

The London Gazette.

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From Saturday July 15, to Tuesday July 18, 1788.

By the KING;
A P R O C L A M A T I O N.
G E O R G E R.

WHEREAS it hath been represented to Us, that a great Number of Persons, in Consequence of Advertisements or Hand Bills inciting them thereto, did, on Friday last the Second of this Instant June, assemble in a Riotous and Tumultuous Manner in Saint George's Fields, in the County of Surry, from whence they proceeded in several Bodies to Palace-Yard, Westminster, surrounded both Houses of Parliament, and possessed themselves of the Avenues to the same, (the said Houses of Parliament being then sitting) where they continued in a Riotous and Tumultuous Manner, committing great Outrages and Violence against several of Our Subjects, and feloniously taking Money from them; after which, in the Evening of the same Day, they insulted and attacked the Houses of some of the Publick Ministers of Foreign Princes and States, residing at Our Court, and broke into, spoiled, and set Fire to Chapels, which in every civilized Country are allowed to such Publick Ministers for the free Exercise of the Religion of their Country, to the great Scandal and Offence of all truly pious and good Protestants; We therefore, in order that the Reproach of so frantick and atrocious an Outrage against the Precepts of Religion, as well as the Obligations of all Laws, may not remain a Disgrace to Our Kingdom, but may be confined to the Authors, Abettors, and Perpetrators of the said Outrage, and that they may be brought to speedy and condign Punishment, and that such dangerous and wicked Practices may hereafter be prevented, have thought fit, by and with the Advice of Our Privy Council, to publish and declare Our Resolution to put the Laws in Force against such Offences: And We do hereby enjoin and require all Justices of the Peace, Sheriffs, Mayors, Bailiffs, Constables, and all other Our loving Subjects, to be aiding and assisting to the utmost of their Power in suppressing such illegal and tumultuous Assemblies, and in detecting, apprehending, and bringing to Justice the Persons concerned in assembling or instigating the same, and guilty of any of the Violences above mentioned: And for the better Detection of the Persons who were concerned in the Outrages committed at the Houses of the said Publick Ministers, We are graciously pleased to promise, that if any Person shall discover any other Person or Persons who, directly or indirectly, were concerned in pulling down, or beginning to pull down, or in setting Fire to the Chapel of any Publick Minister, so as that the Person or Persons discovered may be prosecuted for the same, such Discoverer shall have and receive, as a Reward, upon Conviction of such Offender or Offenders, the Sum of FIVE HUNDRED POUNDS, and also Our Gracious Pardon for the

said Offence, in case the Person making such Discovery shall himself be liable to be prosecuted for the same, except the Person who first broke into, or began to pull down or set Fire to the said Chapels. And the Commissioners for Executing the Office of Treasurer of Our Exchequer, are hereby required to make Payment of the said Rewards accordingly.

Given at Our Court at St. James's, the Fifth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and eighty, in the Twentieth Year of Our Reign.

GOD Save the KING.

By the KING,
A P R O C L A M A T I O N
G E O R G E R.

WHEREAS a great Number of disorderly Persons have assembled themselves together in a Riotous and Tumultuous Manner, and have been guilty of many Acts of Treason and Rebellion, having made an Assault on the Gaol of Newgate, set loose the Prisoners confined therein, and set Fire to and destroyed the said Prison: And whereas Houses are now pulling down in several Parts of Our Cities of London and Westminster, and Liberties thereof, and Fires kindled for consuming the Materials and Furniture of the same, whereby it is become absolutely necessary to use the most effectual Means to quiet such Disturbances, to preserve the Lives and Properties of Individuals; and to restore the Peace of the Country: We therefore, taking the same into Our most serious Consideration, have thought fit, by and with the Advice of Our Privy Council, to issue this Our Royal Proclamation, hereby strictly charging and exhorting all Our loving Subjects to preserve the Peace, and to keep themselves, their Servants and Apprentices, quietly within their respective Dwellings, to the End that all well-disposed Persons may avoid those Mischiefs which the Continuance of such riotous Proceedings may bring upon the Guilty: And as it is necessary, from the Circumstances before-mentioned, to employ the Military Force, with which We are by Law entrusted, for the immediate Suppression of such Rebellious and Traiterous Attempts, now making against the Peace and Dignity of Our Crown, and the Safety of the Lives and Properties of Our Subjects, We have therefore issued the most direct and effectual Orders to all Our Officers, by an immediate Exertion of their utmost Force, to repress the same; of which all Persons are to take Notice.

Given at Our Court at St. James's, the Seventh Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and eighty, in the Twentieth Year of Our Reign.

GOD Save the KING.

By the KING,
A PROCLAMATION.
GEORGE R.

WHEREAS a great Number of disorderly Persons have for several Days past assembled themselves together, in a Riotous and Tumultuous Manner, and have been guilty of many Acts of Treason, Rebellion, and Felony, having formed Designs to break open and destroy the Gaols and Prisons, and to set loose the Prisoners confined therein, and having actually broke into and set on Fire the Gaol of Newgate, the King's Bench Prison, and the Prison of the Fleet, and released the Prisoners; and made Attempts on other Gaols and Prisons in and about this Metropolis; and having set Fire to and pulled down the Dwelling-houses of divers of Our peaceable Subjects, and also set Fire to, burnt and destroyed the Materials thereof, and the Furniture and other Effects found therein; and also taken Money from divers of Our Subjects: We therefore, taking the same into Our most serious Consideration, have thought fit, by and with the Advice of Our Privy Council, to publish and declare Our Resolution, That the Authors, Abettors, and Perpetrators of the said Offences be prosecuted as expeditiously as may be, according to the due Course of Law; and we do hereby enjoin and require all Justices of the Peace, Sheriffs, Mayors, Bailiffs, Constables, and all other Our loving Subjects, to be aiding and assisting to the utmost of their Power, in detecting, apprehending and bringing to Justice the said Offenders. And We are graciously pleased to promise, that if any Person shall discover any other Person or Persons who are guilty of any of the said Offences, so as that the Person or Persons discovered may be prosecuted for the same, such Discoverer shall have and receive, as a Reward, upon Conviction of such Offender or Offenders, the Sum of FIFTY POUNDS, and also Our Gracious Pardon for the said Offence, in Case the Person making such Discovery shall himself be liable to be prosecuted for the same; and the Commissioners for Executing the Office of Treasurer of Our Exchequer are hereby required to make Payment accordingly of the said Rewards.

