The London jazette.

Published by Authority.

From Tuelday July 31, 10 Saturday August 4, 1781.

Whitehall, August 2, 1781. XTRACT of a Letter from Sir Henry Clinton, Knight of the Bath, to Lord George Germain, One of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, dated at New York the 3d of July, 1781; received by His Majefty's Ship Roebuck.

MYLORD

BY His Majefty's Ship Warwick, which arrived here the 26th Ult. with the Victuallers and Recruits defined for this Place, I had the Honor to receive the Originals of your Lordship's Disp tches, dated the 31st of January and 12th of February ; and the Day following the Carteret and Duke of Cumberland Packet Boats came together into this Port, with the English Mails for April and May. As the fudden Departure of Vice Admiral Ar

buthnot for Europe, in His Majefty's Ship Roebuck, does not afford me Time to write to fully to your Lordihip as I with to do upon the feveral Matters contained in your Dispatches; I must therefore defer answering them till the Departure of the next Packet, which I propose to expedite soon : It gives me much Pleasure, however, in the mean Time, to acquaint your Lordship of the safe Arrival of the Three Regiments from Ireland at Charles-Town, together with the Recruits for this Army, all in great Health, on the 3d Ult.

The inclosed Copies of Letters from Lord Rawdon to Lord Cornwallis, and of one to me, which I received by the Warwick, will inform your Lordthip as to the Situation of Affairs in the Province of South Carolina at the Time those Letters were written, fince which Period I have not heard from thence.

I have also the Honor to inclose to your Lordship an Extract of a Letter lately received from Major-General Leflie.

Extract of a Letter from Lord Rawdon to Earl Cornwallis, dated Camp at Monk's Corner, May 24, 1781.

*HE situation of Affairs in this Province has I inade me judge, it necessary for a Time to withdraw my Force from the Back Country, and to affemble what Troops I can collect at this Point I hope a Recital of the Circumstances which have led to this Determination will fatisfy your Lordthip as to the Expediency of the Measure.

After the Action of the 25th of April, (an Account of which I had the Honour of transmitting to your Lordship) Major General Greene remained for some Days behind the farthest Branch of Granny's Quarter Creek. A fecond Attempt upon his Ariny could not in that Situation be undertaken upon the Principles which advifed the former. the first Instance, I made fo short an Excursion from my Works, that I could venture, without Hazard, to leave them very flightly guarded, and I had the Confidence, that had Fortune proved unfavourable, we fhould eafily have made good our Retreat, and our Lofs, in all Probability, would not have dif abled us from the farther Defence of the Place. To get at General Greene, in his retired Situation, I must have made a very extensive Circuit in order to head the Creek, which would have prefented to him the fairest Opportunity of slipping by me to Camden; and he was still so superior to me in Numbers, that had I left fuch a Gatrifon at my Post as might enable it to stand an Asiault, my Force in the Field would have been totally unequal to cope with the Enemy's Army. I had much to | Diferetion.

[Price Seven-Pence.]

hope 'rom the Arrival of Reinforcement to me, and little to rear from any probable Addition to my Antagonist's Force.

Whilft upon that Principle I waited for my expected Succours, General Greene retired from our Front, and croffing the Wateree, took a Position behind Twenty fire Mile Creek. On the 7th of May, Lieutenant-Colonel Watson joined me with his Detachment, much reduced in Number, through Casualties, Sickness, and a Reinforcement which he had left to strengthen the Garrison at George Town. He had croffed the Santee near its Mouth, and had recroifed it a little below the Entrance of the Congaree.

On the Night of the 7th I croffed the Wateree at Camden Ferry, proposing to turn the Flank and attack the Rear of Greene's Army, where the Ground was not ftrong, though it was very much fo in Front.

The Troops had fcarcely croffed the River, when I received Notice that Greene had moved early in the Evening, upon getting Intimation of my being reinforced; I followed him by the direct Road, and

found him posted behind Sawney's creek. Having driven in his Picquets, I examined every Point of his Situation. I found it every where fo ftrong, that I could not hope to force it without fuffering fuch Lofs as must have crippled my Force for any future Enterprize, and the Retreat lay fo open for him, that I could not hope that Victory would give us any Advantage fufficiently decifive to coun erbalance the Lofs.

The Creek (though flightly marked in the Maps) runs very high into the Country. Had I attempted to get round him he would have evaded me with Eafe; for, as his Numbers still exceeded mine, I could not feparate my Force to fix him in any Point, and Time (at this Juncture most important to me) would have been thus unprofitably wafted. I therefore returned to Camden the fame Afternoon, after having in vain a tempted to decoy the Enemy into Action, by affecting to conceal our Retreat.

On the 9th I published to the Troops and to the Militia my Defign of evacuating Camden, offering to fuch of the latter as chose to accompany me every Affiftance that we could afford them. During the ensuing Night I sent off all our Bazgage, &c. under a strong E cort, and destroyed the Works, remaining at Camden, with the relt of the Troops, til Ten o'Clock the next Day, in order to cover the March.

On the Night of the 13th I began to pais the River at Neilfon's Ferry, and by the Evening of the 14th every Thing was fafely across. Some mounted Militia had attempted to harrafs our Rear-Guard on the March, but a Party of them having fallen into an Ambuscade, the rest of shem gave us no further Trouble. We brought off all the Sick and Wounded excepting about 30, who were too ill to be moved, and for them I left an equal Number of Continental Prifoners in Exchange. We brought off all the Prifoners in Exchange. We brought off all the Stores of any Kind of Value, deftroying the reft; and we brought off, not only the Militia who had been with us in Camden, but also all the wellaffected Neighbours on our Route, together with the Wives, Children, Negroes, and Baggage, of almost all of them.

My first News upon landing at Neilson's, was, that the Post at Motte's House had fallen. It was a fimple Redoubt, and had been attacked formally by Sap. Lieutenant MePherfon had maintained it gallantly till the House in the Center of it was set in Flames by Fire-Arrows, which obliged his Men to throw themfelves into the Ditch, and furrender at

But