

The London Gazette.

Published by Authority.

From Tuesday August 19, to Saturday August 23, 1777.

Whitehall, August 22, 1777.

Copy of a Letter from the Honourable General Sir William Howe to Lord George Germain.

New-York, July 5, 1777.

MY LORD,

HAVING established a Corps sufficient for the Defence of Amboy, the Army assembled at Brunswick on the 12th of June.

The Enemy's Principal Force being encamped upon the Mountain above Quibble Town, with a Corps of Two Thousand Men at Prince Town, it was thought advisable to make a Movement in Two Columns from Brunswick on the 14th in the Morning, leaving Brigadier-General Mathew with 2000 Men to guard that Post. The first Division under the Command of Lord Cornwallis advanced to Hillborough, and the second to Middle Bush under the Command of Lieutenant-General De Heister, with a View of drawing on an Action, if the Enemy should remove from the Mountain towards the Delaware; but on finding their Intention to keep a Position which it would not have been prudent to attack, I determined without Loss of Time to pursue the principal Objects of the Campaign by withdrawing the Army from Jerley; and in consequence of this Determination returned to the Camp at Brunswick on the 19th, and marched from thence to Amboy on the 22d, intending to cross to Staten Island, from whence the Embarkation was to take Place.

Upon quitting the Camp at Brunswick, the Enemy brought a few Troops forwards with Two or Three Pieces of Cannon, which they fired at the utmost Range without the least Execution or any Return from us: They also pushed some Battalions into the Woods to harass the Rear where Lord Cornwallis commanded, who soon dispersed them with the Loss of only Two Men killed and thirteen wounded; the Enemy having Nine killed and about Thirty wounded.

The necessary Preparations being finished for crossing the Troops to Staten Island, Intelligence was received that the Enemy had moved down from the Mountain, and taken Post at Quibble Town, intending, as it was given out, to attack the Rear of the Army removing from Amboy; that Two Corps had also advanced to their Left,—one of 3000 Men and 8 Pieces of Cannon, under the Command of Lord Stirling, Generals Maxwell and Conway, the last said to be a Captain in the French Service,—the other Corps consisted of about 700 Men, with only one Piece of Cannon.

In this Situation of the Enemy, it was judged advisable to make a Movement that might lead on to an Attack, which was done the 26th in the Morning in Two Columns: The Right, under the Command of Lord Cornwallis, with Major General Grant, Brigadiers Mathew and Leslie, and Colonel Donop, took the Route by Woodbridge towards Scotch Plains: The Left Column where I was, with Major-Generals Sterne, Vaughan and Grey, Brigadiers Cleaveland and Agnew, marched by Metuchin Meeting-house to join the Rear of the Right Column in the Road from thence to Scotch

Plains, intending to have taken separate Rout about Two Miles after the Junction, in order to have attacked the Enemy's Left Flank at Quibble Town. Four Battalions were detached in the Morning, with Six Pieces of Cannon, to take Post at Bonham Town.

The Right Column, having fallen in with the aforementioned Corps of 700 Men soon after passing Woodbridge, gave the Alarm, by the Firing that ensued, to their main Army at Quibble Town, which retired to the Mountain with the utmost Precipitation. The small Corps was closely pushed by the Light Troops, and with Difficulty got off their Piece of Cannon.

Lord Cornwallis, soon after he was upon the Road leading to Scotch Plains from Metuchin Meeting House, came up with the Corps commanded by Lord Stirling, who he found advantageously posted in a Country much covered with Wood, and his Artillery well disposed. The King's Troops, vying with each other upon this Occasion, pressed forward to such close Action, that the Enemy, tho' inclined to resist, could not long maintain their Ground against great Impetuosity, but were dispersed on all Sides, leaving behind 3 Pieces of Brass Ordnance, Three Captains and Sixty Men killed, and upwards of Two Hundred Officers and Men wounded and taken.

His Lordship had Five Men killed, and Thirty wounded. Captain Finch of the Light Company of the Guards was the only Officer who suffered: and to my great Concern the Wound he received proving mortal, he died the 29th of June at Amboy.

