## The London Gazette.

## Published by Authority.

From Saturday October 20, to Tuelday October 23, 1764.

By the KING,
APROCLAMATION,

For permitting the free Importation of Salted Provisions from Ireland into this Kingdom.

GEORGE R.

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the last Seffion of Parliament, intituled, "An Act to enable His Majesty, with the Advice of His " Privy Council, to order the Importation of Provise fions from Iteland duri g the next Receis of Par-" liament, under certain Restrictions and Regulations therein mentioned," We are empowered, during the present Recess of Parliament, by and with the Advice of Our Frivy Council, from Time to Time to Order, Permit, and Authorize, the free Importation of Salted Beef, Salted Pork, Bacon, and Butter, from Ireland into this Kingdom, as We shall think convenient and needful, and as the Necessity of the Times may require, and in such Monner as We shall think fit to direct; Provided, that nothing herein contained shall extend to authorize the free Importation of Salted Beef, Salted Pork Bacon, or Butter from Ireland, unless the Price of the best Ox Beef in Smithfield Market shall exceed Three-pence per Pound for the Four Quarters, and unless the Price of the best Pieces of such Beef shall exceed Four-pence per Pound at Leadenhall Market, and unless the Price of th best Pork shall exceed Four-pence per Pound, the best Bacon Serva pence per Pound, and of the best Butter shall exceed Nine-pence per Pound, at Leadenhall Market .- And whereas a Petition hath been presented to Us in Council by several Merchants, large and extensive Dealers in Salt Provisions, humbly praying, that in regard the Prices of the aforementioned Provisions at Smithfield and Leadenhall Markets, do exceed the Prices specified in the said Act, We will be graciously pleased to permit the free Importation of Salted Beef, Salted Pork, Bacon, and Butter, from Ireland into this Kingdom .whereas it has been verified, by the Examination of several Witnesses, that the Prices of the best Beef, of the best Pork, and of the best Bacon, and of the best Butter, per Pound, do far exceed the Prices specified in the said Act; and We have the greatest Reason to suspect, that the present high Prices of Provisions do not arise from Scarcity, but are occasioned by unlawful Combina-tions; We do therefore, pursuant to the Powers vested in Us by the faid Act, and by and with the Advice of Our Privy Council, by this Our Royal Proclamation, Order, Permit, and Authorize, the free Impor-tation of Salted Beef, Salted Pork, Bacon, and Butter, from Ireland, into that Part of Our Kingdom of Great Britain called England, subject to the Payment of the Duties in the faid Act mentioned, until, and provided the same be landed in any of the Ports of that Part of our faid Kingdom of Great Britain called England, on or before the Thirty-first Day of December next : And in order to prevent all unlawful Combinations

for the Enhancing the Price of Provisions; and for an Encouragement to all who shall & cover any concerned in such illegal Practices, and being the Offenders to Conviction. We do hereby promise and declare, that all Persons who shall so discover, and cause such offenders to be convicted, shall be entitled to a Reward of ONE HUNDRED POUNDS; which said Sum of ONE HUNDRED DRED Pounds, the Commissioners of Our Treasury, or Our High Treasurer of Great Britain for the Time being, are hereby directed and required to pay accordingly, without any souther or other Warrant in that Behalf.

Given at Our Court at St. James's, the Twelfth Day of Odober, One thousand seven hundred and fixty-four, in the Fourth Year of Our Reign.

GOD Save the KING.

AT the Court at St. James's the 12th Day of October, 1764,

PRESENT,

The KING's most Excellent Majesty in Council.

Hereas by an Act of Parliament passed in the Third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, "An Act for the further Improvement of His Majesty's Revenue of Customs, and " for the Encouragement of Officers making Seizures; " and for the Prevention of the Clandestine Running of Goods into any Part of His Majesty's Do-"minions," it is (amongst other Things) Enacted, That one Moiety of the nett Produce arising by the Sale of Smuggling Vessels and Prohibited Goods; which should be seized after the First Day of May, One Thousand Seven Hundred and Sixty Three, and condemned and fold according to Law, (the Charges thereof being first deducted) should be allowed by the Commissioners of the Customs to any Officers of the Customs who should seize the same; and that the other isloiety thereof should be paid by the said Com-missioners into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer, in lieu of His Majesty's Share thereof, (except in those Cases which are otherwise provided for by the said Act :) And that for the more effectual Prevention of the infamous Practice of Smuggling; and for the better Encouragement of the Officers and Seamen of all fuch Ships and Veffels of War belonging to His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors. who may be employed in preventing the clandestine Running of Goods on the Coasts of Great Britain and Ireland, and of the other Dominions and Colonies belonging to the Crown of Great Britain, it shall and may be lawful for His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, to direct and appoint the Moiety therein before-mentioned, or any other Part of all and every the Seizurs and Seizures that shall be made by fuch Officers and Seamen respectively, so employed as aforefaid, to be divided amongst all such Offi-

