

The London Gazette.

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Dantzicke, Sept. 22.

From the Polish Camp we have Letters of the 11 instant, that say the Turks and Tartars being joined together, and consequently making a formidable Army, had taken *Jagelnic* and *Czenstow*, and afterwards advanced to *Jeslowitz*, which through the cowardize or treachery of the Governor, was delivered up without firing of one Gun; that the King of *Poland* had thereupon called a Council of War, to resolve what was best to be done for the opposing the Enemy, who threatened to invade the heart of the Kingdom, and that the resolution had been taken to make all the defence that was possible, and to dispose of the few Forces they have to the greatest advantage, and at the same time, that according to a former resolution, Commissioners should be sent to *Seiasan* Bassa, to Treat of Peace.

Madrid, Sept. 23. On the 12 instant was declared the intended Marriage of our King, with the young Archduchess of *Austria*, the Emperors daughter, and most of that day was spent in the publick demonstrations of joy. On the 15 was celebrated a Bull Feast in the *Priora*, and most of the last week was employed in complements to their Majesties on this occasion by the foreign Ministers, the Councils, and other persons of Quality. On the 19 instant their Majesties went to the *Escorial*, with intention to continue there several days. The Baron of *Bergeicke* is preparing to begin his journey in the beginning of the next Month for *England*, where he is to reside in quality of Envoy Extraordinary till the arrival of the Marquis de *la Fuentes*, who will have the Character of Ambassador Extraordinary. From *Allicast* of the 7th instant they write, that four of the Spanish Men of War, which have lay'n so long at *Carragena* were gone to Sea, having several Companies of Foot on board, but that it was not known whether they were bound for *Sicily* or for *Catalonia*; That the Sicknes was very much decreased at *Carragena*, and that at present but few died of it. From *Malaga* of the 25 past they tell us, that the Corsairs of *Sally* had taken a Portuguese Ship belonging to *Brazile*, in which, besides a very considerable lading, they took 72 persons. From *Cadix* they write, that there was arrived a Vessel from *Argiers*, and in her a Captain of a Spanish Advice-boat, as a Passenger, who had been some time Captive in *Argiers*, having been taken in his Voyage home, being dispatched by the Governor of *St Domingo*, to bring advice hither, that 16 Men of War, supposed to be French, were arrived in those parts, and that it was apprehended their design was to intercept the *New Spain* Fleet.

Copenhagen, Sept. 26. Our King continues encamped with his Army not far from *Helmstadt*, being desirous to have a certain account of the posture of the Enemy, before he removes from thence, which will be to put his Forces into Winter-quarters; for as to *Helmstadt*, we are assured that the King will not begin the Siege of it so late in the year, but rather will prepare for an early Campaign the next Summer. The Swedish Army we are told is likewise retired from *Falkenburg*, on the other

side of *Helmstadt*, where it hath lain some time. Our Fleet will now come in very suddenly, and the Dutch Men of War will be sent home, there being no appearance of the *Suedes* Fleet coming to Sea this year. A Vessel arrived from *Sueten* brings advice, that 5000 Finlanders were arrived at *Stockholme*, and would in few days continue their march to the Army.

Hamburg, Octob. 2. Though we formerly told you, that after the surrender of *Lochenitz*, the Elector of *Brandenburg* was marched with part of his Forces towards *Settin*, to attack it, yet we do not hear that his Electoral Highness is set down before it, endeavouring it seems rather to make himself Master of the place by treaty than by force. *Demmin* in the mean time continues to be very closely pressed, and the Besiegers have begun to make use of their Bombes and Rebels, with which they have burnt greatest part of the Town; however the Garrison will not as yet hearken to any Terms, which the Besiegers offer, in order to their surrendering the place. The 30 past arrived here the Duke of *Mecklenburg* from *England*. Our Letters from *Warsaw* give us an account, that the Turks and Tartars advance towards the Polish Frontiers and that the King was gone in great haste to the Army, which lay encamped at *Leopold*, with intention to march immediately, and to make head against those Infidels.

Strasburg, Sept. 28. The Troops which were employed in the Siege of *Philipburg*, having joined the Duke of *Lorraine* near *Offenburg*, the 26 instant in the morning the Army decamped, and marched towards *Brisgow*; that day the Cavalry passed the Rivers *Kneitzig* and *Schutter*, as the Infantry did yesterday, and this day the Army is advanced to the River *Elz*, and has its head-quarter at *Esenheym*, where the French were lodged not many days since; at present they lie encamped near *Brisac*, the Duke of *Luxemburg* having fortified his Bridge over the *Rhine*, that he may with the greater safety repass it, when he shall see it necessary. Major-General *Schultz*, who commands a small body of Men on the side of *Friburg*, does very much incommode the Enemies Foragers, of whom he takes many Prisoners, as the other day he took 100, notwithstanding they were guarded with a good Body of Horse. It is reported that the Duke of *Lorraine* intends to fortifie *Newbourg* above *Brisac*, which the French formerly burnt. The Prince of *Baden Dowlach*, General of the Forces of the Empire, is brought hither very much indisposed. The French continue to lay up great stores of Provisions at *Schlestadt*, *Laverna* and *Haguenaw*, which very much contradicts what is said of their design to quit the latter.

Cologne, Octob. 2. The Troops of *Luxemburg* and *Munster* march but slowly, nor having advanced at all since our last; for the 30 past, the former were still encamped between *Dillemburg* and *Wetzlar*, and the latter near *Siegen*, in the Countrey of *Nassaw*, which is made an argument of their intending no action this Campaign, but onely to take Winter-quarters in these parts. The young Princes of *Newburg*, who remained at *Dusfeldorp*, are to follow the Duke their Father to his Territories on the *Danube*, and preparations are accordingly making