

The London Gazette.

Published by Authority.

From Thursday June 28. to Sunday July 2. 1677.

Genoua, June 23.

THe 18 instant arrived here the *Pearle* Frigate, Captain *Wyborne* from *Alicans* and *Cadix*, bound for *Leghorne*; the 26 came in the *Phenix*, *John Scallardin* Master, in 12 days from *Palermo*, where was arriv'd the *Sabbire*, Captain *Harman*, bound for *Malsha*. The Letters we receive this day from *Rome*, by the way of *Lydons*, report, that the French in *Sicily* have taken *Catania*, after five days attack. By a Bark arriv'd from *Barcelona* we have advice, that there were five Spanish Men of War designed to transport the Duke of *Bourbonville*, and 2500 Soldiers for *Sicily*. The two French Men of War continue to cruise on these Coasts, to hinder the sending of Contraband Goods from hence, and Soldiers from *Final* for *Palermo*. The Sickness is broken out at *Marza*, and at a Village not far from *Alicant*, and it is said to be very hot again at *Argiers*.

Madrid, June 18. The 12 instant his Majesty accompanied with his Highness *Don Juan of Austria*, returned hither from *Saragosa*, having before his departure from thence disposed of several great Offices and Employments to the Nobility of *Arragon*. Since his Majesty's return hither, we have news, that the Moors have besieged *Oran* in *Africa* by Water and Land, whereupon *Don Hieronima de Quinones* is this day dispatched from hence, with orders to draw what Troops he can from *Alicant* and other places, and to endeavor to succor *Oran*, which, it's feared, may in short time be reduced to great extremity, the Governor having formerly written for Supplies. The Portuguese having of late made several preparations in their Frontier places, not only such as seemed necessary for their own defence and security, but even as if they were intended for some offensive action, a report has been raised as if there were some fear of a breach between the two Crowns, which the understanding people can hardly believe, especially seeing our King has now lately accepted the Mediation of *Portugal*, in order to the making a general Peace. We are told that orders are sent to stop the *Marquis de Villa Fiel*, designed with seven Men of War for *Sicily*, if he be not sail'd from *Alicant* before these orders can arrive there, and to require him to fall forthwith to *Oran*, to relieve that place on the side of the Sea.

Vienna, June 25. The great discourse at present here is concerning the posture of affairs in *Hungary*, where, contrary to expectation the Rebels are of a sudden grown to a great head, and when the general expectation was, that matters were in a fair way of composition, we are informed, that they are got together in a very considerable Body; that they talk of choosing them a King, have agreed concerning the person, and seem confident of assistance from the Turks, and from the Prince of *Transylvania*, inasmuch that the Emperor has not only found himself obliged to recall the Troops he had ordered for the assistance of the King of *Denmark* and the Elector of *Brandenburg*, but has likewise caused Commissions to be given out for raising of several new Regiments, to be employed against the Rebels.

From *Germany* we understand, that the Duke of *Lorraine* has not been hitherto able to effect his designs in *Lorraine*, the French Army standing altogether upon the defensive, and having posted themselves so advantageously, that nothing can be attempted upon them.

Copenhagen, June 29. Our last advices from the Camp before *Malmoe* are of the 27 instant, which say, that the Besiegers were approached within Pistol shot of the Walls of the Town; That the Besieged had made several Sallies, though without any great effect, and that it was not doubted, but the King would be Master of the place in 10 or 12 days at farthest. Yesterday the Queen went hence with intention to pass over to *Schonen*, and to go and visit the King at the Siege. We are in expectation of the arrival of Admiral *Tromp* with the Dutch Men of War from *Holland*, to join our Fleet, which will then put to Sea. We have not as yet perfect account of the present posture of the affairs of the Suedes, though the common report says, that their Army consists not in above 10000 men. Several Vessels are arrived here in the Sound from the *Baltick*, but we hear nothing by them of the Suedes Fleet.

From the Imperial Camp at *Arcancy*, June 29. The 27 instant his Highness the Duke of *Lorraine* about 2 in the morning caused the Army to decamp from *Eppl*, and marched in Battalia to *Fleury*, not far from *Metz*. The *Mareschal de Crequi* no sooner understood our march, but likewise decamped, and followed us on the other side of the *Scille*, encamping at a place which is opposite to *Fleury*. In the mean time the Duke of *Lorraine* understanding that the Stone Bridge over the *Scille* between *Metz* and *Fleury* was guarded by 200 French; and 300 Boors, sent thither a Regiment of Dragoons, who, after half an hours dispute, forced the French to quit their Post; but his Highness not thinking fit to continue his Camp at *Fleury*, in the night sent off his Baggage, and yesterday at break of day marched with the Army, and passing within a quarter of a League from *Metz*, came and encamped where we now are; the *Mareschal de Crequi* advancing at the same time, passed the *Scille* and the *Moselle* over the Bridge of *Meiz*, and the Forde in those Rivers, and encamped under the walls of *Meiz*. This morning the *Mareschal de Crequi* marched again, and in the afternoon encamped on the River *Orne*, having possessed himself of the Bridge of *Richemont* two Leagues from *Thionville*. The Duke of *Lorraine* sent this morning to summon the Castle of *Huy*, in which were 100 Peasants, and 30 Musketeers, who surrendered upon discretion.

