

All the other Regalia were brought to his Majesty in the same Manner.

The Ceremony of crowning the King being finished, the Senator Grand Marshal of the Court gave Notice to the Heralds, appointed for that Purpose, to proclaim, That Gustavus the Third was now crowned King of Sweden and Gothland, with the Provinces thereunto belonging: He and No Other.

In the mean Time the Senator and Grand Court-Marshal gave the Signal for the Firing to begin; upon which the Guns were fired from the Artillery and Admiralty, 112 Cannons from each; after which all the small Arms of the Regiments, and of the Burghers of Stockholm, were also fired.

A Second Firing followed immediately in the same Order, and then the Heralds proclaimed, *Long live King Gustavus!* The Organs and Musick began, and a Psalm of Thanksgiving was sung by the Bishop of Wexio. Afterwards the Bishop of Abo chaunted a Prayer at the Altar, with the Blessing, and then the Musick began again.

Immediately after the Blessing the King left the Chair, and went to his Throne, clothed in the Coronation Mantle, with the Crown on his Head, the Sceptre in his Right Hand, and the Globe in his Left.

The King being seated on the Throne, the Senators, who had carried the Regalia of the Kingdom, placed themselves before his Majesty.

The Princes then went to conduct the Queen, and her Majesty was placed in the Silver Chair.

The Princes, having conducted her Majesty to the Coronation Chair, and assisted her to kneel, and to rise after the Anointing, returned to their Chairs.

The Senators, who had accompanied the Queen in the Procession, surrounded her Majesty, and the Standard of the Kingdom, borne by the Baron Ribbing, was still behind the Chair.

Senator Arnell, with the Archbishop, took the Queen's Royal Mantle from the Altar, and put it upon her Majesty's Shoulders, in which they were assisted by the Ladies of her Majesty's Bed Chamber: After which her Majesty, kneeling down before the Bible, was anointed on the Forehead and Hands, a Prayer being read by the Archbishop as before. The Queen being again placed in the Chair, the Archbishop, assisted by Senator Falkengren, took the Crown from the Altar, and placed it on her Majesty's Head, repeating a Prayer as before.

All the other Regalia were brought in the same Manner to the Queen, as they had been before to the King; after which the Senator Ehrensrona directed the Heralds to proclaim, That Sophia Magdalena was crowned Queen of Sweden and Gothland: She and No Other.

The same Senator, as executing the Office of Grand Marshal for the Day, ordered the Signal to be given for the Firing for the Queen, which was performed with Ninety Cannons of the Artillery, and the same Number of the Admiralty; which was followed by the small Arms, as before.

A second Firing followed immediately in the same Order; and then the Heralds proclaimed, *Long live Queen Sophia Magdalena!*

Then the Bishop of Gottenburg read a Form of Prayer for the Occasion, and having given the Blessing, the Musick began again; during which her Majesty returned to her Throne.

As soon as the Queen was seated on her Throne, his Majesty returned to the Silver Chair, which was turned towards the Congregation, and then a Herald summoned the two Princes of Sweden to come forth, and take their Oath to his Majesty; upon which their Royal Highnesses left their Places, and, kneeling before his Majesty, took their Oath, which was read by the President of the Chancery.

When the Princes were returned to their Chairs, the President of the Chancery first, and the other Senators afterwards, were also summoned by the Heralds, and took their Oath in like Manner, kissing his Majesty's Hand before they returned to their Places.

This being done, his Majesty returned to his Throne as before, and the Princes went and saluted the Queen on her Cheek; after which the Senators kissed her Hand. A Psalm of Thanksgiving was sung, and, during the Musick, which succeeded it, the Procession began to move out of the Church in the same Order in which it had entered.

As soon as they were returned to the Palace, the King's Rent-Master, accompanied by Twelve of the Horse-Guards, threw out Money to the Populace, and, when the Coaches and Horses were gone Home, the Firing began again, first with 222 Cannons, and then with 180.

Several Hogheads of Wine, and an Ox roasted whole, were at the same Time distributed among the Populace.

About Nine o'Clock their Majesties supped in Publick, in the Great Hall of the Kingdom, which was richly ornamented, and magnificently illuminated. There were two Tables, one for their Majesties, the other for the Princes: Senator Count Horn presented the Water to the King, and Senator Sparre the Napkin, to wash his Hands.

The Senators Counts Gyllentjern and Beckfries performed the same Offices to the Queen.

Their Majesties sat at Table with their Crowns on their Heads, and the Royal Mantle on their Shoulders.

The Senator Count Beckfries performed the Office of Carver, and the Dishes were brought to the Table by Colonels.

When Supper was over, and the Ceremony of Washing repeated, the Senators Reuterholm and Fünk delivered the Sceptres and Globes again to their Majesties, who went out of the Hall in Procession, as they had come into it.

The Musick began as soon as their Majesties appeared in the Hall, and continued playing all the Time their Majesties remained there.

After the Royal Supper was ended, Two Tables were served for the Senators, and their Ladies, and one for the Foreign Ministers, at which Baron Duben did the Honours as President of the Chancery, and was assisted by Senator Falkenberg, Counsellor of the Chancery, and his Lady, and also by Baron Bunge, Chancellor of the Court.

The Deputies of the States were at the same Time entertained in different Apartments of the Palace.

On Sunday Te Deum was sung in the King's Chapel, and in the Evening there was a Court.

On Monday June 1. the Grand Ceremony was performed, of the States taking the Oath of Allegiance to the King, in a great Amphitheatre built for that Purpose in one of the Courts of the Palace, which was so well contrived, as to afford one of the finest Sights imaginable.

The same Evening there was a Ball in the great Hall of the Kingdom.

*Stockholm, June 5.* The King of Sweden has, on the Occasion of his Coronation, instituted a new Order, called the Order of Vasa. There are three Classes; Four Great Crosses, who are to wear a watered Green Ribbon, from the Right Shoulder to the Left, with an Oval Ornament hanging to it, in which is a Wheat-Sheaf; and the Words inscribed on the Oval are, *Gustavus the 3d Institutor, 1772.* They are also to wear a Silver Star with Eight Points; Twelve Commanders, who are to wear the same Ribbon, without the Star; Fifty Knights, who