The London Gazette.

Published by Authority.

From Thursday November 9. to Monday November 13. 1676.

A List of the Sheriffs of the several Counties appointed for the Year ensuing.

 $\mathbf{B}^{\mathsf{Erks}}$ Bedford Buckingham Cumberland Chetter Cornwal Cambridge, and Huntington Devon Dorset York Effex Derby Glocester Hertford Hereford Kent Lancaster Leicester Lincoln Monmouth Northumberland Northampton Norfolk Nottingham Oxon Rutland Salop Somerfet 1 Stafford Suffolk Southampton Surry Suffex Warwick Worcester Wilts Brecnocke Caermarthen Cardigan Glamorgan

Pembrooke

Caernirvan

Montgomery

Radnor.

Anglesey

Denbigh

Flint Merioneth Major Dunce
Thomas Arnold of Ampthill Efq;
Sir Compton Read Kt.
Bleuerhaffet Efq;
John Davies of Manly Efq;
Francis Trefucis Efq;
Wissiam Drewry Efq;

William Bastard Esq;
John Every Esq;
ir Godfrey Copley Baronet.
John Morewood Esq;
John Morewood Esq;
Sir William Juxon Baronet.
Sir Jo. Read Baronet.
William Goodyere Esq;
John Grove of Tunstall Esq;
Alexander Rigby Esq,
Walter Rudirgs Esq;
John Loof Esq;
Herecht Whitfeild Esq;
Norson of Gotterstöcke Esq;

'Christopher Layer Esq; Richard Slaughter of Nutthall Esq; Fohn Gower Elq; Ezekiel Johnson Esq; Roger Evans Elq; Ralph Stawel Efg; Walter Scrimshaw Esq; John Action of Bramford Elg; Richard Pile Esq; Sigismond stidoif Esq; George Kilner Eig; Henry Pudsey Efq; William Doud well Efg; Giles Exrle Esq; Rice Penrey of Brecnocke Elq; Fohn Scurlocke Efq; Benjamin Collier Elq; Miles Mathews of Lankayagh Efg; David Morrice Efq; Robert Outler Elg; Thomas Michell Efg; Griffith Winne of Peny Berth Esq; John Langford Eiq; John Roden Elq; Griffith Vaughan Ela;

Vienna, Nov. 5. The Emperor, as we are told, continues hisrefolition of parting hence the 19 instant to Lints, from whence he will remove to Passaw, to celebrate his marriage there the 9th of December; and on the 15th of Fanuary their Imperial Majesties will return hither. The last week by Letters from Cracow

David Maurice Elq;

we had an account of the conclusion of a Peace between the King of Poland and the Turks, at a time when that King was reduced to very great streights, and was so befet by the Insidels, that the whole Kingdom scemed to be in pain for him; but it appears by the honourable Conditions obtained by the Poles that if their affairs were not in a very good posture, those of their Enemies were not in a much better, and that they desired a Peace as much as the Poles.

Copenhagen, Nov. 7. The two Armies continue in the Field, the Suedes on the other fide of Helmstadt, and ours on this; the former pretend to put a fuccor into Malmoe, which place bath been blocked up feveral months, and to that end they have a great many Wagons laden with Provisions, but our Forces will have a watchful eye upon them to prevent the faid delign. In the mean time our Army suffers very much by being ob iged to continue in the Field fo late in the year, and the Soldiers are very desirous to come to some action which may determine the Campagne, and let them enjoy their Winter quarters in quiet. The 1d instant out King was at Christianstadt, where, it's said, his Majesty means to remain, till the Suedes are retired fo far, as not to give biorany farther jealoufie for this year. Here are fitting but some light Frigats, who are to Cruise this Winter upon the Coast of Pomeren, to hinder all communicarion between those pairs and Sueden. The Suedes, we bear, will likewise have some of their smaller ships at

Hamburg, Nov. 13. We cannot as yet make any judgement concerning the iffue of the Siege of Sterin, though the general opinion is, that his Electoral Highners will not be able to go through with it at this season; for we are told, the Inhabitants, though they have suffered very much by the Besiegers Cannon, yet do not in the least abate in their courage and resolution to desend the place to the last extremity.

