## The London Gazette.

## Bublified by Authority.

From Monday March 20. to Thursday March 23.

Naples, March 3. Ur Viceroy has given orders for the fitting out the Gallies of this Kingdom with all di-

ligence. Here are likewise fitting three Spanish Men of War, who sustained some time fince much damage in bad weather.

Lieutenant Admiral de Ruyter continues at Melaz-

Copenhagen, March 20. This morning the great Chancellor of this Kingdom, the Count Griffenfelt, as he was going to Court, was Arrested, by the King's order, and carried Prisoner to the Castle, where he remains, his House being beset by a Guard, and all his Papers sealed up. We dornot yet know the cause of this his sudden difgrace; a Placaet has been published here for the feizing and confiscating the Goods and Effects belonging to th Subjects of the Crown of Sueden, that are Wichin the Territories of his M. jefty. Our preparations both by Sea and Lano advance apace, and it's faid our Troops have orders to be ready to march by the end of this month.

Vienna, March 15. Count Montesuculi continuing very much indisposed in his health, we are told that the Emperor has given the command of his Army to the Duke of Lorrain, yet fo, as that he shall take his residence this Summer in some place which may be nearest the Army, to assist the Duke with his counsel; and accordingly it's faid that he will part hence the beginning of the next month. Orders are given out to the Regiments of Foot of the Duke of Brunfwicke Wolfenbuttel, of the Count Massini, and of the Count Kauaits, the Regiment of Greats of Count Palfi, and the Regiment of Dragoons of Colonel Wopping, making in all 2000 Men, to march forthwith towards the Rhine; and at the same time the Regiment of Caraffa is commanded to march towards Pomerania, to reinforce the Body of Imperial Troops that acted in those parts the lait Summer under General Cops, who is come hither very much indisposed, and has refigned his command to General Kerferstein. Several Regiments are likewise ordered to march towards Hongry, to have an eye upon the Turks, who, it's feared, may attempt fomething upon the Fort of Schella, lately built by the Imperialiffs. From Poland we have advice, That the Dyet had refolved to make a strict Alliance with this Court, and in order thereunto, intended to fend bither a folemn Embally.

Eslingen, March 20. The 16 instant, Prince Herman of Baden, General of the Imperial Artillery, after having taken several Posts about Philipsburg on the other fide of the Rhine, caused his Troops to do the like on this, they possessing themselves of Graben, Rousbeym, and other places in that Neighborhood, where they are raising several Fores and Redoubes, in order to the blocking up of Philipsburgh, which is already fo far done, as to hinder their incursions into the Dutchy of Wirtemberg, the Palarinate, and the Marquifate of Baden, which before lay open to them. It is faid that the French of Philipsburgh have had a defign upon Spira, but that

with 400 Foot, and 200 Dragoons, with intention to have surprized the Imperialists that were in Rousheims but being discovered, they retired, without attempting any thing. The Magistrates of Stratburgh have prayed the Prince of Baden to fend them 1000 Foot, for the

security of their City.

Strasburgh, March 20. We are sold that Monsieur Verjus the Prench Envoy, has demanded of our Magistrates, that they will cause several Arches of their Bridge over the Rhine, to be forthwith broken down, or otherwife that they will give Hostages, that the Imperiarists shall not have any liberty to pass it this whole Campagnes to which our Magistrates have not as yet given any an-Iwer, but in the mean time have reinforced their Garrifan in the Fort that guards their Bridge. The Prince of Baden has begun to block up Philipsburgh as well on this as the other fide of the Rhine, and has turned the course of the River which makes the communication between that place and the Rhine. The last week the Mareschal de Rochefort arrived at Saverne with 180 Wagons, laden with Ammunition and Provisions. It is believed he will endeavor to remove the Imperialifts from the Posts they have taken to block up Philipsburgh, or at leaft to pur a good Convoy into it; and yesterday and this day we have news, that he is marched with 6000 Men to a wares Lauterburgh. The Dyet at Ratisbonne has write ten to the 13 Suiffe Cantons, to defire them not to give any affiftance to the French as being contrary to the Alliance they have with the Emperor and the Empire.

