have an account here, that the Munsterians have taken a Fort, called Gaeistopper Soins, about a League from Stade, which continues blocked up. Yellerslay in the evening we received advice from Berlin, that the Ele-ctor had been taken to ill of a Pirof the Gout, accompanied with a Feaver, that the Electoral Prince had been fent for in great latte from Cheve.

Lings, April 28. This morning the several Companies or Trades of this City begin to assemble, in order to their going in Procession, this being a great Festival, which is a kniviledge that has not been permytted them for above those 20 years past, though they now demand to have it confirmed to them annually for the future. The Burger mafters have im-powered feweral Burghers and Merchants to ratic a fum of Moneys among themselves, and with it, to build a new Wall about

thể Citỳ.

Animop, April 30. Yesterday passed through this City several Protect Troops, who are going to join the Princes Army. The treach of Mussingh have been in a considerable Body as near usas Haren. huls, where they exasted Contributions from the Inhabitants. The Magistrates and people of Lier were much affrighted thereat, sent hither for assistance, and accordingly two Companies of Foot were immediately ordered to a seat whither our of the controlled. The French were dered to march thither out of our Cittadel. The French have taken with them four Holdriges from Harenibals, and are marched to Mill, and other places. The Dutch and Spanish Forces under the command of the Prince of Orange, and the Duke de Villa Hermofa, were on Tuelday laft encamped at Mins, whither great numbers of Pioneers are commanded.

A۶ From the Prince of Oranges Camp near Mons, April 29. ave were marching on Sunday near Granville, we received first advice that Conde was taken the night before by florm, the attack having been made on the fide of the water, which is the weakest. Notwithstanding which, we continued our march, and came

And encamped here.

Haone, May 1. The news of the taking of Conde, comes now

want the particulars, And encamped upro.

Hague, May 1. The news of the taking of Coude, comes now confirmed from all hands, but as yet we want the particulars, wit, how many men were flain on the one fide, or the other, and what was become of the Governor and the Garison. We have and what was become of the Governor and the Garison. We have Letters of the 29 past from the Prince of Oranges Camp, which was near Mons; they tell us, that being on his march on Sunday, his Highness received advice, that Conde was taken the night before; upon which, his Highness altered his march, which before was directed strait towards Conde, and went and emamped near Mons; the account they had of the French Army, was, that it lay between St. Amand and Tournay, on the other side of the Sebelde. Here is a report of a design there has been to surprize the Isle of Amelan, which lies on the Coast of Frieseland, sour Vessels laden with Soldiers having appeared in order to the executing it; but they were discovered, peared in order to the executing it; but they were discovered, and some persons have been arrested in Prieseland on this account: it seems this Island belongs wholly to private persons; and those who pretend to have the right, sailing of other means would have made use of this to take possessing From Assurery they tell us of the 30 palt, that that City had been in some consternation, upon the advice they had, that 6000 men of the Garison of Marfricht were come within three Leagues of them, with a delign to attack Lier, bur it feems they contented them-Telves to have obliged the Inhabitants of Herenthals to promife them Contributions, and to march from thence to Mol, Geel, and Difft, confiderable Villages, which they likewife fet under Contribution.

Pais, May 2. Here is made publick this following Account Fait, May 2. Here is made publick this following Account from Messina, which comes from thence by Letters dated the dirft past, nix That on the 25 of Masich; the Spaniards had sent yout 1500 Men under the command of the Count Bossia, to possible themselves of a Fort, which the Duke de Vivonne had raifed near the Convent of the Capacini; that about midnight, the Ententy made an Assalt upon that Fort, and were advanced to five 37th have fived their scaling Ladders on a Redoubt have the Enemy that an infant aportion to the author to far, and who fixed their fealing Ladders on a Redoubt, between the Gate of the Capacins, and the Gate Royal, but that the Sieur dela Villedien, Brigadier of Foot, coming with some Troops to the affistance of the Gatifon, the Count Brigat here. apon retired, and retrenched himfelf in the Capicins 5- and upon the approach of our Troops to attack him there, likewife abandoned that Post, having lost about 60 Men, and himself being wounded in the head: That the 27, the Dutch and Spanish Flect consisting in 50 Sail, entred the Fare, and came to an Anchor on the side of Calabria, over against the Castle of St Salva-lay, which shuts up the entrance of the Port of Message on that fide, but that the Tydes forced then from that station, as far as the Cannon could carry. That that day the Duke de Vinotine, upon the advice he had, that the Enemy was coming to attack the City, caused all the French Men of War to come into Port. That the next day being the 28, 6000 Spaniards and Germans, with the Militia of the Country, and many of the

