## The London Gazette.

## Published by Authority.

From Monday August 13. to Thursday August 16. 1677.

Dover, August 14. Efterday arrived here a small Vessel from Calais, the Master whereof reports, that there are several Durch Men of War of good Force, Cruifing upon the Coast of Flanders; that in Calais Road are lately arrived three French Men of War, which carry between 30 and 40 Guns apiece, belonging to the Royal Company of France, and now in that Kings service; that one of the faid Dutch Men of War of 10 Guns and 60 Men, separated from the rest by storm, and falling in with the French, feeing no means of escape, resolutely engaged one of them, and killed 14 of his Men, but being overpowred by the strength and number of his Enemy, and his Men refusing to continue the Fight any longer, rather than his Ship should remain to the French, he blew her up, and so perished with the rest of his Company, except 13 Men only, which were faved by fwim-

Deale, Aug. 14. Last night arrived herefour ships richly Laden from the East-indies, three from the Coast

of Bengola, and one from Bantam.

Vienna, Aug 5. On Monday last arrived here an Envoy from the Duke of Modena, who fince has had Audience of the Emperor. This morning Count Lefley, accompanied with feveral Voluntiers, parted Post towards Denmark, where he is to command in chief the Forces that the Emperor fends to the affilance of that king. The Emperor is very much diffatisfied with the late proceedings the States of the Lower Saxony, who, notwithstand the Resolution of the Diet at Ratisbonne, have, in their last Assembly, resolved to send a Plenipotentiary to Nineguen, to affist at the Treaty, and to take care of their particular Interests. General Gops having received 60000 Crowns, will fuddenly be, in his journey for Hungary, whither the Grand Signior has fent strict Orders to his Bassa's, not only not to give the Rebels the least protection and refuge, but to be aiding on all occasions to the Emperors Officers, in the suppressing and subduing of them, Yesterday the Duke of Wirtemberg had Audience of the Emperor, being come hither to receive the Investiture of the Fiefs, poffessed by the deceased Duke his Brother. The Danish Envoy has lately presented another Memorial to the Emperor, to pray him to recommend to his Commissioner ar the Diet, the establishing a new Toll at Gluckstadt on the Elber

From the Elector of Brandenburgh's Camp before Stetin, Aug. 6. The 4th instant his Electoral Highgess caused the Trenches to be opened, and the same day took the Fort de l'Estoite. Yesterday our Frigats attacked the Suedish Vessels that are posted in this River, and after a dispute of two hours, forced them to retire from the Palisadoes. This morning the Suedes engaged our Frigats again, and after a sharp Fight set Fire to one of them. General Major Swerin has begun to make use of his Batteries, and has ruined many houses on that side of the Town, which he is appointed to attack. The Suedes have made several Retrenchments in the quarter called Ls Stadie on the other side of the Oder.

Yesterday we took 46 Prisoners, as they were returning

from fetching Forage.

Bafle, Aug. 11. The 8th instant, the Duke of saxen-Enfenach being pretty well recovered of his late indifpolition, returned to his Camp, and caused a review to be taken of his Troops, which are still posted a Huningen. Yesterday three Imperial Regiments which are coming to join the Duke of Saxen-Eyfenach lodged at Newboarg, and will this day arrive in the Upper Marquifat of Dourlach, one League from this place, on the other side of the Rhine. . The said Regiments are to have their quarters at Creutzenach and Hatten, where a part of the Garifons of Fribourg and Rhinfeld are. to join them, and so make up a Hlying Army to secu e the Bridge the Allies have upon the Rhine, and oppose the incursions of the Garison of Brisac. The Cans. n of solcure hath lately writ a Letter to the Duke of Saxen-Eysenach, to dissuade him from undertaking the Siege of Landscroon, for that he shall be obliged to oppose him in his passage to it through his Territo-

Brisac, Aug. 13. On Tuesday last the Sieur de Monelar, after eight hours march, surprized near Plotzeim, one of the Enemies quarters, took 400 Prisoners, andcarried away above 100 Horse. At the same time he caused the Castle of Plotzeim, where there was a Garison of 60 men, to be summoned; and after a small resistance the Officer and Men surrendred themselves upon discretion. Yesterday the Sieur de Monclar marched to Gutsenfeld, which is but a short League from the Enemies Camp. Yesterday 400 Men in Garison here were sent to take possession of the Castle of Hautemersheim, which the Imperialists have abandoned; and the Boats which were formerly there, are bringing up the Rbine, in order to the making a Bridge at Nieu-

bourg.

