

The London Gazette.

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Naples, March 31.

AN ordinary person having this week been Arrested for Debt, and carried to Prison by order of the High Court of Justice, who, it seems, had a Protection of the Prince of *Piombino*, General of the Gallies; the Prince, upon complaint made to him of the little regard that was shewn to his Protection, in a heat sends for the Gaoler, and the Sergeant that made the Arrest, and having caused them to be well beaten, and to be shaven, puts them into the Gallies. The Prince of *Savriano*, President of the Court of Justice, represents the matter to the Viceroy; and besides, that hapning to meet the Prince of *Piombino* in the Palace, he had received a challenge from him, and some hard words; upon which, the Viceroy commanded that he should be sent Prisoner to the Castle of *Gaza*, which was accordingly done. We are much pleased here with the News we receive, that Lieutenant Admiral *de Ruyter* is entred into the Fare of *Messina*, and that the French Fleet is thereupon retired into that Port; That on the side of the Land, the Viceroy of *Sicily* is come with his Forces near to the *Capucins*; and that the misunderstanding between the French and the *Messineses* entreats daily: But we have so often had reports like these, that they almost begin to lose their credit. Several Troops of Horse and Companies of Foot are in readiness to be Transported from hence for *Sicily*; and our Viceroy is using all means possible to raise a considerable Sum of monies to be likewise sent thither for the payment of the Troops.

Cracow, April 5. Yesterday about 11 at night a happy end was put to the Dyer that had been assembled here, several matters having been concluded for the good and welfare of this Kingdom, and the former Treaties with the Emperor and the Elector of *Brandenburg* confirmed.

Madrid, April 8. The Duke of *Albuquerque*, Major Domo, Major to the King, and Counsellor of State, a Minister in great Authority in this Court, dyed here on the 26 past. The 15 instant their Majesties will part hence to *Aranjuez*, with intention to pass some time there. We are told, that upon what hath been represented by the Viceroy of *Catalonia*, of the strength of the French on that side, viz. That the Duke *de Navailles* is ready to march with 8000 Foot, and 3000 Horse, so soon as the season will permit, a supply of some money hath been sent him for the present, with a promise that it shall be speedily followed with considerable succors of men, and accordingly we hear Commissions are given out for the raising forthwith 6000 men in several parts of this Kingdom, to serve in *Catalonia*. The Spanish Gallions which sailed from *Cadix* the 14 of February last was twelvemonth, are returned, and arrived at *St Lucar* the 17 past, in 58 dayes from the *Havana*; the whole Treasure brought home by them, is 24 and a half Millions of Pieces of Eight, whereof two Millions is reckoned in *Cacao*, *Cochinile*, *Indigo*, *Logwood*, *Red Wooll*, *Hydes*, *Sugar* and *Tobacco*, the rest in silver Bars, wrought Gold, Pearls and Emeralds. From *Tangier* of the 18 past, we are told, that Sir *Richard Rooth* in the *Adventure*, and Captain *Priestman* in the *Lark* Frigats,

were then in that Road; That Captain *Ashley* in the *New Rose*, and Captain *Stepney* in the _____ were both ordered home; That on the 15 of the same month, Captain *Herman* arrived there in the *New Saphire* from *Legorn*, bringing the good News of Sir *John Narbroughs* success against the *Tripolins*; That the same day also came in there the *Owen* and *David*, Captain *Kempthorne* Commander, and the *London Merchant*, Captain *Hill*, both Merchantmen from *Swirna*, homeward bound.

Vienna, April 12. Since the death of the Empress, his Imperial Majesty is retired to the Castle of *St Vyt*, belonging to our Bishop. Last Night was performed the Interment of the Empress, after having layen three days exposed to publick view on a Bed of State, with the Solemnity usual on such occasions. It is said that the Emperor intends to pass this Summer at *Prague*, to be so much the nearer his Army.

Strasbourg, April 17. The Duke of *Luxemburgh* continues at *Schlestadt*, whither the French Troops march from all parts to form an Army, which, it's said, will not consist in above 20000 men, and some say not so many. Three days since arrived a great Convoy at *Hagenaw*. *Philipsburgh* is now wholly blocked up, to which the Elector Palatine contributes what he can on his part, having posted 3000 of his own Troops near that place on the side of *Spire*, where his Electoral Highness has his quarters, great Civilities having on his arrival there passed between him and the Bishop. The general Rendezvous of the Imperial Army is appointed to be on the 25 instant at *Hailbron*. It is said the French Soldiers in *Philipsburgh* begin to desert.