Nobility, came and posted themselves at Noon-day with eight-pieces of Cannon, on the Hills that lie above the Capter ma, their pieces of cannon, on the failt that he active the Lapining, their Galliesjadyancing at the fame time, and landing 7 or 800 Men, who joined with Line Spaniards, and after some skirmith, made themselves Masters of the Catle of 81 Salvados, where they fortried themselves; which Post; being onely two Miles from Messin, did wholly cover the Enemies Fleet, and made the entrance into the Port of that City very difficult. The Duke de Vivonne having aftembled all his Forces, commanded some of our Men of Warton advance towards the Spansh Gallies, which they did, and forced them to abandon their station and the Cathey did, and forced them to abandon their station, and the Cafile of St Salvadus and the Marquis de Vellevour, Lieutenant General of the Kings Forces in Silit, to march out at the same time with feveral Troops of Meffineles, to attack the quarter of the Count de Bucquoy, Colonel of a Regiment of Germans, who desended themselves with great resolution; but that the Sieur de la Villidieu coming up with the French Cavalry and Infantry, the Enemy was forced to give ground, and to abandon tieir Retrenchments, being put into a greater disorder by the death of the Count de Bucquey, their Commander in chief : That the Marquis de Galador, who lay in an Ambuscade near the Tower de St Ris, took that opportunity, to fally out upon the kne-my, who fled, and killed a great many of them, among which were found 30 Officers. Their loss besides was very great, the German Regiment, in which consisted their principal strength, being quite ruined and dispersed, their Cannon, Baggage, &c. taken. This success has greatly necouraged the Messineles, who have now all the Campaigne about them free. That the 29, the Duke de Vivonne caused our Men of War to fail out of the Port, with defign to have attacked the Enemies Fleet the next day, which was retired above four. Leagues towards the South, between the Cape d Armes and the Scaletin: That the Duke de Vivonne intended to have gone himfelf on Board, but was prevented by the intreaties of the Magistrates of Mefsina; they adding, that they could not answer for what ill accidents might happen in his ablence.

Diese, May 2. We hear our Enemies reports the taking of Conde to have cost the King a great many men, when on the other hand, all the Letters from our Camp affure us, that hardly 100 men were killed during the whole Siege. Our last Letters from the Camp were dated the 29 past at Schoong, between Gunde and le Quession; they tell us, that his Majesty arrived there from Conse the day before, and that he had commanded several Regiments of Horse and Foot to go and join some other Forces, designed, as was believed, for the Siege of Birchaim, and which are to be con manded by the Duke of

Orleans.

Dirty We have certain advice, that Bouebain is Besieged, by the Troops commanded by the Duke of Orleans, and that the Kings lies with his Army at Sebourg, between the place

Beliaged, and the Prince of Orange, Whitehall, April 26. This Afternoon His Majelly was plea-led to cause the Right Reverend Father in God the Lord By-Shop of Durham, to be Sworn one of the Lords of His Maje-Ries Privy Council, and accordingly his Lordship took his place at the Board.

Advertisements.

The Banker's Exchange: Being certain Tables Compoled for the Ready Calting up of Bills of Exchange for an Integer Sum by Ocular Intpection: and all Compounded Sums by Addition onely. The like not hitherto Published. Compoled by John Haye; junior, living in Sugar Baker Cours in Dukes Place. And are to be fold at the Authors house, and Mr Robert Morden's shop at the Aitas in Cornbit.

Hele are to give Notice, That the Statute Office, lately kent in Chancery-trne, is removed, for more convenient to a Ground Chamber in the middle of the Inner Temple Lane, where there will be a constant Attendance.

Wo Gentlemen, pretending to be Persons of Quality, Rid away with two Horses the 21 instant The one was a brown Bay Nag, about 13 hands and an half high, Trots hard, Bay Nag, about 13 hands and an hair nigh, Trots hard, Paces little, having a fhorn Mane, about nine years old. The other a handfom firait dapple gray Nag, a little Flea-bitten about the head, Trots all, she height of the other. They rode away from the Kings Arms in Daiking in Sarry; The one had a brown Perriwig, his Under-lip having a deep cleft in the middle, with Boots on, about 30 years of age, pretty tall, but Bender. The other had dark brown carled hair, pretty long, fall to layed about 22 years of age, a hardform men. fresh coloured, about 22 years of age, a haudsome man, in Boot, hole Stocking and Shooes. If any one can give tidings of the Hories or Persons, to Mr. Walfingham Heathfill at the Three Sugar-loaves in Clare-marker, London, or to the faid Kings Arms in Darking, shall be well rewarded. These Genelemen go by the names of Capt. Hopson Williams, and Mr. Talkas, bus they are supposed and to be so.