

The London Gazette.

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From Monday June 19. to Thursday June 22. 1676.

Cragow, May 17.

THis week the King and Queen returned hither from *Czenstokowa*, where they have been to perform their Devotions, but without making any long stay here, continued their journey to *Famoron* in *Russia*, with intentions of remaining there, till the King goes into the Field with the Army, which will Rendezvous near *Léopol*. We have Advice, That the Grand Signior was parted from *Adrianople*, on his way to *Constantinople*, occasioned by a Rebellion which is said to be broke out in his Territories in *Asia*; so that we hope the Port will be thereby so far diverted, as that we shall be able to make the War on this side with greater advantage to this Crown, than we have hitherto done.

Venice, May 29. Several *French* Tartanes are arrived at *Zant*, being bound with Provisions from the *Morea* to *Messina*. From *Adrianople* we have Letters overland, which say, That on the 12 past, our Ambassador at the Port had his first Audience of the Grand Signior, with the usual Solemnity; That on the 13 of the same Month, the Grand signior parted from *Adrianople*, on his journey to *Constantinople*; That that night he lodged at *Falisdere*, three Leagues from *Adrianople*, where the *Fanariotes* made a complaint to the Grand signior, that they had for several months past not received any Pay; and that the *Servizi* (Pay-master to the said *Fanariotes*) had made use of the monies for his own use: who being immediately sent for, and not being able to justify himself, was strangled in the Grand Signiors presence; That being arrived near *Constantinople*, the Grand Signior had caused his Tents to be set up, and lodged in them, sending orders to the *Sultana* Mother to repair forthwith with the Militia that was there to *Adrianople*.

Copenhagen, June 20. This morning arrived here a Vessel from the *Baltick*, the Master of which reports, That he passed through our Fleet, and that he understood there, of the Victory they had obtained over the *Suedes*, having taken 8 Men of War, &c. But this meets with little credit here, seeing the same Wind has brought this Vessel to the *Sounds*, would have brought some of our Advice-Boats, to give the King an account, if any thing considerable had passed; but because the Master of the said Vessel, hath affirmed very confidently the truth of what he reported, he hath been put into Prison, till we hear farther, that he may be either rewarded or punished.

Vienna, June 14. On Tuesday last, being the Emperors Birth-day, the Empress Dowager Treated his Imperial Majesty in her Garden of the Favorites, where was present the Electoral Prince of *Saxony*. On Monday the Emperor gave Audience to the Prince of *Norburg*, whom he received with great kindness and esteem. The Count *Minky* purposes to part hence in few days for *Nimsguth*, and will be soon followed by the Bishop of *Gunsberg*. On Thursday last the Queen Dowager of *Poland* arrived at *Neussatz*, whether the Emperor will go to visit her.

Strasbourg, June 19. The *French* Army, under the command of the Duke of *Luxemburg*, continue to encamp

ped at *Hochfeldt*, on this side the River *Sarn*; but we are told that he intends to come to *Schaf-holtzheim*, on the River *Prusch*, which is in the Territory of this City. Here was a report some dayes since, as if some Letters of the Duke of *Luxemburg* had been intercepted, by which it appeared, that he had a design to have surprized *Bergh-saurne*, *Landau*, *Weisssemburg*, and *Amwyer*; and that to prevent it, the Duke of *Lorraine* has Posted himself between *Lauzemburg* and *Weisssemburg*, as well as to keep all relief from *Philipsburg*, which will now be vigorously attacked. We are assured that a new reinforcement is coming from *Lorraine* to the D. of *Luxemburg*; and that when arrived, an attempt will be made to raise the siege of *Philipsburg*.

Spires, June 20. The Duke of *Lorraine* is at present Posted with the greatest part of the Imperial Army near *Weisssemburg*, to cover the Siege of *Philipsburg*, having sent thither 10 Battalions of Foot, to assist the Troops of the *Circles*; and we are assured, that the 24 infantry Trenches will be opened, and that then the Attacks will be advanced with all possible vigor, to which the Electors of *Mentz*, and of *Treves*, contribute, by sending several pieces of Cannon, and a considerable quantity of Ammunition. The Elector Palatine has likewise sent from the Arsenal at *Manheim*, 4 great pieces of Cannon for Battery, 4 Mortar-pieces, 200 Bombes, weighing each 60 l. &c. In the mean time we do not hear that the *French* make any motion for the relief of the place.