The Troops engaged in this Action were the 1st Light Infantry, 1st British Grenadiers, 1st, 2d, and 3d Hessian Grenadiers; 1st Battalion of Guards, Hessian Chasseurs, and the Queen's Rangers. I take the Liberty of particularising these Corps, as Lord Cornwallis, in his Report to me so highly extols their Merit and Ardour upon this Attack. One Piece of Cannon was taken by the Guards, the other Two by Colonel Mingerode's Battalion of Hessian Grenadiers.

The Enemy was pursued as far as Westfield with little Effect, the Day proving so intensely hot, that the Soldiers could with Difficulty continue their March thither; in the Mean Time it gave Opportunity for those flying to escape by skulking in the thick Woods, until Night favored their Retreat to the Mountain.

The Army lay that Night at Westfield, returned the next Day to Rahway, and the Day following to Amboy. On the 30th at Ten o'Clock in the Forenoon the Troops began to cross over to Staten Island, and the Rear Guard, under the Command of Lord Cornwallis, passed at Two in the Afternoon, without the least Appearance of an Enemy.

The Embarkation of the Troops is proceeding with the utmost Dispatch, and I shall have the Honor of sending your Lordship further Information as soon as the Troops are landed at the Place of their Destination.

With the most perfect Respect I have the Honor to be Your Lordship's most faithful and most obedient Servant,

W. HOWE.



Extract of another Letter from the Honourable General Sir William Howe to Lord George Germain, dated New York, July 15, 1777.

VARIOUS Accounts have been lately brought from the Northern Part of this Province, in Regard to the Army from Canada; and I have this Day had the Satisfaction to receive a Letter from Lieutenant-General Burgoyne, with a Confirmation of his being before Ticonderoga; a Copy of which your Lordship has inclosed: Intelligence otherwise received leaves no room to doubt his being in Possession, but it does not come from Authority so certain as to justify me in a positive Declaration of the Fact.

I am extremely concerned, my Lord, to close this Letter with a Circumstance as distressing as it was unexpected. An Express is just arrived from Rhode Island with Intelligence that a small Party of the Rebels made a Descent there on the Night of the 10th Instant, surprized Major-General Prescott in his Quarters, carried him off, and Lieutenant Barrington of the 7th Regiment, with such Dispatch and Secrecy as to frustrate every Attempt to rescue them.

Extract of a Letter from Lieutenant-General Burgoyne to the Honourable Sir William Howe, dated Camp before Ticonderoga, July 2, 1777.

I Wait only some Necessaries of the heavy Artillery, which have been retarded by contrary Winds upon Lake Champlain, to open Batteries upon Ticonderoga.

The Army is in the fullest Powers of Health and Spirit. I have a large Body of Savages, and shall be joined by a larger in a few Days. Ticonderoga reduced, I shall leave behind me proper Engineers to put it in an impregnable State; and it will be garrisoned from Canada, where all the destined Supplies are safely arrived. My Force therefore will be left complete for future Operations.

Admiralty-Office, August 23, 1777.

Extract of a Letter from Sir George Collier, Commander of His Majesty's Ship the Rainbow, to Mr. Stephens, dated at Halifax, July 12, 1777.

I Sailed from this Port in the Morning of Sunday the 6th Instant, and in the Afternoon discovered Three Sail, to which we immediately gave Chace; but from the Distance I could form no Judgement of their Force, or what they were; the Victor Brig was at this Time in Company Three or Four Miles astern, and as her Rate of Sailing was inferior to that of the Rainbow, I made the Signal for her making more Sail, to avoid separating from her: At Sun-set we had gained so much on the Chace as to discover they were large Ships, standing as we were on the Starboard Tack, with the Wind at W. N. W. I judged from thence, that they were bound to some of the Ports of New England.

I followed them with all the Sail I could crowd, and at Dawn of Day next Morning we saw them again about Three Points on the Weather Bow, with a Sloop in Company; the prest Sail I carried all Night had increased the Distance from the Victor Brig so much, that she was no longer discernable from the Mast-head.

