The London Gazette.

Publified by Anthority.

From Thursday July 5. to Wonday July 9. 1677.

Nesina, June 12. HE expected Convoy arrived here yesterday from France, confishing in 10 Men of War, and a great number of other Vetfels laden with Soldiers and Provisions; the Soldiers they put ashore were 2500 Foot, and 400 Horse. Here are now in Port 22 Men of War commanded by the Dieur du Quesne. It is thought the Duke de Vivonne will fuddenly undertake fome action by Land, being stronger than the Spaniards.

Genoua, June 19. Yesterday arrived here a Vessel, the Malter fays he mer near the Island of Corfica fix Spanish Men of War, and three other Vessels laden with Soldiers, bound for sicily, which, it's b. lieved, are those ships that sailed from Barcelona, o. board of which is the Duke of Bournonville, who is to command the

Spanish Forces in Sicily.

Ditto, June 30. The 26 instant arrived here the Daniel and Ti omas, Nicholas Cholwel Master from England, and the Charles, David Reddy Commander from Mestina; by the latter we have advice, that the Spaniards had cut off a party of 500 French, which were marching towards Gatanea, which place, it's faid, the Frenchintend to besiege by Sea and Land, Yesterday came in the Italian Merchant, George Phenny from Alicant, and the Joseph Bonadventure, John B. dyson Master, from Palermo, where were 11 Spanish Men of War unrigged and ungunned, and 16 Gallies. French Gallies continue fill at Civita Vecchia.

Venice, June 26. The Spanish Ambassador the Marquis de Fuentes, is preparing for his departure, and at the same time a Palace is provided for his Successor the Marquis de Villa Garcia. From Constantinople our advices fay, that the GrandVisser was very much disposed to accommodate matters with the Moscovites, provided they would restore some of the places they had taken in the Ukraine; that the Grand Signior was at Constanzinople, and purposed to continue there for the fu-

gure.

Vienna, June 30. Our last Letters from Poland said, that the 11 of the next month many Troops, which had been in the service of that Crown, would be disbanded, of which the Count Shaftgotz Governor of Silefia will endeavor to draw as many as he can into the Emperors service. Count Leslie is arrived here, but will not make any long stay, being appointed by the Emperor to command the Troops which he fends to the alliftance of the King of Denmark. This week arrived here ? Courier from the Imperial Army, with Letters from the Duke of Lorrain, in which, as is reported, his Highness complains that he has not been able to execute his designs, for that the Confederates in Flanders have not given the Enemy that diversion which he expected from them, which was necessary for the enabling him to make good the refolutions that had been taken as to his acting with the Imperial Army.

Copenhagen, July 6. This morning we receive an account from Schonen, that the last night a general Asfullt was made upon Malmoe, which proved unsuccess-

ful, for although the Affailants made the Attack with great vigor, and that some of them made their way to the Walls of the Town, yet they were repulsed with the loss of 12 or 1500 men, as the general report sys, though some do not allow the number of the flain to be fo great, among which are feveral persons of quality, and Officers of note, and among others the Duke de Croye and Major General Bibau are mortally wounded. We expect with great impatience the arrival of the Dutch Squadron of Men of War under the command of Lieutenant-Admiral Tromp, for that the Suedes Fleer is abroad much stronger than ours, which is notwithstanding likewise gone to Sea; and this day we have advice, that the two Fleets were very near each other. Passengers arrived here in sevenedays from Norway, say, that the Sieur Guldentieu has possessed himself of several considerable Passes, and that he was marching with a Body of an Army towards Gettenburg.

Hamlurg, July 9. From Rostock they write, that a small Vesselwas arrived there from Gotland, which ha failed two days in company of the Suedes Fleer, taking their course towards the Sound, consisting in 28 Men of War, 5 Fireships, and a great number of small Veffels. The Elector of Brandenburg has held a genefal review of his Army, and we expect the next news we have will be, that he is fet down before Stetin. The Letters from Denmark speak of a great loss sustained by the Danes in an Affault they made upon Malmoe, in

which they were repulsed.

Strasburg, July 5. The 3d instant the Troops of the Circles under the command of the Duke of Saxe Eysenach, advanced to Colmar, where they lay fill yellerday, and this day were to march again towards Enfisherm in Sundgow, and to morrow the Duke of Saxe as we are informed, purposes to be at Nieuburg above Brifac, where he will lay a Bridge over the Rhine. The Sieur de Monclar is in the mean time posted with his Troops under the Walls of Brifas.

Trier, July 7. The Imperial Army continues encamped at Ennery, and the French Army over against it on the other side of the Moselle. The 3d instant another great Convoy went hence to the Imperial Army, under the command of the Commissary General Caplieres, and the Marquis de Bareith. We do not expect the Duke of Lorrain will enter upon any farther action till the Confederates be able to give the French a diver-

fion in Flanders.

Cologne, July 9. On Monday last Lieutenant Ge? neral Chauvet paffed the Rhine at Bochumb below Kenferwert with four Regiments of Horse, and three Companies of Dragoons, and the next day Colonel Mellinger sollowed with two Regiments of Horse and five Companies of Dragoons more. The 7th instant these Troops continued their march towards Ruremond. Our advices from Alface of the 5th instant say, that the Duke of Saxe Effenach was at Colmar, and his Troops quartered round that City; that it was reported that he would march towards Lorrain to join the Imperial Army, and so together press upon the Mareschal Crequi,