Schafhuysen, Nov. 7. The Imperial Army has for some time been encamped near Rhinfelden, and ar present their Generals seem to have quitted all thoughts of passing the Rhine, however the Cantons keep the men, they assembled upon the sirst alarm still together, which ing that the best way to maintain their Neutrality, while the Armies continue in their Neighborhood. The Electoral Prince of Suxony arrived here 7 or 8 days since, and partednot till this morning, being gone to the Army; during his stay here, our Magistrates presented him with several Tuns of Wine of the growth of this Country, and 12 Sacks of Oats for his Horses. The Boors of the Swart Walt kill many of the Imperial Soldiers daily, in revenge of the spoils and ravages committed by them.

Strasburg, Nav. 8. The Imperial Army continues to have its quarters between Friburg and Rhinfelden, though we are affored that it will decamp the 15 of 16 inflant, and march towards Suabid and Franconia in order to the going into Winter-quarters. This thought the French will not remain in the Field long after them, yet in the mean time three Regiments are marched from Saverne to join the Duke of Luxemburg. Two par-

ties

ties, one of 100 and the other of 50 Horfe of the Lu-Renburg Troops, have this week appeared in the Lower Alface: it is said they had a design to intercept the Commissary of Haguerum who was abroad.

Cologne, Nov. 13. The Ofnabrug Troops having threatned to revenge the repulse they received at Lin, our Elector has reinforced the Garison that was there before with 50 men from Nais. The two Brandenburg Regiments that were in this Diocess, are marched towards the Countrey of Cleve. From Triers and those parts we have advice, that the Confederate Troops under the command of the Duke of Zell, continued en-Eamped near Deuxponts, into which place the Mareschal de Crequi had put a very sufficient Garison, and was himfelf posted with the Forces under his command near Sarbruck, to observe the motions of the said Consederaces; our Letters add, that it was believed the Duke of Zell would very quickly put his Troops into Winterquarters, and that the Baggage of the Imperial detache-ment commanded by Major-General Dunewalt, had already repassed the Rhine; and just now we have advice that the Ofnabrug Troops, and the two Dutch Regiments which were marching towards the Mofelle, are coming back into this Diocels, where they are to winter.

Liege, Nov. 13. The French are at work at Verviers, to demolish it; as they mean to do to Stauclat, Malmedi, Sp1, Theux and Hoye. Le is still said that a Convoy of 10000 men is expected at Maestricht from Charleroy, and that they will take their march through Condrots; it's said their chief bufiness is to convoy a considerable Train of Artillery, which is more than what they have tife for at Maestricht to Charleroy. Some will say that the Prench intend to quit Limburg towards Spring.

Higue, Nov. 17. As yet the Court of Justice hath not pronounced any Sentence against the Sieur de Groot, and many are of opinion there will be none, and that he will be acquirted without that formality. The States of Holland will not be affembled till the 24 instant, when we may expect to hear that formething will be refoved as well concerning the work of the Peace, as the continuing the War, if that be not made this winter. We have Letters from Nimeguen of the 14 instant, which say, that the Mediators labouted very much with the Ambassidors upon the place, in order to the giving the Treaty a beginning, but that there wanted still the Ambassadors of some of the principal parties. There is Indeed fome discourse in Town that the Prince of Orange intends to pass into Zealand to settle the matter in difference about Dr. Momma, but the certainty we as yet knownor. It is faid that the States have within these few days received Letters from the Duke of Zell, in which he acquaints them, that he was arrived with the Confederate Troops under his command near Deuxponts, and that it had been resolved to make an attempt upon that place, which is of no great strength, but supplyed at present with a very strong Garison. All our Letters from Strasburg inform us, that the Duke of Lorrdin intended to decamp from Schlingen the 15 inflant, in order to his putting his Troops into Winterquarters which were affigned them by the Emperor in Suabia and Franconia, though some Letters add, that a confiderable part of the Imperial Troops, would go and winter in the Emperors Hereditary Countrys. Yellerday his Excellency the Lord Berkely, Ambassador and Pledipotentiary of his Majelly of Great Britain for the Treaty of Peace at Nimeguen, parted hence for Amsterdam, from whence he intended to proceed to Nimeguen. 'Yesterday was his Highnesses birth day, when he was 26 years old.