The Ships we were in Chace of were about 5 or 6 Miles distant, and from many Circumstances I had no Doubt were Part of the Rebel Fleet, which had sailed some Time before from Bolton under the Command of Manley; continuing the Chace, and gaining upon them, they quitted the Sloop, and set her on Fire, going off in a regular Line of Battle ahead, and setting Top Gallant Royals, and every Sail that could be useful to them.

A little after Six we discovered another Sail standing towards the Rebel Ships; she crossed us on the

contrary Tack at about Four Miles Distance, and put about when she could fetch their Wakes; from her not making the private Signal to me, I concluded that she was another of the Rebel Frigates, and therefore paid no Regard to an English Red Ensign she hoisted, and two Guns she fired to Leeward.

About Ten in the Morning the Enemy's Ships went away lasking, and Three Quarters of an Hour afterwards I was surprized to see several Shot exchanged between the sternmost of them and the Stranger who had last joined, and whom I had hitherto looked upon as another of their Fleet. I then hoisted my Colours; shortly after which the two sternmost of the Rebel Frigates hawled their Wind, whilst the headmost kept away about two Points from it. This brought the English Ship (which I afterwards found was the Flora) more abreast of them, who passed to windward, exchanging a Broadside with each, and pursuing the Fugitive, who, from the Alteration two or three Times of her Course, seemed uncertain which to steer. The Flora gained fast upon her, which she perceiving hawled her Wind again, and soon afterwards tacked and stood after her Comrades, exchanging a Broadside with the Flora as they passed each other.

I was just putting about after the two Ships, when I observed this unexpected Manoeuvre of the Rebel Frigates, which made me stand on something longer before I tacked, hoping to get her within Reach of my Guns as she passed me: I accordingly did so, but had not the good Fortune to bring down either a Mast or Sail by my Fire.

I tacked immediately after her, and soon afterwards saw the headmost Rebel Frigate put about; she passed me just out of Gunshot to Windward, and appeared a very fine Ship of 34 Guns, with Rebel Colours flying. One of the Gentlemen of my Quarter-Deck had been a Prisoner lately at Bolton, and knew her to be the Hancock, on board of whom Manley commanded; the Sea Officer in whom the Congress place great Confidence, and who is the Second in Rank in their Navy.

The Ship I had fired upon I found outailed me, and soon after my tacking went away lasking, whilst the other Frigate kept her Wind. I then saw with Concern, that one of the three must unavoidably escape, if they thus steered different Courses; I therefore judged it best to put about and follow the Hancock, which appeared the largest Ship: Whilst I was in Stays, the Flora passed me very near in Pursuit of the Ship I had fired upon.

It was about Two o'Clock in the Afternoon of Monday the 7th of July, that I tacked after Mr. Manley, who seemed at first rather to outfail the Rainbow; but I understood afterwards, that to endeavour making his Ship sail better, he started all his Water forward, and by that Means put her out of Trim. An Hour before the Close of Day, he altered his Course, and kept away large; however, we got so near to him before dark, as enabled us, by Means of a Night-glass, to keep Sight of him all Night. At Dawn of Day he was not much more than a Mile a-head of me; soon after which we saw a small Sail to Leeward, which we found to be the Victor Brig, who, as we passed, fired at the Rebel Frigate, and killed one of the Men at the Wheel, but was not able, from bad sailing, to keep up, or come near any more. About Four in the Morning I began firing the Bow-chace upon her, with occasional Broadside loaded with Round and Grape, as I could bring them to bear, some of which struck her Masts and Sails. At Half an Hour past Eight I was so near as to hail her, and let them know, that if they expected Quarter, they must strike immediately. Manley took a few Minutes to consider; and a fresher Breeze just then springing up, he availed himself of it, by attempting to set some of the Steering Sails on the other Side,

Side, I therefore fired into him; upon which he struck the Rebel Colours to His Majesty's Ship, after a Chace of upwards of 39 Hours.

