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Chester, August 18.

ON Wednesday last arrived here his Grace the Duke of Ormond, on his way for Ireland, whither he is going to take upon him the Government of that Kingdom, as Lord Lieutenant of it. His Grace was accompanied by the Earl of Derby, the Earl of Devonshire, the Earl of Arran, and several other Persons of the chiefest Quality: In his passage through this Country he was waited upon by the Gentry, and every where received with those demonstrations of Esteem and Respect which are due to his great Quality, and to those very eminent Services his Grace has in all Times rendered His Most Sacred Majesty. Yesterday his Grace parted hence towards Holyhead, in order to his passing over to Ireland.

Vienna, Aug. 15. Though we are informed that Expresses arrive very frequently from the Imperial Army, yet we do not hear that any thing of moment passes between it and the French; though the Duke of Lorraine, as well as the Marechal de Crequi, have at the same time shewed a great conduct in the several motions they have hitherto made, still designing to gain some advantage on each other. Count Lefort is preparing for his journey to Denmark, where he is to command the Imperial Auxiliary Troops. We have an account here of the Suedes having gained a Victory over the Danes by Land, of which we have not as yet the particulars.

Frankfort, Aug. 18. All People are very much surprised at the news we receive from Flanders, of the Confederates having quitted the Siege of Charleroy, the cause of which is attributed to those, to whom the covering the Siege was committed, for that they permitted the Duke of Luxemburg to possess himself of a very advantageous Post near the Prince of Orange's Camp, in which his Highness could not then continue without danger to his Army. From Hungary it is written, that though the Rebels do not hitherto make any considerable attempt, yet notwithstanding, that they are very powerful, and may ere long prove very troublesome. It has been said that the Elector of Bavaria had offered to furnish 6000 Men to assist the Emperor against the Rebels, but without any certainty.

Cologne, Aug. 20. The Campagne being now ready to end, the Princes in whose Territories the Confederate Troops may pretend to take Winter quarters, are endeavouring to oppose the same, having already sufficiently experienced the treatment their Subjects receive from those Troops. We are informed by our last Letters from Luxemburg, that the Duke of Lorraine was returning towards the Moselle, and that in Flanders the Troops would likewise very suddenly separate, to go into Winter-quarters.

Brussels, Aug. 20. The People here continue very disorderly, and full of clamors against the Generals of our Armies, on occasion of the raising the Siege of Charleroy, several Officers have been wounded in the Streets, and the Prince of Vaudemont, and other Persons of Quality have hardly escaped, being affronted by the Rabble. The Cannon and Ammunition that was

sent back from the Army, is embarked again together with four Dutch Regiments, in order to their return to Holland. Yesterday our Armies decamped from Sambre and St. Amand, and marched to Senneff and Peton, where they are now encamped. In the mean time the Duke of Luxemburg is posted between the Sambre and the Meuse, to refresh his Army in those quarters. We are assured that the Marechal d'Humieres is encamped with a Body of 5 or 6000 men near Pont St. Pierre, the Baron de Quincy being joined with him.

Ditto! Yesterday our Army decamped from Sambre, and marched towards Senneff, where the Prince of Orange has his Quarter and his Excellency is encamped at Peton. We are told the French Army is marched towards Mons, and that their Head-quarter is at Haure. Yesternight arrived here the Duke of Albemarle, and this morning his Grace parted for the Army, with a Convoy commanded by Count Shellart.

Ditto. Aug. 24. On Sunday a great Convoy arrived here from the Army, commanded by the Duke of Holstein. We are told that in their way hither, the Spanish Troops took an occasion to plunder several of the Dutch Wagons, and to treat very ill the Waggoners, of which disorder a Party of French who lay in a Wood hard by taking advantage, fell upon some of the Wagons, and carried away 15 or 16. Yesterday the Duke of Holstein returned with the Convoy to the Army, carrying them Provisions for eight days. On Sunday our Armies decamped, and marched to Hayne St. Pierre, and Hayne St. Paul, near Marimont, the French Intendant of which place sent his Highnes and his Excellency a Present of Fruit. Many are of opinion, that our Armies will yet attempt some Siege, which others, who consider how far the Season is advanced, can give no credit to. Our Letters from Luxemburg tell us, that the Duke of Lorraine finding it impossible to subist any longer at Mouzon, was marched towards St. Hubert, by the way of the Ardennes; it is thought his Highnes will continue his march towards Marfaill in Lorraine, to secure Winter-quarters for his Army on the Saar, and on the Rhine, which our Letters from Germany say, the Princes will oppose, having to that purpose made a League together, and thereby obliged themselves to form their Troops into one Body for their common security. We just now have Letters from the Army dated yesterday, which say, that the Prince of Orange having caused Binch to be summoned yesterday morning, it was accordingly surrendered, where was found great store of Forage. From Alsace we hear, that the French Troops commanded by the Sieur de Monclar, and those of the Circles under the command of the Duke of Saxe-Eysenach, were advanced so near each other, that it was thought they could not part without coming to a Battel; It is said the French had got the advantage of a Hill. Count Waldeck being recovered of his indisposition, is returned to the Army.

