

Hague, June 7. Lieutenant Admiral Tromp has taken his leave of the States, in order to his beginning his journey to Denmark, to command that Kings Fleet this Summer. The 6th instant several Men of War passed by *Scovelling*, being part of the Squadron designed for the East Sea. The Sieur *Beverning*, one of the Ambassadors of this State for the Treaty of Peace, having had several Conferences with the Deputies for Foreign Affairs, is preparing to return to *Nimeguen* in a day or two. Our Letters from Germany give us an account, that the whole Imperial Army being joined under the Duke of *Lorrain* was marched towards *Marsfall*, it not being yet certainly known wharthe Duke of *Lorrain*'s design is.

Antwerp, June 5. The Prince of *Orange*'s Forces continue in their quarters; but the Artillery being arrived from *Holland*, we expect every day to hear that they are marched. It is said here that his Highness will besiege some place, so soon as the Confederate Troops have formed an Army under the command of the Duke de *Villa Hermosa*, in order to which our last Letters from Germany told us, That the Troops of the Prince of *Luxemburg* were coming down towards the *Muse*. The Most Christian King has, as we are informed, written to the Marschal d' *Humières*, commanding him to forbear for the future to execute the Towns and Villages, which are wanting in the punctual payment of their Contributions.

Ditto, June 8. From *Liège* of the 5th instant they tell us, that the detachment which went from *Maeßtricht* with the Cannon, was returned, being met at *Hersel* by another from the Duke of *Luxemburg*, of 3000 Horse, and that besides the Cannon there were twenty Bahrels of Money sent from thence, whereof two were full of Gold. On Saturday last the Army commanded by the Duke of *Luxemburg*, came back from *Bonneffe* to *Gemblours*, where they rested till yesterday morning; and then marched to *Sombresse*, where they are at present, they have seized upon all the Horses round those parts, to bring a Convoy of 500 Wagons with Provisions to the Army. From *Charleroy* we are told, that as soon as the Duke of *Luxemburg* came to *Gemblours*, upon the arrival of a Courier from Marschal de *Crequi*, he immediately sent order to two thousand Horse, who were lying betwixt the *Sambre* and the *Mense*, to march in all haste towards *Lorrain*, to join the said Marschal, who, according to our Letters from *Treves*, is retired from *Bourneville*, and having pass the River *Nide*, is at present encamped not far from *Astetz*, having destroyed all the Country as he marched, that the Imperialists might not find subsistence, if they should follow him.

From *Cologne* of the 4th they write, that the three *Munster* Regiments which are expected from *Westphalia*, having passed the *Rhine* in the County of *Meurs*, were marched to meet the other four, who formerly pass at *Bonne*, being likewise to join 600 Foot of the Bishop of *Paderborne*, and 400 Dragoons, with some Infantry of the Duke of *Nesburg*, after which they will all march directly to *Ruremond*. That the *Osnabrug* Troops have also orders to be ready to march the 10th instant, about which time the Bishop of *Osnabrug* is expected at *Cologne* in person; Monsieur *Louigny*, Major-General Van *Hoffen*, and Baron de *Piacon*, being there already. The Prince of *Orange* is still at *Loorn*.

Brussels, June 8. The Duke of *Luxemburg* having advanced with the French Army as far as *Bonneffe*, and the detachment of 2000 French Horse which he sent towards *Maeßtricht*, to Convoy from thence a great Train of Artillery, and several Wagons filled with Money, being returned, on the 6th instant he came

back with his Army to *Gemblours*, and yesterday marched again to *Sombresse* Abbey, where he expected a great Convoy with Provisions for the Army. We have advice that the Duke of *Luxemburg* having by an Express received Letters from the Marschal de *Crequi*, giving an account, that the Duke of *Lorrain* was marching towards him with the whole Imperial Army, had sent orders to 4000 Horse, quartered between the *Sambre* and the *Muse*, to march with all diligence to join the Marschal de *Crequi*; who, we are told, is in the mean time retired towards *Meix*, ruining all the Country behind him, that the Imperialists might not be able to subsist. The French have laid a Bridge of Boats over the *Muse* between *Namur* and *Charleroy*. The Prince of *Orange* is not yet removed out of his quarters. We hope to have the Confederates here very suddenly, the *Munster* Troops, which consist in seven Regiments, having all passed the *Rhine*, and being on their march towards the *Muse*.

Paris, June 9. Our last Letters from *Flanders* give us an account that the Duke of *Luxemburg* was advanced towards *Maeßtricht*, to fetch from thence 150 pieces of Cannon, and 80000 Crowns in money. From *Alsace* they write of the 2d instant, that the Duke of *Saxe Eysnacke* marched with several Regiments under his command towards *Offenburg*, with intention, as was believed, to pass the *Rhine* at *Strasbourg*; if he could obtain the liberty of the Bridge there; but what his farther design was, none knew, yet it is thought he might have an eye upon *Brisack*, the Sieur de *Montclar*, who was posted with a Body of Men at *Beaufort*, had reinforced the Garrison there with the Battalions of d' *Angoyes* and *Pensuieres*. From *Meix* they tell us that the Duke of *Lorrain* was come with the Imperial Army under his command to *Marsfall*, which is between 4 and 5 German Leagues from *Nancy*. On the side of *Catalonia* the Duke of *Navailles* assembles the Kings Troops, and it is the general discourse that he will besiege *Roses*. We cannot hear that the Spaniards have any considerable Forces in those parts. From *Spain* we understand, that the King was preparing to return from *Saragoza* to *Madrid*.

Whitehall, June 2. Some days since arrived here Charles Count *Walsham*, Envoy Extraordinary from the Emperor; and yesterday in the evening he was conducted to his Audience of their Majesties, by Sir *Charles Corneil* Master of the Ceremonies; and this day he had his Audience of their Royal Highnesses at *St. James*.

Advertisement

Whereas in December 1675. it was published in the Gazette, that Lieutenant Colonel Henry Pilkington had dispersed several Papers in many Counties of this Kingdom, in the nature of a Brief, pretending the same to be granted under the Great seal, dated the 20 of June, 1675. He having since justified himself before His Majesty in Council, and by the Affidavits of Thomas Gill of London Scrivener, made appear that Thomas Tomkins, and Samuel Ridgely, had caused a Writing in the nature of a Brief, to be drawn up in the name of the said Pilkington, of whose innocency in this matter His Majesty and the Board being satisfied, has commanded this to be published for his vindication.

These are to give notice to all persons that have occasion for great or small quantities of Canary Seed (the only proper Seed for Canary Birds) that they may be furnished with very good, as also with great or small quantities of all sort of Garden Seeds, by William Ward Seedsmen at the Red Cross and Golden Lyon in Soper-lane near Cheap-side.

STolen 6th of May 1680. out of the Grounds of *Yalding* Howard near *Bonchurch* Church in the County of *Middlesex*. A dark brown Mare, about six years old, near 14 hands; a long Back, the neck foot behind white to the Footlock. Whoever gives notice of her to Captain *John Russell* at the *Three Stills* without *Bishops Gate*, or to Mr *Clement Halsey* at the *Rose and Crown* in *St John Street*, near *West Smithfield*, shall have 20s. Reward.

STolen from Mr *Andrew Pool* of *Croppwell* Parke in *Norfolk* the 16 of May last a black Gelding six years old, with a large white strip on the top of the Nose, and one white Foot behind, and had formerly a stroke upon the near Leg behind, being 14 or 15 hands high. If any one can give notice of the said Gelding to Mr. *Pool* aforesaid, or to Mr *Henry Montague* at the *Phoenix* in *St. Pauls Church* yard, they shall be well rewarded.