

# The London Gazette.

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Chester, August 18.

**O**N Wednesday last arrived here his Grace the Duke of Ormond, on his way for Ireland, whither he is going to take upon him the Government of that Kingdom, as Lord Lieutenant of it. His Grace was accompanied by the Earl of Derby, the Earl of Devonshire, the Earl of Arran, and several other Persons of the chiefest Quality: In his passage through this Countrey he was waited upon by the Gentry, and every where received with those demonstrations of Esteem and Respect which are due to his great Quality, and to those very eminent Services his Grace has in all Times rendered His Most Sacred Majesty. Yesterday his Grace parted hence towards Holyhead, in order to his passing over to Ireland.

Vienna, Aug. 15. Though we are informed that Expresses arrive very frequently from the Imperial Army, yet we do not hear that any thing of moment passes between it and the French; though the Duke of Lorraine, as well as the Marschal de Crequi, have at the same time shewed a great conduct in the several motions they have hitherto made, still designing to gain some advantage on each other. Count Leslie is preparing for his journey to Denmark, where he is to command the Imperial Auxiliary Troops. We have an account here of the Swedes having gained a Victory over the Danes by Land, of which we have not as yet the particulars.

Frankfort, Aug. 18. All People are very much surprized at the news we receive from Flanders, of the Confederates having quitted the Siege of Charleroy, the cause of which is attributed to those, to whom the covering the Siege was committed, for that they permitted the Duke of Luxemburg to possess himself of a very advantageous Post near the Prince of Orange's Camp, in which his Highness could not then continue without danger to his Army. From Hungary they write, that though the Rebels do not hitherto make any considerable attempt, yet notwithstanding, that they are very powerful, and may ere long prove very troublesome. It has been said that the Elector of Bavaria had offered to furnish 6000 Men to assist the Emperor against the Rebels, but without any certainty.

Cologne, Aug. 20. The Campaign being now ready to end, the Princes in whose Territories the Confederate Troops may pretend to take Winter quarters, are endeavouring to oppose the same, having already sufficiently experienced the treatment their Subjects receive from those Troops. We are informed by our last Letters from Luxemburg, that the Duke of Lorraine was returning towards the Moselle, and that in Flanders the Troops would likewise very soon separate, to go into Winter-quarters.

Brussels, Aug. 20. The People here continue very disorderly, and full of clamors against the Generals of our Armies, on occasion of the raising the Siege of Charleroy, several Officers have been wounded in the Streets, and the Prince of Vaudemont, and other Persons of Quality have hardly escaped, being affronted by the Rabble. The Cannon and Ammunition that was

sent back from the Army, is embarked again together with four Dutch Regiments, in order to their return to Holland. Yesterday our Armies decamped from Sambres and St. Amand, and marched to Seneffe and Pierson, where they are now encamped. In the mean time the Duke of Luxemburg is posted between the Sambre and the Meuse, to refresh his Army in those quarters. We are assured that the Marschal d'Humieres is encamped with a Body of 5 or 6000 men near Pont St. Pierre, the Baron de Quincy being joined with him.

Ditto. Yesterday our Army decamped from Sambres, and marched towards Seneffe, where the Prince of Orange has his Quarter, and his Excellency is encamped at Pierson. We are told the French Army is marched towards Mons, and that their Head-quarter is at Haure. Yesterday arrived here the Duke of Albemarle, and this morning his Grace parted for the Army, with a Convoy commanded by Count Shellart.

Ditto. Aug. 24. On Sunday a great Convoy arrived here from the Army, commanded by the Duke of Holstein. We are told that in their way hither, the Spanish Troops took an occasion to plunder several of the Dutch Wagons, and to treat very ill the Wagoners, of which disorder a Party of French who lay in a Wood hard by taking advantage, fell upon some of the Wagons, and carried away 15 or 16. Yesterday the Duke of Holstein returned with the Convoy to the Army, carrying them Provisions for eight dayes. On Sunday our Armies decamped, and marched to Hayne St. Pierre, and Hayne St. Paul, near Marimont, the French Intendant of which place sent his Highness and his Excellency a Present of Fruit. Many are of opinion, that our Armies will yet attempt some Siege, which others, who consider how far the Season is advanced, can give no credit to. Our Letters from Luxemburg tell us, that the Duke of Lorraine finding it impossible to subsist any longer at Mouzon, was marched towards St. Hubert, by the way of the Ardennes; it is thought his Highness will continue his march towards Marsall in Lorraine, to secure Winter-quarters for his Army on the Saar, and on the Rhine, which our Letters from Germany say, the Princes will oppose, having to that purpose made a League together, and thereby obliged themselves to form their Troops into one Body for their common security. We just now have Letters from the Army dated yesterday, which say, that the Prince of Orange having caused Binch to be summoned yesterday morning, it was accordingly surrendered, where was found great store of Forage. From Alsace we hear, that the French Troops commanded by the Sieur de Monclar, and those of the Circles under the command of the Duke of Saxe-Eysenach, were advanced so near each other, that it was thought they could not part without coming to a Battel; it is said the French had got the advantage of a Hill. Count Waldeck being recovered of his indisposition, is returned to the Army.