Bruffels, Nov. 17. We expect with some impatience the arrival of the Spanish Ordinary, which we promise out felves will bring Bills of Exchange for a Million of Crowns as least, to be employed for the making the necessary preparation's against the next Campagne. Our Governor General has appointed in the mean while a review to be made of 'all the Forces at present in the service of these Provinces; and we are told that some Troops will be reformed to make up others. From Germany they write, that the Duke of Deuxponts had fupplyed the Duke of Zells Forces with 15000 Measures of Corn 3 which the Spaniards are to repay at Treves, and that all parties were preparing to go into their Winter-quarters.

Whitehal, Nov. 10. His Majesty having lest it to the Queen to nominate Her pew Lord Chamberlain, Her Majesty was pleased to make choice of the Right Honourable the Earl of Offiry for that Ossice, and accordingly this day gave him the Key; and His Mjaesty to shew his approbation of the said Choice, hath declared that his Lordship shall also continue in the place he had before of Gentleman of His Maiesties Redthe place he had before of Gentleman of His Majesties Bed-

chamber.

Dines, Nov. 12 His Majefly having been graciously pleased to translate the Right Reverend Father in God Doctor Sparrow late Bishop of Exercit the Sec of Norwich, and to make choice of the Reverend Dector Thomas Lamplugh Dean of Rockester to succeed in the Bishoprick of Exeter, this day was performed the Solemnity of his Consequation in the Chappel of Lambers, by the Right Reverend Father in God Henry Lord Bishop of Lond don, his Grace of Canterbur,'s Commissioner for that purposes affilted by several other Bishops, in the presence of many of the chiefest of the Nobility, and other persons of Quality, who were afterwards entertained at a noble Dinner.

Advertisements,

To the Excise, with Notes in the Margin. To which is added an Abridgment or Breviary of the said Statutes: Wherein the Substance of all that relates to one and the same Matter on Head respectively, is collected together, and placed under one and the same proper Title, and reserved to the Pages of the said Statutes, for the more case and ready finding: With a Table of all the said Titles subjoined. Printed by the As-signs of His Majastics Printers, and sold by most Booksellers.

The great Law of Confideration: or, A Discourse, wherein the Nature, Usefulnes, and absolute Ne-cissiv of Consideration in order to a truly serious and reli-gious Life, is laid open: By Anthony Horneck, Preacher at the Savoy. Sold by Samuel Lownds near the Savoy in the

of Tripla Concordid: or, A choice Collection of new Airs, in three parts, for Trebles and Bass-Violins, by several Authors; Never before Published. Sold by John Carr Musical Instrument Seller, at his shop under the Middle

Temple gate in Fleet ftrees.

Temple gate in Fleet firete.

Oft the 3d instant, out of the Parish of Twickingham in the County of Middle fex, three Nags. The first a dark gray, about 13 hands, a shalf shorn Mane, a too Tail, with a white stripe on his hind Leg slope ways, about 5 years old. The second a bright bay, about 13 hands, a short bob tail, the near hoof before being crackt and broken, wish a gap at the toe. The third a black brown, about 14 hands, having a little heat on his fore feet, a bob tail, and a brand mark on his near hip, somewhat like a G. Whoever gives notice of the said Nag at the Feathers in Twickingham, shall be very well rewarded. warded.

Hereas some of the Christalline or Fline Giaffer formerly made, have been observed 1 to crizel and decay. Thefe are to give Notice, That the defect hath been redressed several months ago, and that all the Glasses made fince, and hence forward, were, and will be, as durable and lasting as any fort of Glasses whatever, several Tryals having been made thereof, and attested by those of the Trade of Glass-Sellers, and f n further assurance, a Seal or Mark hath lately been set on them, for diffinguishing them from the former Fabrick, and shall be continued.