resolved, that very pressing Letters shall be written in the name of the Emperor, and of the Empire, to such of the States and Princes as have been wanting therein; but on the other side they endeavor to justific their omissions, and especially the Circles of the Lower Saxony, and of Westphalia, who it seems declare, that seeing a War is broken out with the Crown of sueden, they shall not be able to send their Troops towards the Rhine, which they shall have occasion to employ nearer home.

Philipsburgh, Nov. 29. The Regiment of Franconia, which was lodged in Chiverstadt, and in a Fort built on purpose for the blocking us up, hath quitted those two Posts, having demolished the said Fort, and is now quar-The 24 initant, tered at Manheim and at Heydelberg. the Sieur Merler, Lieutenant-Colonel of the Regiment of Pless, returned hither from Spire, having under his Convoy 10 large Boats laden with Corn, and other The Elector Palatine hath, as we'are told, Provisions. concluded the Treaty with this Garison concerning the Contributions which his Countries are to pay, to free them from the continual excursions of this Garison. We do not yet hear that General Montecuculi is on his return to Fienna, being hindered by feveral difputes that arife about the granting of Winter-quarters to his Troops.

Straburgh, Nov. 29. We are at present pretty quiet in this place, for as well the French as Imperialists are for the most part in their Winter-quarters. Our Magistrates endeavor very much so to order matters, that they may be permitted to maintain a Neutrality with the French, which hitherto General Montecueuli has wholly resulted though at the same time people here complain, that no great care has been taken to secure us against the French, whom we might well expect to be highly offended at our not observing the said Neutrality. In the interim there be those that seem to have great hopes of a sudden Peace, which will put an end to all these Calamities of War; and they tell us, that the several Patries are hastening their Ambassadors to the place of Congress; and that some of the principal Parties seem very much enclined to Peace.

Brisac, Nov. 30. The Troops that are at Schlestadt, being affilted by the Boors of the Neighborhood, work with great diligence for the raising the new Fortifications intended to be made for the security of that place, which are to confift in eight Bastions; and when those are finished, that place will be as confiderable a Post as is in this Countrey. Our Troops are not as yet all of them actually in their Winter-quarters, but are marching to The Sieur' de Monclar, who at present commands the Kings Forces in Alfatia, having spent two days here in giving the necessary orders, parted for Saverne, where he arrived the 28 instant, which he lest again the next day, and yesterday was at Haguenam, with intention in like manner to visit the other places in Alfatia. Several Deputies are arrived here from the Neighbouring Countries, to treat about their Contribu-

Paris, Decemb. 7. The 2d instant, the Prince of Conde arrived at Court in very good health, having taken his way through the Franche Comie, where, it's said, he less things in a very good posture. His Majesties Plenipotentiaries are disposing themselves to begin their journey towards Nimequen.according to the express command of the King. His Majesty has lately issued a Declaration, by which he revokes the Cherter and Priviledges granted to the Ciry and Inhabitants of Bourdeaux, and commands, That the Parliament which was wont to assembly there, shall be removed to Condom. We are told that there are at present 7000 Foot quartered in that City, and 5000 Horse in the Neighborhood; That the Citizens have been all disarmed; And that the Mareschal d'Albres their Governor,

has given order for the demolishing the walls, and pulling down several houses, to make place for the building a new Cittadel; And that the Inhabitants are obliged to pay a monthly Contribution for the maintenance of the Soldiers, which somes to a very considerable Sum. From Missina we have advice by Letters of the 30 of Odober, That upon the Spanish Atmada's (which consisted in 15. Men of War, -8 Gallies, and 3 fireships) appearing off of that place, the Mareschal de Vivonne commanded the Sieur d'Almeras Lieutenant-General of the Naval Forces of this Kingdom, to sail with 10 Men of War and five Fireships that were then in Port, and with them to engage the Spaniards, who were at Anchor in the Fare; but our ships being to pass a certain Channel three miles in length, and the wind proving contrary, they sound it a very difficult matter to get to the Linemy; but at length the Sieur Almeras patied the said Channel, and being ready to sail, upon the Spaniards, their Admiral cut his Cable, as did the rest by his example, and pit themselves under Sail, taking their course towards Melazzo; the Sieur Almeras endeavouring to get the wind of the Inemy, and to hinder their retreat, happed to come a ground with the ship he was in, which drew three foot more than the rest of his Squadron; but by the assistance he received by several Barks sent from Missina, ke got off again without any great damage, and that in the sight of the Spanish Armada, which retired within the Port of Melazzo.

Ditto. Yesterday arrived here his Excellency the Lord John Berkeley, Ambassador Extraordinary from His Majesty of Great Britain; it is said his Excellency will not make any long stay in this Court, but that after having had an Audience of the King, he will begin his journey for Nimeguen, the place appointed for the Treaty, whither Sir William Temple, at present Ambassador on the part of His said Majesty of Great Britain at the Hague, will likewise forthwith repair together with Sir Lectine Jenkins, Judge of the High-Court of Admiralty in England, who, we are told, will to that end part from London about the latter end of the next week, or the beginning of the week following.

the beginning of the week following.

We are at prefent wanting three Posts from Flanders, and two from Holland.

Advertisements.

The History of the Reigns of Honry VII.

Henry VIII. Edward VI. and Oneen Mary. The First written by the Right Honourable Francis Lord Verulam, Viscount St. Alban. The other Three by the Right Honourable and Right Reverend Father in God, Francis Godwyn, Lord Bishop of Hereford. Sold by f. Edwin at the Three Roses in Ludgate-street.

A New and Useful Concordance to the Holy Bible, with the chief Acceptations and varions Significations therein contained. To which is now added near 9000 Seriptures omitted in the former Edition, with the addition of Scripture Similies and Synonymous Phrases, Alphabetically digested. Recommended to the fluidous Christian, by John Owen D. D.

The Confession or Declaration of the Ministers or Pastors which in the United Provinces are called Remonstrants, concerning the chief Points of Christian Religion. Both fold by Francis Smith at the Elephans and Castle in Cornhil near the Royal Exchange.

T is desired by Mr. Thomas Merry the younger of Gopfhall in Leicestershire, That his Pather for himself and his Grandchildren; That his Brother Edward and Sister Fuding And that his Pathers Creditors would be pleased to come or send Persons fully instructed and impowred, to Mr. Good nough at his Chamber by the Temple-Church, on the 14 day of February next, who will then jointly treat with them, for the satisfaction of all their Debts and just demands.

Oft on Monday, Novemb, the 22, past, out of the Waggon-Coach, passing from Heriford to London, a Letter
directed to Mrs. Dinah Fenny, with a Bill of Exchange of 50 kin it, charged upon one Mr. Weynbam a Merchant in London,
with another inclosed Letter to Mrs. Dinah Fenny, wherein is
another Bill of Exchange. And if any Bills of Exchange be
directed to any person payable to the said Mrs. Dinah Fenny, or
so Mr. Peter Gumley, 'tis desired they would not pay the same,
unless to one of them in person. And if any one can give notice of the Bills of Exchange to Mr. Gumley at the sign of the
Cabines in the Strand, he shall be well rewarded.