The London Gazette.

Outliffed by Authority.

From Churiday, December 27, to Monday, December 31, 1666.

Plymouth, Decemb. 25.

N Hamburgher lately arrived informs us of five French Men of War of 50 and 54 Guns, that ten days fince were crafing, and lay then ten Lesgues off of Ouestant, but were but slenderly manned : Yesterday arrived the Santia Maria of Newport, who came out of Coquette in company with 60 fail of French Mirchants bound for St. Maloes and Hauvre de Grace, another Veffel newly come in advites us of three Capers plying about Scilly of 6 or 8 guns apiece, but had not as then met

with any booty.

Alborough, Decemb. 26, This morning some sayles being ciscovered from hence, coming out of the Sea from the North-East, a boat was immediately sent out by us to take an account of them, who going aboard one of them, which proved a Swede, returned with this information: That the whole Fleet of Men of War and Merchant ships, amongst whom were some Swedes, being in all about 70, set sail together from Gettenburgh the 18 or 19 instant, and off the Seam, for two daies met with a cross Wind at W. S. W. but then the Wind coming about to E. N. E. blew fo hard, that they were obliged to separate and keep at good distance in their return. Seaven Men of War and one Fireship are now in view of this place, the Fiteship having had the luck in the storm to run aboard a Dutch ship and surk her, be-sides these another Fregat even now appears out of the North-East, and we suppose the whole Fleet will suddenly arrive, this being the first land they have made since they Put out to Ses.

Portsmouth, Decemb 27. Yesterday a private man of War plying off the Iste of Wight, sent in hither a supposed prize, but a pretended Oftender, bound homewards with French-Wines, and this morning Captain Hogg of the Flying Horse sent in another Vessel with the same lading, pretending to be a Swede belonging to Stockholme; our thips cruising about these Seas, have so well secured them,

that no Enemy has of late shown himself.

Norwich, Decemb. 26. The Account of our Bill of Mortality for this last week runs thus, buried of all diseases

21. whereof of the Plague 11.
Warsim, Decemb. 1. The Diet is of late faln into some disputes, especially about the vacancies, and are resolved to set all other business aside, till they are first disposed of, but more particularly they are concerned for those two greater charges of the Generalship of Lithuania, and the Geat Chancellorship of Poland; the former, vacant by the death of Sapia, the latter, by the promotion of the Chancellor to the Archbishoptick of Gnesnes; whose Pallium for investiture, being not yet come from Rome, he seems at present unwilling to part with the Seal, till he be better affured of the Croher; which pleases not the Lower House, and therefore they have presse, that he speedily declare himself which of the two he resolves to hold, having voted one of them to be void, and to be disposed of before they make any farther progress into other business. Whilest this business was in debate, The Landts Ensign of Bielsky in much zeal minded the Diet of three other vacancies which were very pernicious to the Kingdom, viz. Fides, Veritus, and Justitia, there being neither Faith, Truth, nor Justice to be found amongst them, particularly instancing about the recompence that was to be given to Prince Radquil for his right to Bar.

The Swedes Envoyé Extraordinary who continues still in this Court, intends (as 'tis faid) to give in a Memorial to the

the last Treaty in the Articles concerning Religion, the Protestants having been of late severely dealt with, and a Church taken from them at Torne, expresly contrary to that Treaty. The Jesuite Pikarsky in his Sermon this day preached before his Majesty bitterly inveighed against the Evangelists, and besought his Mijesty not to admit them to any publick employment or riuft, giving much vent to his passion, with such expressions as much dis-satisfied the Roman Catholicks them-

The Cossacks and Tartars are certainly entred into an Alliance, (and 'ris now feared) against the Poles, which, if true, will much frustrate the hopes we have hitherto entertained, of regaining Ukraniatrans Boristhenem.

Lubomirsky upon his pilgrimage for Loretto, is as yet got no farther then Breflaw, where, 'cis said, he intends to make some stop, expecting the issue of the Diet, which we begin to fear, will not conclude to peaceably as was at first imagi-

Ditto, Decemb. 5. The affairs of this place carry not so smooth a face as they did at the beginning of the Diet, which meets every day with new difficulties and concests, that about railing of moneys for the payment of the foldiery and publick debts, being none of the least 3 and 'tis much doubted, that in this, is well as other particulars, this Assembly may end with little satisfaction to his Majesty. The El. ctor of Brandenburgh, and Duke of Gurland, press hard for the money owing to them from this Crown. The greater part of the Nobility are much disfatisfied with the French, who (they suppose) have largely contributed to the disturbances of the Kingdom; and 'tis thought, they will ere long prevail for their banishment, excepting onely such of them as are domestick fervants to her Majestv.