Given at Our Court at St. James's, the Ninth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and eighty, in the Twentieth Year of Our Reign.

GOD Save the KING.

By the KING,
A PROCLAMATION.
GEORGE R.

WHEREAS Information has been received, that the late Riots and Tumults in and about this Metropolis were encouraged and abetted by Money, or other Rewards, given, or promised to be given, to the Persons concerned therein; and also Bells, Flags, and other Signals and Devices, were used during the said Riots and Tumults, to direct the Rioters in their Criminal Acts and Proceedings, and to give Notice of Attempts or Preparations to suppress, resist, or interrupt the same: We therefore, taking the same into Our most serious Consideration, by and with the Advice of Our Privy Council, in order to detect and bring to Justice the Persons guilty of any of the Criminal Acts above mentioned, are graciously pleased to promise, That if any Person shall discover any other Person or Persons, who by themselves, or their Agents, gave

or offered, or promised to give, any Money, or other Reward, to any Person or Persons, to engage or continue in the said Riots or Tumults, or to do or assist in any of the Criminal Acts committed during the Continuance of the said Riots and Tumults, or who made use of any Bells, Flags, or other Signals or Devices, to direct the Rioters in any of their Criminal Acts and Proceedings, or to give Notice of Attempts or Preparations to suppress, resist, or interrupt the same, so as that the Person or Persons discovered may be prosecuted, such Discoverer shall have and receive as a Reward, upon Conviction of such Offender or Offenders, the Sum of ONE HUNDRED POUNDS; and the Commissioners for executing the Office of Treasurer of Our Exchequer are hereby required to make Payment thereof accordingly.

Given at Our Court at St. James's, the Twenty-first Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and eighty, in the Twentieth Year of Our Reign.

GOD save the KING.

At the Court at St. James's, the 21st of June, 1780,

P R E S E N T,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS His Majesty was graciously pleased, by His Royal Proclamation, bearing Date the 25th Day of October, 1776, to promise and declare, That the Bounties of Five Pounds for every Able Seaman, and of Two Pounds Ten Shillings for every Ordinary Seaman, fit for His Majesty's Service, should be paid in the Manner thereby directed, to every such Able and Ordinary Seaman, not above the Age of Fifty, nor under the Age of Eighteen Years, who should, on or before the 31st of December then following, enter themselves to serve in His Majesty's Royal Navy, either with the Captains or Lieutenants of His Majesty's Ships, or the Chief Officers on Board such Tenders as should be employed for raising Men for the Service of the Royal Navy; And whereas His Majesty was also pleased, by His Royal Proclamation, bearing Date the 8th Day of November, 1776, to promise and declare, That a Reward of Two Pounds for every Able, and Thirty Shillings for every Ordinary Seaman, should be paid in the Manner thereby directed, to any Person who should discover any Seaman or Seamen who might secrete themselves, that so such Seaman or Seamen should be taken for His Majesty's said Service, by any of His Majesty's Sea-Officers employed for raising Men, on or before the 31st Day of December, 1776: And whereas His Majesty was likewise pleased, by His Royal Proclamation, bearing Date the 15th Day of August, 1777, to promise and declare, That every Able-bodied Landman, not above the Age of Thirty-five, nor under the Age of Twenty Years, who should voluntarily enter himself to serve on Board any of His Majesty's Ships, on or before the 31st Day of October then next, should receive, as of His Majesty's Royal Bounty, the Sum of Thirty Shillings each Man, to be paid in Manner thereby directed: And whereas the Time limited by the said Proclamations, for Payment of the said Bounties and Rewards, hath been prolonged and extended to the 30th Day of this instant June; and it being judged expedient for His Majesty's Service that the said Bounties and Rewards should be continued to be paid for some Time longer, His Majesty, with the Advice of His Privy

Privy-Council, doth therefore order, and it is hereby accordingly ordered, that the Time limited for Payment of the said Bounties and Rewards be prolonged and extended from the said 30th Day of this instant June to the 30th Day of September next, inclusive — Whereof all Persons concerned are to take Notice, and govern themselves accordingly.

W. Fawkeners.

Extract of a Letter from John Dalling, Esq; Governor of Jamaica, to the Right Honourable Lord George Germain, One of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, dated Kingston, Jamaica, June 2, 1780, and received by the Thynne Packet.

I HAVE the Honor to congratulate your Lordship on the Reduction of the important Fort and Post on the River St. John, by a Detachment of His Majesty's Troops under the Command of Captain Polson, of the 60th Regiment. Suffice it to say, for I shall not take up your Lordship's Time with an uninteresting tedious Detail of trifling Matters, that the Fort surrendered on the 29th of April, that there were found in it 1 Brass Mortar of Five and an Half Inches, 20 Pieces of Brass Ordnance mounted, besides Swivels, 40 or 12 Iron ditto dismounted, with a proportionable Quantity of Military Stores.

Inclosed are Copies of the Capitulation, List of Prisoners, and of the Killed and Wounded before the Fort.

Extract of a Letter from Captain Polson to Governor Dalling, dated St. John's Fort, April 30, 1780.

I HAVE the Honor to inform your Excellency that this Castle surrendered to His Majesty's Arms Yesterday at Five o'Clock P. M. The Terms of Capitulation I now enclose, which I hope will meet with your Approbation.

I have also the Honor of sending your Excellency, by Lieutenant Thomas Mounsey, the Colours of the Fort and of the Regiment, as well as Returns of the Cannon and Stores taken in it.

When I came to Cape Gracias a Dios, there was not an Indian to be seen; some Villains there had taken Pains to persuade them, that the English Army had come merely with an Intent of enslaving them, and sending them to Jamaica; it was therefore some Time before any of them ventured to come in. I took the Opportunity of sending them small Presents by One of their People, who had ventured down to make Observations on our Motions. He being acquainted with Mr. Campbell was undeceived by him, and brought to me, which had the desired Effect, as most of the Tribes came in very soon after.