Hague, July 6. The 4th instant the Deputies of the City of *Groningen* had Audience in the Assembly of the States of *Holland*, to whom they represented the matters in difference between them and the *Ommelanden*, in which they prayed the Interposition of the said States. According to our last advices from the Army, the Prince of *Orange* marched as yesterday; it is said here that he will besiege *Courtray* or *Oudenarde*. The *Heer Odjke* is gone from hence to the Army.

Brussels, July 6. The Troops of the Bishop of *Munster*,

Munster, consisting in between and 8 and 9000 men, having with them 31 pieces of Cannon and 11 Mortars are come to *Diest*, and will be to morrow at *Louvain*, whither our *Maître de Camp* General the Count *de Rasch* goes to take a view of them. The *Osnabrug* Troops have likewise passed the *Meuse*, and encamped the 2 instant about a League on this side that place, where the Bishop of *Osnabrug* is in person at the head of them. The *Luxemburgs* are also on their march, but are forced to take a great way about, by reason the Duke of *Neuburg* will not permit them to pass through his Territories. When all these Troops are come together, we reckon they will make about 20000 men. On Sunday some part of the Prince of *Orange's* Army began to march, yesterday Count *Waldeck* followed with the main Body, and this day his Highness with the Rear-guard; they take their way towards *Ghent*, and will encamp at *Marykirke*; what his Highness farther design is, time must shew. From *Namur* they write, that on Sunday last a reinforcement of 1500 men entred into *Charlevoix*, which place the French seem to expect may be besieged, all the Wood being cut down round it, and that part of the Country which can be laid under water drowned. We have Letters from *Luxemburg* of the 2d instant, by which we are told, that the Baron *de Mercy* being sent with 3000 Horse to guard a Convoy of Provisions from *Sarbruc*, he was the 30 past attacked in his Rear near *Koningsmackeren* by 5000 French Horse commanded by the *Sieur de la Haye* Lieutenant-General, who succeeded so far in his attempt, as to take some of the Wagons that were in the Rear; but that Baron *Mercy* turning head upon the Enemy, killed two hundred of them, together with the said Lieutenant-General, forced the rest to retire, and carried his Convoy safe to the Army. The Letters add, that the Duke of *Lorraine* had made a Battery on the *Moselle*, at a place called *Raggi*, where he had planted four pieces of Cannon, to guard a Ford in that River; that *Marschal Crequi* was encamped in sight of the Imperial Army on the other side the *Moselle*; that the Front of the French Army reached from *Mexiers* to *Richemont*, and that they had made a Bridge over the *Moselle* about a Mu ket shot from *Tibonville*. It is farther said, that *Marschal Crequi* had detached 3000 men towards *Alsace* to join the *Sieur de Monclar*, who it seems is not strong enough to make head against the Army of the Circles, commanded by the Duke of *Saxe Eysenach*. From *Vienna* they write, that the Rebels in *Hungary* are 9 or 10000 strong, and that they expect an assistance of 6000 men from the Turks.

Atwerp, July 6. Letters from the Duke of *Lorrains* Army of the 29 past tell us, that his Highness finding the Forage begin to fail, marched the 27 from *Ephy*, about two in the morning, without sound of Trumpet or Drum, and came to *Fleur*, a League from *Metz*; which the Enemy perceiving decamped likewise in all haste, and marching on the other side the *Selle*, encamped over against *Flewy*. The next day very early the Imperial Army marched again, and encamped at *Argany*. *Marschal de Crequi* immediately followed him, and passing with his Army through the City of *Metz*, marched down the *Moselle* (which was on his right hand) and posted himself over against the Imperial Army, which afterward removed to *Emery*, where the Duke of *Lorraine* was providing wood to make a Bridge over the *Moselle*. That the 29 the French decamped again, marching in Battalia, and came to the River *Orne*, where they encamped, possessing themselves of the Bridge of *Richemont* two Leagues from *Tibonville*; and, it is said, *Marschal Crequi* has caused another to be made upon the *Moselle*, about a Musket shot from *Tibonville*. That the front of his Army reaches from *Mexiers* to *Richemont*, and that the two Armies are encamped within sight of each other, the *Moselle* being only between them, upon the Bank whereof the Duke of *Lorraine* has caused four pieces of Cannon to be plant-

