

Flagen, April 21. The Prince of Orange is on his march from *Kosendael* towards *Malines*, which he the more hastens, upon the news that is come of the French being set down before *Conde*. The Men of War fitted at *Amsterdam* for the *Baltick*, are now passed the *Pampus*, and will in a day or two be in the *Texel*; though we do not hear that those Equipped in *Zealand* and *Frifland*, are in the same forwardness. The *Sieur Tromp* is preparing for his departure to *Denmark*; he is endeavouring to raise a good number of Seamen to take with him. *Siade* is now quite blocked up, though at some distance, the *Munsters* and *Lunenburgs* having to that purpose raised several Forts about it; as yet there are not Troops enough to begin the Siege. The last Letters from *Germany*, brought us an account of the death of the *Empress*, which has put that Court into great sorrow. The Ministers of the House of *Austria* that are here, have already put on mourning. There are Letters from *Italy*, which say, that the misunderstanding and jealousy between the French and the *Messineses*, increase daily, of which it is not doubted here but *Moniteur de Keyser* will make good use, who, according to our last advice, was come into the Face of *Messina*, having, besides his own, 23 Spanish Men of War with him.

Masfides, April 4. The French Gallies, in all 25 Sail, are now on their departure for *Messina*. The first instant arrived here 300 Dragoons, and 900 Foot, to embark on them. At *Thoulon* are seven or eight Men of War that in a day or two will be ready to sail with them.

Paris, April 22. We have not any, or very little news here, the expectation is to hear from *Flanders*, where they prepare for Action. Yesterday the Trenches were to be opened before *Comé*; it is not doubted but that place will in few days be obliged to surrender.

Whitehall, April 15. We have by two Posts successively received the confirmation of *Sir John Narborough's* having on the 5th of March past, concluded a Peace with the Government of *Tripoli*, so much to the Honour of His Majesty, and to the Advantage of the whole Nation in its Trade and Navigation; together with a Copy of the Articles, which in substance are,

I. That there shall be from this day, and for ever forward, a true, firm, and inviolable Peace between His Majesty and the Government of *Tripoli*.

II. That His Majesty's Ships, and those of His Subjects, may freely come to *Tripoli*, or any other Port in their Dominion, to Buy and Sell, paying the usual Customs as in former time; freely to depart when they please, and to carry with them such Goods they do not Sell, without paying any Duties for the same.

III. All ships, as well English as *Tripolins*, shall freely pass the Seas, and Traffick where they please, without search or hindrance from each other; and that all Passengers of what Nation soever, and all Monies, Goods and Merchandizes to whomsoever belonging, being on Board any English ship, shall be wholly freed from all Plunder, Harm, or Damage whatsoever.

IV. That the *Tripoli* ships of War, meeting any English Merchant ship, not being in any Seas appertaining to His Majesty's Dominions, may send on Board a single Boat with but two Sitters, besides the ordinary Crew of Rowers: The two Sitters only to enter the said Merchantman, and then upon producing their Pass, shall presently depart again, and the Merchant ship shall proceed freely on her Voyage; and though no such Pass be produced, yet if the major part of the said ships company be English, the said Boat shall presently depart, and the Merchant ship shall proceed freely on her Voyage. The same to be observed towards the Merchant ships of *Tripoli*.

V. No person shall be taken out of any English Vessel to be carried any where to be examined, nor upon any other pretence, nor shall any violence or torture be used to any person of what Nation soever, being on Board any English ship, on any pretence whatsoever.

VI. That any English shipwreck upon the Coasts of *Tripoli* shall not be seized, or the Men made Slaves, but the Subjects of *Tripoli* shall use their best endeavors to save the Men and Goods.

VII. No ship of *Tripoli* shall go to any place in Enmity with His Majesty, to be employed as a *Corfair* against the English.

VIII. None of the ships of *Tripoli* to Cruise near *Tangier*, or in sight of it, nor any other way disturb the Peace and Commerce of that City.

IX. They of *Tunis*, *Algier*, *Tiniss*, or *Sallee*, hapning to be in War with the English, may not sell their Prizes at *Tripoli*.

X. His Majesty's Ships may freely dispose and sell their Prizes at *Tripoli*, without paying any Customs in any sort; and if they want, may buy Provisions, and other things, at the Rates in the Market.

