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Warsaw, June 20.

THE account we receive from the Frontiers of the approach of the Ottoman Forces the more surprizes us, for that we have for some months past flattered our selves with the hopes of a sudden Peace, and that the Grand Signior was among other reasons very much disposed thereunto, through the troubles that were arisen in his Territories in *Asia*; but we have great reason to suspect, that as well the one as the other was purposely reported to amuse us, and to make us the more backward in providing for our defence; in which, they have however missed their aim, for we are assured, that the King will have very quick y an Army on Foot capable to oppose their numerous Forces. His Majesty, as our Letters from *Leopol* tell us, has appointed the Rendezvous of his Army near that place, and has written very pressing Letters to several Palatinats, who are backward in the execution of what was decreed by the last Dyet, concerning the raising of Monys and Men. It is a sad thing to hear how many poor Christians the Tartars every year carry into Slava, they coming so on the sudden, and with so much celerity, that it is a hard matter to provide against their surprize. A great Body of those Infidels are at present advanced as far as *Caminnic* and have in a lamentable manner ravaged the neighbouring Provinces.

Stockholme, June 24. Several of our Men of War that were missing after the coming in of our Fleet, are since put in, some into one Port, and some into others; and particularly, we have an account, that Baron *Horne*, who was Rear-Admiral of one of our Squadrons, is put with some other Men of War into *Calmar*. We are told, that the King will be suddenly in Town, to give the necessary orders for the hastning our our Fleets again, which we hope to see return to Sea some time next Month. We do not yet hear that an Admiral is made choice of to succeed Senator *Cruyts*, who as you have heard, was lost with his Ship.

Copenhagen, July 4. The first instant our Fleet arrived before this place, and the same day Admiral *Tromp* entertained the King at dinner on board his Ship, the *Christianus Quintus*. The next, the said Admiral passed over into *Schonen*, and possessed himself of a small place called *Foershad* which the Suedes had quitted; he has caused it to be fortified, he planted 14 pieces of Cannon, and posted 1000 Men in it. Yesterday the Duke of *Holstein Ploen* went over likewise with the Infantry, and this day Lieutenant-General *Arensdorf* will follow with the Cavalry, so that to morrow or next day our whole Army will be landed in *chonen*.

Vienna, June 20. We are told, that the Ambassadors appointed by the Emperour for the Treaty at *Nimeguen* have orders to make all haste thither; for that the Ambassadors of *France*, according to the advices we receive, are already arrived on the place. It is said, that orders have been sent from hence to the Generals of the Imperial Forces, to press the Siege of *Philipsburg* with all possible diligence.

Strasburg, July 3. The French Army, under the command of the Duke of *Luxemburg* is removed from

Brumst, and is at present encamped at *Wickersheim*. On Tuesday last a party of 2000 Horse, who were a Convoy to a great many Wagons laden with provisions for the Army, passed so near this City, that our Burglers began to be alarmed, and ran to their Arms, and the rather, for that the French in their march ruined several Gardens belonging to our Inhabitants; but this pass without any farther resentment, upon the assurance of the French Resident here, that reparation should be made for the damage sustained; and accordingly three Deputies have been sent by our Magistrates to treat with the Duke of *Luxemburg* on this occasion.

Spire, July 4. The Imperial Troops before *Philipsburg* work with great diligence to advance their Approaches, but are much disturbed by the brisk sallies of the Besieged. The Batteries will not be finished yet in four or five days. The first instant, about four in the afternoon, the French came out, and made an attack upon the quarter of Prince *Herman of Baden*, and in the action, several were killed on both sides; about an hour after they made another sally upon the same quarter, and the dispute was very warm; among others killed on the part of the Besiegers, was the young Count *d'Isenburg*, whose death is very much lamented. The 2d instant General *Vermuller* took a Post, which the Besieged had fortified near the Town; and yesterday the French came out again, with design it is believed to have forced him from that Post; but finding the Imperialists upon their guard, returned again without making any attempt. Yesterday the Regiment of the Marquis *de Grana* arrived in the Camp, as likewise some Infantry from *Mayence*; and in few days 5000 Men of the Bishop of *Wirzbourg* are expected there, they being already on their march.

