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Naples, June 1.

Yesterday arrived here an Express, and brought advice, that 60 sail had been seen in the Channel of *Malta*, which, it's believed, might be Turkish Ships and Gallies. The Gallies that carried the Cardinal *de Porto Carrero* to *Palermo* are returned, and by them we have advice, that seven Spanish Men of War were arrived there, and eight more daily expected. Two days since sailed from hence two Felucca's for *Palermo*, having on board a considerable Sum of Money for the paying the Militia.

Vienna June 10. The advices we receive from *Hungary* do somewhat disquiet us, and the more for that the Rebels seem to promise themselves assistances from *Poland* and from the *Ottomans*; and the thing is lookt upon of that consequence, that the Emperor, as we are informed, has resolved to raise forthwith four new Regiments to be employed against the Rebels, and has given the command of his Forces to Count *Leslie*.

Copenhagen, June 26. We have Letters from the Camp before *Malmoe* dated yesterday, which tell us, that the Besiegers had advanced their Trenches so far, that they were come to the Counterescarp of the Town; that yesterday morning the Besieged made a very brisk Sally, but were received so warmly, that they were forced to return home again, leaving 25 of their companions dead behind them. It is said that the Garrison in the Town is about 3000 strong. The Suedes Army is at present encamped between *Landskron* and *Christiansburg*, and it seems as if they would attempt the relief of *Malmoe*. The five Suedes Men of War lately taken in the *Belt* by Admiral *Fuelt*, are sitting, and will be joined to our Fleet, which will put to Sea so soon as the Men of War expected from *Holland* arrive.

Hamburg, June 29. We expect every day to hear of the march of the *Brandenburgs*, who by the preparation they have made all this winter and still continue to make, seem to have some very great design in hand. The *Lueburg* Troops, which are sent to the assistance of his Electoral Highness, have besid all the Passes about *Strachond* so that that place is in a manner blocked up. From *Rostock* they write, that 4000 Imperialists were shut here, and ready to sail for *Schonen* with the first fair wind. From *Copenhagen* they tell us, that they were in expectation there to hear in few days that their King had made himself Master of *Malmoe*.

Strasbourg, June 25. The Duke of *Saxe-Eysenach* has encamped with his Forces at *Benfeld*, where he expects several pieces of Cannon from *Philipsburg*. Two days since he had advice, that the *Sieur de la Brosse* was abroad with 150 Horse, whereupon he immediately sent out a strong party, which fell upon him, and entirely defeated him, the *Sieur de la Brosse* and most of his men being killed upon the place. The Duke of *Saxe*, so soon as his Cannon is come up, will march towards *Schlestadt*, whither the *Sieur de Monclar* is at present retired.

Francfort, June 28. The Duke of *Saxe-Eysenach*, having demanded of the Magistrates of *Strasbourg* liberty to pass over their Bridge, and at the same time producing the Emperors order, that if it was disputed, he should force it; the said Magistrates, to avoid the ill consequences of a refusal, resolved to give him a free passage, and accordingly the said Duke passed the *Rhine* over their Bridge, and advanced towards *Benfeld*, where the *Sieur de Monclar* was encamped with 5 or 6000 French, who thereupon retired towards *Schlestadt*. It is said that the Duke of *Saxe* has sent to *Philipsburg* for fourteen pieces of Cannon, and to *Strasbourg* for four more, and that after he has received them he will march to *Schlestadt*, and attack that place, in order to the blocking up of *Brissac*. A Gentleman and his Wife, who were not long since secured here by order of General *Captieres*, to whom they did belong, for having held correspondence with the Enemy, were yesterday carried prisoners to *Philipsburg*, where they will be punished according to their demerit.

Cologne, June 29. The Troops of the Dukes of *Lunenburg*, which come from *Westeravia*, are this day arrived near *Bon*, where they will pass the *Rhine*, and so continue their march towards the *Muse*, if they do not receive other orders. The Troops of the Bishop of *Paderborne* passed the *Rhine* the 26 at *Duisburg*, and are marched towards the *Mense*. Yesterday arrived here part of the Baggage of the Prince and Bishop of *Gurck*, the first of the Emperors Ambassadors for the Treaty at *Nimeguen*. The Letters we receive from *Treves* give us an account, that the Duke of *Lorraine* was decamped from *Epply*, and was marched along the *Selle* towards *Metz*, with what design was not known; but we are informed that his Highness had dispatched a Courier with Letters to the Prince of *Orange* and the Duke of *Villa Hermosa*.

Ruremond, June 30. The *Munster* Troops commanded by the Baron *de Wedel*, having encamped at *Belfeld* two Leagues from hence, on Sunday they disbanded, the Infantry passing by our Gates, and the Horse through his place; they consisted in four Regiments of Horse, one of Dragoons, and seven of Foot, having with them a Train of 31 pieces of Cannon, and 11 Mortar-pieces. The Troops of the Bishop of *Osna-brug* are likewise marching this way, and part of them are already arrived at *Adelic*.

Amsterdam, July 1. From *Groningen* four Letters give us an account, that the *Ommelanden* had held an Assembly as a distinct Province, at which they of *Groningen* are very much displeas'd; what the issue of this matter will be time must shew. The Men of War stituted here for the service of the King of *Denmark* are failed, though the wind has not since proved very favourable. From *Antwerp* they write, that the Prince of *Orange* would certainly march with his Army in a day or two to go and meet the *Munster* and *Osna-brug* Troops.

Hague, July 2. Yesterday the Prince of *Orange* was expected at *Honflazdyke* to dispatch some affairs of