I sent my First Lieutenant, Mr. Haynes, to take Possession. She proved to be a Rebel Frigate, fitted out by the Congress, called the Hancock, of 32 Guns, mostly 12 Pounders, and had about 229 Men on Board. Her Complement is 290 Men; the Remainder were in the Fox. She is a very large Frigate, quite new off the Stocks; and I am informed that, though from her Faults and their Mismanagement we came up with her, yet that she is one of the fastest sailing Ships ever built.

Mr. Manley informed me, that the Ship the Flora was in Chace of was His Majesty's Ship the Fox of 28 Guns, which he had lately taken on the Banks of Newfoundland; and that the other Frigate was the Boston of 30 Guns, commanded by M^r. Neale. I found Captain Fotheringham, late Commander of the Fox, and 40 of his People, on board the Hancock; but his Officers and some of his Men were put on board the Boston Frigate, and the Remainder sent in a Fishing Vessel to Newfoundland.

After taking out the Prisoners, I found it necessary, from their Numbers being very near as many as my own Ship's Company, to return to Halifax, where I arrived with my Prize on the 11th Instant.

I had the great Satisfaction on my Arrival to find the Flora and the Fox both here; she had retaken the latter shortly after I passed her.

Sir George Collier, in the above Letter, gives an Account.

That, Advice being received on the 16th of June, of a Party of the Rebels, supposed to consist of about 200 Men, having landed in the River St. John's, he ordered Captain Hawker of the Mermaid, with the Gage armed Sloop and Nova Scotia armed Schooner, to proceed with the utmost Expedition into that River; That Major-General Masley ordered some of the Highland Regiment to embark on board the Mermaid; that he also ordered the Vulture Sloop, and Hope Schooner from the Balon of Minas and Annapolis, to join Captain Hawker; and that a Detachment was likewise sent from Fort Cumberland, under Brigade Major Stedholm, who was to command all the Troops on this Service. That Captain Hawker arriving off St. John's Road on the 27th, found the Vulture in that River, and was informed by Captain Feattus, that the Rebels had taken Possession of the Town, and had fired on his Boats, and wounded Six of his Men on their attempting to land. That when the Mermaid anchored in the Road, the Rebels quitted the Town, and posted themselves in the Woods, round the Harbour; that neither the Hope, nor any of the armed Vessels with the Troops from Fort Cumberland were arrived; but that Captain Hawker, nevertheless thinking he had a sufficient Force to attack the Rebels, made a Disposition accordingly; that Major Stedholm critically arriving, took the Command of the Detachment upon their landing, and marched them into the Woods, dividing his Party so well, and giving so brisk a Fire, that the Rebels were soon put to Flight; and being better acquainted with the Country than the King's Troops, made their Escape by gaining the Whale Boats, and pushed up the River above the Falls. The Loss on either Side was very inconsiderable.

Admiralty-Office, August 20, 1777.

PURsuant to an Act of Parliament passed in the Twenty-sixth Year of His late Majesty's Reign, this is to give Notice to the Concerned, that Information has been sent to this Office, That, on the 9th Instant, the Brigantine La Diligente, of Rouen, of the Burthen of about 100 Tons, whereof Charles Constantine Poon was Master, laden with Pitch and Rosin, and bound from Bayonne to Bristol, was

driven on Shore on Santon Sands in Bristol Channel but, after discharging the greatest Part of her Cargo, has been got off again, and brought into the Port of Barnstaple.

Pb. Stephens.

AVERAGE PRICES OF CORN,

From August 11, to August 16, 1777.

By the Standard WINCHESTER Bushel of Eight Gallons.

