

ony, and the whole Body is to be commanded by his Son the Electoral Prince. It is said here that his Army will besiege *Brifac*, and that the French upon an apprehension thereof, are making great provision of all things necessary for its defence. They likewise fortifie *Schlestadt*, and have caused all the Works to be undermined. As for *Monbelliard* they have demolished and abandoned it.

Metz, April 24. The Imperialists who have wintered in the Country of *Wersemborg*, are on their march towards the *Rhine*, which they will pass at *Oppenheim*, and so follow the Duke of *Lorraine*, who has ere this passed the *Moselle* at *Treves*. We are told that his Highness, when all the Troops are come up to him, will have an Army of near 40000 fighting men, who we promise our selves will make great progresses this Campaigne on the side of *Lorraine*.

Trier, April 25. Yesterday arrived here the Duke of *Lorraine*, and was welcomed with a discharge of all our Cannon; his Army consists in about 18000 men; to-morrow they will pass the *Moselle*, over our Bridge, and take their march towards *Lorraine*. We do not as yet certainly know what his Highnesses first action will be, though much has been said of his besieging *Metz*, which the French do not seem much to apprehend. The rest of the Imperial Troops as we hear have all quitted their quarters, and are marching with all diligence towards the *Rhine*, which they will pass at *Oppenheim*, and so come down likewise towards these parts, while the Troops of the Circles, under the command of the Electoral Prince of *Saxony*, block up *Brifac*. A very great Magazine hath been provided here, and another at *Luxemburg*, for the service of the Imperial Army this Campaigne.

Cologne, April 27. The States of the Dutchy of *Fuliers*, and of the County of *Berg* are assembled at *Dufeldorp*, the Duke of *Neulurg* having demanded 300000 Crowns of them. We expect 9 or 10000 *Munster* Troops suddenly in these parts, in their march towards the Spanish Netherlands. From *Coblenz* they write, that the Duke of *Lorraine* advances towards *Luxemburg*, and that the *Marschal de Crequi* has drawn several Troops together, to observe his motions.

Nimeguen, April 24. The Heer *Heugh*, Ambassador of *Denmark*, who went to confer with the Elector of *Brandenburg* at *Wesel*, returned hither yesterday. Very little of business that we can hear of, has passed here of late; for since the several Ambassadors gave in to the Mediators the respective demands of their Masters, hardly any thing of moment has been transacted here. The Troops designed for the forming a Body near *Ruremond*, are on their march, and in a day or two they will be fixed in the Station they are to hold. It is said that there are present in *Maestricht* above 10000 men.

Hague, April 30. The 26th instant the Heer Pensioner *Fagel* returned hither from *Flanders*, where he had been to wait upon the Prince of *Orange*, at his quarters at *Eckelo*, from whence we since received Letters which give us an account, that one man having been drawn by Lot out of each Company of the *Sieur Falckenburgs* Regiment (being all nine) who had very ill behaved themselves in the late Battel, they had, according to the sentence of a Council of War, been hanged for an example to the rest. The Letters add, that several persons, who were supposed to be killed or taken prisoners, came daily to the Army, which we doubt not but will be in a condition to act against the Enemy some time the next month. The Heer *Van Termuelen*, En-

voy of the Bishop of *Munster*, who was at *Birffels*, to perfect the Treaty by which that Bishop obliges himself to put several thousand men into the service of *Spain* is arrived here, and having dispatched the affairs he came about, means in few days to return towards *Manifer*, to give his Master an account of his Negotiations. The Troops which are appointed to have their Station at *Ruremond*, for the keeping in the Garrison of *Maestricht* are now all on their march, and are to be commanded by the Count de *Horne*, General of our Artillery. From *Germany* they write, that the Duke of *Lorraine* had with the Troops under his command past the *Moselle* at and near *Treves*, taking his march towards *Metz*. Several fresh Regiments are on their march to the Army, and amongst the rest, the English Regiments who have had their quarters at *Breda*.

Dunkirk, April 27. The King having given the necessary orders at *Cambrai*, parted from thence the 20th instant; that day his Majesty dined at *Bouham*, and lodged at *Douay*; the 21st his Majesty came to *Beihune*, was the 22d at *Ferouanne*, and the 23d at *Calais*; from whence he parted again the 25th, and having visited the Fortifications of *Gravelines*, arrived here in the evening. This day his Majesty is gone to *Beques*, and to-morrow will return to *Calais*: the 29th he will go from thence to *St Omer*, where his Majesty will continue two days, and after that, will visit *Beihune*, *Douay*, *Valenciennes*, *Crauc*, *Courtray*, *Oudenarde*, *Lise*, and *Tourney*; some of which places it is said the King intends to demolish; and on the 15th or 16th the King will draw his Forces together again, which are dispersed into quarters of refreshment.

Paris, May 1. The Duke of *Luxemburg*, with other principal Officers of the Army have been here several days, and have, as we are informed, the Kings leave to remain there till the 12th instant, when they are to return to the Commands, and about that time the Troops which are now in quarters of refreshment, will be drawn together again. The Duke of *Orleans* is expected here on Monday next; but his Majesty we are told has written to the Queen, that he will not return thither till after the end of the Campaigne. We have now the particulars of the surrender of *St Omer*, viz That the Garrison marched out with Bag and Baggage, Drums beating, Colours flying, and two pieces of Cannon. All the Officers of the Troops designed to be employed in *Germany* this Summer, parted hence 2 days since. From *Lorraine* our advices inform us, that the Duke of *Lorraine* was passed by *Treves* with an Army of 18 or 20000 men, and that he took his march towards *Luxemburg*; and here is this day a report in Town, that some Troops of the *Marschal de Crequi* have defeated the Duke of *Lorraine's* Vanguard, of which we must expect a confirmation. From *Marseilles* we have an account of a Fire that happened there the last week, and burnt several Houses, and among others, one in which was a great many Stores for Ships and Gallies. The King has given the Lieutenancy of *Languedoc* to the *Marschal de Soubourg*, with leave to sell the same. The said *Marschal* is appointed to command the Kings Forces in *Catalonia* this Campaigne, where, it is said, the Spaniards will have a considerable Army, and that the King of *Spain* will be there in person, with *Don Juan of Austria* this Summer.

Advertisements.

☞ A Treatise concerning Statutes or Acts of Parliament: And the Exposition thereof. Written by Sir Christopher Hatton, late Lord Chancellor of England.

☞ The Portugal History: Or, a Relation of the Troubles that happened in the Court of Portugal in the Years 1667 and 1668. By S. P. Esq; Both sold by Richard Tonson at his shop under *Graves-Street*, near *Graves-Street-Lane*.

A Negro named *Robert Moore* about 18 years of age, of middle stature, in Livery of Fawn-coloured Cloth edged and lined with Crimfon Bayes, having lost his thumb from his left hand, went away from his Master, *Paul Nicol Esq;* of *Hendon* in the County of *Middlesex*, on Sunday morning last, being the 22 instant, and is suspected to have taken with him Goods of his Masters of a considerable value. Whoever apprehends him, and gives notice to his Master at *Hendon* aforesaid, or to *Tobin Nicol Esq;* at his house in *White-Fryers*, or to *Mr William Nicol* Woollen-draper at the *Golden Fleece and Crane* in *Grace-Church-street*, London, shall have 40 s. Reward: and farther satisfaction, if required.