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Warsaw, June 20.

THE account we receive from the Frontiers of the approach of the Ottoman Forces the more surprizes us, for that we have for some months past flattered our selves with the hopes of a sudden Peace, and that the Grand Signior was among other reasons very much disposed thereunto, through the troubles that were arisen in his Territories in *Asia*; but we have great reason to suspect, that as well the one as the other was purposely reported to amuse us, and to make us the more backward in providing for our defence; in which, they have however missed their aim, for we are assured, that the King will have very quick y an Army on Foot capable to oppose their numerous Forces. His Majesty, as our Letters from *Leopol* tell us, has appointed the Rendezvous of his Army near that place, and has written very pressing Letters to several Palatinats, who are backward in the execution of what was decreed by the last Dyet, concerning the raising of Monys and Men. It is a sad thing to hear how many poor Christians the Tartars every year carry into Slavery, they coming so on the sudden, and with so much celerity, that it is a hard matter to provide against their surprize. A great Body of those Infidels are at present advanced as far as *Caminiac* and have in a lamentable manner ravaged the neighbouring Provinces.

Stockholme, June 24. Several of our Men of War that were missing after the coming in of our Fleet, are since put in, some into one Port, and some into others; and particularly, we have an account, that Baron *Horne*, who was Rear-Admiral of one of our Squadrons, is put with some other Men of War into *Calmar*. We are told, that the King will be suddenly in Town, to give the necessary orders for the hastning our our Fleets again, which we hope to see return to Sea some time next Month. We do not yet hear that an Admiral is made choice of to succeed Senator *Cruyts*, who as you have heard, was lost with his Ship.

Copenhagen, July 4. The first instant our Fleet arrived before this place, and the same day Admiral *Tromp* entertained the King at dinner on board his Ship, the *Christianus Quintus*. The next, the said Admiral passed over into *Schonen*, and possessed himself of a small place called *Foerskadt* which the Suedes had quitted; he has caused it to be fortified, he planted 14 pieces of Cannon, and posted 1000 Men in it. Yesterday the Duke of *Holstein Ploen* went over likewise with the Infantry, and this day Lieutenant-General *Arensdoerf* will follow with the Cavalry, so that to morrow or next day our whole Army will be landed in *schonen*.

Vienna, June 20. We are told, that the Ambassadors appointed by the Emperour for the Treaty at *Nimeguen* have orders to make all haste thither; for that the Ambassadors of *France*, according to the advices we receive, are already arrived on the place. It is said, that orders have been sent from hence to the Generals of the Imperial Forces, to press the Siege of *Philipsburg* with all possible diligence.

Strasburg, July 3. The French Army, under the command of the Duke of *Luxemburg* is removed from

Brumst, and is at present encamped at *Wickersheim*. On Tuesday last a party of 2000 Horse, who were a Convoy to a great many Wagons laden with Provisions for the Army, passed so near this City, that our Burglers began to be alarmed, and ran to their Arms, and the rather, for that the French in their march ruined several Gardens belonging to our Inhabitants; but this pass without any farther resentment, upon the assurance of the French Resident here, that reparation should be made for the damage sustained; and accordingly three Deputies have been sent by our Magistrates to treat with the Duke of *Luxemburg* on this occasion.

Spire, July 4. The Imperial Troops before *Philipsburg* work with great diligence to advance their Approaches, but are much disturbed by the brisk sallies of the Besieged. The Batteries will not be finished yet in four or five days. The first instant, about four in the afternoon, the French came out, and made an attack upon the quarter of Prince *Herman of Baden*, and in the action, several were killed on both sides; about an hour after they made another sally upon the same quarter, and the dispute was very warm; among others killed on the part of the Besiegers, was the young Count *d'Isenburg*, whose death is very much lamented. The 2d instant General *Vermuller* took a Post, which the Besieged had fortified near the Town; and yesterday the French came out again, with design it is believed to have forced him from that Post; but finding the Imperialists upon their guard, returned again without making any attempt. Yesterday the Regiment of the Marquis *de Grana* arrived in the Camp, as likewise some Infantry from *Mayence*; and in few days 5000 Men of the Bishop of *Wirzbourg* are expected there, they being already on their march.

Liege, July 7. It now appears plainly, that the Prince of *Orange* will besiege *Maastricht*; the French of that Garrison have taken the Cattle out of all the neighbouring Villages into the Town. We are told, that the Prince of *Orange* is arrived this afternoon with the Troops he brought from his Army between *Maastricht* and *Tongres*; that several Dutch and Newburg Troops are on their march from *Guelderland*, and that on the other side, besides the *Osnabrug* Troops who are coming up from *Collegne*, Monsieur *Faraut* will bring to the Siege two Regiments from *Treves*, two from *Luxemburg*, and two others, so that in all, we reckon *Maastricht* will be besieged by an Army of Thirty thousand Men.

Cologne, July 7. The *Osnabrug* Troops, under the command of their Duke, are marched towards the *Meuse*, to be employed in the Siege of *Maastricht*; in their march they defeated a party of 400 French, who were going from *Maastricht* to *Limburg*. From *Strasburg* we have Letters of the 3d instant, which give us an account, that the Duke of *Luxemburg* had quitted his quarters at *Brumst*, and was marched to *Herlisheim*, where it's thought he will endeavor to pass the *Rhine* in order to his march to the relief of *Philipsburg*; in which he will be opposed by Major-General *Schaltz*, who lies with 3000 Horse on the other side of the *Rhine*. From *Spire* of the 4th, they write, that the Siege