XI. That when any of His Majesty's ships of War arrive at

Tripoli, upon notice given thereof, Proclamation shall be made immediately to secure the Christian Captives; and if afterwards any Christian makes his escape on Board the said ship, he shall not be required back again, nor the Consul, Commander, nor any other obliged to pay anything for the said Christian.

XII. That if any Englishman dye in *Tripoli*, his Goods and Money shall not be seized, but shall remain in the hands of the Consul.

XIII. The Consul, or any other of His Majesty's Subjects, shall not be obliged to pay the Debts of any other English, unless they were security for him.

XIV. That the English in *Tripoli* shall not be liable to no other Jurisdiction, but to that of the Dey or Divan. All differences among themselves to be determined by the Consul only.

XV. If an Englishman in *Tripoli* strike, wound, or kill a Turk or Moor, he shall not be punished with greater severity, than a Turk; but if he escape, none other of the English shall be troubled on his account.

XVI. The English Consul shall at all times remain with entire freedom and safety at *Tripoli*, may choose his own Druggerman and Broker, may have the liberty of the Country, and to go on Board any ship, and a place to pray in.

XVII. In case any Breach or War happen hereafter, the Consul and other English may freely retire with their Goods, Families, Estates, and servants, though born in the Country.

XVIII. That no Englishman, being a Passenger, in any ship of what Nation soever, shall be disturbed.

XIX. The *Bashaw*, *Dey*, *Agá*, and other the Governors of *Tripoli*, do acknowledge the Injuries done unto His Majesty and His Subjects, by the People and Government of *Tripoli*, contrary to the Articles of Peace; and that the breach of Peace was occasioned by the said Injuries committed by their Subjects, for which some are Bannished, and some fled from their Justice; declare they are sorry for the same, and do engage themselves to make satisfaction for the said Injuries, by setting at liberty all the English Captives in their Dominions, and all others taken under English Colours, without any Ransom; and by paying 80000 Dollars in Monies Goods, and Slaves: Farther engaging themselves and their Successors, if any Injuries shall for the future be done by them or their People to the English, contrary to these present Articles, and if upon demand of satisfaction for the same by His Majesty it shall be refused, so that a War ensues, not only to make reparation for the Injuries done, but likewise to make satisfaction to His Majesty for the full charge and damage of that War.

XX. No Englishman shall be permitted to turn Moor, unless it appear to be voluntarily.

XXI. That when any of His Majesty's ships shall come to *Tripoli*, and notice thereof is given unto the Dey or Governor, they shall, in Honour of His Majesty, cause a Salute of 21 Guns to be Fired from their Castles and Forts, and the ship to return the same number.

XXII. That all former Hostilities and Damages sustained, shall be quite forgotten; but that satisfaction shall be made for whatever shall hereafter be done or committed, before notice can be given of this Peace.

XXIII. That this Peace shall not be broken, till satisfaction hath been demanded for any Injuries that shall happen to be done to either side, and that the same hath been denied; and whosoever shall be the cause of breaking this Peace, shall be punished with sudden death.

Whitehall, April 15. This day, about Noon, His Majesty, accompanied with his Royal Highness, returned hither from *Newmarket*, having done his Grace the Duke of *Albemarle* the Honour to Lodge the last Night at *Newball*, where His Majesty and Royal Highness were likewise pleased to take their Dinner yesterday with his Grace.

Advertisement.

ALL persons selling Wine by Retail in *England*, *Wales*, and a Town of *Berwick*, whose Wine Licences ended at or before *Lady-day* last, and have not as yet renewed their said Licences; Are hereby advised, That they, or their Attornies, Correspondents or Friends coming up to *London*, or dwelling in or near the said City, repair forthwith unto His Majesty's Office for granting Wine Licences, situate in *Durham-yard*, *London*, and contract and take Licence to sell Wine by Retail, that so they may be secured from the Penalties of the Law:

And all persons owing any Rent, Arrears of Rent, or Sum of Money, are also directed forthwith to pay the same into the said Office at their peril, else *Scire Facias* or *Capias* will issue against them, which will be both chargeable and troublesome, and only to be avoided by speedy payment.