Ghent, Aug. 24. On Sunday our Army decamped from Seneffe, and marched to Hayne St. Pierre, and Hayne St. Paul, where they are at present; a great Convoy

voÿ went thither yesterday from *Brussels*, with Ammunition Bread, and other Provisions. We are told that the Duke of *Luxemburg* is encamped with the *French Army* at *Mandug*. Our last Letters from *Luxemburg* say, that the Duke of *Lorraine* had quitted *Mouzon*, having fired the Town before he retired, and was marched towards *Arlon*, from whence it was said he would take his way towards the *Moselle*. That *Marschal de Crequi* likewise decamped, upon notice of the *Imperialists* march, and having repass'd the *Meuse*, marched to *Tvoix*, resolving, it seems, still to follow them, and coast along, as formerly, between them and the *Meuse*. From *Alsace* we are told, that the Duke of *Saxe-Eysenach* is still encamped at *Hunningen*, whither *Monfieur de Monclar* was marched to attack him, and had possessed himself of an Eminence hard by his Camp, upon which he was playing furiously with his great Gun. Just now we have news that the Town of *Binck* is yielded to the Prince of *Orange*.

*Bruges, Aug. 25* We hear here of nothing but Complaints and Clamors against the Generals of our Armies, the People being so extremely incensed at the ill success of the Siege of *Charleroy*, that nothing seems able to appease them. We all conclude the Campaign will now be suddenly ended, for the Winter season comes on so fast, that no considerable Enterprize can be taken in hand, so that what remains now, is to look out for Winter-quarters for the several Troops that compose our Armies. From *Offend* we have an account, that the Convoy from *Spain* is safely arrived there.

*Hague, Aug. 24*. We are informed that the States have ordered their Thanks to be given to the Prince of *Orange*, for his great prudence in not hazarding the Army of the State in a Battel, after the raising the Siege of *Charleroy*, seeing it could not be without so notorious a danger, because of the advantageous Posts the Enemy had already possessed themselves of; but at the same time the Ministers of the Allies residing here, are full of anger and complaint on that occasion, having forgot, it seems, how generously his Highness exposed himself and his Army, not long since, in the Battel of *Mont Cassin*. In the mean time People here talk very much of a Peace, as a thing which they most earnestly desire; for besides the great burthen the War lies upon them, the inconveniences the Confederacy of so many Princes of different Interests is subject to, appear daily more and more. The *French* Capers have, contrary to the Ordinance of their King permitting a free Fishery, taken several of our fishing Vessels, and carried them to *Dunkirk* and *Calis*, on pretence, as we understand, that they went out before the said Ordinance was published, of which they think they ought for that reason to have no benefit. From *Nimeguen* they write, that the Bishop of *Surek*, the first of the Emperors Ambassadors, was arriv'd there; and that Count *Anthony of Oldenburg*, the first of the Ambassadors of *Denmark*, was daily expected there. According to our last Letters from *Hamburg*, the Elector of *Brandenburg* was in a fair way to make himself in a short time Master of *Stetin*.

*Paris, Aug. 28*. On Wednesday last *Monfieur de Louvoÿ* returned from *Flanders*, and gave his Majesty a particular account of what had pass'd in relation to the raising the Siege of *Charleroy*, and of the great divisions and dissatisfactions as well in the Army, as in the several Towns in *Flanders*. Our last news from *Flanders* is, that the Prince of *Orange*, after having been encamped the 19 and 20 instant at *Pieton*, and made a shew, as if he would have taken the way of the Grand *Chaussee*, and marched towards *Masstricht*, decamped the 21, and approach'd towards *Mons*, and in his way summon'd the Town of *Binck*, in which was about 70 Soldiers, commanded