Liege, July 7. It now appears plainly, that the Prince of *Orange* will besiege *Maastricht*; the French of that Garrison have taken the Cattle out of all the neighbouring Villages into the Town. We are told, that the Prince of *Orange* is arrived this afternoon with the Troops he brought from his Army between *Maastricht* and *Tongres*; that several Dutch and Newburg Troops are on their march from *Guelderland*, and that on the other side, besides the *Osnabrug* Troops who are coming up from *Collegne*, Monsieur *Faraut* will bring to the Siege two Regiments from *Treves*, two from *Luxemburg*, and two others, so that in all, we reckon *Maastricht* will be besieged by an Army of Thirty thousand Men.

Cologne, July 7. The *Osnabrug* Troops, under the command of their Duke, are marched towards the *Meuse*, to be employed in the Siege of *Maastricht*; in their march they defeated a party of 400 French, who were going from *Maastricht* to *Limburg*. From *Strasburg* we have Letters of the 3d instant, which give us an account, that the Duke of *Luxemburg* had quitted his quarters at *Brumst*, and was marched to *Herlisheim*, where it's thought he will endeavor to pass the *Rhine* in order to his march to the relief of *Philipsburg*; in which he will be opposed by Major-General *Schaltz*, who lies with 3000 Horse on the other side of the *Rhine*. From *Spire* of the 4th, they write, that the Siege

Siege of Philipsburg is like to take up more time than was at first expected, the Besieged making a very brisk defence. That on the first instant they made a Sally upon the quarter of Prince *Herman of Baden*, where they did considerable execution, and retired again with little loss on their side; that about half an hour after the Besieged came out again with five Squadrons of Horse and Dragoons, two Battalion of Foot, and two pieces of Cannon, and attacked the second time the quarter of Prince *Herman*, where was a sharp Fight for about an hour and a half with great loss on both sides, but especially on the Imperialists, who lost several persons of quality, and among the rest, the young Count of *Hensbarg*: the Imperial Horse, and the Regiment of Croats could not it's said come into the action by reason of the Moras, otherwise they had cut off the retreat of the Enemy, who got safely home. That the instant the Imperialists assaulted and took a Tile House near *Philipsburg*, which the Besieged had fortified.

Hamburg, July 7. From *Bremen* we have Letters of the 4th instant, which say, that the day before, 2000 Men of the Bishop of *Paderborne* passed the *Weser* near that place, and marched towards *Stade*; and that 5000 Muniter Troops were likewise expected to arrive in a day or two before *Stade*, when that place will be besieged in form. We have nothing new from *Pomeren*.

Brussels, June 10. On Tuesday last, the Prince of *Orange* invested *Maastricht* on the side of *Tongres*, having his quarters at *Can*; and the next morning the *Osnabrug* Cavalry came up, and likewise invested the place on the side of *Wycke*, the Duke of *Osnabrug* commands his Troops in person, and to avoid all dispute concerning the Supreme Command between the Prince of *Orange* and him, the Duke will have the absolute direction of the Siege on the side of *Wycke*. In their march on Tuesday, the Vanguard of the *Osnabrug* Troops met with a French party of 300 Horse, and 100 Dragoons, who were sent out from *Maastricht*; of the Dragoons, 30 were killed, and 23 made Prisoners, together with a Captain, and a Lieutenant, and the rest, together with the Horse, got into *Limburg*. The Troops that have lay'n for some time encamped near *Ruremond*, as well as those that have been drawn out of *Breda*, *Bolduc*, and other places, are likewise arrived, and have taken their quarters about *Maastricht*, so that it is now enclosed on all sides. Eight thousand Boors are on their way thither from the *Mare* of the *Bolduc*, and 2500 from *Namur*, who are to be employed for the raising the Lines. The Bridges are already fixed as well on the side of *Tongres*, as on that of *Maysycke*, for the communication of the quarters; to morrow the Trenches will be opened, and in a day or two the Batteries will be finished, on which, it is said, will be planted 80 pieces of Cannon, 18 of which carry Bullets of 48 l. The Army under the command of the Duke de *Villa Hermosa*, continues encamped at *Nivelle*; on Tuesday last his Excellency sent out the Prince of *Vaudemont*, with a Body of Horse and Foot to meet Lieutenant-General *Agurto* in his return from *Mons*, where he had been with a great Conyoy, and the next day they both returned into the Camp, without any considerable rencounter. This evening a great Conyoy goes from hence to our Army, which is believed will decamp to morrow or next day, and march towards *Senesse* as well to be nearer *Mons*, as for the conveniency of Forage, which our Cavalry begin to want, where the Army now is. The French Army remains encamped near *Kicuraine*, being commanded in chief by the Duke of *Orleans*, and under him by the *Marschal de Schomberg*.