Cologne, Aug. 13. Two dayes fince arrived here certain Commissioners from the Bishop of Munster and Duke of Newbourg; and others from the Electors of Tre ves and Mayence are daily expected. There is now no further discourse of the Imperialists quitting Bonne, and the restoring our Elector to his Residence there. The Governor of Cleves has brought together a small Body of an Army, to secure the Inhabitants, of that Countrey against the frequent violences of Parties from Maestrisht, who have pillaged several Villages near Aix 12 Chapelle, for failing to pay their Quota of Contribu-tions. The Baron of Landsee is suddenly expected here on his teturn from Bremen, having in charge to negotiate several matters of importance with the Bishop of Munffer, who is parted from Saffenberg on his way to Next week the Duke of Newbourg will remove to Benshourg, a House of Pleasure, within three hours of this place, Last week our Elector and Chapter sent Deputies to the Intendant of Maestricht, to settle the Contributions to be paid by the Inhabitants of this Diocess. We have nothing new from Alfatia, our last Letters which are of the 9th fay, that the Army of the Circles continued in its ancient Post, the Duke of Saxen-Exlenach having his Head-quarters at Fredelingen, and General General Durwollde at Huningen; that Colonel Stang had been lately sent out with a Party of Horse towards Alkirken, to endeavor to remove the French from that Polt; that Monsieur de Moncher was still encamped between Ensistent and Muthamsen, four or five Leagues from Basse; that in a late Rencounter between a Party of Imperialists commanded by General Durwalds, and mother of the French, the first had been worsted, having lost some Officers of Note, and fifty Cuirassers.

Philippeville, Aug. 17. We are not adirde furprized here at the sudden retreat of the Confederate Army from Churleroji; the 6th instant they invested the place, the 9th they finished their Lines of Circumvallation and Contravallation, in order to the formal Siege of its The fame day the Duke of Luxenthingh marched at the head of the King's Army, and the 12 posted himself near the Lines, with resolution to attack them, the Marefchal d'Humferes having at the same Zime brought together a finall Body of an Army to intercept and oppose the Convoys that were daily fent to the Enemies, which he did for successfully, as very few arrived to their affiliance; and others were forced, to avoid falling into his hands, to return back to Namur The 14 instant the Enemies quirted the and Bruffets. Siege, and retired, without attacking the Duke of Luxemburg, whose Army was near equal in number to the Confederates, ar least in Infantry, most useful to him on that occasion, being very advantageously posted at Gorpines, with a Wood before him, and another at his back, to retire as he pleafed. The day before the Town was invested, the Duke of Luxemb erg lent into it two Companies of the King's Musqueteers, 400 Dragoons, several Grenadiers and Miners, besides which there was in the Town a Garifon confifting of five Battalions of Foot, a Regiment of 800 Hotle, and the Governor's Company of Dragoons of 150 men. The People abroughout all the Spanish Provinces are extremely enraged at the ill fuccess of the Siege, and have fixed a very scandatous Libel on one of the Gares of Brussels, It is faid the Troops from the Meufe will join the Prince of Orange's Army. His Highness is at present encamped between Fleures and Sombref.