Ghent, Aug. 24. On Sunday our Army decamped from Senneff, and marched to Hayne St. Pierre, and Hayne St. Paul, where they are at present; a great Convoy

Voy went thither yesterday from Brussels, with Ammunition Bread, and other Provisions. We are told that the Duke of Luxemburg is encamped with the French Army at Marbuge. Our last Letters from Luxembourg say, that the Duke of Lorraine had quitted Mouzon, having fired the Town before he retired, and was marched towards Arlon, from whence it was said he would take his way towards the Moselle. That Mareschal de Gruyère likewise decamped, upon notice of the Imperialists march, and having repassed the Meuse, marched to Tvoix, resolving, it seems, still to follow them, and coast along, as formerly, between them and the Meuse. From Alsace we are told, that the Duke of Saxe-Eysenach is still encamped at Hunningen, whither Monsieur de Monclar was marched to attack him, and had possessed himself of an Eminence hard by his Camp, upon which he was playing furiously with his great Guns. Just now we have news that the Town of Binch is yielded to the Prince of Orange.

- Bruges, Aug. 25. We hear here of nothing but Complaints and Clamours against the Generals of our Armies, the People being so extremely incensed at the ill success of the Siege of Charleroy, that nothing seems able to appease them. We all conclude the Campagne will now be suddenly ended, for the Winter season comes on so fast, that no considerable Enterprize can be taken in hand, so that what remains now, is to look out for Winter-quarters for the several Troops that compose our Armies. From Ostend we have an account, that the Convoy from Spain is safely arrived there.

Hague, Aug. 24. We are informed that the States have ordered their Thanks to be given to the Prince of Orange, for his great prudence in not hazarding the Army of the State in a Battel, after the raising the Siege of Charleroy, seeing it could not be without so notorious a danger, because of the advantageous Posts the Enemy had already possessed themselves of; but at the same time the Ministers of the Allies residing here, are full of anger and complaint on that occasion, having forgot, it seems, how generously his Highness exposed himself and his Army, not long since, in the Battel of Mont Cassel. In the mean time People here talk very much of a Peace, as a thing which they most earnestly desire; for besides the great burthen the War lies upon them, the inconveniences the Confederacy of so many Princes of different Interests is subject to, appear daily more and more. The French Capers have, contrary to the Ordonnance of their King permitting a free Fishery, taken several of our fishing Vessels, and carried them to Dunkirk and Calais, on pretence, as we understand, that they went ou before the said Ordonnance was published, of which they think they ought for that reason to have no benefit. From Nimeguen they write, that the Bishop of Gurck, the first of the Emperors Ambassadors, was arrived there; and that Count Anthony of Oldenbourg, the first of the Ambassadors of Denmark, was daily expected there. According to our last Letters from Hamburg, the Elector of Brandenburg was in a fair way to make himself in a short time Master of Stettin.

Paris, Aug. 28. On Wednesday last Monsieur de Lamoignon turned from Flanders, and gave his Majesty a particular account of what has passed in relation to the raising the Siege of Charleroy, and of the great divisions and dissatisfactions as well in the Army, as in the several Towns in Flanders. Our last news from Flanders is, that the Prince of Orange, after having been encamped the 19 and 20 instant at Pictou, and made a shew, as if he would have taken the way of the Grand Chaussee, and marched towards Maestricht, decamped the 21, and approached towards Mons, and in his way summoned the Town of Binch, in which was about 70 Soldiers, commanded

