rather for that the Casse there was almost thought impregnable, as well because of its natural scituation, as its fortifications, and the strong Garist n that was in it, with a provision of all things necessary. However, we do be not but the Enemy will find it a harder work to make themselves Massers of any other of our strong places, which are Denmin, Gripsmaldt, Anclam, and Stetin, as well for that they are it meiently provided for their defence, as that it ewinter season is to me on, which puts an end to all actions of that kind, and a gainst Spring we hope to be in a better condition to receive the Enemy. We are told that the Elector of Evandenburg has commanded his Troops to attack Anslam, which we can hardly believe, for it is a place of great strength, and has a Garison of 2000 Men in it.

Base, Nov. 26. The Catholick Cantons being much

Baste, Nov. 26. The Catholick Cantons being much distaissified that the Crown of Spain had of late omitted to pay them the yearly Pention, stipulated by the Treaty they have with that Crown, Lad resolved to send to the Governor of Milan, on this subject, but upon that Governors having lately remitted a consirable sum to the Count de Casari, Spanish Ambassador to the said Cantons, they are pretty well pacified. The eighth of the next Month will be held a general Assembly of the 13 Cantons at Arraw, where it will be among other things deliberated, how far the Treaty between them and the House of Austria obliges them not to grant affishance to its Enemies, and whether it will not be necessary to send Ambassadors to be

present at the Treaty at Nimeguen.

Ratisboune, Nov. 28. The overflowings of the Rivers has been the cause that we have not of late teceived our Letters fo regularly from Vienna, and those parts, as at other times, the last we had said; that Commissioners were arrived at Vienna, from the Prince of Transilvania, who had desired the Emperor would please to appoint some of his Ministers to treat with them, for the composing the troubles which still remain in Hungary, the faid Prince engaging for those that hitherto have been in Arms, that they shall do whatever becomes true and faithful Subjects, provided they may have assurance of living in quiet and security for the future. The same Letters tell us, that the Bishop and Prince of Gurck was intended, according to the orders he had received from the Emperor, to fet out very suddenly on his journey to Nimeguen. The Elector of Bavaria remains firm in his Neutrality, refolying not to exceed its bounds on the one or the other side; and, therefore we are told, that his Electoral Highness has declared to the Suedish Envoy at his Court, that he cannot give any affiftance to the King his Master, not being obliged thereunto by the Treaty that is between them.

Bonne, Decemb. 2. The quitting of the Poss about Philipsburgh by the Troops of the Circles, who were left to guard them, has occasioned very great complaints against the Directors of the Circles, who sent those orders to the said Troops, without so much as communicating them to the Marquis of Baden Dourlach, General of the Empire, and we shall expect to hear how they will be able to justific themselves at the Dyer, whither the said General is gone to complain of an action so much in contempt of the Authority of the Empire, and so prejudicial to the common interests in this conjuncture. From Essingen they write, That General Montecuculi had by his great prudence and moderation almost overcome those many difficulties that did arise in the matter of Win-

ter-quarters, and that therefore he was preparing for his return to Vienna, leaving a dot be in tome whether he will return to the Army in the Spring, by reason of his gicat. age, on account of which he feems defirous to excise himself from the command he now hears.

Francfort, Decemb. 4. We cannot yet certainly lean the intention of the French in bringing fo many Troops' into Affaira: most people had believed, that their design was upen Lauterburgh, to open the passage of the Rhipe, bur at present we perceive that they of Strasburgh begin to grow fomewhat jealous left the French in sevenge of their having no bester maintrined this Neutrality this Summer, thould turn their Arms against them. The other day there hapned a scuffle in cur Neighborhood; some Imperial Troops would by force have taken their Winter-quarters in certain Villages belonging to this City, which the Countrey people opposed to far, that several of the Imperialists were killed, with a Lieutenant, and it is not to be doubted but the diforder would have gone farther had not our Magistrates sent out a party from hence to quier the Bores, and had not the Imperialists retired. Levies are making in all these parts for the recruiting the old Imperial Regiments, and the general discourse is, that the Emperors Army the next Spring will be more considerable than it is been yet since the War. General Montecuculi is fill at E stingen.

Cologne, Decemb. 4. From Lipitade we have advice, that the Brandenburg Troops which were employed in conjunction with the other Confederates in the Dutchy of Bremen, are gone to their Winterquarters, in the Countrey of Cleves, and that the Lunenturgh and Munster Troops are quarteted in Westphalia, though to the great diffatisfaction of the Bithop, who pretends to have his Territories excepted from quartering any Soldiers but his own. Letters from Vienna affure us, that the Emperors Plenipotentiaries will be very fuddenly on their way to Nime-The generality of "people wish for nothing more than to see the Ambassadors met there, and the Conferences begun there in order to a general Peace. which will be to much the more welcome to these Countreys by how much they fuffer by the War. From Hydelberg we have Letters which tell us, that the Treaty between the Palatinate and the Garison of Philipsburgh is punctually executed concerning the paying of Contributions, by which means that Countrey

is freed from the incursions of that Garison.

Harwich, Decemb. 11. The Packet-beats which should bring the Letters of resterday was sevennight, and of Inciday last from Holland, are still wanting. occasioned by the ill weather we have of late had; and we are in fear of hearing of great losses at Sea.

Dover, Decemb. 11. We are now manting two Mails. from Flanders, and one from France, so that me are without any forreign news. In the Downs is arrived a Vessel from Bourdeaux, the Master whereof affores us, that upon the removal of the Parliament to Vannes, a great many families had quitted that place, and that it was believed more would follow.

Advertisement.

Of the ninth of December, as is supposed in Marklane, a finer hart Diamond, weighing about 18 Grains, something yellow, with a small red streak in one side, 4 Rights and the Collet pollished, the Stone being about half made. Whoever can give notice to Mr. John John fon Goldsmith at the three Flower-deluces in Cheapside, shall have Ten pounds for their pains, or if already; bought, their money again, with content,