ed at a place called *Reggy*, where there is a Ford to guard the same. Yesterday the Prince of *Orange* decamped with his Army from his quarters in the Country of *Dendermonde*, and passed the *Scheldt* at *Melle*, intending to take his quarters at *Marykirke*. We are told that *Marschal de Montmorency* was to decamp this day from *Ninove*, and to march toward *Oudenard*, to attend the Prince of *Orange's* motion. The Troops of *Munster* are come to *Diest*, and Count *de Rasch* goes to meet them at *Louvain*. The *Osnabrug* Troops are likewise past the *Adense*, and will follow very speedily. The *Brandenburg*, *Neuburg*, and *Paderborn* Troops, are, it seems, to continue at *Maschick*, to block up *Marsick* on that side, or at least to cover those parts from the incursions of that Garrison.

Paris, July 7. We have nothing new from the Armies, the Imperial according to our last advices was posted between *Metz* and *Tibonville*, and the *Marschal de Crequi* near them, being separated by the *Moselle*. What was said of the defeat of the Imperial Convoy is confirmed, and it is said 200 of the Enemy were killed on this occasion, and as many taken prisoners.

Advertisements.

Whereas to the present damage of the ancient City of *Lincoln*, a scandalous report hath been unadvisedly spread through many Counties, that very many of the City of *Lincoln* die weekly of a contagious Fever; These are to give notice, That the said report is very false, and that, blessed be God, the Inhabitants of the said City, are in as good health this Summer as they have been for many years last past.

Whereas several Attornies belonging to His Majesty's Courts of *Kings Bench* and *Common-Plas* at *Westminster*, have Concealed and are in Arrears to His Majesty for His several Duties arising by the Act of Parliament, For laying Impositions on Proceedings at Law, as appears in not Filing their respective Bails, Entering their Appearances, and other Proceedings; They are hereby desired to take notice, that if they do not forthwith File and Enter all such their Proceedings, and pay His Majesty's Duty arising thereupon to the proper Officer, as by the said Act is directed, they will be proceeded against according to Law in His Majesty's Court of Exchequer.

And whereas several Under Sheriffs, their Deputies and Agents, do frequently grant out Blank Warrants sealed, and do thereupon Arrest several persons before they have Writs under the Seals of the Courts warranting the same, to the defrauding His Majesty of His Duty by the said Act imposed; These are therefore to give Notice, That if any Person can discover the same, and can make sufficient proof thereof by Affidavit, or otherwise, for the Conviction of the Parties, let them inform the present Farmers of the Law Duty at their Office in the Inner Temple, and they shall have five pounds Reward.

All persons that have any Goods on board the Ship *London-Merchants* *Roger Keate* Master, from *Jamaica*, bound for *London*, are desired to meet the rest concerned therein, at the *Jamaica* Coffee-house in *St Michaels Alley* in *Cornhill*, on Wednesday the 5th of July, at six of the clock in the afternoon, in order to make provision to fetch home the Goods that have been saved out of the said Ship at *Final*. And if any person desire to know what Goods are saved out of the said Ship, there is a perfect account to be seen with *Mr Edward Whitaker* in *St Thomas Apostles*, *London*, or at the said Coffee-house.

Tolen from *Tho. Cross* of *Lenham Kent*, the nineteenth of June, a bright bay Mare, fourteen hands high and upward, a white slip down the face, one white foot behind, and the other hind-boof white, a white spot on the breast about a goats higness: The other a gray Gelding, 14 hands, about 8 years old. Whoever gives notice to *Mr Charles Harper* at the *Flower de-luce* against *St Dunstons Church* in *Fleetstreet*, or to the said *Tho. Cross* by Letter, or otherwise, shall be very well rewarded.

A White Shock Bitch, Crop-eard, lost out of *Henrietta-street* in *Covens-Garden*, with 3 or 4 black spots on the Body, a small Brass Collar and Padlock about her neck, with this engraven Inscription on the Collar, *William Sanderson Governor of Ciffords Castle in York*. Forty shillings Reward unto the person that shall bring the said Bitch unto the house of *Mr Thomas Edwards* at the *Diffillers Arms* in *Torbil-street*, *Westminster*, or unto the Beadle of the *Round-buffe* in *Covens-Garden*.