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Venice, March 19.

From Rome they write, That the Pope had given orders for the fitting out four Gallies; That the Marquis del Carpio, the new Spanish Ambassador was arrived there, but had not as yet appeared in publick, and that the Cardinals Ruggi and Barberino were made Legats of Romagna and Urbino.

Vienna, March 21. The 20 instant arrived here another Express, with Letters from the Governor of the Spanish Netherlands, to the Emperor, and the Ministers here, giving an account of the posture of things in those Provinces; upon which a great Council of War was held yesterday, at which the Emperor assisted; what resolutions were there taken we know not, besides this one, That the General Officers that were here, should part forthwith from hence to the Army; and accordingly this morning the Duke of Saxon Lawenburg, General Dunewalt, the Marquis de Gram, and others have begun their journey from hence. The Magistrates of Straßburg having sent Deputies hither, to pray the Emperor to grant a Neutrality to the City of Saverne, as the French had offered to do, his Imperial Majesty has not consented thereunto, because the French pretend to keep the Citadell of Saverne in their hands. Two days since a Gentleman was sent express to give the Queen Dowager of Poland an account of the conclusion of the marriage between her and the Duke of Lorraine. We have not of late heard any thing from Hungary, but have reason to hope, that the Rebels, which still stand out, will in a short time submit themselves, and embrace the pardon offered them by the Emperor, and the rather for that they write from Constantinople, that the Grand Signior had sent strict orders to all the Governors of the Frontier places, not to give the said Rebels any assistance or protection whatsoever.

Copenhagen, March 23. Yesterday we had the certainty of the Swedes having retaken Careleshaven, in the Province of Bleekin; so that they are now repossessed of that whole Province, and that they were marching with their whole force towards Helmstadt, to attack it. Our Fleet is sitting out with all possible diligence, and we hope before the end of April to have a Squadron of 18 Men of War. It is said that an agreement is finally made between our King and the Bishop of Munster, by which the latter is obliged to assist us with several Troops this Summer.

Hamburg, March 30. Great preparations are made in Pomeran on the part of the Elector of Brandenburg, for the carrying on the War this Summer. It is not doubted but the Campagne will be opened on that side with the Siege of Stecin; and we are told that several Troops are already on their march, who are to block up the place, and keep it from receiving any Succors, till the season be proper for the beginning the Siege.

Strasburg, March 26. The Marechal de Crequi is arrived very unexpected at Saverne, and has given orders for the demolishing the Fortifications there; which done, the French will quite abandon it, as they have done at Haguenaw, they meaning to keep only in their hands in Alsace, the Castle of Dackstein, which they took lately. The French Troops assemble near Brisac,

but will not be above 10 or 12000 strong. Our Magistrates have sent to complement the Marechal de Crequi, upon his arrival in these parts. The Duke of Lorraine is not yet marched from his quarters at Essingen, and as our last Letters said, has deferred it till the next week, because of the impossibility of finding Forage and other subsistence for the Troops, till the season be more advanced. The Recruits which the Imperial Officers were to make in these parts are now completed. The Emperor will have a very great Army on foot this Campagne, beyond what he has had since this War, and we expect great things from it. The Duke of Lorraine will have the Supreme command; and his marriage with the Emperors sister will not be consummated till after the Campagne is ended.

Francfort, March 28. We have this morning advice, that the Imperial Troops which were on their march through the Bergstræt towards the Rhine, in order to their passing it at or near Worms, had received orders to stop at a Village called Loors, till they receive further directions. The Imperial Commissaries are very diligent to buy up all the Corn they can meet with, and have already provided above 30000 Malder. Their great Magazine is at Coblenz, from whence we judge that the Imperial Army will act on the Moselle this Campagne. From Alsace they write, that the French are now resolved to quit as well the Castle as the Town of Saverne, after having demolished them and that for the brideling the Lower Alsace, and the obliging the Inhabitants to pay their Contributions, they will keep a good Garison in the strong Castle of Dackstein, which was lately taken by the Sieur de Monclis, after having been three or four days before it, though not without suspicion of treachery in the Governor, who is believed to have been corrupted, for otherwise the place is of that strength, that those that were in it might have defended it, as many weeks as they did days.

Cologne, March 30. Signior Bevilacqua, the Popes Nuncio is now in this City, and has his Lodgings in the Convent of the Carmelites. We do not hear that he intends for Nimoguen, till he has received farther orders, or at least till the Spanish Ambassador the Marquis de los Balbaces arrive here likewise from Vienna. From Ham we are told, that the Elector of Brandenburg was preparing for his departure from thence to Wesel, the Gout having pretty well left him.

Clèves, March 31. Several Brandenburg Troops arrive daily from Minden and Lipstadt; in order to the forming together with the other Confederates a flying Army, for the security of this Country as well as of Juliers, and the Dutch and Spanish Brabant against the incursions of the French at Maestricht; the rendezvous of the said Troops is appointed near Keueler, and General Spaen is to command them, who passed through this place on Sunday last in his way to Breda, whither he is sent by the Elector of Brandenburg to acquaint his Highness the Prince of Orange, that his Electoral Highness will be at Wesel this week, and that if his Highness has not time to come thither, the Elector will pass by water to Grave.

Bruges,