	Wheat.		Rye.		Barley.		Oats.		Beans.	
	s.	d.	s.	d.	s.	d.	s.	d.	s.	d.
London,	6	8	3	0	2	5	2	0	3	8
COUNTIES INLAND.										
Middlesex,	6	8			2	8	2	4	3	5
Surrey,	6	6					2	2	4	1
Hertford,	6	10					2	4	3	10
Bedford,	6	9					2	2	3	6
Cambridge,	6	4					1	10	2	9
Huntingdon,	6	8	3	4	3	1	1	11	3	3
Northampton,	6	8	3	4	3	8	2	4	3	11
Rutland,	7	4			4	4	2	0	4	4
Leicester,	7	0	3	8	3	7	2	4	4	4
Nottingham,	7	1	4	2	4	0	2	5	4	4
Derby,	7	8					2	6	4	8
Stafford,	6	5	4	8			2	8	4	8
Salop,	6	10	4	2	3	3	2	5	4	1
Hereford,	6	9					2	5	4	1
Worcester,	6	0	3	1			3	0	4	10
Warwick,	6	6					2	8	3	11
Gloucester,	6	10			2	6	2	5	3	11
Wiltz,	6	8			3	1	2	3	3	11
Berks,	6	2			2	6	2	4	3	5
Oxford,	6	5			2	8	2	3	3	6
Bucks,	6	8			3	0	2	4	3	8
COUNTIES upon the COAST.										
Essex,	6	8			2	7	2	1	3	4
Suffolk,	5	11	2	10	2	6	1	11	3	0
Norfolk,	5	10	2	11	2	1	1	11		
Lincoln,	6	2	3	11	3	0	2	1	3	8
York,	6	9	4	4			2	3	4	1
Durham,	6	10	4	4			2	5	4	1
Northumberland,	5	6	3	5	2	3	1	10	3	4
Cumberland,	5	9	3	3	2	6	2	1	3	2
Westmorland,	6	8	3	8	2	9	2	3		
Lancashire,	6	4			2	9	2	3	4	3
Cheshire,	6	8			3	2	2	4		
Monmouth,	7	4			4	0	2	4		
Somerset,	7	5			2	9	2	1	3	11
Devon,	6	10			3	2	1	8		
Cornwall,	6	7			3	5	1	8		
Dorset,	6	7			2	8	2	1	3	8
Hampshire,	6	3			2	4	2	1	3	10
Sussex,	5	10			2	4	2	1	3	4
Kent,	6	8			2	7	2	1	3	2

From August 4, to August 9, 1777.

W A L E S.

North Wales,	6	6	4	8	3	6	1	11	3	10
South Wales,	6	10	5	6	3	11	1	11	3	4

Part of S C O T L A N D.

Wheat.	Rye.	Barley.	Oats.	Beans.	Fig.
4	6	1	9	1	7
			2	4	1
			2	4	9

Published by Authority of Parliament,

Willm Cooke.

East-India House, August 20, 1777.

THE Court of Directors of the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East-Indies do hereby give Notice,

That a Quarterly General Court of the said Company will be held at their House in Leadenhall Street, on Wednesday the 24th of September next, at Eleven o'Clock in the Forenoon.

East-India House, August 20, 1777.

THE Court of Directors of the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East-Indies, do hereby give Notice,

That the Transfer Books of the East-India Annuities will be shut on Friday the 12th of September next, at Two o'Clock, and opened again on Monday the 13th of October following.

And that the Dividend Warrants, due the 10th of October, will be ready to be delivered on Monday the 3d of November next.

Excise-Office, London, August 21, 1777.

WHEREAS, in the Night between the 15th and 16th Days of this instant August, Luke Lidiard, Tide surveyor, and Robert Warbrick, Boatman, in the Service of the Excise at the Port of Lancaster, were violently assaulted, beaten, and dangerously wounded, on the Highway near Lancaster, by Persons unknown, about Twenty in Number, and supposed to be Sailors: The Commissioners of His Majesty's Revenue of Excise hereby give Notice, that any one who will discover or cause to be discovered any of the Persons concerned in assaulting and beating the said Lidiard and Warbrick as above-mentioned, so as such Person or Persons may be prosecuted for the said Offence, shall, on Conviction of the Offender or Offenders, receive a Reward of Thirty Pounds.

London, August 19, 1777.

ALL Persons indebted to the Estate of Thomas Ward, of Guildford in Surry, Coal-merchant, are required not to pay their Debts to any Person but Hayes Forree and Thomas Rogers, or any one they may appoint, they being properly authorised to receive the same.

