Men, shall be transported to Leghorn, and landed there likewise at the Expence of the Crown of Spain, but their Pro wisions for the Passage to be taken from the Magazines of the Garason. That the Transports are to be provided, for the Accommodation of the Troops during the Voyage, with the Bedding of the Gar-rison. That a proper Hospital for the Sick and Wounded, during the Time that the Transports are getting ready, (which Time shall not exceed One Month from the figning of this) shall be provided; and such as may not then be in a Condition to embark, shall be allowed to stay behind, and be properly taken Care of, 'till they shall be able to be sent to Great Britain by another Conveyance.

Art. V. That while the Garrison continues in the Island, Permission shall be granted to purchase Vegetables and fresh Meat in the Markets, for the Sick

in the Hospitals.

Art. VI. Until the Garrison quits the Place, it shall not be permitted to corrupt the Soldiers, and try to make them desert from their Regiments, and the Officers shall have Access to them at all Times; for which Purpose no Communication betwixt the Soldiers of His Catholic Majesty and the Troops of the Garrison shall be admitted of.

Art. VII. That exact Discipline shall be kept

up on both Sides.

Art. VIII. That the Four Inhabitants of the Island, viz. Paul Guiard, Marc Reure, Michael Amengual, and Lewis Roca, who have joined in the Defence of the Garrison, shall be permitted to remain and enjoy their Properties in the Island un-

Art. IX. That all Prisoners of War, made fince the Landing of the Spanish Army, shall be deli-

vered up on both Sides.

Art. X. Holtages being delivered on both Sides for the faithful Execution of the preceding Conditions, his Excellency the Honourable Lieutenant-General Murray consents to deliver up the Place, with all the Military Stores and Ammunition, Cannon and Mortars, except what is referred in the Second Article, to his Catholic Majesty; likewise to direct that all Mines and under ground Works shall be shewn to his Catholic Majesty's Engineers : Plans of the Galleries, Mines, and other subterra-neous Works, shall be likewise delivered up.

(Signed) JA. MURRAY.

Duke de Crillon's Answer to General Murray's first Proposal to capitulate.

HE Order which I have from my Court forbidding me to listen to any Capitulation, except under the express Condition that the Garrifon of Fort Sc. Philip's shall be Prisoners of Wa, I am under the Obligation to return his Excellency General Murray the Articles which he proposes to me; but I am very forry I have not an Opportunity to make known to him my Desire for the Preservation of his Men, and particularly the Effeen with which his Person and his brave Garrison have inspired me.

B. B. DUKE DE CRILLON. Mabon, February 4, Eleven o'Clock in the Morning.

Further Articles of Capitulation proposed by bis Excellency General Murray to his Excellency the Dute de Criston, dated Fort St. Philip's, February 2, 1782, at Eight o'Clock at Night, he having objected to those formerly sint to bem: With the Answers of the Duke de Crillon to the last Articles proposed by General Murray, dated Muhon, February 4, 1782, at Ten at Night.

Article I.

S his Excellency the Duke de Crillon, by the As his Excellency the Dans are express Orders of his Sovereign, cannot receive the Garrison but as Prisoners of War, his Lieutenant General Excellency the Honourable Lieutenant General James Murray confents to furrender the Garrison agreeable to the Duke de Crillon's Instructions from his Court; but he expects the Doke de Crillon will allow the Garrison to march out of it wither all the Honors of War he has required in the Second Article of those sent to the Duke, which is by no Means incompatible with his Excellency's Instructions, and will tend more to his Glory, for certainly no Troops ever gave greater Proofs of Heroifm than this poor worn out Garrison of St. Philip's Casse, who have defended themselves almost to the last Man.

Answer. The Garrison shall be Prisoners of War; but, in Consideration of the Constancy and Valour which General Murray and his Men have shewn in their brave Defence, they shall be permitted to go out with their Arms shouldered, Drums beating, lighted Matches, and Colours slying, till having marched through the Midil of the Army, they shall lay down their Arms and Colours; and moreover, being defirous of giving a Proof of my high Esteem for the General, he shall be allowed a Covered Boat.

Art. II. General Murray desires the Garrison may be allowed to return to England, Prisoners of War, in Transports furnished by the King of Spain, but paid for by the King of England; and that the Troops shall be victualled, while they remain on the Island, till the Transports are got ready for them, and during their Passage to Great Britain, out of the Stores of the Garrison, at the same Allowance for each Man they have been accustomed to receive; the Troops of the Garrison are likewise

to be allowed to take their Bedding with them into

Answer. Granted.
Art. III. That the Corsicans, Greeks, &c. are to be transported to Leghorn, and likewise victual-led out of the Stores of the Garrison at the usual Allowance: The Transports at the Expence of England.

Answer. Granted. Art. IV. That the General thinks that the Officers should follow the Fate of their Men, and therefore will not permit any Officer to go Home by Land, but those whose Health requires it: That his own will not admit of a long Sea Voyage, and therefore he hopes the Duke de Crilion will allow him and his Suite to go to Marseilles, and from thence to England, for which Purpose he has the King of France's Passport.

Anfwer. Granted.

Art. V. That the Duke de Crillon may depend upon it, the Garrison of Fort St. Philip's shall not ferve during the War, unless they are regularly exchanged, or a Cartel settled betwirt the Belligerent

Powers, which may liberate them from the Obligations of not ferving during the War.