Frankfort, June 21. We have been here some time surprized with the various Marches and Countermarches of the Armies in *Misice*. The news of the Imperial Armies having passed the *Rhine* at *Strasbourg*, with orders as was said, from the Emperor, to march directly to the Siege of *Philipsburg*, came very unexpected, as did likewise the advice of their having again repassed the *Rhine* the 13 instant at *Lauzemburg*, which they did with great diligence, upon the information the Duke of *Lorraine* received, that the Duke of *Luxemburg* was marching towards *Hagenau*. The former is at present Posted at *Weissenburg*, while the Enemy seems intended to march back towards *Strasbourg*, which will put that City into some Alarm. In the mean time the Marquis of *Baden-Dourlach* fortifies the Posts he has taken about *Philipsburg*, which is every day more and more straitened. The other day the *French* made a Sally upon the Pioneers that were at work in the quarter of General *Vermuller*, but they were forced to retire again with some loss. The Prisoners that have been taken on several occasions, speak very differently of the condition of the place: some telling us, that there is so great want of Provisions, that the Garrison is forced to feed upon Horse flesh; others contradict this again, and assure us, that the Besieged have abundance of all Provisions, except Salt, and that the Garrison is numerous, and resolved to defend the place to the last; so that amidst these uncertainties, we know not what to credit. Our Magistrates have sent several pieces of Cannon to the Camp, which are now on their way thither, and *Strasbourg*, has done the like, the Electors *Palatine*, of *Mentz* and of *Treves*, will likewise contribute their parts: and, we are told, that

when the Attacks begin, the place will be batter'd with 60 pieces of Cannon. The three Regiments of the Circle of Franconia, expect onely the coming up of some Imperial Cavalry, which is arriv'd at *Nuremberg* to join them, and then they will march with all diligence to the Camp before *Philipsburg*. The Duke of *Wirtemberg* sends likewise several Troops, and some Cannon thither.

Cologne, June 23. The Vanguard of the *Osnaburg* Troops are arriv'd at *Mulheim*, and the rest are expected there in a day or two; the general Rendezvous will be at *Bonne*, where, it's said, they will pass the *Rhine*. Monsieur de *Louvigny* will part hence to morrow towards *Bonne*, to take upon him the command of these Troops. The Duke of *Osnaburg* is expected here this evening, or to morrow morning.

Hamburg, June 23. The Sieur *Bastiaen* is arriv'd with 7 Men of War in the *Elbe*, with design to have attacked the *Suedish* ships that came to relieve *Stade*, but they were fail'd before. In order to their return to *Gostemburg*. We hear nothing farther of a second Engagement between the *Suedes* and the *Danes* Fleets, but by the way of *Lubeck*. we have Letters from the Isle of *Rugen*, of the 17 instant, which say, That the Fleet of *Sweden* lay then off of that Isle, and that they were putting ashore about 1000 Soldiers, and a great quantity of all sorts of Military Provisions. We cannot certainly hear in what state *Wolgaft* is, the *Suedes* have been for a long time before it; and we have had several reports that it was surrendred, but without any certainty. We are told with much assurance, that the *Brandenburg* Forces will march the next week, and that they will in the first place besiege *Demmin*.

Brussels, June 26. The Most Christian King is at present encamped with part of his Army at *Kienain*, the rest of his Troops being Posted about *Valenciennes* and *Comuroy*, so that those places are in a manner blocked up; and from *Cambray* they particularly write, That the Sieur de *Muberon* was encamped with a considerable Body of Men at *Ramilly*; not far from that place, having burnt and destroy'd all the Corn and Forage in that Neighborhood; the like has been done by the Enemy in the Neighborhoods of *Valenciennes*, of *Adons*, and *St Guislain*. Our Army continues encamped at *Lombec Notre Dame*, between this place and *Ninoven*; and as yet we do not learn when it will remove from thence, though the discourse still is, that so soon as the *Osnaburg* Troops come up, his Highness will go and Besiege some place of importance. The defeat of the Cavalry of *Valenciennes* on the 19 instant, by the Baron de *Quincy*, is a very considerable loss to that Garrison, for we have now an account of 500 having been killed or taken Prisoners. By an Express from *Venice*, we receive the ill News of the *French* having burnt in the Road of *Palermo*, 10 *Dutch* and *Spanish* Men of War, and 6 Gallies. Our Letters from *Alfais* bring nothing considerable, the Duke of *Lorraine* has Posted himself very advantageously at *Crom-Weissenburg*, to secure the Siege of *Philipsburg*, to which he had sent a good Body of Infantry, which was wanted there. The 30 instant, the Duke of *Luxemburg* went and encamped within three Leagues of *Strasbourg*. The late Maitre de Camp General *Quinones*, has, it's said, received orders from *Spain* to go into the Campaign, for which he is accordingly preparing. On Thursday was performed the great Solemnity of the Prince de *Roebeck's* receiving the Order of the Golden Fleeces, from the hands of the Marquis *Burgomastro*, to which all the Nobility and Publick Ministers were invited, who afterwards were entertained at Dinner by the said Prince, with great magnificence.

Ghent, June 27. The *Spanish* and *Dutch* Armies, under the command of the Prince of *Orange*, and the Duke de *Villa Hermosa*, have been these eight dayes encamped at *Lombec Notre Dame*, about two Leagues from *Brussels*. We are in expectation that the Prince of *Orange* will go and besiege some place towards the *Maes*, while his Excellency remains in these parts, to observe the Enemy. The Most Christian King is encamped at *Ripshain*, not having with him there above 12000 Men, the rest being Posted at *Conde*, *Quevaux*, *St Amand*, *Naspe*, and other Posts about *Valenciennes*, which gives us great apprehension of the Enemies design upon that City. And from *Cambray* they write, That 8000 Men, under the command of the Marquis de *Muberon*, were encamped within a League of that place, having several pieces of Cannon with them.