Cologne, April 21. The report goes here, That the French have blocked up *Hinsbergen* in the Countrey of *Fuliers*. The Duke of *Newburgh* hath commanded all his Troops that lay in the Countrey of *Berg*, to pass the *Rhine*, which they accordingly did yesterday, and this day they will be at *Nunichen Glaobach*, the place appointed for their Rendezvous, where his Highness will be in person to assist at the general Muster of his Forces, and to give such orders for their march as shall be necessary. The French in the mean time have plundered and demolished *Sizard*, and the French Intendant of *Maestrict* has commanded the Inhabitants of *Fuliers* to repair thither to agree about their Contributions.

Hamburgh, April 21. *Stade* continues blocked up, the Troops not approaching as yet any nearer. From *Copenhagen* they write, That Prince *George*, who had been with the Queen-Mother in *Holstein*, was returned thither. That on the 25 instant, the late Chancellor *Griffenfelt* will be brought to his Tryal; that another Burgher-master had been chosen in the room of his Brother-in-law the Sieur *Falk*; and that about the 10 of the next month, the King intends to take the Field. From *Wismar* our Letters of the 19 instant tell us, That they had News there, that the Danish Men of War, of whose departure from *Copenhagen* we formerly told you, had made a descent on the Isle of *Rugen*, and had possessed themselves of it, which will want a confirmation.

From

Condé, April 21. The King arrived here yesterday, and last night the Trenches were opened very near the Counterscarp. The Marschal d'Humieres was present at the Attack that was made, and received a Mullett shot through his Hat, and the Marquis de Basilly was slightly wounded in the head. Our Cannon will be disposed tomorrow in order to batter the Town, which being attackt by water and land, cannot hold out long. We generally believe it will be taken in 4 or 5 days. It is said our Army is above 50000 strong, but the most moderate judge it above 40000.

Tourney, April 22. The 21 instant the Most Christian King arrived in the Camp before Condé, the same night the Trenches were opened, and last night the Batteries were finished, we have heard the great Guns ever since very furiously. It is said that the Besieged are about 1600 strong; their Cannon are but small, and we reckon that by this time they are most dismounted by those of the Besiegers, who have 45 pieces of Cannon planted against the Town. We promise our selves here it will be surrendered by Monday. Here are just now arrived some persons from the Camp who assure us that the last night 400 fresh men got into Condé on the side of the water.

brusselz, April 24. The French have now bestid Condé since this day seven night. The Marquis de Luxembourg having his quarters on this side the Scheldt in the right hand, and the Marschal de Créquy on this side on the left, being hawtely separated by the River Haynaut, and the Marschal de Loignon on the other side of the Scheldt, three sever. I successore the place after it was invested from Mons and Valenciennes, which together may have been between 3 and 4000 men. Yesterday morning arrived an Express from Mons, dispatched from thence the night before at 10 a clock, with advice, That the French had made three Attacks upon the Counterscarp, and had been as often repulst with considerable loss. His Excellency has, as we are told, sent to assure the Governor of a speedy relief, and therefore to exhort him to defend the place to the last. - On Tuesday last the Prince of Orange passed the Canal that goes from this place to Antwerp, and took his quarters at Grimberg, where his Highness continued till this morning (to give leisure to several Troops to come up that were still behind) when his Highness marched, and will this evening have his quarters at Gaesbeek, from whence his Highness will continue his march directly towards Mons, where it is believed, his Highness may arrive on Sunday, and having left his Baggage there, marched on Monday towards Condé, so that if the place can hold out till Tuesday, the French may be obliged to quit the Siege, or to fight. This day the Princes Artillery, which came in Loads from Hilland, was disembarked here, in order to the putting it upon Carriages, and to march with it towards Mons, whether it will be Convoyed by some of our Troops, which are now drawing together from all parts, to join with the Prince of Orange. The Most Christian King is at present in the Camp before Condé, and the Sieur de Mouton has his quarters at Reuilly; it is said that the Sieur de Massiere, and the Baron de Lieberg, having marched from Mons with their Regiments, had some skirmish with a party of Horse belonging to Monsieur Mouton's quarters, and that these last were victorious. This Court is much concerned at the News we have of the famous Colonel Maffreit being killed, as he was on his march with his Regiment from the Countrey of Luxembourg, by a French party of 60 men, who lay in Ambush; after the first discharge, in which the Colonel and several others were killed, they were fallen upon by the Spaniards, and all of them cut off, except two, of which one escaped, and the other was brought Prisoner to Namur. We are told that the French before Condé are not above 25000 men, and that the rest of their Troops are not yet come up.