Cologne March 24. The report here is that the Duke of Newburgh will put the Forces he has lately raised into the service of the Emperor, though with what certainty we know not. From Strasburgh they write, That the Imperial Troops are marching from their feveral quarters, and that before the middle of the next month they will be in a Body, commanded by the Duke of Lorrain; for according to the advices from Vienna; Count Montecuculi will not go into the Field, but if his health permit, will come to straiburgh, or forme other conveent place near the Army, to give the Duke his advice upon all occasions. . The death of the Electress of Bavaria, is confirmed by Letters from Munic, which left that Court in great grief; the was Sifter to the late Duke of Savey, and Coulin-Germain by her mother to the Most Christian King that now is. The Marquis de Grans is not yet returned from the Hague.

Liege, March 24. The French continue to work in order to the demolishing of our Cittadel, all the Ammunition and Arms they have already transported to Maestricht, and yesterday most of the Cannon was likewife shipped to be earried thirher. According to the advices we have here, they intend to blow up the Castle

of Huy to morrow.

Bruffels, March 27. On Wednesday last, all our Spanish Cavairy that were quartered at Louvain, Dieft, Halem, and those quarters, had orders to march with all speed to Haffell, the quarters of Count Nasfaw, and to obey his orders, who joined to them a confiderable Body of Datch Troops, and manched with them towards the they were prevented in it. The 18 instant they came out | Meufe, upon a defign, of which we are as yet ignorant,

though some think it may be to intercept the French Garifon, who was to have drawn out of Huy yellerday. We are told that the Governor of Aeth is going to build a Cirtadel for the farther security of that important place. We have advice from Lifle, of the 24 instant, that great store of Provisions had been sent from thence to Charleroy, to be Convoyed to Maestricht, for the si bsistence of a sying Army the Mareschal d'Estrades is to have in those parts. The 29 instant, the Mareschal fent 500 Horse and Dragoons as far as Straesen in Gelderland: where passing unexpectedly over the Roer, they surprized that place, and in it two Troops of Horse. The Sieur de Quinones bath obtained leave to quit his command of Mailtre de Camp General of the Forces of these Countries, which will be solely exercised for the furure by the Counc de Rajeh. The French begin again to exact Contributions from the Dutchy of Juliers. We hear for certain that the Imperial Army will be 30 000 men effective, and that it will begin to march about the middle of the next month, under the command of the Duke of Lorrain, till fuch time as General Monteouculi arrive. We have the confirmation of the death of the Electress of Bavaria. From Spire we have Letters which fay that the Marcfchal de Rochefors was marching with a Body of 6000 Men towards the Palatinate.

Oftend, March 29. On the 25 instant, about four in the afternoon, appeared off of this Harbor seven Capers of Dunkirk, five of them Frigats mounted from 8 to 26 Guns, and two Snaws of four Guns each. The fame night they made themselves Masters of a Spanish Merchant ship belonging to, and coming from Sebastian, laden to the value of 40 000 Gilders, which Prize they fent with the two Snaws for Dunkirk; and in the mean time the other five continued Cruising on these Coasts: On the 27, within three leagues of the shore, they came up with eight Billanders of this place, and two small Vessels belonging to Flushing, all richly laden, under the Convoy of two Men of War of this Port, the one mounted with 24 Guns, and 90 Men, and the other with 40 Guns, and 70 Men, and another Man of War of Zealand of 18 Guns, and 105 Men, coming from London. After a short but sharp dispute, the Capers possessed themselves of the eight Billanders, and the Zealand Convoy, the two Oftend Men of War, and the two Vesfels of Flushing made their escape, the former having fusiained little damage, and lost only three or four Men.