Answer. The Confidence which I have in the Honour of all the Officers of the Garrison of St. Philip does not fuffer me to doubt of their keeping their Promise not to serve against Spain and her Allies, until they have been exchanged by Spain, either Man for Man, or by Means of a Cartel, in case any should be established by their Catholic and Britannic Majesties, for the Officers small be Pri-foners of War on their Parole of Honour, given in Writing under their Hands; with Regard to the Soldiers, a List of their Names must be made out, their Omcers shall explain to them the Obligation whave contracted of not ferving during the War, the new have been exchanged, and shall warn them of the Penalty of Death they will be sunished with,

if guilty of breaking this Obligation.

Art. VI. That the Duke de Crillon's known Humanity leaves General Murray no Doubt that his Modellency of the happy to allow Vegetables, and every possible Refreshment, to be bought in the

Recovery of the filend, which can contribute to the Recovery of the Sick of the Garrison.

Answer. Granted.

Art. VII. That he has as little Doubt that his Excellency's Generofity will not admit of allowing the Officers, Soldiers, and Artificers of the Garrifon, to be plundered of their Eaggage, and maltreated by the belieging Army; for which Purpose he proposes to put the Duke de Crillon immediately in Possession of Marlbro', Charles Fort, Queen's Redoubt, and the Kane Lunette.

Answer. Granted. Art. VIII. That the English Garrison shall remain possessed of the other Out-works till the Day they embark; and that no Infults may be offered

them by the Spanish Soldiers.

Answer. The whole Garrison shall early Tomorrow Morning quit the Place, to be conducted to Alcor, where they shall remain till they are embarked, and every Attention shall be paid them, which their Defence and Valour deserve.

Art. IX. Hostages to be delivered on both Sides for the faithful Performance of the preceding Arti-

Answer. In consequence of the 2d and 3d preceding Articles, which treat of the Transports that are to be furnished by Spain, his Excellency General Murray shall name some principal Officers, who shall remain as Hostages till the Return of the said Transports.

Mahon, February 6, 1782,

(Signed) (Signed)

Ja. Murray.

B. B. Duque de Crillon. Le Baron de Falkenhayen, Mar. de Camp, Comm. les Troupes Francoiles. Felix Buch. El Marq. de Casa Cagigal. Dn. Orazio Borghefe. El Conde de Afuentes.

Return of the Killed and Wounded during the Singe of Fort St. Philip's, from the 19th of August, 1781, to the 4th of February, 1782, taclustra. d. 2 Officers, 3 Serjeants, 54 Rank and File. Killed. Total 59.

Wounded. 15 Officers, 10 Serjeants, 124 Rank and File. Total 149.

KILLED.

Marine Corps. Lioutenants Davis and Crew.

W C U N D E D.

51 ft Regiment. Colonel Pringle, Captain Savage,
Lieutenants Fuller and Hull, Enfign Naper. 61st Ditto. Captain Muet.

Goldacker's. Lieutenant Botticher.

Royal Artillery. Captain Fade, Lieutenants Irwin and Woodward.

Engineers. Lieutenants D'Arcy and Johnston. Marine Corps. Captain Harman, Lieutenant Hodges.

Corficans. Captain Colle.

GEO. DON, Adj. Gen.

State of the Guns and Mortars at St. Philip's Castle, Minorca, February 5, 1782.

IRON GARR	ISON	GUNS	
Nature of	Service-	Unfervice-	Total
Guns,	abl∉.	able.	
Thirty-two Pounders	10	14	24
Twenty-four Ditto -	· I	2	. 3
Eighteen Ditto -	32	21	53
Twelve Ditto	32	16	48
Nine Ditto	46	6	52
Six Ditto	34	19 .	.53
Four Ditto	i	·	I
	<del></del> .		
Total	156	78	234
		-	

N. B. Three Twenty-four Pounders and Three Eighteen Pounders were received from Mr. Robifon.

IRON SH	IP GI	INS.	
Minorca's Nine Pounder	rs 10		10
Six Ditto	. 1	-	
Cornwallis's, Six Ditto	10		20
Eagle's, Four Ditto	12	2	14
Chancele Four Dista		. [2	*4
and Three Ditto,	unfizeabl	le. $\begin{cases} \frac{1}{2} \end{cases}$	4
Porcupine's, Three Ditto	. 2	2	4.
St. Ant. de Padua, Nine D	itto z		7 2
Total	46	O	55
			<del></del>
MORT	1 A R 9	3	
7 Iron -	2	. ,	4
13 Inches   Iron	2		. 4.
8 Ditto	7	,	ร
5 tor Royal Ditto	. 2	12	15
4 2 or Cohorn Ditto -	, д	16	20
	T	3.0	
Total	18	31	4.9 .
		3,4	4.9.
BRASS FIEL	G (T.)	ROSE	
Light Six Pounders -	76		
10 trich		5	2 <b>2</b> 6
Howitzers,			6
143		I store Annua	
Total	28	6	7.4
	E-CONTRACE -		34

Two Travelling Carriages unferviceable.

JACOB SCHALCH, Capt. R. Artillery F. O.

N. B. Many of the Guns which are returned ferviceable have been flruck by the Enemies Shot and Shells, and may prove dangerous to be further

Most of the Brass Mortars, though returned ferviceable, are run by frequent firing.