H. Forree,
Tho. Rogers,
N^o 131, Cheapside.

IF Timothy Darnbrooke, late of Boston in New England, or his Wife, are living, they are desired to apply to Mr. William Binfield, of Bishopgate-street, London, Jeweller, one of the Executors of John Darnbrooke, late of Nicholas lane, London, Taylor, deceased, for Payment of such Legacy as was bequeathed to them by the Will of the said John Darnbrooke.

To John Eldred and Thomas Harrison, and their or either of their Children, or their Issue.

WHEREAS Elizabeth Dresser, late of All Saints Parish in Cambridge, in the County of Cambridge, Widow, did, by her last Will and Testament in Writing, bearing Date the 22d Day of July, 1774, give and devise all her Real Estate situate in the Parish of All Saints in Cambridge aforesaid, unto Robert Franks, Grocer, and Thomas Smith, Upholsterer, of the said Town of Cambridge, and their Heir, in Trust for Three Years, computing from the Day of the Death of the said Elizabeth Dresser, for the Benefit of her Cousins John Eldred (Son of Eldred, late of London, deceased, by Elizabeth his Wife, formerly Elizabeth Austin, Spinster) and William Harrison, (Son of Thomas Harrison, heretofore Cook of Trinity College, Cambridge, by Ann his Wife, formerly Ann Austin, Spinster) for their natural Lives, in equal Moities as Tenants in Common, or the Survivor of them; and, in Case the said John Eldred and William Harrison should be dead at the Time of the Death of the said Elizabeth Dresser, then for the Benefit of the Issue of their two Bodies, in equal Moities as Tenants in common; or in Case only one surviving Child either of the said John Eldred or William Harrison shall personally apply within the Space of Three Years as aforesaid, to the said Robert Franks and Thomas Smith, or the Survivor of them, he or she will be benefited by the Will of Elizabeth Dresser aforesaid: Now this is therefore to give Notice to the said John Eldred and William Harrison, and their Child and Children, and their Issue, and all and every of them, that the said Elizabeth Dresser deputed this Life on the 23d Day of November in the Year of our Lord 1774; and that unless the said John Eldred and William Harrison, or the Survivor of them, or either of their Child or Children, or their Issue, shall personally apply, making out his, her, or their Right, Title, and Claim, within the said Space of three Years, computing from the 23d Day of November, 1774, aforesaid, to the said Robert Franks and Thomas Smith, or the Survivor of them, they and every of them will be excluded all Benefit intended them or either or any of them, by the Will of Elizabeth Dresser aforesaid, deceased. And the said Elizabeth Dresser, by her Will, directed an Advertisement to be inserted in the London Gazette, within one Month next after her Decease; and to be inserted once in every three Months, during the said Space of three Years, computing from the Time of the Death of Elizabeth Dresser aforesaid.

THE Creditors of Henry Tipping, late of King-street, Cheapside, London, Warehouseman, are desired to meet the Assignees of his Estate and Effects, on Thursday the 28th of August instant, precisely at Five o'Clock in the Afternoon, at North's Coffee-house, in King-street, to assist to or dissent from their commencing, prosecuting, or defending, any Suit or Suits at Law or in Equity concerning the said Bankrupt's Estate and Effects; and to their compounding, submitting to Arbitration, or otherwise agreeing, any Matter or Thing relating thereto; and on other special Affairs.

THE Creditors who have proved their Debts under a Commission of Bankrupt awarded and issued against George Hallis, late of George-yard, Lombard-street, London, Broker, Dealer and Chapman, are desired to meet the Assignees of the

said Bankrupt's Estate and Effects, on Tuesday next, the 26th Day of August instant, at Five of the Clock in the Afternoon precisely, at the King's-head Tavern, in the Poultry, London, in order to assist to or dissent from the said Assignees commencing, prosecuting, or defending, one or more Suit or Suits at Law or in Equity concerning the said Bankrupt's Estate and Effects; or to their compounding, agreeing, or submitting to Arbitration, any Matter or Thing relating thereto; and on other special Affairs.

THE Creditors of Mr. Samuel Dickinson, late of Lower East-Smithfield in the County of Middlesex, Brewer, (a Bankrupt) are desired to meet the Assignees, on Thursday the 11th of September next, at Eleven o'Clock in the Forenoon, at the said Bankrupt's Brewhouse, on special Affairs.

