

# The London Gazette.

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From Saturday November 3, to Tuesday November 6, 1764.

*Petersbourg, October 5,*

**T**HE Anniversary of her Imperial Majesty, and the Birth-Day of the Great Duke, have been celebrated here with Magnificence

*Leghorn, October 12.* The Quarantine from Naples is reduced to eleven Days on Goods susceptible of Infection, and eight Days on the Vessels that bring them after they are unloaded. Empty Vessels, or those loaded with Goods not susceptible of Infection, are immediately admitted to Pratick.

*Genoa, October 13.* By Advices received this Week from Corsica, the Malecontents continued their Operations against St. Fiorenza. The Vessels sent from hence with Succours, and a Reinforcement of Soldiers for the Garrison, were forced by Strefs of Weather into Porto Ferraio.

It has been determined by this Republick to reform three Regiments of their National, and one Regiment of Corsican Troops: The Officers will be allowed Half-Pay, and the Soldiers will be taken to compleat the other Regiments.

*Segovia, October 15.* The Régiment of Soria in Garrison at Barcelona, together with the two Regiments of Catalan, Fuzileers, (or Miquelets) have received Orders to march to the Frontiers of Portugal.

Last Saturday his Catholick Majesty, attended by the Prince of Asturias, the Infant Don Lewis, and the young Princes, came hither to see the Military School established by Count Gazola, Master of the Ordnance, who had fortified a Camp, with different Redoubts, for the Instruction of the Prince of Asturias, as well as for the Cadets; and the Attack of the Lines was made in all its Forms by the Volunteers of Arragon, and defended by the two Battalions of the Regiment of Artillery. His Catholick Majesty expressed great Satisfaction at the Performance.

The young Prince Xavier has had the Chicken-Pox, and is now recovered. The Archduchess is ill with a Fever. The Queen Mother is perfectly well; but has not yet had any Court.

*Venice, October 19.* The Plague having again made its Appearance in the Territory of Knin in Dalmatia, on the Confines of Bosnia, the Republick have again encreased the Quarantine on all that Coast to 42 Days, from 26, to which it had been reduced.

*Florence, October 20.* The Preparations for the Arrival here of the Archduke are carrying on with great Diligence, and at a vast Expence; a very considerable Addition has been made to the Palace for the Convenience of the Archduchess, and the Ground has been marked out for a large Publick Chapel contiguous to it. A whole new Wing is building for the Use of the Guard which is to attend the Prince, and is called la Garde Noble, which con-

sists at present of Fifty Gentlemen, and will, it is said, be encreased.

Several Coaches, made at Milan for the Use of the future Court, have been sent here, and much Baggage of all Sorts is arrived from Germany; as likewise many Servants.

The last Letters from Rome brought the News of the Death of Cardinal Imperiali.

*Lisbon, October 20.* Senhor Dom John returned the 9th Instant with his Squadron, after having been at Gibraltar, and cruized some Time upon the Coast of Sallé. He staid nine Days at Gibraltar, and expressed great Satisfaction at the particular Attention and Politeness with which he was received by the Governor and the whole Garrison.

This Week arrived a small Fleet of Four Merchant Ships from Pernambuco, and a Fleet of Two and Twenty Sail of Merchant Ships, under Convoy of One Man of War, from the Bahia; the Cargoe of these last consists of Four Thousand Eight Hundred Roles of Tobacco, and about Two Hundred Thousand Pounds in Gold.

*Bonn, October 22.* Last Friday Night, at Ten o'Clock, his Highness the Elector of Cologne arrived here in perfect Health from Munster, after an Absence of some Months, to the great Joy of all his Subjects. His Electoral Highness, on entering the City, was saluted by the Cannon of the Ramparts, and received with the usual Ceremony.

Admiralty-Office, October 30, 1764.

Whereas by an Act passed the last Session of Parliament, Money was granted for paying a Bounty for the Year 1764, of Two Shillings and Six-pence per Day to Fifteen Chaplains, and Two Shillings per Day to Fifteen more Chaplains, who have served longest on Board His Majesty's Ships of War; provided it appears by the Books of the said Ships, that they have been actually borne and mustered thereon for the Space of Four Years, during the late War with France and Spain; and provided likewise, that such Chaplains do not enjoy the Benefit of some Ecclesiastical Living or Preferment, from the Crown or otherwise, of the present Annual Value of Fifty Pounds.

These are to give Notice to all such Chaplains, as are within the aforesaid Description, that they are, on or before the 31st of December next, to apply to the Commissioners of his Majesty's Navy, at their Office in London, to be admitted to the said Bounty; and at the same Time to deliver a List of the Ships they have served in, together with an Affidavit made before a proper Magistrate, that they do not enjoy the Benefit of some Ecclesiastical Living or Preferment, from the Crown or otherwise, of the present Annual Value of Fifty Pounds, in order that Lists may be made out for the Payment of the aforesaid Bounty.

Ph. Stephens.