Hague, March 27. Yesterday the States of Holland separated, after that the Prince of Orange had token his leave of them in their Assembly, and that they had been wi h his Highness to refurn the Complement, and to wish him a happy success in this Campagne. Last night his Highness issued out, orders, commanding all Officers to repair within 24 hours to their respective commands 3 and we are told that his Highness intends to part hence the 10th of the next month towards Rosendiel, the place appointed for the Rendezvous of his Forces, whither they are in the mean time marching. . It is faid that the States have resolved to send a Man of War to Gortenburgh, to bring over the Suedish Plenipotentiaries defigned for the Congress at Mimeguen. We have Letters from Mentz which advise, That the whole Imperial Army will begin to march foon after Eaften, under the command of the Duke of Lorrain; and from Estingen they write, That the Marquis of Baden, and General Schultz, had made themselves Masters of Graben Rusfen, and other Polts near Philipsburgh, by which means they held it blocked up on that fide the Rhine, and that they were endeavouring to turn the course of the Rivet which makes the communication between Philipsburgh and the Rhine. Besides the eight Men of War which we somethy told you were failed out of the Texel with a secret Commission, there are six more said to be gone out from Zealand, mounted each with 20 Guns, upon the same design. There are Letters from Copenhagen of the 8th instant, which inform us, That they had there already complete for this Campagne 42 Regiments of Horse Foot and Dragoons, ready to march; and that a Squadron of 16 Men of War, well provided, would be ready to said in 8 or 10 dayes: And from Stockholme, of the first instant, we have advice, That there lay 12 ships ready to fail with Provisions for Pomeren, so logn as the weather would permit.

Marseilles, March 14. We have advice here by a Vessel come in from Palermo, of a great Compiracy that had been discovered at Messina, for the burning the French Fleet in Port there, and the destroying the Duke de Vivonne, and all the French that are there, and that it was gone so far, as that 500 Spanish Soluters had by the Conspirators been privately brought into the Town, when the whole matter was discovered to the Duke de Vivonne, who caused the Authors to be seized, and afterwards punished with death; but we know not how far we may give credit to all these particulars, seeing our advices from Naples of a very fresh date, only say, that the Duke of Vivenne understanding that the Viceroy of Sicily was marching towards Messina, had thought fit to change the Garifons that were in tome of the Outpolls, for fear of some intelligence the Enemy might

polts, for item of some have formed among them.

Paris, March 28 The Mareschal de Crequi is parted for Flanders, and the Mareschal de Montmorency for Germany. On Monday next the whole Court will remove to Ve saides, where it will continue till the Kings departure. Here has been much discourse as if the Duke de Crequs was to go in a solemn Embassy to the Blector of Bavaria. It is said that the Kings Army in Alfaita this Campagne, will be composed of 22 Battalions of Foot, each Battalion consisting in 800 men, besides Cavalry. From Marseilles we licar, that the Men of War and Gallies designed with a satther supply for Messing, lie ready there and at Thousan to sail with the first orders.

Advertisements.

Lown out of St. James's Park on Thursday night last, a Goose and a Gander, brought from the River Gambo in the East-Indies; on the head, back and wings, they are of a shiming black, under the throat, about the eyes and the belly white; they have spurs on the pinions of their wings about an inch in length, the beak and legs of a muddy red, they are shaped like a Muscowy Mallard, but larger and longer leg'd. Whoever gives Notice of them to Mr. Chiffings at Whitehall, shall be well rewarded.

Oft the 22d instant, a little young Spaniel, brown coloured, with a white belly, and a white spot on his side, as also his legs most white, his tayle long and most white, and a white spot near the rump, a white ring almost round his neck, his ears iong. Whoever gives notice of him at the Dutchess of To, 1/2 Lodgings, shall be well rewarded.

Aken out of the Right Honourable the Earl of Roscomon's house in St. James's Park, on Tuesday or Wednesday in the morning, two Silver Candlesticks, with an Earls Coronet, and a Cipher Roscomon. Whoever gives notice of the said Candlesticks at the Earls house aforesaid, shall have 40 s. Reward.

Tolen from the Honourable, Mr. Banaftre Maynard, living in Great Chelfey, on Sunday anight, the 12th initant, Two Silver Tumblers. Six Salts. A Sugar Cafter A Pepper Cafter. A Mustard Pot. Two Candlesticks. Two Chafindishes. All these had the Arms upon them in Palle, first a Cheveron, between three Left hands, the second Barre of Six, three Tostauxes in Chiefe. Twenty three Silver Spoons with the Crest a Stag. A Silver Laule, with a Fork at, the or exend. Whosover gives notice of these things to Mr. Gonge Peryer at the Sun in Lossbbary, or to Mr. Robert Blanchard Golds smith within Templeshay, shall have Ten pounds reward.