Hospital, St. Philip's Castle, February 1, 1782. SIR

ROM the extraordinary Increase of the Sick in the Garrison, and the little Progress we make in reducing that Evil, we judge it necessary, both on Account of the Public Service, as well as

our own Credit, to inform your Excellency, that the prevailing Difease, the Scurvy, amongst the Troops, is got to such an alarming Height as feems to us to admit of no Remedy in our present Situation: Every Means has been tried to palliate this formidable Malady, but the daily, and, we may fay, the hourly falling down of the Men, baffles all our Endeavours. The different Returns of the Sick will shew your Excellency the Truth of this Assertion; we are forry to add, that it does not appear to its that any one now in the Hospital will be able to do the fmallest Duty under the present Circum-fiances, where no vegetable Food is to be had or . free Air.

We have the Honor to be, &c. (Signed) Geo. Monro, Physician-General. William Fellows, Surgeon-General. D. M'Neille, Surgeon to the Naval-Hospital. B. I. Grimschel, Surgeon P. Ernest's Rabille, Goldacker's. S. Ford, Royal Artillery. Jas. Hall, 51st Regiment. To His Excellency the Governor.

St. Philip's Caftle, February 1, 1782.

ROM the Representation made by the Faculty of the Increase of the Sick, &c. the Governor judges it necessary that the Men who are even doing Duty should be examined by the Faculty, and a Report of the State of their Health, particularly with Regard to the Scurvy, to be made to me, for his Excellency's Information.

1 am, SIR, &c. (Signed) Geo. Don, Adj. Gen. Dr. Monro, Physician-General, and Director of the Hospital.

St. Philip's Castle, February 3, 1782.

GREABLE to his Excellency's Orders of the A ist Instant, we have made a most careful Examination with Respect to the Health of the Men doing Duty, in conf quence of which the inclosed Return is transmitted to you for his Excellency's Information. We judge it necessary to add, that those Men specified in the Returns will, in all Probability, be in a few Days incapable of performing any Duty. from the rapid Progress the Scurvy makes amongst them; neither is it in our Power to check this prevailing Malady; the constant Duty the Men are obliged to perform the impossibility of procuring any Kind of Vegetables in the present Situation of Affairs, to which we may add, the damp foul Air mofe Men contiantly breath in the Subterrancans, are Causes sufficient to dread the Con fequences.

We have the Honor, &c. Geo M. ero, Physician General. Wn. Fellows, Surgeon General D. M. Neille, Surgeon to the Hospital. John Red, Surgeon to the Hospital. James Hall, Surgeon 51st. B. J. Grimschel, Surgeon P. Ernest's. Rabille, Surgeon Goldacker's.

To Captain George Don, Adj. Gen.

Return of the scorbusic Men (in the four Regiments)
now ding Duty in the Garrison of St. Philip's,

eb. 3, 1782.	,
Cerps, Numb	er of Me
5 tft Regiment	120
bift ditto	111
Prince Ernest's 2d Battalion	153
Goldacker's	176

560

Geo. Monro, Physician General. Wm. Fellows, Surgeon General.

D. M. Nielle, Surgeon to the Naval Hospital. John Red, Surgeon to the Holpital. James Hall, Surgeon, 51st Regiment. S. M'Cormie, Surgeon's Mate. B. J. Grimschel, Surgeon, Prince Ernest's. Rabille, Goldacker's.

Returns made by the Commanding Offices of the Four Regiments, of the Number of Men coing Duty in each, of the Number they furnish daily for Guard, and of the Number discient for One

St. Philip's, Feb. 1, 1782.				
Regiments	Nº of Men	No for	No cefc ent	
	doing Duty.	Guard,	for one Relief,	
5 V.	jt 5 8	. 86	14	
61/1,	177	. 104	27	
Pr. Ernest's, 2d Battalion,	{ i84	Coi	28	
Goldacker's Ditte	247	129	it	
Total	766	415	89	

N. B. From the 1st Instant to the 3d, 106 Men were carried to the Hospitals, so there only remained doing Dury 666.

Admiralty Office, March 26, 1782. APTAIN Everitt, late of His Majesty's Ship Solebay, arrived this Morning at this Office, with Dispatches to Mr. Stephens from Rear Admiral Sir Samuel Hood, Bart, of which the following are Extracts.

Barfleur, at Sea, February 22, 1782.

ROM the very strong Assurances Governor Shirley gave me of Brimstone Hill being in a State of the most perfect Security, and, from the spirited and encouraging Message sent by General Fraser to General Prescott on the 24th of last Month, I had not the smallest Doubt of relieving the Island, after I our Possession of the Enemy's the Island, after I got Possession of the Enemy's Archorage at Basseterre Road; and the Governor having expressed a Wish for an able Sea Officer and a few Seamen, I fent Captain Curgenven and Lieutenant Hare (late of the Solebay) who were eager Volunteers, with Thirty Men in Two Boats, to endeavour to throw them into the Garrison in the Night. The Oars were muffled, and every Precaution used that not the least Noise should be made to give an Alarm; but upon putting the Boats Sterns to the Shore, Volley after Volley of Musquetry were fired at them; and they were obliged to return. Two Nights after, the Man I first sent upon the Hill and who Cortes Cortes upon the Hill, and who Captain Curgenven took with him, thought he could make his Way alone to the Garrison; he made the Trial in a small Canoe, but was forced to return, having been fired at from every. Part he attempted to land. On the fame Evening Lieutenant Fayhie, of the Russell, was put on Shore in Red Flag Bay, on the North Side of the Island: Mr. Fayhie, knowing every accessible Path to the Hill, was fanguine in his Hopes of being able to reach the Garrison; but, after waiting Two Nights, found it impossible, and returned.