ters and Seamen who shall make any such Seizure. in such Proportions, and in such Manner, as His Majefty, His Heirs and Successors; shall think fit to order and direct, by any Order or Orders of Council, or by any Proclamation or Proclamations to be made or iffued from Time to Time for that Purpole: And whereas by one other Act passed in the last Session of Parliament, entituled, "An Act for granting certain Duties in the British Colonies and Planstations in America, for continuing, amending and " making perpetual an Act passed in the Sixth Year to of the Reign of his late Majesty King George the " Second; (intituled, An Act for the better fecuring and encouraging the Trade of His Majesty's Sue gar Colonies in America) for applying the Produce of such Duties, and of the Duties to arise by Virtue of the said Act, towards defraying the Expences of defending, protecting, and securing, the said Colonies and Plantations; for explaining an Act made in the Twenty Fifth Year of the Reign of \*\* King Charles the Second, (intituled, An Act for the Encouragement of the Greenland and Eastland Trades, and for the better fecuring the Plantation Trade,) and for altering and diallowing feveral Drawbacks on Exports from this Kingdom, and more effectually preventing the clandestine Conveyance of Goods to and from the faid Colonies and Plantations, and improving and fecuring the "Trade between the same and Great Britain"; it is. amongst other Things enacted, That all Penalties and Forfeitures inflicted by that, or any other Act or Acts of Parliament relating to the Trade and Revenues of the British Colonies or Plantations in America, which shall be incurred and recovered there, (except fuch Seizures as shall be made at Sea by the Commanders or Officers of His Majesty's Ships or Vessels of War duly authorized to make Seizures) shall be divided, after deducting the Charges of Profecution from the Gross Produce thereof, into three Parts; and that one Part of the nett Produce thereof should be paid into the Hands of the Collector of His Majesty's Customs at the Port or Place where fuch Penalties or Forseitures should be recovered for the Use of His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors; one other Third to the Governor of the Colony, and the other Third to the Seizer or Profecutor; and that one Moiety of all fuch Seizures as should be made at Sea by His Majesty's Ships and Vessels as aforefaid, and of the Penalties and Forfeitures recovered thereon, first deducting the Charges as aforesaid, shall be paid as aforesaid to the Collector of His Majesty's Customs, to and for the Use of His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors; and the other Moiety to him or them who shall Seize, Inform, and Sue for the same; subject nevertheless to such Distribuzion of the Produce of the Seizures so made at Sea, as well with Regard to the Moiety therein before granted to His Majesty, His Heirs, and Successors, as with Regard to the other Moiety given to the Seizer or Profecutor, as His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors shall think sit to order and direct by any Order or Orders of Council, or by any Proclamation or Proclamations to be made for that Purpose; His Majesty taking the same into his Royal Consideration, is hereby pleased, pursuant to the Powers vested in him by the faid Acts of Parliament, and by and with the Advice of His Privy Council, to order, direct and appoint, that the Moiety, or other Part of all and every the Seize e and Seizures that have been, or shall be made by Virtue of the first menzioned Act, and granted to the Officers and Seamen as aforesaid, and the Moiety of Seizures granted by the faid last mentioned Act, be divided in the following Proportions, viz.

ift. With Regard to Seizures made by the Officers and Men of Ships and Sloops of War.

