

been pleased to communicate his dissatisfactions to them; and to assure his Majesty, that they will do what lies in them to procure him all just satisfaction. It is said that the Cardinal Patron is somewhat concerned hereat; however it's hoped this will be a means to beget a composition of the difference between the Most Christian King and this Court.

Vienna Nov. 16. The Interview that was intended between their Imperial Majesties; and the Queen of Poland is put off till towards Spring. From Hungary they write, that the *Turks* of *Newbanfel* continue to commit frequent hostilities and depredations in the Neighborhood, which this Court is somewhat concerned at; and the rather, for that the *Imperialists* being about raising a Fort near a Post which they hold not far from *Newbanfel*, the *Turks* came in a strong party, and forced them to retire from thence, and demolished their work. It is said that General *Montecuculi* has obtained the Emperors leave to return hither, and some seem to question whether he will command the Emperors Army the next Campaign, he endeavouring to excuse himself on account of his age.

Hamburg Nov. 22. Our last advices from the Camp before *Wismar*, gave us an account that all things were preparing for a general storm; since which we have had several reports spread abroad, as if the Besieged had sent to desire the King of *Denmark* to grant them honourable Conditions, on which they might surrender the place; but they meet with little credit; and in the mean time people are in much impatience, to have a more certain account of what hath passed in that siege. The *Munster* Troops are now in *Westphalia*, and in few days will be in their Winter-quarters; the Duke of *Zell* will remain this Winter in the Duchy of *Bremen*.

Philipsburgh, Nov. 20. The 14 instant, the *Imperialists* quitted their Posts at *Lissen*, *Rau*, *Grave*, and *St. fort*; so that our parties are now at liberty to make their excursions again. The Enemy still keep *Brussel*, having a Garrison of 400 Horse, and 1000 Foot there, and *Lauterburg*; but that hinders not the Boors from bringing hither all sorts of Provisions.

Brisc, Nov. 22. The 15 instant, the Prince of *Conde* parted from *Schlestadt* on his return for *Paris*, as did the Duke d' *Enghien* the 18. The Troops have their Winter-quarters assigned them in *Lorraine*, in the *Franche Comte*, and in the Upper and Lower *Alsacia*, and they are now on their march thither. We have at present here six Squadrons of Horse, and three Regiments of Foot. We hear the *Imperialists* have not thought fit to continue the blocking up of *Philipsburgh*.

Spire, Nov. 23. The Armies being now in their Winter-quarters, we might expect these Countries might have some ease; but the *Imperialists* have no sooner left them, but they are again exposed to the incursions of the Garrison of *Philipsburgh*, who have lately burnt one or two large Villages for not paying their Contributions. We are told, that the Bishop of *Bamberg* has obtained that his Countries shall be excused from Winter-quarters, in lieu of which he has engaged to raise three Regiments against Spring for the Emperors service. Our last Letters from *Efingen*, left General *Montecuculi* there.

Brussels, Nov. 27. Our Governor the Duke de *Villa Hermosa* is very intent to make the necessary preparations against Spring, and most of the Officers are now in Town, some expecting Commissions to make new Levies, and others to recruit the old Troops. This Court is in great expectation of the arrival of the next Courier from

Spain, who it is expected will bring a particular account of what passed at *Madrid* upon the arrival of *Don Juan of Austria*, and his departure again from thence; and whether his Highness is in reality gone for *Sicily*, which some will still doubt. The last Letters we had from *Naples*, seemed to promise that things would quickly change in those parts to the advantage of the Crown of *Spain*, and that the Inhabitants of *Messina* were not altogether satisfied with the *French*.

Paris, Nov. 30. The 28 instant arrived at *St. Germain* the Duke d' *Enghien*, and in two or three days the Prince of *Conde* is likewise expected. The City of *Bordeaux*, as we are informed, suffers very much by the great numbers of Soldiers that are quartered upon the Inhabitants; and it is said that the Assembly of the Parliament will be removed from thence. It is long since the several Parties engaged in the present War, agreed that *Nimegue* should be the place for the renewing the publick Conferences, in order to a general Peace; but the difference in the preliminary Point about the liberty of the Prince of *Furstemberg*, was the great obstacle which hindered the intended Congress there: but now we are told that his Majesty, at the instance of the King of *Great Britain*, and at the earnest prayer of the Bishop of *Sarasburgh*, Brother to the Prince of *Furstemberg*, as well as out of his great desire of Peace, is content that the said Prince of *Furstemberg* shall remain in the hands of some Neutral Prince, till the Conclusion of the Peace; and that in the mean time he has directed his Plenipotentiaries for the treating the said Peace, who are the Duke de *Vin*, the Sieur *Colbert*, and the Sieur d' *Avaux*, to part forthwith to the place appointed for the Congress. From *Germany* they write, That the Elector of *Bavaria* is very zealous in his endeavors by his Minister at the Emperors Court, to promote the said Peace. From *Thoulon* we have advice, That the Men of War which lately arrived there from *Messina*, are re-fitting with so much diligence, that they will be in a condition to put to Sea again the beginning of the next month, and under their Convoy a great number of other Vessels laden with all sorts of Provisions, as well Military, as Corn, Wine, &c. for the relief and assistance of the *Misshes*. Our last advices from these parts informed us, That the Prince of *Montferrat* continued to block that City up by water, he Cruising with the Armada in the *Fate*; and that the Viceroy of *Sicily* having drawn what forces he could together, with design to have besieged *Augusta*, had changed his resolution, and had declared his intention to march directly towards *Messina*, to try if he could do any good upon that City, while it is shut up by Sea, and before the fresh succors that are expected from this Kingdom arrive there. The *Spaniards* seem to promise themselves very much from the disagreement they tell us that is between those Inhabitants; but we doubt not but they will find themselves deceived in that particular.

Advertisements.

✶ The History of Popish Transubstantiation. Written by the Right Reverend Father in God, *J. B.*, late Lord Bishop of *Durham*.

✶ *Musa Subsecivæ, seu Poetica Stromata.* Autore *J. D. Cantabrigiensi.* Both sold by *H. Brome* at the Gun at the West-end of *St. Pauls*.

✶ The Fallibility and Falshood of the Church of *Rome*, briefly detected and made manifest, both in several Instances thereof, and in the Scripture Assertion thereabout. By way of Letter to a Friend. Sold by *Benjamin Southwood* at the Star next to *Sergeants-Tun* in *Chancery-lane*.

IT is desired by Mr *Thomas Merry* the younger of *Gosshall* in *Leicestershire*, That his Father for himself and his Grandchildren; That his Brother *Edward* and Sister *Judith*; And that his Fathers Creditors would be pleased to come or send Persons fully instructed and empowered, to Mr *Goodenough* at his Chamber by the Temple Church, on the 14 day of February next, who will then jointly treat with them, for the satisfaction of all their Debts and just demands.

ON Wednesday, the 24th instant, left or lost in a Hackney Coach between *Covent-garden*, and the West-end of *St. Pauls*, a large black hair Camblet Cloak. Whoever gives notice of it, or brings the said Cloak to Mr. *Wolley* at the Fleece in *St. James-street*, or to Mr. *H. Eden* in *Marygold Court* in the Strand, shall have 10s.