

The London Gazette.

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From Monday July 31. to Thursday August 3. 1676.

Dantzick, July 25.

THE twenty third instant arrived here the Marquis de Bezune, with his Lady and Attendants, by Sea from France, on their way to the Court of Poland; from whence we hear, that Ibrahim Basha is certainly on his march towards that Kingdom, with a very great Army, and a Train of 120 pieces of Cannon; that he had already passed the Danube; which, notwithstanding, the Gentry of Poland are wanting in the payment of those Contributions, which were granted at the last Dyer; and by that means, have disabled the King from putting himself into the posture he ought to be for the opposing so great a force. His Majesty (who is pretty well recovered of his illness) as the last remedy, hath issued his Letters for the convoking the Armerban for the defence of the Kingdom.

Naples, July 14. On the 30 past arrived at Messina, three Men of War, and 14 other Vessels, laden with Provisions and Ammunition from Rochelle, to the great encouragement of those people, who expect very suddenly the return of the French Fleet from Toulon. The Spanish and Dutch Fleet, consisting in 18 Men of War, and 21 Gallies, is still at Palermo, though in a condition to put to Sea very suddenly. The three Spanish Men of War that have been so long in Port here, are likewise ready to sail.

Leghorne, July 20. From Florence we have advice, that an Express was passed through there, on it's way to Spain, from Naples, with an account, that the Turkish Armada, consisting in 50 Gallies, and 30 Men of War, and other Vessels, had appeared near Valona; and that it was apprehended that they had either a design upon the Kingdom of Naples, or else upon Maltha; of which we must expect the confirmation.

Venice, July 25. From Corsu we have advice, that the Provéditor General Priuli was there, having with him but few Gallies; for that he had sent out greatest part of his Squadron to Cruise, and look after the Corsairs of Barbary and St Maure which latter do a great deal of mischief. From Constantinople they write, that the 1st instant, the Grand Signior made his publick Entry there with great solemnity; but that he went, frequently absent, and lodged under his Tents; and that he had declared his resolution to return within three Months to Adrianople. That 16 Gallies were gone out under the command of Bichi Bassa, to Cruise in the Archipelago; and that 20 Gallies more, under the Captain Bassa, were gone into the Black Sea to prevent the depredations of the Cossacks. By a Courier arrived here this afternoon from Rome, we have an account of the death of the Pope.

From the Camp before Philip-burg, Aug. 1. This Siege advances daily, though with much difficulty, through the great opposition of the Besieged. The 29 past, the Marquis de Grana being in the Trenches with Prince Herman of Baden, was wounded in the Arm, though without any danger; the same day Prince Pio, and the Baron de Soye, the Spanish Envoy, visiting the Attack at Kinsheim, the first was killed with a Cannon Bullet, and the other very much wounded. The 30, the Be-

sieged made a Sally with 200 Foot, and 150 Horse, with a great number of Granadiers at the head of them but after a brisk dispute, were repulsed, though with the loss of 60 killed, and 30 wounded, on the part of the Besiegers. The last night we came with our Trenches so near the Counterscarp, that this night we shall attack it; and the rather, for that the Duke of Luxemburg is endeavouring to put a relief into the place on the side of the water.

Spire, Aug. 1. The Duke of Lorrain lies encamped as formerly, having taken all the care possible to prevent the design the Duke of Luxemburg seems to have to succor Philipsburg, by the way of the Rhine. This day was brought hither the Body of Prince Pio, from the Camp of Philipsburg. Fifteen hundred Men of Hessian Cavalry are arrived at Manheim, and will continue their march to the said Camp.

Hamburg, Aug. 4. Stade is not yet delivered up, but Passengers come from thence this afternoon say, that it was expected the Treaty would be concluded this evening or to morrow, and then would follow the surrender of the place. From Pomeran they write, that the Brandenburgs had taken Anclam by storm, most of the Garrison, and a great many of the Burghers having been put to the sword; and that the Danish Fleet, under the command of the Admiral Tromp had appeared upon that Coast, their design being upon the Isle of Rugen. From Copenhagen our Letters tell us, that the Cattle of Landskron holds out still.

From the Camp before Maestricht, Aug 5. The Attack we made upon the Dauphins Bastion on the 30 past, not succeeding, through the Accident you have already heard, his Highness resolved to advance his Trenches nearer to the said Bastion, and to Mine it; the first instant we fixed our Miners and they, though with great difficulty, lodged themselves, the ground being very stony. The 2d instant, the English went into the Trenches, and that night Colonel Fenwick was wounded, as his Major had been some time before though neither of them with any danger. Yesterday his Highness resolved to make another Attack upon the said Bastion, which was thus ordered:

That out of the three English Regiments of **FENWICK**, **ASHLEY**, and **DOLMAN** should be drawn

First two Sergeants with 10 Fire locks.

To be followed by 12 Granadiers, commanded by a Sergeant. By 12 Granadiers more, commanded by a Sergeant under a superiour Officer.