To the Captain or Captains of any fuch Ships of Sloops who shall be actually on Board at the Seizure of any Smuggling Veffel or prohibited Goods, Three Eighth Parts, to be equally divided amongst them : To the Captains of Marines and Land Forces, Sea Lieutenants and Masters on Board any such Ships or Sloops, One Eighth Part, to be equally divided amongst them: To the Lieutenants and Quarter Masters of Marines, and Lieutenants, Enfigns, and Quarter Masters of Land Forces, Boatswain, Gunner, Purser, Carpenter, Master's Mate, Surgeon, Pilot; and Chaplain, on Board any fuch Ships or Sloops, One Eighth Part, to be equally divided amongst them: To the Midshipmen, Secretary to Flag Officers, Captain's Clerk, Master Sailmaker, Carpenter's Mates, Boatswain's Mates, Gunner's Mates, Masser at Arms, Corporals, Yeomen of the Sheets, Coxswain, Quarter Massers, Quarter Massers, Surgeon's Mates, Yeomen of the Powder Room, and Serjeants of Marines, or Land Forces on Board any fuch Ships or Sloops, One Eighth Part to be equally divided amongst them: To the Trumpeters, Quarter Gunners, Car-penter's Crew, Steward, Cook, Armourer, Steward's Mate, Cook's Mate, Gunfmith, Cooper, Swabber, Ordinary Trumpeter, Barber, Able Seamen, Ordinary Seamen, and Marine, or other Soldiers, and all other Persons doing Duty, or affisting on Board any fuch Ships or Sloops, Two Eighth Parts, to be equally divided amongst them.

2d. With Regard to Seizures made by the Officers and Men of Cutters commanded by Lieutenants.

To the Lieutenant commanding fuch Cutter, who shall be actually on Board at the Seizure of any Smuggling Vessel, or Prohibited Goods, One Half Part: To the Second Master and Pilot, or Master's Mate and the Midshipmen on Board any such Cutter, One Eighth Part: The Second Master and Pilot, or Mafter's Mate, to have Two Third Parts thereof, and the Midshipman to have the Remainder; but if there should happen to be a Pilot Extraordinary on Board at the making of any fuch Seizure, the Second Master and Pilot, or Master's Mate, is, in that Case, to have one Moiety of the faid Eighth Part, and the other Moiety is to be equally divided between the Pilot Extraordinary and Midshipman : To the Clerk and Steward, Boatiwain's Mate, Gunner's Mate, Carpenter's Mate, and Surgeon's Mate on Board any such Cutter, One Eighth Part: To the Able Seamen. Ordinary Seamen, and all other Persons doing Duty and affifting on Board any such Cutter, Two Eighth Parts, to be equally divided amongst them.

3d. With regard to Seizures made by Ships or Sloops of War in Conjunction with Cutters,

That in all such Cases, the Moiety or other Pare which is given to the Officers and Men who shalf make such Seizure, be divided into so many equal Parts or Shares, as there may be Ships or Sloops and Cutters concerned therein; and that those Shares be distributed to the Officers and Men of the Ships or Sloops and Cutters according to the aforegoing Proportions.

And His Majesty doth hereby further order, directs and appoint, That in the Case of Seizures made as Sea in any of the Colonies Abroad, belonging to the Crown of Great Britain, by His Majesty's Ships or Vessels, being Part of the Squadron, or acting under the Orders of a Flag Officer, or a Commodore with a Captain under him, such Flag Officer or Commodore shall have One Fourth Part of the Moiety or other Part of the said Seizures directed by the faid last mentioned Act to be paid to the Collector of His Majesty's

jesty's Customs, or reserved by former Acts for His Majesty's Use: And in Case any Sea Captain, inferior Commission or Warrant Sea Officers, belonging to any fuch Ship or Vessel, for whom any Shares of Seizures are hereby allowed, be ablent at the Time of making fuch Seizure, the Share of fuch Sea Captain, inferior Commission or Warrant Sea Officer, shall be cast into the Share's hereby allowed to the Trumpeters, Quarter Gunners, Carpenter's Crew, Steward, Cook, Armourer, Steward's Mate, Cook's Mate, Gunlmith, Cooper, Swabber, Ordinary Trumpeter, Barber, Able Seamen, Ordinary Seamen, and Marine or other Soldiers, and all other Persons doing Duty or affifting on board any fuch Ship or Vessel, to be equally divided amongst them: Provided, that if any Officer or Officers on Board of any fuch Ship or Sloops at the Time of making such Seizures, shall have more Commissions or Offices than One, he or they shall be intitled only to the Share which, according to the abovementioned Distribution, shall belong to his or their respective superior Commissions or Offices. And the Right Honourable the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, and the Lord's Commissioners of the Admiralty, are to cause His Majesty's Pleasure hereby signified, to be duly complied with.