Upon the Signal's being made from the Hill, on the 8th, that the Enemy's Batteries had been successful in damaging the Works and Buildings; that the Garrison was reduced, and short of Ordnance Stores, I was eager to make further Trials to get an Officer upon the Hill; and Captain Curgenven again offering his Service, as well as Cap-tain Bourne of the Marines, I fent them away that Evening in a small Boat, towed by another near the Place they expected to land; and after being on Shore about ten Minutes, Captain Curgenven returned and ordered the Boats on board ; but neither succeeded in reaching the Garrison, and both were made Prisoners in different Places.

About the Time these Officers left the Barfleur, Lieutenant Fayhie was again landed on the North Side of the Island, being desirous of making and ther Trial; but as he is not yet returned; and I have heard nothing from him, I conclude he was taken Prisoner:

I was extremely desirous of getting an Offices into the Garrison just to say, I was very confident the Count de Grasse was weary of his Situation; and as the Marguis de Bouille was destroying every Fort and Magazine at Baffe-Terre, and blew up their very foundations, I was perfuaded he de-fpaired of Success, and that if the Hill could hold out ten Days longe, the Island must be saved.

But I am much concerned to say, that Captain

Robinson of the 15th Regiment, in the Evening

of the 13th, eame on board the Barfleur to enquire for General Prescott, being charged with a Letter for him from Governor Shirley and General Fraser, acquainting him of their having furrendered the Garrison to the Arms of the French

King that Morning.

The Information I got from Captain Robinson is as follows: That he was fent from Monsieur St. Simon at Seven in the Evening of the 12th to pro-pole a Cessation of Arms: At the same Hour another Officer was fent on the same Errand to the Marquis de Bouillé; and so eager was the Marquis to get Possession of the Hill, that he granted all that was asked, and the Terms were agreed to at his (Capt. Robinson's) Return to the Garrison at Midnight. I enquired if no Article was stipulated for my being made acquainted with the State of the Garrifon before the Surrender took Place? and to my very great Surprize was answered in the Negative.

On the 14th the Enemy's Fleet anchored off Nevis, confifting of the Ville de Paris, Six Ships of 80 Guns, Twenty-three of 74, and Four of 64; One 64 was at Old Road, and another at Sandy Point: The Triomphant and Brave had joined from

Europe.

Under this Situation-of Things I had no longer any Bufiness in Basse-Terre Road, especially as the Enemy were preparing to get Guns and Mortars upon a Height that would annoy the Ships in the Van; and I left it that Night, unperceived I imagine, as not one of the Enemy's Ships was to be teen in the Morning.

With fo valt a Superiority against me, I had nothing left to do but to endeavor to join Sir George Rodney as fast as I was able; and as it was of very great Importance to the King's Service that I should carry His Majesty's Squadron to him in as perfect a State as possible, I judged it necessary, in order that that every Ship should be under Sail as nearly as possible at the same Moment, for the better preferving a compact Body, to give Directions for the Squadron to cut, in which Rear-Admiral Drake most readily concurred, and thought highly expedient from the Expectation there was of our being attacked; the Enemy's Ships being not more than Five Miles from us, and their Lights very distinctly

Except Governor Shirley's Letter, and the Mesfage General Prescott's Officer brought from General Fraier of the 24th of last Month, I never heard a Syllable from Brimstone Hill, or from any one Person in the Island; and what is still more extraordinary to tell, the Garrison in all Probability could not have been reduced but for the 8 Brass Twenty-four Pound Cannon, 2 Thirteen Inch Brass Mortars, 1500 Shells, and 6000 Twenty-four Pound Cannon Balls, the Enemy found at the Foot of the Hill, which Government had fent out, and which the Inhabitants of the Island would not give a proper Assistance for getting up. For the Enemies Ship with the Shells was tunk, and it was with Difficulty more than Four or Five of a Day could be fished up; and L'Espion, in which were all the Shells could be got from Martinique, was taken by one of my advanced Frigates, close under Nevis, in the Morning I first appeared off the Island.

I understood the Terms of the Surrender have been founded on the Articles of Capitulation agreed upon at the Reduction of Dominique: This is all I am able to tell you for their Lordinips Informamation: And I am far from meaning, in the most distant Manner, to suggest that the Garrison could have held out a fingle Day longer, as I am told the Works and Buildings were a Heap of Ruins, and that no further Defence could be made with the least

probable Prospect of Success.

I anchored His Majesty's Squadron in St. John's Road on the 19th after Sun-fet, sailed again this Noon to feek Sir George Rodney at Barbadoes, and get a Supply of Water. The Fortunée and Pegaius, which I left to watch the French Fleet, have this Instant joined, and report, that Thirty-fix Sail of the Line quitted Basse-Terre Road Yesterday Morning, with upwards of Fifty Sail of Brigs, Sloops and Schooners, and Recred for Martinique. Entract of another Letter freed Sir Samuel Head, alfo duted February 22, 1782.

UST as I was getting under Sail from St. John's Road, I received the enclosed Papers from Captain Day, of His Majesty's Sloop Sur-

> Surprine, Carl Je Bay, Barbadees, February 12, 1782.

