

drawn up. In like manner the Princes Guards were disposed.

In the Trenches was Colonel *L' Aveque* with three Regiments, the Regiments of the *Rhingrave*, of *Cassoyne*, and *Timmung*, being drawn up for a Reserve, under the command of Colonel *Capoyne*.

About five in the afternoon, the English on the right hand, and the Guards on the Left, were ordered to begin the Attack; which they did with great Courage, and gained the Bastion; and the English, though they had the farthest way to go, exposed all the while to the Enemies Shot, entering the Breach first behaving themselves (as in all other occasions in this Siege) with the greatest Courage and Resolution possible: But our Men had not been long there, when the Enemy sprung a Mine, (by which several of ours were killed and wounded) and following it with a Sally, beat us off again; but the Assaultants being seconded with some fresh Troops, presently renewed the Attack, and after a very sharp dispute, retook the Bastion, and lodged themselves in it: so that we are now but 40 paces from the Counterscarp, which we shall attack tomorrow or next day. We cannot yet give you the particulars of our killed and wounded, which are not a few.

Hague, Aug. 7. The Letters from the Camp at *Maeßtricht* tell us, that the 4th, at night, the Besiegers regained the Dauphins Bastion, though with great loss of Men, having been several times repulsed by means of the Enemies Mines, before they could lodge themselves, which they finally did, and continued in possession of the Bastion when our Letters came away, which was the 5th, at noon. The English we hear have gained very great Honor in these Attacks; of whom a great many were killed and wounded, with several Officers; Colonel *Fermike* is wounded. *Stade* was not yet delivered up, when our last Letters came from *Hamburg*; but it is not doubted but that in a day or two at farthest we shall hear it is. Some say, that the difficulty was, that the Bishop of *Münster* pretended to have his 400 000 Crowns paid before the Duke of *Zell* took possession of the place, and that the Duke had sent to *Hamburg* to raise the Money.

Brussels, Aug. 7. Count *Waldeck* having parted from the Duke of *Villa Hermosa* near *Glen* with the Dutch Troops, encamped the last night on this side of *Asche*, about two Leagues from hence, where he hath rested all this day, and tomorrow will pass the Canal, and so continue his march towards *Maeßtricht*. This day we have News from *St Omens*, that the *Marschal de Humieres* has taken the strong Fort of *Lincke*, which lies between that City and *Bergs St Winne*. We have Letters from the Camp before *Maeßtricht*, dated yesterday, which give us an account, that the 4th inst. in the afternoon, the Prince of *Orange* having resolved to retake the Dauphins Bastion, appointed 200 English, and as many of his Guards, to make the Attack, which they did with great Courage and Resolution, and with very great honour to the English, who first entered the Breach, and gained the Bastion; that having been some short time possessed of it, the French sprung a Mine, by which many of the Guards as well as of the English were destroyed, and immediately made a vigorous Sally, and quite beat the Assaultants from their Post; who being presently seconded by the *Rhingraves* Regiment, renewed the Attack, and notwithstanding all the resistance of the French, re-entered the Breach, regained the Bastion, and lodged themselves in it. In these Attacks, it is said 400 of the Assaultants were killed and wounded, and a greater number of the French, who were forced to leave their dead behind them in the Bastion, and many of their wounded. This Bastion is about 40 paces off the Counterscarp, which the Besiegers have so near approached, that it was resolved to assault it as this night; which if the Besiegers have the good fortune to gain, the place will not be able to hold out many days longer: The 3d instant arrived in the Camp seven fresh Regiments detached from Count *Waldeck's* Army; they took their Post on the side of *Wjete*, and have begun to open their Trenches on that side, to give the Besieged a diversion. In the mean time, the Governor of *Maeßtricht*, according to the report of several Deferters, is resolved to defend the place to the last extremity, having made it death for any person so much as to speak of a Surrender. Our Letters from *Alsace* put us into great expectation of some sudden Action about *Philipsburg*, the Duke of *Luxemburg* was to march the 2d instant from *S. L. z.* to attack, as was given out, the Imperial Army in its Retrenchment; while an attempt should be made to put a Succor into *Philipsburg* by way of the *Rhine*; for which purpose they had contrived a great Float or Machine, on which they had placed

some Cannon, with a good Troop of Foot, which descending with the Current, was designed to break the Imperialists Bridge; which done, it was believed no great matter for the Soldiers to get into *Philipsburg*. To prevent which, the Duke of *Lorraine* had manned out a great many Boats to secure his Bridges, and to attack the Enemy, if they came down by water; and for a farther prevention that no Succors might get into the Town, it was resolved to attack the Counterscarp the 1st instant at night.

