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Madrid, May 21.

HE Court continues still at Aranjuez. Five hundred Horse which came from Toledo, after having exercifed several times before the King, are marched towards Catalonia, from whence we hear, That the French, baving defeated 600 Spanish Foot, which were marching from Figueras, (of which above 300 were taken Prisoners) likewise possessed themselves of that City, and still keep it. Our Forces in those parts -are much inferior to those of the Enemy, but new Levies are making in this Kingdom to reinforce them. Our last Advice trom Muples was, That the Lieutenant-Admiral de Ruyter had joined our Fleet of Men of War and Gallies, in order to the belieging Meffina by Sea and Land; and that the Marquis de Velez, the Viceroy of Naples, .had paid Monsieur de Ruster 100000 Pieces of Eight, which he had raifed upon his own credit. They write, from Port St Maries, of a Fire that had hapned there, and among other things, had burnt several Stores, as Cordage, Sails, Pitch, Tarr, &c. which had been laid up for our Armada. That young de Ruyter was parted from Cadiz with about 20 Veffels under his Convoy. And that Sir Richard Rooth in the Adventure Frigat, was likewise sailed with several English Merchantmen for England.

Copenhagen, May 260 There being not at present any entercourse of Letters between us and Sueden, we cannot know what passes there. It is however believed, that that King is at present in the Isle of Schonen, to have an eye upon the motion of our Force. In a day or two final Sentence will be given against Griffenfelt, and in the mean time it is the general opinion, that he will be condemned to a perpetual Imprisonment. Count Alfeldt is declared great Chancellor of this Kingdom; and on Sunday last he took possession of that charge. The next Week Admiral Tromp purposes to sail with the Men of War that are here, to join those that are already abroad under the command of Admiral Juelen. Here is a report that the Sieur Guldensieu, Viceroy of Normay, hath lately deseated two Suedish Regiments; but it needs a confirmation.

Strasburg, May 29. The 27 instant, the Lorrain Troops, which for some days were lodged near Wilfter, marched in great diligence towards Lauterburg, to pass the Rhine there, and join the Imperial Army, leaving 1200 Horse, under the command of Major-General Schultz, to observe the motions of the French, and particularly to guard the Valley of Knitzig, through which, all the provisions must pass that are brought hither for the Imperial Army. All the Watermen of Brifg an are commanded to repair forthwith hither, with their Boats; which makes us believe, that General Schulty has intentions to make another Bridge over the Rhine, between this place and Lauterburg. The French Army, under the command of the Duke of Luxemburg, is advanced anto the Plain of Hechfeld, with a resolution, as is said, to dispute the passage of the River Sorr, with the Im-The French have a Train of Artillery of 40 pieces of Cannon, and 100 Wagons laden with Ammunition. They every day expect the coming up of the detachement from Flanders, which we hear was arrived at Merz.

Lauterburgh, May 29. Yesterday arrived here Prince Herman of Baden, from Manheim, where he hath been to confer with the Elector Palatine, and without making any stay here, took his way tot he Imperial Army, the right Wing of which is encamped at Langenhandel, and the lest Wing towards Haguenam. This afternoon a report hath been brought hither, that the Count de Caprara kath deseated four Troops of French Horse, who designed to enter into Haguenam.

Francfort, May 30. It is faid here, that the ImperialGenerals have refolved to lay aside the thoughts they had of belieging Philipsburg, and to turn them to that of Haguenam; in order to which, the Imperial A my is marched that way, and was encamped the 28 inflant about two Leagues from that place. This day it marches again, though we cannot believe that any fiege will be undertaken, feeing the Enemy is come so near; for we understand, that the Duke of Luxemburg is passed by Saverne; but it is rather thought, that the Duke of Lorrain will endeavor to fight the Enemy before the reinforcement that is come from Flanders joins them. The Troops that remain in the Neighborhood of Philip burg, are about taking several Posts, to hinder the incursions of that Garison; and when the Troops of the Circles arrive, they will at least block up the place a little more closely; for hitherto the French are frequently abroad in imall parties, though they do not venture to go far.