SIR,

Leutenant Thomas Edgar arrived here the 11th; at Five in the Afternoon, giving an Account that a French Squadron had entered the River Demarara; and that our Ships were gone up to Fort-Island. He was charged with Dispatches from Captain Tahourden, which he has deltroyed, but has delivered me a Journal of his Proceedings.

I am, &c, GEQ. DAY.

To Sir Samuel Hood, Gc. Gc. Gc.

Extract from the Journal transmitted in the Letter afore-mentioned

FRiday the est of February, about Two o'Clock in the Asternoon, a Mr. Bocker, a Dutchman, informed me, that Demarara had capitulated on Thursday the 31st, about Three in the Afternoon.

War-Office, March 26, 1782. His Majesty has been pleased to appoint Colonel His Royal Highness Prince Frederick Bishop of Osnabruck to be Captain and Colonel of the 2d Troop of Horse Grenadier Guards, vice Lord Amherst.

Erratum. In Saturday's Gazette, March 16, 1782, for Captain Thomas Gamble, of 47th Foot, to be Major in the Army, 18 Nov. 1780, read, Captain Thomas Gamble, of 47th Foot, to be Major in America only, 18 Nov. 1780.

Whitehall Treasury Chambers, March 9, 1782.

THE Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury hereby give Notice, That they are ready to receive Proposals from any Person or Persons willing to supply Bread, Wood, Straw, Hay, and Oats, for the Use of any Part whatever of His Majesty's Troops to be encamped this Summer in England

England.

The Bread is to be made of the Flour of good marketable English Wheat, out of which the first Bran is to be taken by Means of an Eight Shilling Cloth. Each Soldier's Allowance of this Bread for Four Days is a well-baked Loaf of Six Pounds; and Leaven is not to be used in the Baking, except where Yeast cannot possibly be procured.

The Ration of Dry Wood is to confift of Twelve Pounds, being likewise the Allowance of each Man

for Four Days.

The Truss of good Wheaten Straw must weigh

Thirty-fix Pounds.

The Ration of Forage is to confift of Eighteen Pounds of good old Meadow Hay, and Eight Pounds of Oats.

All the above Articles, except the Bread, are to be deposited in Magazines at the several Camps, wherever they may be, and the Contractor is to deliver the Supplies to the General Officers at their respective Quarters.

The Carriage of the Bread from the different Bakeries (which are always to be as near as possible to the Camps) will be defrayed by Govern-

The Contractor shall always have a Sufficiency of Flour, and all the other Articles, in the Magazines, for the Supply of Sixteen Days in Advance, till he shall be ordered to the contrary.

The Proposals are to be delivered, sealed up, and

directed to either of their Lordships Secretaries, any Time on or before the Twenty-Sixth Day of March instant, and to be marked on the Out side, Proposals for the Camp Contract.

Admiralty-Office, February 9, 1782. Notice is hereby given. That a Selfion of Oyer and Terminer and Gaol Delivery, for the Trial of Offences committed on the High Seas within the Jury Saturday, the 30th of March next, at Juflice-Halling the Old Bailey, London, at Light o'Clock in the Morn-Ph. Stephens.

Navy Office, March 14, 1782.

THE Principal Officers and Commusioners of His Majesty's Navy do hereby give Notice, that they will be ready to treat with such Persons as are willing to contrast for the Stores under mentioned, on the Days against the same expressed, at Twelve o'Clock at Noon, that they may attend with their Profosals accordingly,

Iron and Tar, Tuefday April 9. Pitch and Tallow, Thursday April 11. Stettin Plank, Friday April 12. Hemp, Tuesday April 16.

Portsmouth, March 21, 1782. of His Majesty's Cutter the Cruixer, Lieutenant Arthur Ha, ne Commander, who were actually on Board at taking the Drie Gebrieders, on the 26th Day of December, 1780, that they will be paid their respective Shares of the above Prize, on Board the faid Cuiter at Spithead, on Friday the 29th Instant, or so soon after as she may arrive there; and the Shares not then demanded will be recalled at Portsmouth, the First Tuesday in every Month for Three Years to come. Charles Wright, of London,

James Primrofe Maxwell, of Portfnouth, Agents.

PENITENTIARY HOUSES.

Otice is hereby given, that the Rewards offered by former Advertisements for Deligns of Penitentiary Houses

The free Reward for a Penitentiary House, to contain 600 Males, to Mr. William Blackburn, St. Olave's Church-yard, Southwark, for his Design, marked "Reformation."

The second Reward for ditto to Mr. Thomas Leverton, Great Queen-street, Lincoln's-inn-fields, for his fourth Design,

Great Queen-street, Lincoln's-inn-sields, for his fourth Design, marked "with Hope and Labour."

The first Reward for a Penitentiary House, to contain 300 Females, to Mr. Thomas Hardwick, Greek street, Soho, for his Design, marked "Spes incerta suturi."

The second Reward for ditto to Mr. Goorge Richardson, Great Tichfield-street, Cavendish-square, for his Design, marked 1 decus, I nostrum melioribus utere fatis. The Gentlemen who delivered the other Design, not mentioned above, are requested to call at Mr. Conant's, No. 19, Lamb's Conduit street; where their respective Plans will be returned to them, between the Hours of Ten and One, on Tuesday the 2d and Wednesday the 2d of April. Tuesday the 2d and Wednesday the 3d of April.