These to be followed by 30 Fire locks, commanded by a Lieutenant, and two Sergeants

These by a Sergeant and 12 Men with Half-pikes.

Then to follow a Captain, a Lieutenant, two Sergeants, and 50 Firelocks.

Then a Sergeant and 12 Men with Half pikes.

Then a Captain, Lieutenant and Sergeant, with 48 Men, with Spades, Shovels, &c.

Then 56 Men commanded by a Captain and Sergeant, whose business was to bring to the Soldiers all such things as they stood in need of.

That if the said Attack succeed, they should immediately make three Lodgments, one in the midst of the place, the other somewhat within the Bastion, and the other betwixt the Trenches and the Bastion, having all three communication with each other. That care be presently taken to discover the Enemies Mines, and the door of the Communication be immediately barricadoed, and Barricadoes against the Horse placed where there shall be need.

About three a clock all was disposed as above, the detached men standing in the Front of the three Regiments that were drawn

drawn up. In like manner the Princes Guards were disposed.

In the Trenches was Colonel *L' Aveque* with three Regiments, the Regiments of the *Rhingrave*, of *Cassoyne*, and *Timmung*, being drawn up for a Reserve, under the command of Colonel *Cappoyne*.

About five in the afternoon, the English on the right hand, and the Guards on the Left, were ordered to begin the Attack; which they did with great Courage, and gained the Bastion; and the English, though they had the farthest way to go, exposed all the while to the Enemies Shot, entering the Breach first behaving themselves (as in all other occasions in this Siege) with the greatest Courage and Resolution possible: But our Men had not been long there, when the Enemy sprung a Mine, (by which several of ours were killed and wounded) and following it with a Sally, beat us off again; but the Assaultants being seconded with some fresh Troops, presently renewed the Attack, and after a very sharp dispute, retook the Bastion, and lodged themselves in it: so that we are now but 40 paces from the Counterscarp, which we shall attack tomorrow or next day. We cannot yet give you the particulars of our killed and wounded, which are not a few.

Hague, Aug. 7. The Letters from the Camp at *Maeßtricht* tell us, that the 4th, at night, the Besiegers regained the Dauphins Bastion, though with great loss of Men, having been several times repulsed by means of the Enemies Mines, before they could lodge themselves, which they finally did, and continued in possession of the Bastion when our Letters came away, which was the 5th, at noon. The English we hear have gained very great Honor in these Attacks; of whom a great many were killed and wounded, with several Officers; Colonel *Fermiße* is wounded. *Stade* was not yet delivered up, when our last Letters came from *Hamburg*; but it is not doubted but that in a day or two at farthest we shall hear it is. Some say, that the difficulty was, that the Bishop of *Münster* pretended to have his 400 000 Crowns paid before the Duke of *Zell* took possession of the place, and that the Duke had sent to *Hamburg* to raise the Money.

Brussels, Aug. 7. Count *Waldeck* having parted from the Duke of *Villa Hermosa* near *Glen* with the Dutch Troops, encamped the last night on this side of *Asche*, about two Leagues from hence, where he hath rested all this day, and tomorrow will pass the Canal, and so continue his march towards *Maeßtricht*. This day we have News from *St Omens*, that the *Marschal de Humieres* has taken the strong Fort of *Lincke*, which lies between that City and *Bergs St Winne*. We have Letters from the Camp before *Maeßtricht*, dated yesterday, which give us an account, that the 4th inst. in the afternoon, the Prince of *Orange* having resolved to retake the Dauphins Bastion, appointed 200 English, and as many of his Guards, to make the Attack, which they did with great Courage and Resolution, and with very great honour to the English, who first entered the Breach, and gained the Bastion; that having been some short time possessed of it, the French sprung a Mine, by which many of the Guards as well as of the English were destroyed, and immediately made a vigorous Sally, and quite beat the Assaultants from their Post; who being presently seconded by the *Rhingraves* Regiment, renewed the Attack, and notwithstanding all the resistance of the French, re-entered the Breach, regained the Bastion, and lodged themselves in it. In these Attacks, it is said 400 of the Assaultants were killed and wounded, and a greater number of the French, who were forced to leave their dead behind them in the Bastion, and many of their wounded. This Bastion is about 40 paces off the Counterscarp, which the Besiegers have so near approached, that it was resolved to assault it as this night; which if the Besiegers have the good fortune to gain, the place will not be able to hold out many days longer: The 3d instant arrived in the Camp seven fresh Regiments detached from Count *Waldeck's* Army; they took their Post on the side of *Wjete*, and have begun to open their Trenches on that side, to give the Besieged a diversion. In the mean time, the Governor of *Maeßtricht*, according to the report of several Deserters, is resolved to defend the place to the last extremity, having made it death for any person so much as to speak of a Surrender. Our Letters from *Alsace* put us into great expectation of some sudden Action about *Philipsburg*, the Duke of *Luxemburg* was to march the 2d instant from *S. L. z.* to attack, as was given out, the Imperial Army in its Retrenchment; while an attempt should be made to put a Succor into *Philipsburg* by way of the *Rhine*; for which purpose they had contrived a great Float or Machine, on which they had placed

some Cannon, with a good Troop of Foot, which descending with the Current, was designed to break the Imperialists Bridge; which done, it was believed no great matter for the Soldiers to get into *Philipsburg*. To prevent which, the Duke of *Lorraine* had manned out a great many Boats to secure his Bridges, and to attack the Enemy, if they came down by water; and for a farther prevention that no Succors might get into the Town, it was resolved to attack the Counterscarp the 1st instant at night.