Rob. Walpole.

Petersburg, September 21. M. Mirowitz's Trial was concluded Yesterday. He was condemned to be broke upon the Wheel; but was told, that her Imperial Majesty's Mercy would be so far extended to him, as to mitigate his Punishment into the less severe Death of being beheaded: He is to be executed

on Wednesday next.

Peterfourg, September 28. M. Mirowitz, in purfuance of his Sentence, was publickly beheaded on Wednesday last: He behaved at his Execution, as he had done throughout the whole Transaction, with the greatest Resignation. Six of the Soldiers and Under Officers, who were engaged with him, run the Gantelop the same Day: They were so severely whipp'd, that, it is said, three of them are since dead. Many more are to be punished. One Uskakow, a Lieutenant in the Regiment of Welikolutz, who was privy to the Design, was accidentally drowned in his Way from Smolensko.

Liston, October 3. The Count de Welsperg, the Emperor's Minister at this Court, being recovered from his Indisposition, had his sirst Audience of their Most Faithful Majesties and the Royal Family on Sunday last the 30th of September: And on Monday their Majesties and the Court sat out for Masra, to be present at the Festival of St. Francisco de Assis; and will reside there about ten or twelve Days to take the Diversion of Hunting in the Park: M. da Cunha

attends their Majesties.

His Britannick Majesty's Ship Guadalupe, Captain Ruthven, arrived here on Saturday the 29th, in her

Way to Gibraltar and Minorea.

Genoa, October 6: Advice is received that the Male-Contents in Corfica continued the Siege of San Fiorenza, and had erected two new Batteries to push it with greater Vigour. Two Days ago the Republick fent an armed Bark, with Sixty Soldiers, and two other Barks laden with Flour, and other Provisions, to relieve the Garrison, and bring hither the Sick and Wounded; they are to touch at Bassia, to bring back Part of that Garrison; and the Republick has hired some other Vessels to go to Corfica, to bring hither all the Genoese Troops, as soon as the French are put in Possession of the Places, which they are to garrison in that Island.

The present Doge's Dignity expires on the 25th of November next.

Florence, October 6. The Obstacles, which had hitherto prevented the Conclusion of the Negotiation between the Emperor and the Pope, for the Sale of some Allodial Estates, which he possessed in the Dutchy of Urbino as Great Duke of Tuscany, having very lately been removed, the Ratissication of the Contract was exchanged by Baron St. Odil, and the Pope's Secretary of State Cardinal Torrigiani, on the 22d of last Month.

On Thursday Marshal Botta celebrated the Em-

On Thursday Marshal Botta celebrated the Emperor's Name-Day; and entertained at Dinner the Members of the Regency, the Foreign Ministers, and many others; and in the Evening made a great

Assembly for the Ladies.

Vienna, October 6. Thursday last, being his Imperial Majesty's Name-Day, was observed at Schonbrun with the usual Solemnities.

This Evening the King of the Romans, and the Archduke Leopold, fet out for Moravia and Bohemia.

Hamburg, October 16. The Baron de Scheffer, his Swedish Majesty's Ambassador to the French King, passed through this City on Sunday last in his Way to Stockholm.

Way to Stockholm.

We hear from Warfaw that Count Keyferling, the Rushian Ambassador, died there on the 30th past.

Admiralty Office, October 13, 1764. Whereas my Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty have received authentick Information, That on the 21st of March last, about Seven & Clock in the Evening, as a Ship called Birgitha Catherina, of Copenhagen, Captain P. A. Fansen, Commander, belonging to the Danish African Company, was coming from Amsterdam, and bound for Salee in Barbary, the said Ship was piratically and seloniously attacked on the High Sea near Dower, by a Vessel or Cutter which shewed English Colours; and of which the Crew seemed to be English Colours; and of which the Crew seemed to be English who by Force plundered and robbed the said Ship Birgisha Catherina of great Quantities of Goods, Wares, and Merchandizes to a very considerable Value, in Violation of the Laws of Nations.

lation of the Laws of Nations.