HE Diffolution of Partnership, 1st September, 1780, betwirt John Goode, of Leiester, and Joseph Lobb, of London, being advertised in the Gazette in May last, and all Creditors to said Partnership being then desired to set the their Accounts either with John Goode or Joseph Lobb, it is in consequence supposed all their joint Accounts are ballanced; if not, they are desired to be sent directly to one of the late Partners.

Inº Gusde. Jos. Lobb.

Leeds, January 1, 1782.

Otice is hereby given, that the Copartnership carried on between us, under the Firm of Edward and George Lister, was this Day dist leed by mutual Consent; and that the Business in suture will be carried on by the said George Lister, who is empowered to receive and pay all Debts due to cr sum the said Copartnership, at his House in Leeds.

Edward Lister. George Lifter.

THE Partnership between Edward Gosling and William Eastwick, of Fenchurch-street, London, Peruke-makers Eastwick, or rencouren-tirect, London, Peruke-makers and Hair-dreffers, is this Day dissolved; and all Persons who have any Claims on the said Partnership are desired to bring in the same to the said Edward Gossing or William Eastwick, to be paid. All Persons indebted to the said Parties are requissed to pay the same to the Edward Gossing or William Eastwick: As witness our Hands, this 25th Day of March, 1782.

Edward Gossing.

Wm. Eaftwick.

March 25, 1782.

Otice is hereby given, that the Partnership of Thomas
Tayler and Justina Young, of Rotherhithe, Ship-builders, under the Firm of Tayler and Young, is this Day by mutual Consent dissolved. All Debts owing by the said Partnership will be discharged at their late Counting-house near Globe-stairs; and all Perions indebted, there to a requested to pay the same to either of the Parties, or whom they may appoint. They take this Opportunity of returning their Thanks to the Merchants, Owners, and Captains of Ships; and to acquaint them, that the Business will be continued by Thomas Tayler at Globe-stairs Deck, and by Joshua Young, at the Fore and-

Aidion of the Admiralty of England, weill be held on haft Dock, and at his Ship-yard, near Church-fiairs; where Obligations.

The. Tayler. Joshua Young.

London, March 19, 1782.

London, March 19, 1782.

Otice is hereby given, that the Partnership between Benedict Shiela and Thomas Abell, of Cloth-fair, Westimithfild, London, Button-sellers and Hardwaremen, is dissolved by mutualConsent to SDay, All Debts due to the Partnership are to be paid to Brindist Shield; and all Demands to be paid by him, who continues the Bushess on his own Account. Witness our Hands,

Bënedi& Shield. Thomas Abell.

Billiter-lane, March 25, 1782.

Flereas r6 smallCases, marked No. 1 to 15, and 2 Cases, marked No. 1 and 2, of Gum Copal, were housed on the 6th of February, 1772, in the late Samuel Petry's Warchouses at No. 8, Billiter-lane, in the Name of Walker, and were in May, 1776, transfarred into the Name of Brooksbank. The Exceptors of the late-Samuel Petry give this Notice, that unless the faid Sixteen Cases and Two Cases of Gum Copal are claimed, by some Persan who has a proper Title to them, within One Month from this Day, they will be fold, to pay the Charges on them. the Charges on them,

Durfuant to a Decree of His Majefty's Court of Exche-quer at Westminster, the Creditors of Robert Pyrke, late of Newsham in the County of Gloucester, Gentleman, deceased, are peremptorily to come in and prove their Debts before Francis Ingram, Efg; Deputy Remembrancer of the said Court, at the Exchequer Office in the Inner Temple, London, on or before Wednesday the 17th Day of April next, or in Default thereof they will be excluded the Benesit of the said

Decree.

Dursuant to a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, the Creditors and Legatees of I'anc La Cour, late of Lion-fireet in the Parish of St. George Bloomsbury in the County of Middlesex, Snuff-dealer and Tobacconist, deceased, are peremptorily to come in and prove their Debts and claim their Legacies before John Ord, Esq; one of the Masters of the said Court, at his Chambers in Lincoln's-inn, on or before the 24th Day of April next, or in Default thereof they will be excluded the Benefit of the Sid Decree.

the Benefit of the said Decree,

Dursuant to a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, the
Creditors and Legatees of Ann Sankey, late of Stratford
in the County of Essex, Widow, decessed, are to come in and
prove their several Debts and claim their respective Legacies,
before Edward Leeds, Esq. one of the Masters of the said
Court, at his Chambers in Lincolo's-inn, London, or in
Desault thereof they will be excluded the Benefit of the said

Decree,

Duffuant to a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, the
Creditors and Legatees of Richard Sankey, lat; of Stratford in the County of Effex, Efg; deceased, are to come in
and prove their several Debts and claim their respective Legacies before Edward Leeds, Efg; one of the Masters of the
said Court, at his Chambers in Lincoln's-inn, London, or in
Defruit thereof these will be applied the Read of the field. Default thereof they will be excluded the Benefit of the faid

Durfuant to a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, the Creditors and Legatees of James Price, late of Mile-end Green in the County of Middlefex, Gentleman, deceafed, are to come in and prove their feveral Debts and claim their respective Legacies before Edward Leeds, Esq. one of the Mafters of the said Court, at his Chambers in Lincoln's-inn, London, or in Default thereof they will be excluded the Benefit of the said Decree. of the faid Dec ee.