Your Excellency's Letter of the 17th of March I received the 20th, just as I entered the River St. John; I shall ever retain a grateful Sense of the Sentiments you was therein pleased to express for me, and I am sorry that the many Delays I met at the Cape, and other Places between that and the Harbour of St. John, from the Want of Craft, and the Backwardness of the Indians in coming out, prevented my Operations keeping Pace with your Excellency's Expectations. I however hope you will do me the Justice to believe, that no Time was lost, which could possibly be saved, situated as I was. It was the 3d of March before any Black River Crafts arrived, and they were the only ones then provided; it is true the Indian Governor promised a great many, but when I came to his Country, there was not one ready, and we got them at last with a great Deal of Difficulty. The Superinten-

dant was entirely deceived by the Indians in the Number of Crafts and Men, and still more so in Point of Time.

Captain Nelson, then of the Hinchinbrooke, came up with Thirty-four Seamen, One Serjeant, and Twelve Marines: I want Words to express the Obligations I owe that Gentleman; he was the first on every Service, whether by Day or by Night; there was scarcely a Gun fired but was pointed by him or Lieutenant Despard, Chief Engineer, who has exerted himself on every Occasion: I am persuaded if our Shot had held out, we should have had the Fort a Week sooner: As Captain Nelson goes to Jamaica, he can inform you of every Delay, and Point of Service, as well as I could, for he knows my very Thoughts.

The Bearer Lieutenant Mounsey can inform your Excellency of many Things that may escape my Memory: He is a very good Officer, and commanded the Party I sent to reconnoitre the Look-out, and began the Attack of it in Concert with Captain Despard and Captain Nelson, who with his Seamen volunteered that Duty.

[TRANSLATION.]

Answer of Colonel John Polson, Commander in Chief of His Britannic Majesty's Forces before Fort St. Juan, to the Proposals of Capitulation made by Don Juan de Ayssa, Governor thereof for his Catholic Majesty, April 29, 1780.

Article I.

THE Garrison shall be allowed the Use of their Batteaux to transport themselves where they shall think proper, and the Term of Four Days for the entire Evacuation of the Fort.

Answer. The Garrison of Fort St. Juan shall surrender Prisoners of War, and shall be conducted to some Port (in my Option) of North America, subject to the Crown of Spain, and shall be furnished with Vessels and Provisions necessary to the Voyage, provided they engage their Parole of Honour, not to bear Arms against His Britannic Majesty, until an Exchange of Prisoners shall have taken Place, conformably to such Cartel as is or may be established between the Two Nations.

Article II. The Garrison shall march out with Colours flying, each Man with a Ball in his Mouth, lighted Matches, Drums beating, each Soldier shall have Twenty Rounds, Musquet and Side Arms, together with Two Pieces of Cannon, (Three-pounders) with Twenty Rounds to each.

Answer. The British Forces must be put in Possession of the principal Gate of the Fort between the Hours of Four and Five in the Afternoon, at which Centinels shall be kept, to prevent the Indians from committing any Act contrary to the Rules of War or Laws of Humanity: And in Favour of the gallant Defence which the Commandant has made, the Garrison shall be allowed to march out, Colours flying, Drums beating, lighted Matches, Musquet and Side Arms, with Two Rounds each Man, to the Foot of the Glacis, opposite to the South Front of the Castle, where they shall pile up their Arms and Accoutrements, (the Officers keeping their Swords) afterwards they shall return to the Castle.

Article III. Every Officer and Soldier, on evacuating the Castle, shall be allowed to keep their Effects, Baggage, Money, and whatever else may actually belong to them.

Answer. The Officers and Soldiers shall be allowed to keep their Baggage, and whatever Money may

may actually belong to them, but every Slave must be detained for the Use of His Britannic Majesty.

Article IV. The Prisoners made at the advanced Post on the Island of Bentole shall be restored.

Answer. In case the Garrison shall accept the Terms of Capitulation offered, the Prisoners made at the advanced Post on the Island of Bentole shall be included in it; provided, however, that all Slaves shall appertain of Right to the King my Master.

Article V. The Garrison shall be allowed Ten Days for the Evacuation of the Fort, during which Time they shall not be molested by any Person whatsoever.

Answer. The Garrison shall not be molested by any Person whatsoever, until their Arrival at the Place appointed.

Article VI. The Garrison shall be allowed the Use of their own Provisions.

Answer. No other Answer is necessary to this Article, than that already given to the First.

Article VII. The Garrison shall be allowed to carry with them all such Ornaments and Effects as are necessary to their Religion and Mode of Worship.

Answer. Granted in the fullest Sense.

Article VIII. The British Forces shall treat the Garrison with Humanity and Politeness, Duties incumbent on all Nations.

Answer. It is the Characteristic of Britons to treat their Prisoners with Humanity and Politeness; and I pledge my Word to do my utmost to keep the Mosquitos within the Bounds of Moderation.

Article IX. Should any Doubts arise in the preceding Articles, they shall be explained in Favour of the Garrison.

Answer. As I do not mean to cavil, an Answer to this Article would be useless; immediately on being put in Possession of the Interior of the Fort and its Dependencies, I will appoint an Officer, who shall take Charge of the Military Chest, and likewise name Commissaries to take Account of all Warlike Stores and Provisions, Artillery, Slaves, and in general of every Thing which shall be found in the Stores or elsewhere, belonging to his Catholic Majesty.

(Signed) John Polson, Colonel and Commander in Chief.

Juan de Ayssa, Governor of the Castle of St. Juan.

Head Quarters, Camp before Fort St. Juan,
April 29, 1780.

List of Prisoners taken in the Castle of St. John's,
April 29, 1780.

1 Captain and Governor, 1 Lieutenant, 2 Sub-Lieutenants, 1 Captain of Engineers, 1 Chaplain, 1 Surgeon, 3 Serjeants, 3 Drummers, 9 Corporals, 17 Soldiers of Artillery, 1 Cadet, 31 Spanish Soldiers, 61 Soldiers of Colour, 17 Batteaux Men, 6 Slaves, Women and Children, 3 Malefactors, 17 Women, 13 Children, 1 Master Carpenter, 1 Carpenter, 1 Blacksmith, 2 Masons, 25 Wood Cutters, 1 Corporal of ditto, 2 Officers and Chaplains Servants, 14 taken at the Advance Post.