Their Lordships therefore, in order to detect and bring to Justice the Persons guilty of the said Piracy and Robbery, are pleased to promise a Reward of One Hundred Pounds unto or among such Person or Persons; as shall, within Three Months from this Time, discover any of the Offenders guilty of the abovementioned Offence, so as such Offenders shall be apprehended and duly comunicied thereof: Which Reward shall be paid, clear of all Deductions whatsoever, by Samuel Seddon, Esq. Solicitor of the Admiralty, immediately after the Conviction of such

Offenders.

And as a farther Encouragement, His Majesty is pleased to promise His most gracious Pardon to any of the said Offenders, (other than and except the Commander of the said Cutter) who shall discover, and prosecute to Conviction, any one or more of the said Offenders.

Ph. Stephens.

General Post-Office, October 9, 1764.

A Mail will be dispatched from this Office on Thursday the 8th of November next, being the Second Thursday in the Month, for His Majesty's Islands in the West Indies, Pensacola, St. Augustine, Savanna, and Charles-Town, by the Grenville Packet Boat, Capt. Purches, now at Falmouth.

The Postage from London to the West India Islands is 1s. 6d. a Single Letter; to the whole Continent of America;

America, including Florida, 1 st the Double, Treble, and Ounce Letters and Packets in Proportion, which must be paid upon their Delivery into this Office; the Inland Postage to London, from all Places in Great Britain and Ireland, must also be paid, over and above the faid Rates.

By Command of the Postmaster General, Anth, Todd, Secretary.

This Day was published,

Price 3 s. neatly bound, a New Edition of the

ATE BISHOP of LONDON Dr. GIBSON'S Five PASTORAL LETTERS to the PEOPLE of his DIOCESE.

The shire first in Defence of the Gospet-Revelation, and by Wa. of Preservative against the late Writings in Favour of INF DELITY.

The Courts against LUKEWARMNESS on one Hand, and ENTHUSIASM on the other. And The Cifth and last on the late REBELLION, and ex-

citing to a ferious Reformation of Life and Manners; with a Postscript setting forth the Danger and Mischiefs of POPERY. Printed by E. Owen in Warwick-Lane, and fold by W.

Johnston in Ludgate Street.

Where may be had, by the same Author,

i. The Sacrament of the Lord's Supper explained, Price 1s.

2. An Exhartation to Marning and Evening Prayer in Families Price 1s.

milies, Price 4d.

3. An earnest Distinative from Intemperance in Meats and Danks, Price 3d.

Serious Advice to Persons who have been Sick,

 An Admonition against Profane and Common Swearing.
 The Evil and Danger of Lukewarmness in Religion.
 The Sinfulness of Neglecting and Profaning the Lord's Day.

8. Trust in God the best Remedy against Fears of all Kinds.

9. The Danger and Mischies of Popery.

to. A Caution against Enthusiasm. 11. An Exhortation to a ferious Reformation of Life and Manners.

12. Directions to Ministers and People, in order to a Confirmation.

The last Nine at Three Halfpence each, or 25 for 23. 6d.

WHereas Fraser Honywood, late of Hereas Fraser Honywood, late of Hampstead, in the County of Middlefex, Esquire, who died on Saturday the Twenty-eighth Day of January last past, did in and by a Codicil, to his last Will and Testament, give and bequeath to his Executors, Sir John Honywood, of Evington, in the County of Kent, Baronet, Abraham Atkins, of Clapham, in the County of Surry, Esquire, Clerke Willfhaw, of Hemel Hempstead, in the County of Hertford, Doctor in Physick, and Mr. Edwin Martin, of Reading in the County of Berks, Twenty Thousand Pounds, upon Trust, that the said Executors, or the Survivors, or Survivor, of them, his Executors, or Administrators, should distribute, and dispose of the said Sum, and the Interest, and Improvement, to he made thereof, to and amongst such of his, the ment, to be made thereof, to and amongst such of his, the faid Testator's Relations (by Consanguinity and not by Marriage) who should not appear, to his said Executors, to be worth, each Person, more than Two Thousand Pounds, and who within Two Years, next after his Decease, should apply, or being Minors, or otherwise incapable of applying in their own Persons, should cause Application to be made, or have Application to the made the made that the made the made that the m plication made, on their respective Behalves, to his said Executors, or the Survivors, or Survivor, of their, his Executors, or Administrators, for the Benefit, or to have a Share, of, or to participate in, that Legacy, or Donation: Such Distribution to be made amongst such of his Relations as aforesaid, at such respective Time, or Times, and in such Manner, and Form, and in such Proportions, or Disproportions, as his said Exe-