Rome, Decemb. 4. His Holine's much concern'd at the censures of the people upon his retirement from Publick busineis, has (though in his bed) applied himself for their satisfaction, to give Audiences, first to his Ministers and Confidents, and afterwards to Ambassadors and Ministers of Forreign Princes; whole Audiences were but short, but the Cardinal Nephew, by his Holine's order, has in some measure satisfied them, by his discoursing their effairs more largely with them: The Astrologers who have long amused the people with their vain Predictions of great misfortunes to the Pope in this year 1666, being reprosched with the small effects that are yet visible, have to salve their reputation given out that the year is not ended till March, in which space many events may be expected: His Holinels Teems much concerned that his Christian Majesty has so far entred upon that which we here suppose to be the Right of the Church, as to change and alter the ancient Orders so long continued therein, in limitting the ages of such persons as desire to be admitted into Religious Oiders, and has the rupon sent to his Nuncio at Paris, commanding him to make his complaints to that King, and to declare, that all alterations in the Church belong folely to the Pope, and the Apostolical Chair, and to desire his Majesty to revoke his Edict.

- Venice, Decemb. 10. The building of the four Gallions some time since ordered, has been till now deserted, upon confideration of a fit place to build them in, which they would not adventure to do at the Arfenal, fearing the Chanel might not be large enough to launch them. A more fit place is now found out, and some few daies will give beginning to this necessary work, the Workmen being stready ordered to attend that business; and indeed sogreat a zeal appears in all persons for the effectual carrying on the War, that we doub Diet, supposed to amount to a complaint of the violation of not of setting out as large a Fleet the next spring as ever thit 5 B

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Republick formerly surnished eleven flout Gallies more, being by that time to be fitted up to carry 12000 Men, the rest of the Fleet to carry the like proportion. Several of our new ships are launched, and some of them fitted up for service, one of them a large. Galley, is brought up before St. Marks, in which his Excellency Morosini intends to embark, and has accordingly commanded his Guns aboard, with all necessaries for service.

The next week the Senate to do honor to the memory of the late Signior Ballarine, who by his services has highly merited from this Republick, have given order for his solemn Funerals, which done, his son is to make a publick entry, and take peffession of the charge of High Chancellor, vacated by the death of his Father.

The Count Ciavarina is making preparations for his speedy journey to Conjantinople, as Ambassacor in the room of the deceased Ballarino.

Three French ships are some days since arrived here with a great quantity of pieces of Eight, upon the account of our Marchants: The Duke of Saveys Ambassador Ellicites hard for the calling home of the Marqueis Ville, whom his Master intends to employ in some service nearer home.

Letters lately arrived from the Armata, by the way of O-tranto advise us, That the Turks having often in vain attempted the succor of Canea, by the common and ordinary shipping, have lately effected it by their light Galleys, which by the advantage of their Oars, wailing not for convenient winds, have successfully landed some series in that Island, these Galleys coming from Napoli, a place not far distant from the Visier Bassa, occasions a report, That the Visier was in person transported with an Army of 20000 Me.; but of this we must expect a farther account. By a Vessel arrived from Zante, we are informed, that the Squadron of Ships that some time since sailed hence under the command of Semitecolo, have by the way met with cross winds, and are not as yet gotten beyond Corfu.

Paris, Decemb. 29. The Sieurs Renouard and Rubentel having been some time since suspended from their charges, are by his Mijesties favor re-admitted to their commands, as Captains of his Guards: His Majesty has named several persons Commissioners to visit the Towns of Gorbie, Roye, and Bapaume, which he designs suddenly to dismantle. We are also informed, that the Sieur de Bourds, Governor of Brissas, is lately dead of the Plague.

The Government of Orleans being lately vacant upon the death of the Marquels de Sourdiz, the Mareschal de la Ferte petitioned his Majesty, that he would be pleased to give him leave to make an exchange of his Government of Metz, for that other lately faln of Orleans, the Dutchy he possesses this within the bounds of the said Government, but his Majesty could not gratifie the Mareschal in his desires, having already disposed of it to the young Marquels, son to the deceased.

'Tissaid, that he has conferred the Government of Amboise, which also belonged to the late Marquels de Sourdiz. upon Madamoiselle de la Valliere.

His Majesty is sending some Companies of Foot to Madagascar, and 'tis said others will be speedily ordered for the Planrations in America.