(Signed) Juan de Ayssa, Governor.

Return of the Killed and Wounded at the Taking of Look out Island and the Castle of St. John's,
April 30, 1780.

60th Regiment. 1 Rank and File killed; 1 Serjeant wounded.

79th Regiment. 2 Rank and File killed; 3 Rank and File wounded.

Loyal Irish Corps. 5 Rank and File killed.

Jamaica Volunteers. 1 Rank and File killed; 2 Rank and File wounded.

(Signed) John Polson, Colonel, commanding at the Castle of St. John's.

The following Address has been transmitted, by Sir James Wright, Bart. Governor of Georgia, to the Right Honorable Lord George Germain, One of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State.

To the KING's Most Excellent Majesty,

The humble Address of the Judges, Grand Jury, and several other Inhabitants of the Province of Georgia.

May it please your Majesty,

WE your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Judges, Grand Jury, and several other Inhabitants of this your Province of Georgia, met at your Majesty's Court of Oyer and Terminer, and General Goal Delivery, holden for this Province, embrace this Opportunity to testify our Attachment to your Majesty's Person and Government, and to return you our most grateful Thanks for sending a Body of your Forces here, which relieved this Colony from such a Scene of Tyranny, Fraud, and Cruelty as would have disgraced any Asiatic Country.

We also beg Leave to make our most dutiful Acknowledgments to your Majesty, for declaring this Province to be at your Peace, and for Re-establishing a Civil Government here, by which Means we enjoy the Blessings of Law and Liberty, whilst the Colonies in Rebellion against your Majesty groan under Tyranny and Oppression.

We cannot pass over in Silence the Deliverance afforded this Province, by the Interposition of Almighty God, when it was invaded by a Force of French and Rebels much superior to that which the Garrison consisted of: We attribute this Deliverance, under God, to the Bravery of the Troops and Seamen in your Majesty's Service, and of the Militia, the Sailors in the Merchants Service, and others, who voluntarily went into the Lines, and manifested by their Conduct how well Men will fight when engaged in a good Cause.

We forbear to enumerate, to a Prince of your Majesty's Humanity, the many Instances of Oppression that were exercised by the French and Rebels towards such of your Majesty's Subjects that fell into their Hands, as they knew to be well-affected to your Government; many of whom were stripped of their Cloathing and Sustainance, nay even of the Beds they lay on, and are now pining under Distress and Poverty. Nor shall we repeat the bloody Menaces that were uttered by the Enemy, as well French as Rebels, when they thought themselves sure of taking the Town of Savannah, lest it should excite a Spirit of Resentment in our Fellow-Subjects, contrary to the Dictates of that blessed Religion which we profess.

We beg Leave to assure your Majesty, that we shall always use our utmost Endeavors to promote an Attachment to your Person and Government, and the Welfare of the British Empire: And we shall not fail to put up our Prayers to Almighty God, that He will pour down His Blessings on your Majesty, your Royal Consort, and your numerous Offspring; that He will give you a long and happy Reign; and that your Posterity may sway the Sceptre of the British Empire till Time is no more.

Admiralty Office, July 18, 1780.

Extract of a Letter from Admiral Geary, Commander in Chief of a Squadron of His Majesty's Ships employed to the Westward, to Mr. Stephens, dated at Sea the 5th Instant.

Monday the 3d Instant, the Monarch, being ahead on the Look-out, at Ten A. M. made the Signal for seeing a Fleet of Twenty-five Sail; which judging to be a Squadron of the Enemy's Ships of War, and that no Time might be lost, I immediately ordered a General Chace, which was continued all that Day. At Five P. M. the Monarch made the Signal to denote that she passed the Sternmost of the Enemy's Ships without securing them, as soon afterwards did the Foudroyant, and some others of the headmost Ships; and at the same Time we could plainly discover from the Victory's Mast-head, that they were nearly up with the rest of the Enemy's Ships. Soon after Seven thick Fog unfortunately came on, and I shortened Sail in order to close with the Ships nearest me, steering the same Course under an easy Sail until Day-light the Morning after. I with Pleasure acquaint their Lordships, that all the Ships have since rejoined me, except the Monarch and Defence, which I am informed were left in Chace of the Enemy's Ship of War, under whose Protection the Convoy had failed.

The Fleet which we chased proves to be a Convoy from Port au Prince, of between 25 and 30 Sail, under Convoy of the Fier of 50 Guns, and a large Ship *armé en Flûte*, of which the Vessels named in the inclosed List have been captured; and had it not been for the sudden coming on of the Fog at the Hour I have mentioned, it is my Opinion that every Ship of them would have been taken.

A List of Prizes taken the 4th of July, 1780, by the Squadron under the Command of Admiral Geary, bound from Port au Prince to Bordeaux and other Ports of France.

Brig Le Jeun Francois, by the Monarch.
Ship Le Comte D'Estaing, by Ditto.
Ship Le Hazard, by the Proserpine.
Polacre Eleonora, by the Ambuscade.
Ship Maria Teresa, by the Diana.
Ship Count D'Argout, by the Canada.
Ship Courier, by the Royal George.
Polacre Cosmopolite, by the Queen.
Snow Voyageur, by the Foudroyant.
Ship St. Bartholomew, by the Prince George.
Ship (Name unknown) by the Defence.
Polacre Le Solitaire, by the Alfred.

The above Vessels are chiefly laden with Sugar, Coffee, and Indigo.

F. R. A. N. G. E. A. R. Y.

Petersburg, June 23. The Empress came to Novgorod the Night before last, and is expected Today at Czarso-Zelo.

Vienna, July 5. Letters were received Two Days ago from the Emperor, dated at Moscow, where that Monarch had arrived in perfect Health.

Hague, July 14. The Prince and Princess of Orange set out for Loo early this Morning.

War-Office, July 18, 1780.

17th Regiment of Light Dragoons, Lieutenant — Bradshaw, from 33d Foot, is appointed to be Lieutenant, vice William St. Leger.
7th Regiment of Foot, Ensign Henry James-Reynett,

from 64th Foot, to be Lieutenant, vice John Creswell.