WHEREAS a Commission of Bankrupt is awarded and issued forth against Richard Goodwin, Thomas Darwell, and Joseph Thackeray, of Friday-street, London, Linen-drappers, Dealers, Chapman, and Partners, and they being declared Bankrupts, are hereby required to surrender themselves to the Commissioners in the said Commission named, or the major Part of them, on the 2d and 9th Days of September next, and on the 4th Day of October following, at Ten of the Clock in the Forenoon on each of the said Days, at Guildhall, London, and make a full Discovery and Disclosure of their Estate and Effects; when and where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, and at the Second Sitting to chuse Assignees, and at the last Sitting the said Bankrupts are required to finish their Examination, and the Creditors are to assist to or dissent from the Allowance of their Certificate. All Persons indebted to the said Bankrupts, or that have any of their Effects, are not to pay or deliver the same but to whom the Commissioners shall appoint, but give Notice to Messrs. Raincock and Boltin, Old Jewry.

THE Commissioners in a Commission of Bankrupt awarded and issued forth against John Armitage, of Long-acre in the County of Middlesex, Upholder, Dealer and Chapman, intend to meet on the 10th Day of September next, at Ten o'Clock in the Forenoon, at Guildhall, London, (by Adjournment from the 12th Instant) to take Proof of Debts, and to proceed to the Choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the said Bankrupt's Estate and Effects, in the Room of Robert Wilkinson, pursuant to the Lord Chancellor's Order.

THE Commissioners in a Commission of Bankrupt awarded and issued forth against Awdry Longden, now or late of the Parish of Witterbourne Bassett in the County of Wilts, Dealer in Horses, Dealer and Chapman, intend to meet on the 31st Day of October next, at Ten o'Clock in the Forenoon, at the House of Thomas Lawrence, the Black Bear Inn, in Devises in the County of Wilts, in order to make a Dividend of the said Bankrupt's Estate and Effects; when and where the Creditors, who have not already proved their Debts, are to come prepared to prove the same, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the said Dividend. And all Claims not then proved will be disallowed.

THE Commissioners in a Commission of Bankrupt awarded and issued forth against James Batt, late of the City of New Sarum in the County of Wilts, Victualler, Dealer and Chapman, intend to meet on the 16th Day of September next, at Ten o'Clock in the Forenoon, at the White Hart Inn, in New Sarum, to make a Final Dividend of the said Bankrupt's Estate and Effects; when and where the Creditors, who have not already proved their Debts, are to come prepared to prove the same, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the said Dividend. And all Claims not then proved will be disallowed.

WHEREAS the acting Commissioners in the Commission of Bankrupt awarded against Richard Barfoot, late of Norton Falgate in the County of Middlesex, Wine-merchant, Dealer and Chapman, have certified to the Right Honourable Henry Earl Bathurst, Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, that the said Richard Barfoot hath in all Things conformed himself according to the Directions of the several Acts of Parliament made concerning Bankrupts; This is to give Notice, that, by virtue of an Act passed in the Fifth Year of His late Majesty's Reign, his Certificate will be allowed and confirmed, as the said Act directs, unless Cause be shewn to the contrary on or before the 13th Day of September next.

WHEREAS the acting Commissioners in the Commission of Bankrupt awarded against Robert Hill, of New Bond-street in the Parish of Saint George Hanover-square in the County of Middlesex, Coachmaker, Dealer and Chapman, have certified to the Right Honourable Henry Earl Bathurst, Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, that the said Robert Hill hath in all Things conformed himself according to the Directions of the several Acts of Parliament made concerning Bankrupts; This is to give Notice, that by virtue of an Act passed in the Fifth Year of His late Majesty's Reign, his Certificate will be allowed and confirmed as the said Act directs, unless Cause be shewn to the contrary on or before the 13th Day of September next.

In last Tuesday's Gazette, in the Commission against James Syme, for James Syme, of London, Merchant, read James Syme, of the City of London, Merchant.