

The London Gazette.

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From Saturday April 22, to Tuesday April 25, 1780.

AT the Court at St. James's, the 17th of April, 1780.

P R E S E N T,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS since the Commencement of the War in which Great-Britain is engaged by the unprovoked Aggression of France and Spain, repeated Memorials have been presented by His Majesty's Ambassador to the States General of the United Provinces, demanding the Succours stipulated by Treaty; to which Requisition, though strongly called upon in the last Memorial of the 21st of March, Their High Mightinesses have given no Answer, nor signified any Intention of complying therewith: And whereas by the Non-Performance of the clearest Engagements, they desert the Alliance that has so long subsisted between the Crown of Great-Britain and the Republick, and place themselves in the Condition of a Neutral Power, bound to this Kingdom by no Treaty, every Principle of Wisdom and Justice requires, that His Majesty should consider them henceforward as standing only in that distant Relation in which they have placed themselves: His Majesty therefore having taken this Matter into His Royal Consideration, doth, by and with the Advice of His Privy Council, judge it expedient to carry into immediate Execution those Intentions which were formally notified in the Memorial presented by His Ambassador on the 21st of March last, and previously signified in an Official Verbal Declaration, made by Lord Viscount Stormont, One of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, to Count Weideren, Envoy Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary from the Republick, nearly Two Months before the Delivery of the aforesaid Memorial: For these Causes, His Majesty, by and with the Advice of His Privy Council, doth declare, That the Subjects of the United Provinces are henceforward to be considered upon the same Footing with those of other Neutral States not privileged by Treaty; and His Majesty doth hereby suspend, provisionally, and 'till further Order, all the particular Stipulations respecting the Freedom of Navigation and Commerce, in Time of War, of the Subjects of the States General, contained in the several Treaties now subsisting between His Majesty and the Republick, and more particularly those contained in the Marine Treaty between Great-Britain and the United Provinces, concluded at London, December 11, 1674.

From a humane Regard to the Interests of Individuals, and a Desire to prevent their suffering by any Surprize, His Majesty, by and with the Advice of His Privy Council, doth declare, that the Effect of this His Majesty's Order shall take Place at the following Terms, viz.

In the Channel and the North Seas, Twelve Days after the Date hereof.

From the Channel, the British Seas, and the North Seas, as far as the Canary Islands inclusively, either in the Ocean or Mediterranean, the Term shall be Six Weeks from the aforesaid Date.

Three Months from the said Canary Islands as far as the Equinoctial Line or Equator.

And lastly, Six Months beyond the said Line or Equator, and in all other Parts of the World, without any Exception or other more particular Description of Time and Place.

Steph. Cottrell.

[Price Three-pence Halfpenny.]

St. James's, April 25.

The following Addresses having been transmitted by his Excellency the Earl of Buckinghamshire, Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, to the Earl of Hillsborough, One of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, have been by him presented to His Majesty: Which Addresses His Majesty was pleased to receive very graciously.

To the KING's Most Excellent Majesty,

The humble Address of the High Sheriff and Grand Jury of the County of Wexford, at Spring Assizes assembled, March 31, 1780.

Most Gracious Sovereign,

WE, your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal Subjects, the High Sheriff and Grand Jury of the County of Wexford, humbly beg Leave to assure your Majesty of our unfeigned Attachment to your Royal Person and Government.

We entertain a most grateful Sense of your Majesty's unremitting Attention to the Interests of Ireland; and the happy Alteration which the Wisdom of your Councils, and the liberal Sentiments of the British Parliament, have made in the Situation of our Affairs.

We feel a double Satisfaction at the Benefits which have been conferred on us, both as they appear to us to be an adequate Remedy for the Poverty of this Country, and as they are undoubted Proofs of that Sisterly Affection which we think we have a Right to expect from Great Britain, and which it shall be our constant Study to cultivate and improve into the most perfect and mutual Confidence.

We do most humbly beseech your Majesty to believe, that we feel the sincerest Pleasure at finding that the Ties, which have always united the two Kingdoms, are now drawn closer by the Conduct of our Fellow-Subjects; and do assure your Majesty, that on our Parts our utmost Endeavours shall never be wanting to maintain that intimate Connection between both Kingdoms, which we are firmly persuaded is inseparable from their Happiness and Prosperity.

[Signed by John Drake, High Sheriff; the Foreman, and rest of the Grand Jury.]

To the KING's Most Excellent Majesty,

The humble Address of the Nobility, Gentlemen, Clergy and Freeholders of the County of Wexford, convened by the High Sheriff at the County Court-House this 4th Day of April, 1780.

Most gracious Sovereign,

WE, your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Nobility, Gentlemen, Clergy and Freeholders of the County of Wexford, humbly beg Leave to assure your Majesty of our unfeigned Attachment to your Royal Person and Government.

We entertain a most grateful Sense of your Majesty's unremitting Attention to the Interests of Ireland; and the happy Alteration, which the Wisdom of your Councils, and the liberal Sentiments of the British Parliament, have made in the Situation of our Affairs.

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