O be peremptorily fold, pursuant to a Decree of His Ma-jefty's Court of Exchequer a. Westminster, before Francislingram, Efq; Deputy Remembrancer of the faid Court, at the Exchequer Office in the Inner Temple, London, on the 17th of April next, between Five and Seven in the Afternoon; All those feveral Freehold Messuages, Farms, and Lands, the joint Estate of Robert Pyrke, late of Newnham in the County of Glouof Robert Pyrke, late of Newnham in the County of Glou-cester, Gentleman, deceased, and Selwyn James, Esq. which faid several Estates are adjoining to the Forest of Deane, and in the several Parishes of Little Deane, Newland, and Flaxley, in the County of Goucester, and now in the Occupations of James Green, Surah Teague, Thomas Hale, and William Moore, at several yearly Rents, amounting to 1501, and up-wards. Particulars whereof may be had at the Exchequer Office associated. Office aforefaid.

THE Creditors who have proved their Debts under a Commission of Bankrupt awarded and issued against Thomas Collinson and John Henton Tritton, (by the Firm of Brown, Coll nson, and Tritton) late of Lombard-fireer, London, Bankers, are defired to meet the Assignees of their Estate and Essettle, on Thursday next, at Nine in the Forenoon, at the and Effects, on Thursday next, at Nine in the Forenoon, at the George and Valture Tavern, Cornhill, to affent to or diffent from the commencing, profecuting, or defending, any Suit or Suits at Law or in Equity concerning the faid Bankrupts Effate and Effects; or to the compounding, submitting to Arbitration, or otherwise agreeing, any Matter or Thing relating thereto; also to consider of fundry Questions relating to Bills of Exchange belonging to several Persons; and on other special Affairs.

Hereas a Commission of Bankrupt is awarded and iffree forth against Edward Yalden, of the Town of Glastonbury in the County of Somerfet, Innhelder, Dealer

and Chapman, and he being leclated a Bankrupt, is hereby required to furrander himself to the Commissioners in the said Commission named, or the major Part of them, on the 8th and 9th Days of April next, and on the 7th Day of May following, at Eleven o'Clock in the Forenoon on each Day, at Mr. Hawkins's, the Three Tuns Tavern, in Cornstreet in the City of Bristel, and make a full Discovery and Disclosure of his Estate and Estects; when and where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, and at the Second Sitting to chuse Assigness, and at the last Sitting the tast Pankropt is required to finish his Examination, and the Creditors are to assent to distink his Examination, and the Creditors are to affent to or distint from the Allowance of his Certificate. All Persons indebted to the said Bankrupt, or thanke any of his Estects, are not to pay or deliver the same but to whom the Commissioners shall appoint, but give Notice to Mr. Nathan Windey, Attorney, in Corn street, Bristol.

Thereas a Commission of Bankrupt is awarded and iffued forth against Ephraim Polack, late of Hounds.

Hereas a Commission of Bankrupt is awarded and lifed forth against Ephraim Polack, late of Houndsditch in the City of London, Merchant, Taylor, Dealer and Chapman, and he being declared a Bankrupt, is hereby required to surrender himself to the Commissioners in the said Commission named, or the major Part of them, on the 9th Day of April next at Ten of the Cl ck in the Forenoon, on the 46th Day of the same Month, and on the 7th Day of May following, at Five of the Clock in the Asternoon, at Guildhall, London, and make a full Discovery and Disclosure of his Estate and Essectia; when and where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, and at the Second Sitting to choose Assignment at the last Sitting the said Bankrupt is required to finish his Examination, and the Creditors are to affent to or diffent from the Allowance of his Certificate. All Persons indebted to the said Bankrupt, or the bave any of his Essects, are not to pay or deliver the same but to whom the Commissioners shall appoint, but give Notice to Mr. Cooper, Southampton-buildings, Chancery-lane.

Hereas a Committion of Bankrupt is awarded and iffued forth against James Denham, of Cheapside, London, Haberdasher, Milliner, Dealer and Chapman, and he being declared a Bankrupt, is hereby required to surrender himself to the Commissioners in the said Commission named, or the major Part of them, on the 18th and 19th Days of April next, and on the 7th Day of May following, at Ten of the Clock in the Forenoon on each of the said Days, at Guildhall, Lendon, and make a full Discovery and Disclosure of his Estate and Essection, when and where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, and at the Second Sitting to chuse Assignees, and at the last Sitting the said Bankrupt is required to finish his Examination, and the Creditors are to assent to or differ from the Allowance of his Certificate. All Persons indebted to the said Bankrupt, or that have any of his Effects, are not to pay or deliver the same but to whom the Commissioners shall appoint, but give Notice to Mr. Nicholls, Queen-street, Cheapside.

give Notice to Mr. Nicholls, Queen-street, Cheapside.

If Hereas a Commission of Bankrupt is awarded and issued against William Fell, of the Town and County of the Town of Nottingham, Grocer, Tallow-chandler, Dealer and Chapman, and he being declared a Bankrupt, is hereby required to surrender himself to the Commissioners in the 'aid Commission named, or the major Pari of them, on the 16th and 17th Days of April next at Eleven o'Clock in the Forenoon, and on the 7th Day of May following at Two o'Clock in the Astersson, at the House of Gilbert Wayne, called the White Horse, in the Town of Nottingham aforesaid, and make a full Discovery and Disclosure of his Estate and Estects; when and where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, and at the Second Sitting to choose Assignmen, and at the last Sitting the said Bankrupt is required to sinish his Examination, and the Creditors are to assent to or distent from the Allowance of his Certificate. All Persons indebted to the said Bankrupt, on that have any of his Esfects, are not to pay or deliver the same but to whom the Commissioners shall appoint, but give Notice to Mr. Turner, Attorney, in Nottingham; or Meis. Adams and Kinderley, Symond's-inn, Chancery-lane.