Haguenaw, May 30. The 24 instant the Duke of Luxemburg decamped from Schlestadt, after having given the necessary orders for the security of that place; and the same day lodged with the Army at Gros-Sant near Benfeldt. The Train of Artillery, commanded by the Marquis de Frezeliere, parted not from Schleftadt till the 25, not having arrived there from Brifas till the evening before. That day the 25, the Army encamped at Altorf, and the 26, at Wilton, two Leagues from Saverne, where it remained the two following days. The 28, the Duke of Luxemburg, accompanied with several principal Officers, went to visit the Fortifications of Saverne, and found them almost finished, and the place in a very good posture. The same day, two Battalions of Picardy, one of Lanquedoc, and some other Troops joined the Army, which decamped yesterday, and marched to Inguenheim, where it is at present. Yesterday 2 party of Keyferlauterne, confifting in 200 Foor, and 40 Curaffiers attacked a French Convoy, going from Phalfbourg to Saverne, within three quarters of a mile from this latter place, so vigorously, that our Troops gave ground, and the Enemy fell to plunder; but the Chevalier de la Frezeliere came so opportunely to the affulance of the French, that the Enemy wereforced to quit their Booty, and were totally routed, 80 of them being killed, and 70 taken prisoners, and brought to Phalsbourg. The Chevalien de la Fiezeliere had his Horfe killed under him, and lost about 20 of his Men.

Cologne, June 2. Monfiett de Louvigny who is to command

command the Ofnabrug Troops, arrived here two days since from Leximturg, and this night is parted hence for Bruffeli, intending to be book here again very suddenly, and by the time the Ofnabrug Troops arrive in this Neighborhood, which may be about the middle of The Letters from Ofnabrug fay, that the march of the faid Troops was deferred till the return of the Envoy which that Duke had fent to the Prince of Orange, and to the Duke de Villa Hermoja. Our Letters from Alfana informus, .That the 28 pail, the Imperial Army was encamped at Weisserburg, about two Leagues from Higuenaw; that the 29 pait, the Lorrain Troops, which had lay'n at Wilstet, in the Neighborhood of strasburg, had paffed the Rhine at Lauterburg, and had joined the Army, which the next day, viz. the 30, intended to decamp, and to march on towards Haguenaw. At the same time we understand the Duke of Luxemburg was encamped with the French Army between saverne and Haguenam, in expectation of the detachement that went from Flanders, having with him 40 pieces of Cannon. The Elector of Treves continues very ill, and this day it is reported here that

Hamburg, June 2. The news we told you in our last of the taking the Fort of Stade by the Confederates proves a mistake; and on the contrary, we do not find that there is any likelihood that they will be Masters of it very suddenly. There is now as little talk as ever of the siege of Stade, so that the Suedes there have little ro sear but want of Provisions within. From Leipzicke of the 29 past they write, that all the Imperial Troops with had been quartered in the Territories of the Elector of Saxony had received orders to march, being commanded by General Cobs, to join the Brandenburg Troops.

Bruffels, June 5. The Armies continue in the fame quarters we told you in our last, and as yet there is not any appearance of their fuddain removal. The Most Christian King remains in his Army, and is lodged near Ninover. The French parties appear daily in our Neighborhood, and have burnt fince our last 10 or 12 houses in the Village of Andernecke, for that those Inhabiants did not fend to the French Camp the Cattle they were taxed with, and have failed to pay their arrears of Con-eributions. From Cambray of the 3d inflant they write. That the French having notice of the late incursion into Picardy, a party of 2000 Horse had been immediately fent out, under the command of the Baron de Quincy, to cut off their retreat; but our Troops, taking a way contrary to the Enemies expectation, got sase to Cambray; whereupon the faid Earon had so posted his Men between Cambray and Valenciennes, that the Cavalry of this last place could not get home but was forced to remain at Cambray. From Liege of the 3d instant we hear, that a confiderable Body of Horse and Foot, with several Pieces of Cannon, was marched from Mae-

firicht, but their design was not known.

Higue. June 5. We have little at present to write from hence, unless it be to give you an account of the death of the Lieutenant Admiral de Ruytet, which as we teccive from several bands, so particularly by this

following Letter.