Oben, April 25. Passengers come last night from Brussels, assure us that yesterday morning the Prince of Orange marched from Grimbergen, and had his quarters the last night at Gaesbeek, and a part of his Cavalry marched yesterday through Brussels, under the command of Count Nassau General, and the Sieur Montbellier, Lieutenant General of the Horse, towards Hall, where they would join the Army. That the Duke of Villa Hermosa hath given orders for the drawing together 100 Regiments of Foot, five Spanish, and five Wallons and Germans, and 200 men taken out of Almirante's Regiment, who will in a day or two be joined with the Prince of Orange, being commanded by the Marschal de Camp General the Count de Ruffin, and under him by the Lord Castellhan. We are told that the Dutch Troops are in excellent order, that they have 33 Regiments of Foot, and about 8000 Horse, and that some other Regiments who have not yet their Recruits compleat, were still behind, but would arrive very suddenly. That his Highness was absolutely resolved to raise the Siege of Condé, and to attack the French in their Retreatments, and that according to the

marches his Highness intended to make, Tuesday next might bring the Army very near to Condé. From Mons we are certainly informed, that his Most Christian Majesty came on Monday night to Douay; that the next day his Majesty came in person to the Camp before Condé; and that immediately after his Majesty's arrival, the Batteries began to play, having been finished the night before, which are three, 12 pieces of Cannon being planted upon each; that one of the Batteries is raised upon Pontons on the water, which is on the weakest side of the Town. We are assured that Succors have twice entered into the Town from Valenciennes; that the Garrison is about 1500 men, who want no hing necessary for the defence of it, and that they are resolved to hold out till the last extremity. Yesterday we had advice, that on Monday the trench were but 50 paces from the Counterscarp; and y fresh Letters from St. Oisiam, we understand that the Besiegers on Tuesday night last attackt the Counterscarp, but that they were repulst with considerable loss; and that they were resolved to assault again the night following, of which we have not as yet any account.

Hague, April 24. According to our last Advices from Brussels, his Highness the Prince of Orange is now on his march to relieve Condé, so that we must expect to hear very suddenly of some great Action; for which reason the States have ordered that publick Prayers shall be made to all our Churches, for the success of their Army, and the preservation of his Highness's person.

Paris, April 25. The 16 instant the King parted from St. Gerymains, and lodged that night at Pont-aux-Maisence, the 17 at Montmirail, the 18 at Peronne, the 19 at Baupanne, the 20 at Douay, and the 21 in the camp before Condé, which had been invested since the 17; his Majesty found the preparations for the Siege in great forwardness, and all things so well disposed, that his Majesty resolved forthwith to attack the Counterscarp, which was accordingly done that night, viz. between the 21 and 22, and the Trenches were opened within half a Musket shot, working from thence backwards; the Enemy made a great fire, however we had only 15 Soldiers killed, and two Officers wounded; together with the Marquis de Chamilly, Governor of Audenarde. From Mons we have advice of a considerable advantage obtained by the Duke de Vivonne against the Spaniards, who were going to attack the Castle of Sr. Salvador, of which by our next you may expect the particulars.

Advertisements.

A New Map of the World, done by the best Observations, and the latest Discoveries that hath been made, with the North Pole Draught and South Pole Draught, in one large Imperial sheet of Paper. Price 1 s. With Descriptions 1 s. 6. d. Pasted and Coloured on Cloth 4 s. Sold by Rob. Greene at the Rose and Crown in Budge-row, Anne Underwood on the North-side of the Royal Exchange going up the stairs, and Arthur Tonter against Ivy Bridge in the Strand.

ALL persons selling Wine by Retail in England, Wales, and the Town of Berwick, whose Wine Licences ended at or before Lady-day last, and have not as yet renewed their said Licences; Are hereby advised, That they, or their Attornies, Correspondents or Friends coming up to London, or dwelling in or near the said City, repair forthwith unto His Majesties Office for granting Wine Licences, situate in Durham-yard, London, and contract and take Licence to sell Wine by Retail, that so they may be secured from the Penalties of the Law.

And all persons owing any Rent, Arrears of Rent or Sum of Money, are also directed forthwith to pay the same into the said Office at their peril, else Seis e Facias or Capias will issue against them, which will be both chargeable and troublesome, and onely to be avoided by speedy payment.

Solen the 4th instant, from Mr F. Smith and Mr John Neale of Pillerton in the County of Warwick, Two brown Mares great with Foal, the one 15 hands, no white, but full of gray hairs, ten years old; the other near 15 hands, three years old, with a great blaze of white in the forehead, with very hairy legs, never shod nor worked. Whoever gives notice to Mr Simon Neale at his Chamber in New-Imm, London, or to Mr Richard Grymes Goldsmith in Warwick, shall have four pound reward.

Solen (from Roberts Rust out of his Pasture Field in Langford Parish in Essex) the 11th instant, a Bay Mare above 13 hands, ringed up, a white star in her forehead, all a scar on the near side of her neck about an handful long, three years old. Whoever gives notice of the said Mare to R. Rust in Langford aforesaid, or to Mr Benj. Kinson a Goldsmith in Leaden Hall-street, London, shall have 30 s. reward.