by a Captain of Foot, who not being able to defend it, surrendered the place. The 20 instant the Duke of *Luxemburg* encamped at *Manbeuge*, the 21 he removed to *Stuyve*, and the 22 to *Keurain*; the 23 he decamped again, and advanc'd to *Pont d'Esperies* on the *Schelde* above *Townay*. From *Metz* we have an account, that the *Imperial Army* was encamped at *Arlon* near *Luxemburg*, but, as was believed, would not continue long there, the Duke of *Lorraine* intending, as was said, to march back to the *Moselle*, and to pass it in order to the putting his Troops into Winter-quarters. From *Alsace* we hear, that our Troops, and those of the *Circles* are very near each other; and that the *Sieur de Monclar* had possessed himself of a Hill, which overlook'd the Enemies Camp, and from whence he did very much incommode them with the Cannon he had planted there. The 26 instant their Majesties and the whole Court removed from *Versailles* to *Fontainebleau*, with intention to continue there till the 25 of the next month. The *Sieur de Poyre Cadelan*, Counsellor of the Kings Finances, and Banker of this City, after long Proceedings at Law, hath been amply justified by an Arrest of the Masters of Request, and his *Subversarie* condemned to make him Publick Reparation, and to defray the charges of the Process.

*Plymouth, Aug. 19*. Having been informed of His Majesties gracious intention to visit this place, and that His Majesty was pleas'd to pass hither by Sea; We were extremely joy'd to see His Majesty and his Royal Highness arrive here on Thursday last in the morning, with the Men of War and Yachts that attended him. His Majesty coming ashore, accompanied by his Royal Highness, was received by our Governour the Earl of *Bair*, by the Mayor and his Brethren in their Formalities, and by the Nobility and Gentry of this County, who came to pay their Duty to His Majesty, amidst the Acclamations of the People, and all the Demonstrations of Duty and Affection they were capable of expressing. On Friday His Majesty did Sir *Richard Edgewood* the Honour to Dine with him at his house near this Town, where His Majesty, his Royal Highness, and the whole Court was most Nobly treated. Yesterday morning his Majesty, being attended with all the Nobility and Gentry here in Town, and with the reiterated Acclamations of the People, went to *St. Andrews* Church, where His Majesty after Divine Service, was pleas'd to heal for the Evil; and in the evening, His Majesty being extremely pleas'd with his Reception here, and particularly by our Governour, who had the Honour to treat His Majesty, his Royal Highness, and the whole Court, during their stay here, which his Lordship did in a very Noble and Splendid manner, Reimbarked on the *Mountague*, and his Royal Highness on the *St. David*, and sail'd for the *Dowries*, the Wind being *W. N. W.*

*Whitehall, Aug. 22*. Last Night His Majesty and his Royal Highness returned hither, in perfect health (thanks be to God) from the short Voyage His Majesty has been pleas'd to make to *Plymouth*.

#### Advertisements.

These are to Notify to all Persons, That on the 8th instant a certain Dutch built Hoy; laden with 14 Tuns of Buck, or Branck, two Packs of Feathers, three Bags of Dutch Money, six Packs of Linnea, three Packs of Yarn, 1500 or 1800 Weight of Flax, Yarn, and other things, sailing from *Ghent* in *Flanders*, to *Rotterdam* in *Holland*, which was Robbed or Run away withall to Sea by eight Passengers that were on board of her, six of them were in Merchants apparel, two in Seamens, one of them having but one arm, and another having a cut in his cheek or face. Whoever gives notice either in person or by Letters of the said Ship (she having been seen about *Hartwich*) and Goods, or of the said eight persons, or any of them, or shall give notice of their Detention or apprehension, or where they may be detained or apprehended, unto Mr. *Abraham Smith* Publick Notary at the *Royal Exchange*, *London*, or to Mr. *Jacob Toyspel* at *Colchester*, shall have a very good Reward.

*Jacob Woodward*, Servant to Mr. *John Godwin*, did desert his Masters Service about the 8th instant, having taken up several Sums of Money. He is high 20 years old, thin visag'd, black complexion, disfigur'd with the Small Pox, wears a Perriwig, slender of Body, hath a cloth Suit and Coat of a blewish gray. Whoever apprehends the said person, and gives notice to Mr. *Godwin* aforesaid, at His Majesties Navy Office in *Marsh-lane*, or to Mr. *William Foster* in *Little Lambard-street*, shall have Five pound Reward.

Lost from Mr. *Fountain's* house in *Hertfordshire* near *Bulbar*, the 7th instant, a large Spaniel Dog, white and liver colour'd, his nose speckled with brown spots. Whoever gives notice of him at the *Black Lyon* a Goldsmiths between the two *Temple-gates*, shall have 10s. Reward.