Nimeguen, June 24. Since the arrival of Monsieur *Colbert*, and Monsieur d' *Auxan*, the *French* Ambassadors, the usual Visits have passed between them; and the *English*, and *Dutch* Ambassadors. A House is preparing for the Marschal d' *Ebrades*, who is expected here on Saturday next, his Excellency intending to part from *Maestrich* to morrow. The Market here is hitherto very well supplied with Provisions, and at very reasonable rates.

Hague, June 26. The Sieur *Ottensersen*, one of the Ambassadors and Plenipotentiaries of *Sweden* for the Treaty at *Nimeguen*, is arriv'd here, and in a day or two will continue his journey thither. Though we have the News of the burning our ships at *Palermo* onely from *France*, yet we can hardly doubt the truth of it; and the rather, for that we had before heard of the disagreement that was between the *Spanish* Admiral, and the Commanders of our Fleet, which in all likelihood has very much contributed to this success of the Enemy. It is much wondred, that we have not as yet any account of what has passed in the *Baltick* between the *Danes* and *Suedes* Fleet, since Admiral *Tromp* joined the former. From *Cologne* they write, That the *Osnaburg* Troops, which have been so long expected, begun to arrive upon the *Rhine*, and that in a day or two, the whole Body of them would Rendezvous at *Bonne*. The Siege of *Philipsburg* has hitherto advanced very slowly; but our last Letters from *Spire*, give us hopes, that since the Duke of *Lorraine* has sent thither 10 Battalions of Foot, things there will be carried on more vigorously for the future, in which the Neighbouring Princes are very much concerned.

Paris, June 27. Our Letters from *Flanders*, inform us of a Rencontre which the Baron de *Quincy* had the 19 instant with 1300 Horse of the Garrison of *Valenciennes*, whom he defeated, and pursued to the Barrier of *Valenciennes*, above 400 of the Enemy were killed, and many taken Prisoners. The 21 instant, the King passed the *Haine*, and took his quarters at *Kienain*, where his Majesty still continues. Our Letters from *Alsace*, give us an account, That the Duke of *Lorraine* was encamped at *Weissenburg*, having before him the River *Lauter*. The 20 instant, the Duke of *Luxemburg* marched from *Hausfeldt* to *Brump*, within three Leagues of *Strasbourg*. The 25 instant, arriv'd at *Bell-Isle* one of the Kings ships called the *Ruby*, together with the *Blauygnon*, and the *Happy*, very richly Laden from the *East-Indies*. The King has written a Letter to the Archbishop of this City, to direct him to cause *Te Deum* to be sung in our Cathedral, with the usual Solemnity, for the great Victory obtained by his Fleet on the Coast of *Sicily*. We have Letters which give us an account of a considerable advantage obtained by the Fleet of *Sweden*, over that of *Denmark* in the *Baltique*, of which we expect a confirmation.

Advertisements.

English Adventurers. By a Person of Honor.

Sold by H. Herringman, at the Sign of the Anchor, on the Lower Walk of the New Exchange.

Sylvæ Sylvarum; Or, A Natural History,

in Ten Centuries. Written by the Right Honourable Francis Lord Verulam, Viscount St Albans. The Tenth Edition. In which is added an Epitomy of another piece of his Lordships Works, intitled, Novum Organum (being Translated for the clearer understanding of this his Natural History) Never before Published in English. Sold by Tho: Lee, at the Turkeys Head in Fleet street.

Lost on Tuesday, June 13. late at Night, in the Strand, over against the Kings-head, a little Pair of Pocket Pistols, with the Kings's Picture Engrav'd at the end. If any Person can give Notice thereof to W. Linnam Truettick Gunsmith over against Buckingham-street in the Strand, shall have 10s. Reward.

On May 21. was broken open a House at *Wooten-Wavens* in *Warwickshire*, where was stolen a Sum of money, among which was a French Crown piece, and another Plate Crown piece, carelessly shipped, stamped onely with Figures; also an Oval Brass Watch, with a rim of Silver about it. The men suspected, are a tall black man, lean faced, in gray cloath; a swarthy black man, in a dark-coloured Coat; a short fat man, with a reddish face, his hair sunburnt: the Horses they Rid on, were a Dunn with a List, and one Gray flea bitten. Whoever shall discover them to Mr Roberts Knight Grocer at the Lamp in Bread-street, London, or to Mr Joseph Phillips at the Falcon in Strandford-upon-Avon in *Warwickshire*, so that they be Apprehended, shall have Five Pounds Reward.

Lost the 15 instant, between *Rosse* and *Lincoln* in *Haveshamshire*, a Watch with an Alarm in a Silver Case, and with a Silver Chain, the Case lined with Crimson Satten, being an old Piece; the name of the Maker of it being express'd thus, Daniel Jacques Londres. Whoever brings the said Watch to Mr John Walmsley at the Falcon in *Rosse*, or to Mr Admors at the Letter-Office, London, shall have 20s. Reward.