Amsterdam, July 10. We have Letters from Vice-admiral *Ving*, who is cruising with a Squadron of Men of War to the Northward, to look for our *East India* Ships, which we expect to come, giving an account among other things of his having taken an *Argiers* Man of War of 12 Guns, and 80 Men, who was come into those Seas to look for booty, but particularly as the Turks themselves confess, to disturb our Fishing by taking out of the Busses what Men they could, and carry them to *Argiers*, to make profit of them.

Hague, July 10. We have now the certainty that *Maastricht* is besieged, the Troops to be employed in it being arrived there from several parts. This day Sir *William Temple*, Ambassador Extraordinary of His Majesty of Great Britain, parts hence for *Nimwegen*, the place appointed for the treating of Peace, where the French Ambassadors are already arrived. The Deputies of the Admiralty have frequent consultations with those of the States concerning the setting out a new Squadron of Men of War to be employed against the French in the *Mediterranean*.

Marsilles, July 6. Our Fleet of Men of War which arrived the 18 past at *Thoulon*, is returning with all the diligence possible, and we are assured, that it will be ready to sail the 18 of this Month, and that 4000 Soldiers will embark on it, for the reinforcing our Troops in *Sicily*. We have advice, that Sir *John Narborough* was sailed with the Men of War under his command for *Argiers*.

Paris, July 11. On Wednesday in the afternoon the King arrived at *St Germain*, having been met three Leagues from thence by the Queen and Dauphin. Our Letters from *France* gives us an account, that *Maastricht* is besieged by the Prince of *Orange*, and the news at Court is, that his Majesty declared his resolution of returning to the Army the next Week. We hear our Enemies report, that we lost some Men of War in the action at *Palermo*, which is a great mistake, and besides, we had very few Men killed or wounded. Our Letters from *Germany* tell us, that the Duke of *Lorraine* continued encamped at *Croon Weiffsburg*, on the River *L...*, where he is posted so advantageously, that our Army can't come at him. The Letters add, that the Duke of *Saxony* was removed from *Brumpt to Weicksbem*, between *H...* and *Strasbourg*, his Army consisting in above 40000 Men, and that he believed the Affairs of *Week*, and that he will be condemned.

Advertisements.

The Virtuoso. A Comedy Acted at the Duke's Theatre. Written by *Tho. Shadwell*.

The Man of Mode: Or, Sir Fopling Flutter. A Comedy Acted at the Duke's Theatre. By *George Etherege* Esq; Both Sold by *Henry Herringman*, at the Sign of the *Black Anchor* in the lower Walk of the *New Exchange*.

John Perry, being about 17 or 18 years of age, Ran away the 5th of this instant July, from Mr *Cranmer* in *Whitehall*, out of the Kings standing Wardrobe, in a green Cloth Livery, with brass Plate Buttons, laced with black and white, hair coloured and red, with his Coat lined with red. A thin faced Boy, with a sun-burnt complexion, and brown hair | Whoever can give notice of the party to Mr *Pie* at His Majesties standing Wardrobe, shall be well rewarded.

These are to give Notice, That there is now in *Warwick* Gaol, two persons that were apprehended about the 10th of *June*, the one of them of a middle stature, thin brown hair, thin visaged, formerly went by the name of *Crossfield*, and now by the name of *Byram*; the other person somewhat bigger than he, with a very red Face, and brown Wig, and goes by the name of *Lemon*, and by his speech a North-countryman; these was found upon them, a round silver Watch, betwixt 2 and 300 silver Half pence, Two pences, and Three-pences, some of this small money of the Parliament Coin, three Broad-pieces, besides other money: One of them dropt another round silver Watch, with a red Ribbon at the Key; one of these persons was mounted on a white Mare spotted with black spots about 14 hands, and a Flower-de-luce branded on the near Shoulder; the other a brown bay Nag above 13 hands, and some saddle pieces. There is also one of their company escaped, who called himself *Smith*, a black swarthy Man, lean-faced, having sad grey cloaths, mounted on a Dun Mare with a Lill suspected to have stolen (with a Sum of Money) a brass oval Watch with silver rim about it, the Case a little torn. Whoever shall apprehend and detain the said *Smith*, and give notice thereof to Mr *Roberts* Knight Grocer at the *Lamp* in *Broadstreet*, *Long* or to Mr *Thomas Stratford* at the *Bell* Inn in *Warwick*, shall have 40 s. Reward.