

the *Suedes*, to hazard a second Battle. It is said that the Dukes of *Luxemburg* have offered to assist the King of *Denmark* with 10000 men, upon condition he will quit his pretensions upon the Duchy of *Bremen*, and restore the Duke of *Holstein Gottorp* to his Countries.

Basse, Aug. 14. On Tuesday last the *French Troops* advanced to *Ploßheim*, and surprized the *German Foragers*, of whom they took about 200 Prisoners; after which they attacked the Castle of *Ploßheim*, wherein were about 40 men, and after two days took it. This morning the *French Troops* marched again, and advanced to *Bruckfelden*, which is not above half a League from the Imperial Camp; the Cannon hath already begun to play on both sides, and it is the general expectation that they will not part without a Battle: the *French* give out that they are 14000 strong, their Infantry is very good.

Cologne, Aug. 14. The *French* of *Maastricht*, do by their frequent incursions very much ruin the Country of *Fulda*, and the lower Dioceses of *Cologne*; to prevent which, for the future, the Governor of *Cleves* is drawing together a small Body of men, and at the same time Deputies have been sent on the part of the Inhabitants to the Intendant of *Maastricht*, to agree the Contributions they must pay to be freed from those executions, which have been occasioned by the Inhabitants forbearing to pay the said Contributions upon the expectation they had that the Confederate Troops which were posted about *Maastricht*, under the command of Major General *Spaen*, would have been sufficient to bridle that Garrison, and to have hindered their going out.

Ditto, Aug. 20. The raising of the Siege of *Charleroy* has, as we are told, broken all the measures of the Duke of *Lorraine*, who is thereupon marching back with the Imperial Army towards the *Rhine*. The Princes who have made a League together, to assist each other in hindring the taking of Winter-quarters in their respective Territories, begin to prepare to draw their respective Troops into a Body, the command of which, it's said, they will give to the Prince of *Sulzbach*. It is not long since, that it was reported with much confidence, that the *Imperialists* were going to restore *Bonke* to our Elector, in order to his making his residence there as formerly, but at present, if we may give credit to what is said abroad, that matter is quite off again, and the *Imperialists* will continue to keep that City in their hands, till a general Peace be concluded. From *Vienna* they write, that in *Hungary* the Rebels were of late become less considerable, and that thereupon the Emperor had resolved, that part of the Forces which were once intended to be sent towards those Parts, should be countermanded.

Charleville, Aug. 18. In our last we gave you an account of the *Confederates* having quitted the Siege of *Charleroy*, which it seems, they found to be an enterprise of too great difficulty to be gone through with, at this time of the year, especially seeing the Duke of *Luxemburg* lay encamped with an Army of 45000 fighting Men so near them, that they could not send out their Foragers, nor receive those supplies that were necessary for them, the *French* having possessed themselves of several advantageous Passes. We are told that in the Council of War, in which the resolution was taken to raise the Siege, great heats passed between the Generals, or at least some of them, who did not agree in their opinions concerning the measures that were to be taken.

We now look upon the Campaign to be as good as ended, for the Winter season approaches so fast, that there will be but little time left for Action. The Duke of *Luxemburg*, according to our last advices, was encamped at *Keurain*, where, it's thought, he will continue, till he sees what resolutions the *Confederates* take; some report as if they would go and besiege *Maastricht*, which, considering the Season, we can hardly believe. The Duke of *Lorraine*, with the Imperial Army, is marching towards *Luxemburg*, but with what design we know not; and *Mareschal de Crequi* keeps near them, to watch all their motions.

Hague Aug. 21. The States have appointed the last day of this month to hear and determine the matters in difference between the City of *Grinning* and the *Ommelanden*, which are grown to that height, as to threaten very ill consequences, if not timely accommodated by the power and interposition of the *States General*. The Baggage of the Count *de Solms*, Colonel of the Princes Regiment of Guards, is arrived here, and he is expected in a day or two. From *Hamburg* they write, that the Elector of *Brandenburg* was preparing to employ his Mortars against *Stein*, to try if the Burglers might be brought that way to a Capitulation, who hitherto continued very unamiable and resolute to defend the place to the last extremity; and the rather, for that most of the considerable Inhabitants have lent great Sums of money to the King of *Saxony*, which they must expect to lose, if they change their Master. Upon the News of the retreat of the *Confederates* to *Flanders*, it's said the Duke of *Lorraine* is likewise retired with the Imperial Army in much discontent and trouble. According to the Advices we receive from *Alsace*, we are in some expectation to hear of an Engagement between the *French Troops* under the command of the Sieur *de Adonclar*, and those of the Circles commanded by the Duke of *Saxe-Eylnach*.

Paris, Aug. 21. The last Letters we received from *Flanders*, told us, that the Prince of *Orange* encamped the 18 instant at a place called *Timon*, having sent his heavy Luggage and Cannon to *Brussels*. That the Duke of *Luxemburg* kept near the Enemy to observe their motions which we do not expect will be of any great importance during the rest of this Campaign, considering how far the Summer season is already past. From *Meitz* they write, that the Duke of *Lorraine* was encamped the 17 and 18 instant near *Arlo*, and that the *Mareschal de Créquy* was at the same time posted not far from *Sedan*. This week parted hence Monsieur *Torillon*, Ambassador Extraordinary from our King to His Majesty of *Great Britain*. There has been this day much discourse at Court of the *Confederates* intending to besiege *Maastricht*; this is certain that the King has put off his journey to *Fountains*, which was resolved on the 25 instant.

Advertisements.

✂ A Discourse concerning Repentance. By N. INGELO D. D. Printed for Richard Marriott, and sold by William Bromwich at the Sign of the Three Bibles in Ludgate-street.

✂ Two Discourses, viz. A Discourse of Truth. By the late Reverend Dr. Rast, Lord Bishop of *Dromore* in the Kingdom of *Ireland*. The way of Happiness and Salvation. By Joseph Glanvil, Chaplain in Ordinary to His Majesty. Both sold by James Collins in the Temple-passage from Essex-street.

Stray'd or stolen out of the Grounds of Mr. John Napleton at *Sittingburne* in *Kent*, the 9th instant, a black brown Gelding five years old, 14 hands high, a short tail, roes all, hath not shed all his old hairs, and hath a little white slip cross above his nostrils, and a white spot upon one of his knuckle bones. Whoever gives notice of the said Gelding to Mr. Robert Roberts in *Fishamble-street* in *Spittle-fields*, or to Mr. Thomas Seaborne Barber in *Walbrook*, shall have 20 s. Reward.

A Bright bay Mare between 14 and 15 hands high, with a snip upon her upper lip, her hair upon her neck being worn with a Collar, stolen from *John Newman* near *Wemy* in the Parish of *Harrow upon the Hill*, in the County of *Middlesex*, the 15th instant. Whoever gives notice of the said Mare to *John Newman* aforesaid, or to Mr. Edward Fipps at the *Blombeers Head Inn* in *King-street*, *Westminster*, shall be well rewarded.