Edenburgh, Decemb. 22. This day were exected fix of the ten Rebells that were sentenced by the Justice on Tuelday last, viz. Mr. Hugh Mackel, one of their Ministers, a prime Incendiary, Humphrey Colgmen, Mungo Karpe, Ralph Sheil, fo. Wadrop, and fo. Wilsin. The Council being pleased to exempt them from dismembring; the other four, Tho. Lennox fo. Lindsey, Will. Pedant, and Robert Maximilian, are reprieved.

We are assured from Dublin, that upon the first news of the breaking out of this late Rebellion, Sir George Hamilton, Sir Arthur Forbes, Richard Murrey of Broughton Esquire, and nine other eminent Scotch Gentlemen living in Ireland, out of their deep sense of Loyalty to their Prince, and hearty concernment for their Countrey, were resolved each of them to have raised a Troop of Horse upon their own expences, and to have transported themselves for His Majesties service, into

their own Countrey, to have affisted against the Rebels, but were happily prevented in their intentions by the welcome news of their defeat.

Cowes, Dacemb 28. On the 23d instant Captain Hegg, in the Flying-Horse, sailing hence, the next morning haled a Dantzicker bound with Salt for Oslend, and asterwards gave chace to three others to the Southwards, where thenry Sail coming down the Chanel upon him, he adventured to stand within shot of them, whose Colours discovering them to be Dutch, he was forced to sail off, being chased by them within a league of the Casquets, where they lest him within shot, and passed by him; that night he stock one of their Fleet, being a Galliot Hoy of Flushing bound for Bourdeaux; the Fleet consisting of several Mirchant ships, convoyed by four States Men of War, from twenty four to thirty six Guns.

From aboard the Warresspight, towards the Coast of Holland, Decemb. 26. The eighteenth instant, the whole sleet of Men of War and Merchants came out from Gottenburgh, and the same night off the Scaw, the wind taking us short, made us apprehend some danger in that place, but the care that was generally taken, p. evented all inconveniencies: The next morning, being all together, it was thought fit to bear up for Malstrand, wi ereupon our approach, the weather growing very thick, with much Snow and Wind, the Men of War came to an Anchor: About two of the clock, we thought fit to bear away together, but ill weather again taking us, we stood over to the Fastand coast, where the storm growing greater, we could not lie by, but bore away for our own coast, and by its continuance all that night, we were forced to separate.

The 21 being more moderate, we lay by for twelve hour, attending the ships that were at Stern, of whom, we made up 18 sail, and by them being informed that the rest of the sleet were on head of us, we bore away after them.

The 25 inftant coming pail the Texel, we discovered five fail of Hollands Men of War standing to us; whereupon we fitted our selves to receive them, as did also the other ships in our company, viz. The fersey, Diamond, St. Patrick, Nightingale, and Oxford, we then bore upon them, and our ship being a head, gave to one of the enemy a weatherbroad-side, and then bore down upon the Admiral, and two others with our lower tire out 3 which so well shook themsthat to get f. om us, the Admiral ran aboard one of his companions; our other ships likewise so well plied them, that in a short time we took three of them, whereof the Admiral was one; Fohn Bondt Commander, of 38 Guns and 180 Men, call'd the Gleane Harder, her Masts being shot by the Board, we were forced afterwards to burn her, having first taken cut the Men : the two others taken, were the Leyden, fean Blackenberg Captain, and the Yatch Eeles Captain Vanberg Commander, each of them of 36 Guns, and 140 and 146 Men, all three of them having loft in the fight about fifty men spiece. The other two Vessels endeavored to save themselves by flight, but were chaced by two of cur Fregsts, which continued within night, but with what success we yet know not. We loft (God be praised) but few men in this encounter, and are still in a good condition for further service, the greatest hurt we received, being in our Sails and Rigging.

Alborough, Decemb. 28. On the 26 in the Evening, five more of our Gottenburgh fleet appeared, and yesterday in the morning nine others, all of them standing in to the Gunster and Harwich.

This afternoon the Diamond coming into this Bay, made a Waife for a Pilot, which was immediately fent him, by whom we are informed of the encounter with five Durch that came from the Texel, and the taking of three of them. They tell us farther, that two Scotch Privateers have lately taken a lufty Danes Man of War about the Scam, and faw the wrecks of two others that have been there cast away; of which, we expect a farther account.

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Above 35 Sail more of the Gottenburghers have thele light nights been feen passing by; and even now, a great ship is seen sailing to the Southward, supposed to be the War-shight.