Ditto, George Hazelton, Gent. to be Surgeon, vice Richard Huddleston.

16th Regiment of Foot, Henry Bowen, Gent. to be Ensign, vice Martin Ramsay.

33d Regiment of Foot, Ensign Aeneas M'Donald to be Lieutenant, vice James Ingram.

Ditto, Ferdinand Beckwith, Gent. to be Ensign, vice Aeneas M'Donald.

Ditto, Lieutenant Allan Malcolm, from 43d Foot, to be Captain, vice Robert Craine.

Ditto, Lieutenant William St. Leger, from 17th Light Dragoons, to be Lieutenant, vice — Bradshaw.

38th Regiment of Foot, Volunteer David K. Boyd to be Ensign, vice Charles Blount.

42d Regiment of Foot, Ensign Alexander Grant to be Lieutenant, vice John Robertson.

Ditto, Ensign William Frazer to be Lieutenant, vice Norman M'Leod.

Ditto, Volunteer James Alston to be Ensign, vice Alexander Grant.

Ditto, Volunteer William Frazer to be Ensign, vice William Frazer.

Ditto, Volunteer David Sutherland to be Ensign, vice Henry Graham.

Ditto, Ensign John Young to be Lieutenant, vice Alexander M'Leod.

Ditto, Volunteer William Dickson to be Ensign, vice John Young.

43d Regiment of Foot, Lieutenant William Morris to be Captain-Lieutenant, vice William Richardson.

Ditto, Ensign Charles Vignoles to be Lieutenant, vice William Morris.

Ditto, Ensign Patrick Crichton to be Lieutenant, vice Allan Malcolm.

44th Regiment of Foot, Volunteer James Worley to be Ensign, vice John Colden.

54th Regiment of Foot, Ensign Charles Blount, from 38th Foot, to be Lieutenant, vice Alexander Brely.

Ditto, Adjutant — Hall to be Ensign, vice James Dillon.

60th Regiment, 2d Battalion, Captain Lieutenant William Richardson to be Captain, vice John K. Muller.

60th Regiment, 3d Battalion, Ensign Henry D'Courcy to be Lieutenant, vice Lewis Matray.

Ditto, Lieutenant Hans Carden to be Captain, vice Francis Duffield.

Ditto, Lieutenant Alexander Brely, from 54th Foot, to be Captain-Lieutenant, vice James Robertson.

Ditto, Ensign William Floyer to be Lieutenant, vice George Sneyder.

Ditto, Ensign Samuel Devisme to be Lieutenant, vice James Finlay.

Ditto, Ensign Enoch Plumer to be Lieutenant, vice Ferdinand Brock.

Ditto, Augustus Goold, Gent. to be Ensign, vice William Floyer.

Ditto, Adjutant George Eberard to be Ensign, vice Samuel Devisme.

Ditto, John Augustus Prevost, Gent. to be Ensign, vice Enoch Plumer.

Ditto, William Hewlett, Gent. to be Ensign, vice — Boniface.

Ditto, Lieutenant James Gordon to be Adjutant, vice George Eberard.

60th Regiment, 4th Battalion, Captain-Lieutenant James Robertson, from 3d Battalion, to be Captain, vice Taylor Croker.

Ditto,

Ditto, Ensign Lewis Barbe to be Lieutenant, vice David Monins.
Ditto, Ensign John Kearsley to be Lieutenant, vice Rowland Hazelton.
Ditto, Ensign — Boniface, from 3d Battalion, to be Lieutenant, vice Frederick de Montrond.
Ditto, Quarter-Master James Wright to be Lieutenant, vice — Lawe.
Ditto, Lieutenant F. P. Fatio, from South Carolina Loyalists, to be Ensign, vice Lewis Barde.
Ditto, G. Prevost, Gent. to be Ensign, vice John Kearsley.
Ditto, Edward Cartwright, Gent. to be Ensign, vice Marin Vaniper.
Ditto, Ensign Thomas Clarke, from Georgia Loyalists, to be Ensign, vice John Campbell.
Ditto, John Elphinstone, Gent. to be Ensign, vice Robert Lethbridge.
Ditto, William Martin, Gent. to be Ensign, vice C. L. Theod. Scheedde.
63d Regiment of Foot, Lieutenant Henry Bethune Starke to be Adjutant, vice John Money.
70th Regiment of Foot, Captain-Lieutenant John Merideth to be Captain, vice Patrick Ferguson.
Ditto, Lieutenant James Ingram, from 33d Foot, to be Captain-Lieutenant, vice John Merideth.
71st Regiment of Foot, Lieutenant Alexander Sutherland to be Captain-Lieutenant, vice Charles Campbell.
Ditto, Ensign Archibald Campbell to be Lieutenant, vice Alexander Sutherland.
Ditto, Colin M'Vean, Gent. to be Ensign, vice Archibald Campbell.
Ditto, Captain-Lieutenant Alexander Sutherland to be Captain, vice George Munro.
Ditto, Lieutenant Harry Munro, from 42d Foot, to be Captain-Lieutenant, vice Alexander Sutherland.
Ditto, Major Alexander M'Donald to be Lieutenant-Colonel, vice John Maitland.
Ditto, Captain Patrick Ferguson, from 70th Regiment, to be Major, vice Alexander M'Donald.
Ditto, Lieutenant Robert Duncanson to be Captain, vice Hamilton Maxwell.
Ditto, Captain-Lieutenant Harry Munro to be Captain, vice Norman M'Leod.
Ditto, Lieutenant John Robertson, from 42d Regiment, to be Captain, vice — Macintosh.
Ditto, Lieutenant Norman M'Leod, from 42d Regiment, to be Captain-Lieutenant, vice Harry Munro.
Ditto, Ensign William Ogilvie to be Lieutenant, vice Robert Duncanson.
Ditto, Ensign John Wilson to be Lieutenant, vice Roderick Murcheson.
Ditto, Volunteer Duncan M'Grigor to be Ensign, vice William Ogilvie.
Ditto, Volunteer Angus Cameron to be Ensign, vice John Wilson.
Ditto, Volunteer Roderick M'Kenzie to be Ensign, vice — M'Intosh.
Ditto, Ensign Angus M'Donald to be Lieutenant, vice David Ross.
Ditto, Volunteer John Forbes to be Ensign, vice Angus M'Donald.
Ditto, Ensign James Flint to be Lieutenant, vice — Dunlop.
Ditto, Volunteer Aeneas M'Leod to be Ensign, vice James Flint.
Ditto, Ensign Magnus Murcheson to be Lieutenant, vice M'Pherfon.
Ditto, Volunteer William M'Leod to be Ensign, vice Magnus Murcheson.