From the Camp at la Buffiere, Aug. 18. The Prince of Orange is removed with his Army from Sombref, and encamped at Timeon. It is faid that his Highnes's hath fent his great Cannon, and the Preparations he had made for the Siege of Charleroy, to Bruxelles. To morrow his Majesties Army, under the command of the Duke of Luxembourg, will begin to march, and, as is reported in the Camp, towards Bruxelles. Here are several Persons of Quality lately arrived from Park, in expectation of a sudden Battel with the Enemy. Prince of Orange intends to march towards Maestricht, but on what design is not known: The Spaniards defert daily in great numbers. A great detathmenr will now in a few dayes be fent to reinforce the Mareschal de Grequi, the Duke of Luxemburgh having hitherto not thought fit to leffen his Army, upon the

great appearance there was of Action

Met?, Aug. 16. The 12 inflant the Duke of Lorrain and the Mareschal de Grequi continued in their
former Posts, the latter having made a Redoube on the
Eminence of Pouilly, and placed several pieces of Canmon upon it, as well to remove farther off the Grand
Guard of the Enemies, as to cause their Dragoons to
dislodge, and annoy the Right Wing of their Atmy,
which is posted very near. The 13, the Mareschal de
Grequi passed the Meuse with his Army, and the same

day encomped between Beaumont and Ton. The night following the Duke of Lorrain decamped, and the 14 in the morning quitted Moufon, after having put Fire to it, which confumed the greatest part of the Town. That day they continued their march towards Garignan, and encamped in the evening between Chevancy and Floreinville, on the River Semon. The 14, the Mareschal de Grequi had his Head-quarters at Beaumons, and, upon advice brought him of the march of the Imperialists, marched the 15 towards Monzel.

Sedan, Aug. 18. The 13 instant the Mareschal de Crequi decamped from Inor, the Baggage and the whole Army having passed the Meuse at break of day, the Army drew up in Battalia on the other fide of Moulon, and several sharp Skirmishes passed that day between the Avantguards of the two Armies. The 14, early in the morning, the Marcichal de Greque attacked in person the Enemies Guards, with fo much vigor, that he forced them with a confiderable loss to abandon the Suburbs of Moufon, having on his part only two of his Guards wounded. About to a clock that morning he fent for seven pieces of Cannon, with which he plyed the Enemies fo warmly for feveral hours, that they quitted their Redoubt mear Moufon: After which both Armies marched, and ours is repassed the Meuse, and follows the Enemies very closely. This day 75 Prisoners were brought into this Town. Yesterday the Germans were encamped at Seiche- Pierre, and Sainte Gecile, on the River Semoy, beyond Carignan; this day they passed that River, and are encamped at Chiny near Arlon and Luxemburg. The Mareschal de Crequi is at present

encamped at Monsele, between Douty and Sedan.

Hague, Aug. 20. We have now received the confirmation of the taking of the Groenland Fishermen belonging to these Provinces by the French; and to secure the rest, the States have resolved that all the small ships which were fome weeks ago ordered to be equipped, be forthwith fenctowards those Sea, as also that the Squadron which hath been some time Cruising in three stations upon these Coasts, join together at Schonevelt, and go from thence immediately to the hannel. The Equipage for the Mediterranean will be have in sew dayes, the delay of it occasioned for water monies being now removed by the Spanish Minister, who for that purpose has lately paid a Sum of 150000 Gilders. The States have received a Letter from his Highness the Prince of Orange, giving them an account of the retreat of the Army from Charlerof, and that the Siege was raised with the confent of all the Communders, though fome of the General Officers were inclined to fight the French, but it was judged too difficult and hazardous to attack them in fo advantageous a Post as they were possessed of. Other's fay, that the Confederates expected the Duke of Lorrain would have come and join them, and that having advice the Mareschal de Crequi had got two dayes march before them, they thought it best to expect him near Namur. The Count de Solms is arrived here from the Army; it is said there has lately hapned some difference between him and the Marquis de Montpouillan, which gave his Highness so much offence, that he ordered both of them to retire to Bruffels.

## Advertisement.

Leiceftershire, a brown Gelding with a bald face, walloyed, three white feet, a great white spot over the wethers, about 12 or 14 years old. Whoever gives notice of the said Gelding to Mr. Nathanist Ponder Stationer at the Peacet in the Fondiry, London, at the Peacet in the Fondiry, London, at the Peacet in the Traitorn in Notingham, shall have 40s. Reward, or at the Unitorn in Notingham, shall have 40s. Reward.