Went, Aug. 8. His Excellency the Duke of *Villa Hermosa* continues encamped at *Maïerke*, to observe the motions of the Enemy. The *Marschal de Humieres* we hear, having left a Garison of above 3000 Men in *Aire*, marched with the rest of his Forces, which were about 10000 Men, to besiege the Fort of *Lincke*, and has taken it; by which means, *St Omer* will be very much straitened, being shut up on one side by *Aire*, and on the other by this Fort, and *C. flut*, which the French fortified. Yesterday arrived here the *Marquis de Waëguy*, late Governor of *Aire*, with about 900 Men; he hath given his Excellency an account of that Siege; that he Enemies Cannon and Bombes had done such execution, that great part of the Town, as well as the Magazine, had been ruined; upon which, the Burghers, who were 1500 Men in Arms, stronger than the Garison, of whom 400 Men were killed during the Siege, compelled him to Capitulate, and surrender the place. This day we have advice, that the *Marschal de Schomberg* is marching towards *Valenciennes*, as if he had some design upon that place, which we the more apprehend, for that it is suspected those Inhabitants incline to the French; hereupon it is believed we shall march tomorrow, his Excellency having given orders for the laying the Bridges over the *Lis*.

Paris, Aug. 8. Our last Letters from the Duke of *Luxemburg's* Camp at *Seltz*, in *Alsace*, are dated the 1st instant, and only tell us, that having received a great quantity of Oats and other Provisions for Horse and Men from *Lorraine*, the orders were given out to march the next morning, with a resolution if possible to relieve *Philipsburg*; so that without all doubt, our next Letters will give us an account of some action from *Aire* they write, that the 5th instant the *Marschal de Humieres*, after having put a good Garison into the place, marched with 11 Battalions of Foot, and 40 Squadrons of Horse, to besiege the Fort of *Lincke*, which is not far from *Göbeline*. From *Lille* we hear, that the *Marschal de Schomberg* was marching with 80 Squadrons of Horse, and 30 Battalions of Foot, towards *Conde* and *Valenciennes*. From *Charlevoix* we have an account, that the 30 past, the Prince of *Orange* took one of the Bastions of *Maeßtricht*, called the *Dauphins Bastion*; but that after having been about an hour in possession of it, was beaten out again with great loss of Men: it is said here, that the Besiegers had between 7 and 800 Men killed and wounded. *Philipsburg* makes likewise a brave defence; and we have an account of several persons of quality that have been killed before it.

Advertisements.

The Vanity of Arts and Sciences. By

Henry Cornelius Agrippa Knight, Doctor of both Laws, Judge of the Prerogative Court, and Counsellor to *Charles V* Emperor of *Germany*. Printed for *Samuel Speed*, and sold by the Book-sellers of *London* and *Westminster*.

Lost or stolen from the Lord *Lovelace's* house at *Woodstock* July 25. A white Beagle with yellow spots, three down her back, and one upon each side, with yellow ears, and a spot upon her forehead. Whoever gives notice of her to the Right Honourable the Lord *Lovelace* at *Hu ley* in *Berks*, or *Woodstock* Park at *Woodstock*, shall have 20 s. Reward.

Lost or stolen July 18, from Sir *Charles Windham's* house at *Cranbury* near *Winton*, a white middle-sized Spaniel Bitch, with large brown legs, some yellow upon both ears, a spot upon her side, and a little yellow about her tail. Whoever brings her to Sir *Charles Windham* aforesaid, or to Mr. *John Kerr* near the *Excess-Office* in *Tread Street*, *London*, shall have 20 s. Reward.

Stolen or strayed July 9, out of the Grounds of *Nicholas Tyson* in *Ipswich*. A bright dun Mare, about 13 hands, near 7 years old, cloudy headed, a fair star in her forehead, a black mane and tail, a black list down her back, having all her paces. Whoever gives notice of her to Mr. *Thomas Dudson* at the *Back boy* in *Grace-church*, *London*, or to Mr. *William Shaw* in *Ipswich*, shall have 20 s. Reward.

Strayed or stolen on the 29 of July last, out of a Field near *Knaish Town*, a brown bay Gelding near 15 hands, a'out 6 years old, a bob tail. Also a white gray Gelding near 15 hands, bob tailed, marked with a Strawberry colour round his body, goard on the nether buttock behind, lately rowelled on the nether shoulder, a Patten shoe on the off foot before. Whoever gives notice of them to *John Easton* at the *Rose and Crown* in *St Giles* in the Fields, shall be very well rewarded.