Ditto, Ensign Donald M'Pherfon to be Lieutenant, vice T. Tawfe.
Ditto, Volunteer Malcolm Grant to be Ensign, vice Donald M'Pherfon.
Ditto, Volunteer John Grant to be Ensign, vice Colin M'Vean.
Surgeon Richard Huddleston, of 7th Foot, to be Apothecary to the General Hospital in North America.

WESTERN CIRCUIT.

Mr. Justice Nares.

Mr. Justice Heath.

Southampton, Tuesday July 25, at the Castle of Winchester.
Wilts, Saturday July 29, at New Sarum.
Dorset, Thursday August 3, at Dorchester.
Devon, Monday August 7, at the Castle of Exeter.
City of Exeter, The same Day, at the Guildhall of the said City.
Cornwall, Monday August 14, at Bodmin.
Somerset, Monday August 21, at the City of Wells.
City of Bristol, Saturday August 26, (instead of Tuesday August 29, as before advertised) at the Guildhall of the said City.

Royal Hospital for Seamen at Greenwich, March 22, 1780.

*W*Hereas several Persons, appointed Agents for Prizes in the late and former Wars, neglected, or under various Pretences delayed, till compelled by due Course of Law, to account with the Treasurer of this Hospital, or his Deputy, for the Forfeited and Unclaimed Shares of Prize and Bounty Money remaining in their Hands after the Time limited by Act of Parliament for the latest Payment to the Captors, thereby depriving for a Time, if not in certain Instances intending to defraud the Hospital of its just and legal Rights; and whereas it may happen, that similar Attempts may be made in future; Notice is therefore hereby given, that all Persons who have been, or hereafter may be, appointed Agents for Prizes taken, or which may be taken, by His Majesty's Ships or Vessels, during the present Hostilities with France, Spain, and the rebellious Colonies of North America, will be prosecuted without further Notice, if they do not, without Loss of Time, account with the above-mentioned Treasurer, or his Deputy, for such Money as now is, or hereafter may be, due and payable by them to the said Hospital, for forfeited and unclaimed Shares of Prize and Bounty Money accruing from Prizes taken or which may be taken as aforesaid.

Jn^o Ibbetson.

General Post-Office, June 27, 1780.

*T*HE Post-Boy bringing the Mail from Stevenage to Welwyn Yesterday Evening, the 26th Instant, was robbed of the Mail, containing the Bags with the Letters from Biggleswade, Hitchin, and Stevenage, for London, by a Footpad, about a Mile from Welwyn.

He is described to be about Five Feet Six Inches high, dressed in a brown coloured Coat, light coloured Waistcoat, Breeches and Stockings, wore his own dark coloured Hair straight, and a round Hat, and is supposed to have come to London immediately.

Whoever shall apprehend and convict, or cause to be apprehended and convicted, the Person who committed this Robbery, will be entitled to a Reward of TWO HUNDRED POUNDS, over and above the Reward given by Act of Parliament for apprehending Highwaymen; or if any Person, whether an Accomplice,

plise in the Robbery, or knowing thereof, shall make Discovery, whereby the Person who committed the same may be apprehended and brought to Justice; such Discoverer will, upon Conviction of the Party, be entitled to the same Reward of TWO HUNDRED POUNDS, and will also receive His Majesty's most gracious Pardon.

By Command of the Postmaster-General;
Anthony Todd, Sec.

General Post-Office, June 29, 1780.

CHARLES Town in South Carolina being restored to the King's Possession, the direct Intercourse between Great Britain and the Southern Provinces of North America through that Town will be renewed; and a Packet will sail every Month from Falmouth, as formerly. The first Mail will be dispatched from this Office on the 5th of July next; being the First Wednesday in the Month.

By Command of the Post-master General,
Anth. Todd, Sec.

Stamp Office, July 17, 1780.

WHEREAS, by an Act passed in the last Session of Parliament, for repealing an Act made in the 19th Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, "An Act for granting to His Majesty certain Duties on Licenses to be taken out by all Persons letting Horses to Hire for Travelling, in the Manner therein mentioned, and certain Duties on all Horses left to Hire, for the Purposes of Travelling Post, and by Time, and upon certain Carriages therein mentioned; and for granting other Duties in Lieu thereof," it is Enacted, That from and after the 1st Day of August, 1780, every Person in Great Britain who shall let to Hire any Horse, for the Purpose of Travelling Post by the Mile, or from Stage to Stage, or being a Person actually letting Horses to Hire; shall let to Hire for a Day, or any less Period of Time, any Horse for drawing any Coach or other Carriage with Four Wheels, in any Chaise or Chair with Two Wheels, or any other Carriage for which any Duty of Excise is made payable, shall pay Annually the Sum of Five Shillings for a License for that Purpose.

And that every Person who shall keep a Diligence or Post-Coach, for the Purpose of conveying in the Inside thereof any Number of Passengers, not exceeding Four; or who shall keep any Coach or other Carriage to be employed as a Public Stage-Coach, shall pay Annually the Sum of Five Shillings for a License for that Purpose.

And it is Enacted, That from and after the said 1st of August, 1780, no Person (except those whose Licenses have been renewed pursuant to the Act of the former Session of Parliament) shall let out any Horse for Hire, either by the Mile or Stage, or by the Day or less Period of Time, to draw any Coach or other Carriage with Four Wheels, or any Chaise or Chair with Two Wheels, or any other Carriage upon which any Duty of Excise is made payable, unless such Person shall be authorized to do so by Licence under the Hands and Seals of Two of His Majesty's Commissioners for Managing the Stamp Duties, or some Person authorized by them, upon Pain of Forfeiting, for every Offence, the Sum of Five Pounds.