From on board the Ship Gouda, lying at ankor in the Bay of Siracufa, May 1,

IN my preceding Letters, I gave you an account of the wounds Lieutenant Admiral de Ruyter had received in the late Fight, what I have now to acquaint you is, That till the 28 past, he continued in a pretty good condition; and gave us hopes of his recovery, Rewarded.

but that day le n as taken very ill, insenuch, that he lost his Speech in sew hours; thus to continued till the 29, when between 9 and 10 & Clock at right he departed this life, being old 70 years and two months, to the great trouble of all the Officers and Seemen, who lument his death. The Vice-Aumiral de Hacu has taken upon him the command of the Flect, and at spresent this Ship bears the Admirals Flag; the Eendrache, on which the Heer ce Ruyter formerly commanded, bears that of Isee-Asmira, and the Steenheigen that of Rear-Admiral. We stake in several Bullet.

Ditto: Five or fix French Frigats having of late appeared upon our Coalls, the Sieur Baftraing is failed with the like number, to fecure our Navigation. We have Letters from Bremen and those parts, which say, that the Confederates intended to make a general Affault upon the Fort of Stade the 2d infant at night 5 and add, That the Suedes had made a Sally, with design to have fallen upon the Lunenburgs at Horneburg, but that they had been repulsed with loss. From Corenhagen by Letters of the 30 past we understand, that what hath been faid of the taking of the life of Eufel by the Danes, was without ground. That on the 2d inftant that King intended to fold a general Rendezvous of his Troops. That 3 Men of War more and 2 Fireships were arrived at Copenhagen from these parts, and that in 2 or 3 days the Sieur Tremp intenced to fail with them, and fuch

Danish Men of War a wetercady.

Thris "are 6 Ris Majel'y continues with his Army in the Countrey of Alest. For far from that of the Enemies, having his head quarters near Ninour. According to our advices of the 29 and 30 past, fir m Alface, it seems, the diligent march of the Luke of Lexa where have upon Hagnenew; who, on the 28, was engamped within two Leigues of that place, while our Army lay between Save me and Higuenew. It is said, that if the Imperial distincted to acvance any farther, they must said through Woods and narrow Lanes of a great length which would give our Army in great an advantage upon them that it's believed they will not attempt to pass hem. However, we cannot believe they will not attempt to pass hem. However, we cannot believe they will one attempt to pass hem. However, we cannot believe they will endeavor to come so same specific they are, but both parties will endeavor to come so same special st. The Ouke o Lovains Troops, which were at Wilste, not being able to obtain passage over the Bridge of Studieng, are marched to Lawerbung, to pass the Rh nethere, and so to join their Duke Our Letters from Stelly give us an account, That asset the Fight on 22 April, our Fleet failed to Angusta, and continued at anchor in that Road a day or two, the Spannards raising the Siege of that place, which they had formed by Land; upon which, our Fleet, commanded by the Siege of May step neigh to damages received in the said Tiphe, and after having her some days kept the Sea, returned the 1st of May to Message had a serve our Gallies are daily expected; according to our last advice they were at China Vicebia, having been much hindred in their Voyage by soul weather and contrary wines; they have onloared them 1250 1001, and 300 Dragoons to be mounted at M sfirm. We kave now the certainty of the death of Lieutenant Admiral de Ruyter, and that his Vice-A miral has taken upon him the command of the Dutch Fleet. On our side the person of chiefest note what was killed in the sole agement, was the Sieur d-Mmeras. Owr Letters stom Cologne give

Advertisement.

R Tho, Willerx in Three Giane Tard in Sculpwark, between the Gorge Inn and White Hart Inn, at the late ire, did did deliver to a Strenger a large hat Trunk covered with blew Leather markt T. W. E. containing several Pieces of wrought Silk, as Taffaties, Sarcentts, Alamodes, and Lutes. The person to whom u was delivered, is defired to bring it to James Chadwicks Flyat the Sirp in New Kings-fires or to Mr. Relimsins a Dyer in Three Giane Wharf, London, and he shall be very well Rewarded.