HE Commissioners in a Commission of Bankrupt awarded and issued forth against Thomas Allen and William Woodcock, of Throgmorton-street in the City of London, Hardwaremen and Ironmor gers, Dealers, Chapmen, and Copartners, intend to meet on the 3d Day of April next, at Ten of the Clock in the Forenoon, at Guidhall, London, (by Adjournment from the 23d Day of March inflant) in order to take the said Bankrup's last Examination; when and where they are required to surrender themselves, and make a full Discovery and Disclosure of their Estate and Effects, and sinish their Examination; and the Crecitors, who have not already proved their Debts, are to come prepared to prive the same, and, with those who have already proved their Debts, aftent to or distinct from the Allowance hose said Bankrupts Certificate.

HE Commissioners in a Commission of Bankrupt awarded against Edward Elhott, of Tavistock street in the Parish of Saint Paul Covent garden in the County of Middlefex, Laceman, Deakr and Chapman, intend to meet on the 30th Day of April next, at Five of the Clock in the Afternoon, at Guidshall, London, in order to make a Dividend of the Estate and Effects of the said Bankrupt; when and where the Creditors, who have not already proved their Debts, are to come prepared to prove the same, or they will

se excluded the Benefit of the faid Divident. And all Claims not then proved will be disabowed.

THE HE Commissioners in a Count issue of Banksnot award-

ed and issued forth against John Wennan, late of Haldenhead Thicket in the County of Berks, Saleiman, Braier and Chapman, intend to meet on the 20th Day of April next, at Ten of the Clock in the Forenoun, at Gud hall, London, in order to make a Dividend of the faid Bankropt's Ethice and Effects; when and where the Creditors, who have not already proved their Debts, are to come prepared to prove the same, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the faid Divide J. And all Claims not then proved will be disallowed.

The Commissioners in a Commission of Bankrupt awarded and issued against lames Wharron of Sankrupt awarded

THE Commissioners in a Commission of Bankrupt awarded and issued against James Wharton, of Smerd le in the Parish of Kickby Stephen in the County of Wester rland, Drover, Dealer and Chapman, intend to meet on the 17 h Day of April next, at Ten o'Clock in the Forenoon, at the House of William Petty, Innkeeper, the King's Arms, in Kendul, Westmorland, in order to make a Dividend of the Istate and Effects of the said Bankrupt; when and where the Creditors, who have not already proved their Debts, are o come prepared to prove the same, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the said Dividend. And all Claims not then proved will be disallowed.

O be peremp'orily fold, pursuant to a Datee and subfequent Order of the High Court of Chancery, before
Samuel Pechell, Eig; one of the Maiers of the said Court,
at his Chambers in Symond's-inn, Chancery-lane, London,
on Friday the 12th Day of April next, between the Hours of
Five and Six o'Clock in the Afternoon, A spacious Freehold
Mansion-house, with suitable Offices, situate on the West Side
of Arlington-street in the Parsish of Si. James Westminster,
late in the Occupation of Sir George Colebrooke, Bart. Particulars whereof may be had at the said Master's Chambers.

Erratum. In the Gazette of March 2, in the Advertisement of a Dividend of the Estate and Est can of Lawrence Stanroyd, for a renewed Commission of Bankrap, read a Commission of Bankrapt.

for Debt in the respective Gaols or Prisons hereaster mentioned, on or before the First Day of January, One thousand seven hundred and eighty-one, or being set at Large from, and surrendered, or tendered to be surrendered, to the respective Gaols or Prisons hereaster mentioned, and being not indebted, in the Whole, to a greater Amount than to the Sum of Five Hundred Pounds, do hereby give this Publick Notice, That they do intend to take the Benefit of an Act, passed in the Twenty first Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, An Act for the Discharge of certain Insolvent Debtors, at the next General Quarter Session, or General Session of the Peace, to be held in and for the County, Riding, Division, City, Town, Liberty, or Place, or any Adjournment thereof, which shall happen next after Twenty-one Days from the Pubcations of their First Notices in the London Gazette. And they do hereby give Notice, that true and perfect Schedules, containing Discoveries of all their Real and Personal Estates, hereaster to be sworn to, are now ready to be delivered to any Creditors applying for the same, in such Manner as by the said Act is directed, to the Gaolers or Keepers, or their Deputies, of the said Goals or Prisons.

Set at Large from and furrendered, or tendered to be furrendered, to the MARSHALSEA Prison in the County of Surry.

## Second Notice.

Richard Nightingale, formerly of Parion's Green in the Parish of Fulnam in the County of Middlesen, late of Banksies in the County of Surry, Victualler and Publican.

Set at Large from and surrendered, or tendered to be surrendered, to the KING's BENCH Prison in the County of Surry,

## Second Notice.

Thomas Brooks, formerly and late of Chippenham in the County of Wilts, Butcher.

William Stone, formerly and late of the Parish of St. Mary le Bow in the City of London, Cosseeman, Desler and Chapman.

Charles Portlock, formerly and late of Standon in the County of Heriford, Sacking-maker.