Ghent, Aug. 8. His Excellency the Duke de *Villa Hermosa* continues encamped at *Maïelcke*, to observe the motions of the Enemy. The *Marschal de Humieres* we hear, having left a Garrison of above 3000 Men in *Aire*, marched with the rest of his Forces, which were about 10000 Men, to besiege the Fort of *Lincke*, and has taken it; by which means, *St Omer* will be very much straitened, being shut up on one side by *Aire*, and on the other by this Fort, and *C. flut*, which the French fortified. Yesterday arrived here the *Marquis de Waëguy*, late Governor of *Aire*, with about 900 Men; he hath given his Excellency an account of that Siege; that he Enemies Cannon and Bombes had done such execution, that great part of the Town, as well as the Magazine, had been ruined; upon which, the Burghers, who were 1500 Men in Arms, stronger than the Garrison, of whom 400 Men were killed during the Siege, compelled him to Capitulate, and surrender the place. This day we have advice, that the *Marschal de Schomberg* is marching towards *Valenciennes*, as if he had some design upon that place, which we the more apprehend, for that it is suspected those Inhabitants incline to the French; hereupon it is believed we shall march tomorrow, his Excellency having given orders for the laying the Bridges over the *Lis*.

Paris, Aug. 8. Our last Letters from the Duke of *Luxemburg's* Camp at *Seltz*, in *Alsace*, are dated the 1st instant, and only tell us, that having received a great quantity of Oats and other Provisions for Horse and Men from *Lorraine*, the orders were given out to march the next morning, with a resolution if possible to relieve *Philipsburg*; so that without all doubt, our next Letters will give us an account of some action from *Aire* they write, that the 5th instant the *Marschal de Humieres*, after having put a good Garrison into the place, marched with 11 Battalions of Foot, and 40 Squadrons of Horse, to besiege the Fort of *Lincke*, which is not far from *Göbeline*. From *Lille* we hear, that the *Marschal de Schomberg* was marching with 80 Squadrons of Horse, and 30 Battalions of Foot, towards *Conde* and *Valenciennes*. From *Charlevoix* we have an account, that the 30 past, the Prince of *Orange* took one of the Bastions of *Maeßtricht*, called the *Dauphins Bastion*; but that after having been about an hour in possession of it, was beaten out again with great loss of Men: it is said here, that the Besiegers had between 7 and 800 Men killed and wounded. *Philipsburg* makes likewise a brave defence; and we have an account of several persons of quality that have been killed before it.

Advertisements.

The Vanity of Arts and Sciences. By

Henry Cornelius Agrippa Knight, Doctor of both Laws, Judge of the Prerogative Court, and Counsellor to *Charles V* Emperor of *Germany*. Printed for *Samuel Speed*, and sold by the Book-sellers of *London* and *Westminster*.

Lost or stolen from the Lord *Lovelace's* house at *Woodstock* July 25. A white Beagle with yellow spots, three down her back, and one upon each side, with yellow ears, and a spot upon her forehead. Whoever gives notice of her to the Right Honourable the Lord *Lovelace* at *Hu ley* in *Berks*, or *Woodstock* Park at *Woodstock*, shall have 20 s. Reward.

Lost or stolen July 18, from Sir *Charles Windham's* house at *Cranbury* near *Winton*, a white middle-sized Spaniel Bitch, with large brown legs, some yellow upon both ears, a spot upon her side, and a little yellow about her tail. Whoever brings her to Sir *Charles Windham* aforesaid, or to Mr. *John Kerr* near the *Excess-Office* in *Tread Street*, *London*, shall have 20 s. Reward.

Stolen or strayed July 9, out of the Grounds of *Nicholas Tyson* in *Ipswich*. A bright dun Mare, about 13 hands, near 7 years old, cloudy headed, a fair star in her forehead, a black mane and tail, a black list down her back, having all her paces. Whoever gives notice of her to Mr. *Thomas Dudson* at the *Back boy* in *Grace-church*, *London*, or to Mr. *William Shaw* in *Ipswich*, shall have 20 s. Reward.

Strayed or stolen on the 29 of July last, out of a Field near *Knaish Town*, a brown bay Gelding near 15 hands, about 6 years old, a bob tail. Also a white gray Gelding near 15 hands, bob tailed, marked with a Strawberry colour round his body, goad on the nether buttock behind, lately rowelled on the nether shoulder, a Patten shoe on the off foot before. Whoever gives notice of them to *John Easton* at the *Rose and Crown* in *St Giles* in the Fields, shall be very well rewarded.