And it is further Enacted, That no Person (except as before excepted) shall keep a Diligence or Post Coach, or any other Carriage to be employed as a Public Stage-Coach, without having first obtained a License under the Hands of Two of the said Commissioners, upon Pain to forfeit, for every Time such Carriage shall be so used, the Sum of Five Pounds.

Notice is hereby given to all Postmasters, Innkeepers, Proprietors of Diligences, Stage-Coaches,

and others whom it may concern, that Daily Attendance will be given at the Office in Cook's-court near Lincoln's-inn, for the Purpose of granting Licenses and taking Bonds under the said Act.—And, to prevent the Confusion and Delay which may happen, if too many Persons attend at the same Time together; it is desired that all those who are liable to these Duties will forthwith apply for their Licenses; when they will receive Extracts from the said Act, containing full Instructions and Directions for their Guidance therein.

By Order of the Commissioners,
John Brettell, Secretary.

Reprisal Association Office, London;

July 13th, 1780.

ALL Persons who have been employed by the Committee of the Reprisal Association, and have any Demand upon them, are desired to bring in an Account thereof to this Office, on or before Saturday the 13th Day of August next; as the Committee will then proceed to a final Settlement of their Accounts, and no further Demand can after that Day be received.

By Order of the Committee,
ROBERT WELLS, Secretary.

Portsmouth Common, June 3, 1780.

ALL Persons having any Claim on the Copyhold Estate of the late Mr. Francis Nicholas, deceased, situate in Soberton in the County of Hants, are desired to deliver an Account thereof to Mr. Samuel Robinson, on Portsmouth Common, where they will be paid all their just Debts immediately.

ALL Persons who stand indebted to the Estate of Mr. William Davis, Bookseller and Stationer, the Corner of Sackville-street, Piccadilly, deceased, are desired to pay the same immediately to Mr. John Debrutt, at Mr. Almon's Bookseller and Stationer, opposite Burlington House, Piccadilly; he being properly authorized to receive the same: And all Persons having any Demands on the late Mr. William Davis are desired to send an Account of the same as above.

THE Creditors of Sir John Moore, K. B. and Bart. deceased, are hereby informed, that a Final Dividend of the said Deceased's Effects will be made at Mess. Hoares, Bankers, in Fleet-street, on Saturday next, the 22d Instant, between the Hours of Ten and Two; when such of the Creditors as cannot attend are desired to send some Person, properly authorized in their Behalf, to give a General Release to the Administrator.

THE Creditors of Mr. Edward Holmes, late of Foster-lane, London; Jeweller, deceased, are earnestly requested to send an Account of their respective Demands on his Estate to Mess. Wolley and Heming, Cheap-side, London, (Two of his Executors) in order that such Demands may be immediately liquidated and settled.

THE Creditors of William Dawe, of Taunton in the County of Somerset, Linen draper and Grocer, lately deceased, are desired to take Notice, that the Manager of his Concerns intends, in One Month from the Date hereof, to make a Dividend out of the Produce of his Effects; and if there are any Creditors who have not given in an Account of their Debts to Thomas Melhuish, of Taunton aforesaid, it is requested they will do it before that Time, otherwise they will be excluded the Benefit of such Dividend, which it is expected may be 15s. in the Pound. Dated 12th July, 1780.

TO be peremptorily sold, pursuant to a Decree of His Majesty's Court of Exchequer at Westminster, bearing Date the 5th Day of June, 1777, and also of a subsequent Order, bearing Date the 13th Day of November, 1777, (made in a Cause, wherein the Right Hon. Lady Caroline Townshend, Baroness Greenwich, is Plaintiff, and Edward Mainwaring Davies Howorth, Esq; Defendant) on Monday the 27th of November next, between the Hours of Five and Seven o'Clock in the Afternoon, before Francis Ingram, Esq; Deputy Remembrancer of the said Court, at the King's Remembrancer's Office in the Inner Temple, London, Several Freehold Messuages, Lands, Tenements, and Hereditaments, in the Counties of Radnor and Carmarthen. Particulars whereof may be had at the King's Remembrancer's Office aforesaid.

PURSUANT to a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, made in a Cause, Lady Salisbury against Thrale, bearing Date the 23d Day of June last, the Creditors of John Salisbury, late of Bachegraig in the County of Flint, Esq; deceased, are forthwith to come in and prove their Debts before John Hetty, Esq; one of the Masters of the said Court, at his Chambers in Symond's-inn, Chancery-lane, London, or in Default thereof they will be excluded the Benefit of the said Decree.

PUrsuant to a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, the next of Kin and Children of the next of Kin of Gabriel Henderson, (Son of William Henderson) formerly of Kirkcaldy in the County of Fife, in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland, and afterwards of Bombay in the East Indies, Mariner, deceased, who were living at the Time of his Death, are to come in and make out such their Relationship to the said Testator, before Edward Leeds, Esq; one of the Masters of the said Court, at his Chambers in Lincoln's-inn, London, or in Default thereof they will be excluded the Benefit of the said Decree.

Notice to the Creditors of Charles Barclay-Maitland, of Tilliecoolyry.

WHÉREAS, on the Application of the said Charles Barclay-Maitland, the Court of Session did, on the 17th of June, 1780, sequestrate his whole Personal Estate, in Terms of the Act of the 12th of His present Majesty, intituled, "An Act for rendering the Payment of the Creditors of Insolvent Debtors, in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland, more equal and expeditious, &c.;" and, on the 29th of the said Month of June, the Court appointed John Jamieson, Writer in Alloga, to be Factor thereon; and appointed the whole Creditors to meet within the British Coffee-house, Edinburgh, on the 2d Day of August next, at Twelve o'Clock at Noon, for the Purpose of continuing the said Factor, or chusing another, or a Trustee or Trustees, in his Place.

The said John Jamieson, therefore, in Terms of the said Statute, and an Order of Court, hereby requires the Creditors of the said Charles Barclay-Maitland to meet at the Time and Place aforesaid, for the Purpose above-mentioned.