by a Captain of Foot, who not being able to defend it, surrendered the place. The 20 instant the Duke of Luxemburg encamped at Marbuge, the 21 he removed to Marbuge, and the 22 to Kœurain; the 23 he decamped again, and advanced to Pont d'Esperie on the Schelde above Tongny. From Metz we have an account, that the Imperial Army was encamped at Arlon near Luxemburg, but, as was believed, would not continue long there, the Duke of Lorraine intending, as was said, to march back to the Moselle, and to pass it in order to the putting his Troops into Winter-quarters. From Alsace we hear, that our Troops, and those of the Circles are very near each other; and that the Sieur de Monclar had possessed himself of a Hill, which overlooks the Enemies Camp, and from whence he did very much incommodate them with the Cannon he had planted there. The 26 instant their Majesties and the whole Court removed from Versailles to Fontainebleau, with intention to continue there till the 25 of the next month. The Sieur Pierre Cadeau, Counsellor of the Kings Finances, and Bankier of this City, after long Proceedings at Law, had been amply justified by an Arrest of the Masters of Requests, and his Adversaries condemned to make him Publick Reparation, and to defray the charges of the Process.

Plymouth, Aug. 19. Having been informed of His Majesties gracious intention to visit this place, and that His Majesty was pleased to pass hither by Sea; We were extremely joyed to see His Majesty and his Royal Highnesses arrive here on Thursday last in the morning, with the Men of War and Yachts that attended him. His Majesty coming ashore, accompanied by his Royal Highness, was received by our Governor the Earl of Bath, by the Mayor and his Brethren in their Formalities, and by the Nobility and Gentry of this County, who came to pay their Duty to His Majesty, amidst the Acclamations of the People, and all the Demonstrations of Duty and Affection they were capable of expressing. On Friday His Majesty did Sir Richard Edgecomb the Honour to Dine with him at his house near this Town, where His Majesty, his Royal Highness, and the whole Court was most nobly treated. Yesterday morning His Majesty, being attended with all the Nobility and Gentry here in Town, and with the reiterated Acclamations of the People, went to St. Andrew's Church, where His Majesty after Divine Service, was pleased to heal for the Evil; and in the evening, His Majesty being extremely pleased with his Reception here, and particularly by our Governor, who had the Honour to treat His Majesty, his Royal Highness, and the whole Court, during their stay here, which His Lordship did in a very Noble and Splendid manner; Reimbarked on the Monssque, and his Royal Highness on the St. David, and sailed for the Downs, the Wind being W. N. W.

Whitehall, Aug. 22. Last Night His Majesty and his Royal Highness returned hither, in perfect health (thanks be to God) from the short Voyage His Majesty has been pleased to make to Plymouth.

Advertisements.

These are to Notice to all Persons, That on the 8th instant a certain Dutch built Hoy; laden with 14 Tuns of Buck, or Branck, two Packs of Feathers, three Bags of Dutch Money, six Packs of Linnen, three Packs of Yarn, 1500 or 1800 Weight of Flax, Yarn, and other things, sailing from Ghent in Flanders, to Rotterdam in Holland, which was Robbed or Run away withal to Sea by eight Passengers that were on board of her, six of them were in Merchants apparel, two in Seamens, one of them having but one arm, and another having a cut in his cheek or face. Whoever gives notice either in person or by Letters of the said Ship (she having been seen about Harwich) and Goods, or of the said eight persons, or any of them, or shall give notice of their Detention or apprehension, or where they may be detained or apprehended, unto Mr. Abram Smith Publick Notary at the Royal Exchange, London, or to Mr. Jacob Toysepi at Colchester, shall have a very good Reward.

Jacob Woodward, Servant to Mr. John Godwin, did desert his Masters service about the 8th instant, having taken up several Sums of Money. He is high 20 years old, thin vivag'd, black complexion, disfigur'd with the Small Pox, wears a Perriwig, slender of Body, hath a cloth Suit and Coat of a blewish gray. Whoever apprehends the laid person, and gives notice to Mr. Godwin aforesaid, at His Majesties Navy Office in Marsh-lane, or to Mr. William Foster in Little London-bard-street, shall have Five pound Reward.

Last from Mr. Fountain's house in Hertfordshire near Bolling, the 7th instant, a large Spaniel Dog, white and liver colour'd, his nose speckled with brown-spots. Whoever gives notice of him at the Black Lyon a Goldsmiths between the two Temple-gates, shall have 10 s. Reward.