cutors, or the Survivors, or Survivor, of them, his Executors, or Administrators, should in his, or their, own Discretions, or Discretion, judge to be most proper. And the said Testator, by his said Codicil, declared, that he did not mean to restrain, by his faid Courti, declared, that he did not mean to restrain, or confine, the faid Application, and Distribution, to be made, to and amongst his Relations, of any Particular Degree of Kindred; but did thereby authorise his said Executors to pay, apply, and distribute the same, to and amongst any Persons, whom they should find to be proper Objects of such Applicawhom they inouted find to be proper Objects of fact Applica-tion and Distribution; whether any such Persons should be re-lated to him in the First, Second, or Third, or in the Fourth, Fifth, or Sixth, or any other farther Degree of Kindred. Now all Persons, qualified, or intitled, to receive, any Share of, or Benefit from, the said Legacy, or Donation, are, in pursuance of the said Testator's said Codicil, hereby required, to deliver, or cause to be delivered, Notice in Writing, of the several Claims, or Pretensions, to any Part thereof, and of their respective Names, and Places of Abode, to his said Executors, or the Survivors, or Survivor, of them, his Executors, or Administrators, within Two Years from the said Twentyeighth Day of January last past; or otherwise, they will be excluded the Benefit of such Legacy, or Donation: And all Letters, upon this Subject, may, for Convenience, be directed to the Executors of Fraser Honywood, Esquire, at his late Dwelling-house, in Birchin Lane, London.

Final Dividend of the Trust Estate of Robert Broughton; A Final Dividend of the Frunt Enace of Robert Energetics, late of Caffle Street near Leicefter-fields, Hatter, Hofier, and Glover, under the Deed of Affignment and Truft b, him executed, bearing Date the 4th of April, 1757, will be paid to the Creditors who have executed the faid Deed, any Day in the Week, between Mondays and Saturdays from Ten to Twelve o'Clock at Noon, on applying to Mr. Briggs, at Weavers Hall, Bafinghall-street.

HE Creditors who have proved their Debts under a Commission of Bankrupt awarded and issued against foseph A million of Bankrupt awarded and iflued against Joseph Bombarg, late of Poor Jewry Lane, London. Merchant, are defired to meet the Affignees of the said Bankrupt's Estate and Estates, on Wednesday next the 24th Day of October Instant, at Six o'Clock in the Evening, at the Martinico Cossee house in St. Michael's Alley, Cornhill, London, in order to impower the said Affignees to commence of defend any Suit or Suits at Lan or in Espitia for the Research of the St. Rolley of the Research of the St. Rolley of the S Law or in Equity for the Recovery of the faid Bankrupt's Effate and Effects; and for compounding or submitting to Arbitration, and also agreeing, any Disputes relating thereto; and on other special Affairs.

HE Commissioners in a Commission of Bankrupt awarded and issued forth against William Kent, late of Wantage in the County of Berks, Shop-keeper, Dealer and Chapman, intend to meet on the 15th Day of November next, at Four of the Clock in the Afternoon, at Guildhall, London, in order to make a Dividend of the faid Bankrupt's Estate and Essects; when and where the Creditors, who have not already proved their Debts, are to come presented to prove the content of the

pared to prove the same, or they will be excluded the Bene-fit of the said Dividend.

THE Commissioners in a Commission of Bankrupt awarded and issued forth against Edward Hayes, of the City of Coventry, Warehouseman, Dealer and Chapman, intend to meet on the 30th of November next, at the House of Samuel Thomas, known by the Sign of the White Bear in the said City of Coventry, in order to make a Final Dividend of the faid Bankrupt's Estate and Effects; when and where the Creditors, who have not already proved their Debts, are to come prepared to prove the fame, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the faid Dividend.

THE Commissioners in a Commission of Bankrupt awarded and issued forth against Robert Todd, of the Parish of St. John of Wapping in the County of Middlesex, Mastor St. John or Wapping in the County or Middletex, Mate-maker, Dealer and Chapman, intend to meet on the 15th Day of November next, at Four of the Clock in the After-noon, at Guildhall, London, in order to make a Dividend of the faid Bankrupt's Effate and Effects; when and where the Creditors, who have not already proved their Debts, are to come prepared to prove the fame, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the faid Dividend,