WHÉREAS a Commission of Bankrupt is awarded and issued forth against Bartholomew Nelson, late of King's Lynn, otherwise Lynn Regis, in the County of Norfolk, Merchant, Dealer and Chapman, and he being declared a Bankrupt, is hereby required to surrender himself to the Commissioners in the said Commission named, or the major Part of them, on the 25th and 29th Days of July instant, and on the 29th of August next, at Twelve o'Clock on each Day, at Guildhall, London, and make a full Discovery and Disclosure of his Estate and Effects; when and where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, and at the Second Sitting to chuse Assignees, and at the last Sitting the said Bankrupt is required to finish his Examination, and the Creditors are to assent to or dissent from the Allowance of his Certificate. All Persons indebted to the said Bankrupt, or that have any of his Effects, are not to pay or deliver the same but to whom the Commissioners shall appoint, but give Notice to Mr. Parnter, Attorney, Old London-street.

WHÉREAS a Commission of Bankrupt is awarded and issued forth against Edward Baker, late of Milverton in the County of Warwick, Dealer and Chapman, and he being declared a Bankrupt, is hereby required to surrender himself to the Commissioners in the said Commission named, or the major Part of them, on the 2d, 3d, and 29th Days of August next, at the House of William Butler, the White Swan, in the Borough of Warwick, and make a full Discovery and Disclosure of his Estate and Effects; when and where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, and at the second Sitting to chuse Assignees, and at the last Sitting the said Bankrupt is required to finish his Examination, and the Creditors are to assent to or dissent from the Allowance of his Certificate. All Persons indebted to the said Bankrupt, or that have any of his Effects, are not to pay or deliver the same but to whom the Commissioners shall appoint, but give Notice to Mr. John Parry, Attorney, in Warwick.

WHÉREAS a Commission of Bankrupt is awarded and issued against Joseph Phipps, otherwise Joseph Lovel Phipps, of Ivittford Bank in the Parish of Laphy in the County of Stafford, Innholder, Dealer and Chapman, and he being declared a Bankrupt, is hereby required to surrender himself to the Commissioners in the said Commission named, or the major Part of them, on the 9th, 10th, and 29th Days of August next, at Eleven o'Clock in the Forenoon on each of the said Days, at Mr. Parkes's, the Red Lion Inn, in Newport in the County of Salop, and make a full Discovery and Disclosure of his Estate and Effects; when and where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, and at the Second Sitting to chuse Assignees, and at the last Sitting the said Bankrupt is required to finish his Examination, and the Creditors are to assent to or dissent from the Allowance of

his Certificate. All Persons indebted to the said Bankrupt, or that have any of his Effects, are not to pay or deliver the same but to whom the Commissioners shall appoint, but give Notice to Mr. John Leake, Attorney, in Newport, Shropshire.

WHÉREAS a Commission of Bankrupt is awarded and issued forth against William Hughes, of Rudland in the County of Flint, Shopkeeper, Dealer and Chapman, and he being declared a Bankrupt, is hereby required to surrender himself to the Commissioners in the said Commission named, or the major Part of them, on the 8th, 9th, and 29th Days of August next, at Eleven in the Forenoon on each Day, at the Upper White Bear, in Chester, and make a full Discovery and Disclosure of his Estate and Effects; when and where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, and at the Second Sitting to chuse Assignees, and at the last Sitting the said Bankrupt is required to finish his Examination, and the Creditors are to assent to or dissent from the Allowance of his Certificate. All Persons indebted to the said Bankrupt, or that have any of his Effects, are not to pay or deliver the same but to whom the Commissioners shall appoint, but give Notice to Mr. Garner, Attorney, in Chester; or Messrs. Adams and Kinderley, Chancery-lane, London.

THE Commissioners in a renewed Commission of Bankrupt awarded and issued forth against Joseph Sill, Thomas Bridges, and Roger Blount, of the Town and County of the Town of Kingston upon Hull, Merchants, Dealers, Chapmen, and Copartners, intend to meet on the 7th Day of September next, at Ten of the Clock in the Forenoon, at Guildhall, London, in order to make a Dividend of the Estate and Effects of the said Bankrupts; when and where the Creditors, who have not already proved their Debts, are to come prepared to prove the same, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the said Dividend. And all Claims not then proved will be disallowed.

THE Commissioners in a Commission of Bankrupt awarded and issued forth against Cornelius Woodhouse, of New Bond-street in the Parish of St. George Hanover-square in the County of Middlesex, Hosier, Haberdasher, Dealer and Chapman, intend to meet on the 26th Day of August next, at Ten in the Forenoon, at Guildhall, London, to make a Dividend of the said Bankrupt's Estate and Effects; when and where the Creditors, who have not already proved their Debts, are to come prepared to prove the same, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the said Dividend. And all Claims not then proved will be disallowed.

THE Commissioners in a Commission of Bankrupt awarded and issued against Joseph Bailey, of Hood's Farm in the Parish of Streatley in the County of Berks, Dealer and Chapman, intend to meet on the 8th Day of August next, between the Hours of Ten and Twelve, (instead of the 25th Instant, as before advertised) at the Lamb Inn, in Wallingford in the said County of Berks, in order to make a Final Dividend of the Estate and Effects of the said Bankrupt; when and where the Creditors, who have not already proved their Debts, are to come prepared to prove the same, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the said Dividend. And all Claims not then proved will be disallowed.

THE Commissioners in a Commission of Bankrupt awarded and issued forth against Robert Wynne, of Greenwich in the County of Kent, Callico-printer, Dealer and Chapman, intend to meet on the 27th Day of July instant, at Five in the Afternoon, (instead of Ten in the Forenoon, as advertised in a former Gazette) at Guildhall, London, in order to make a Dividend of said Bankrupt's Estate and Effects; when and where the Creditors of the said Bankrupt, who have not already proved their Debts, are to come prepared to prove the same, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the said Dividend. And all Claims not then proved will be disallowed.

WHÉREAS the acting Commissioners in the Commission of Bankrupt awarded and issued against Patrick Lawton, of London, Mariner, Dealer and Chapman, have certified to the Right Hon. Edward Lord Thurlow, Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, that the said Patrick Lawton hath in all Things conformed himself according to the Directions of the several Acts of Parliament made concerning Bankrupts; This is to give Notice, that, by virtue of an Act passed in the Fifth Year of His late Majesty's Reign, his Certificate will be allowed and confirmed, as the said Act directs, unless Cause be shewn to the contrary on or before the 8th of August next.