

# The London Gazette.

Published by Authority.

From Thursday November 18. to Monday November 22. 1675.

*Dantzick, Nov. 12.*

**O**ur Letters from Poland continue to give us a very good account of his Majesties progress against the Enemy, who, it seems, still retreats from place to place, in the greatest confusion imaginable, and flies before the King, so much inferior to them in the number of his Forces, insomuch that it seems almost incredible, that an Army of 15 or 16000 Men should force above 100000 Men to raise two Sieges, and to retire with so much disorder and precipitation; for our last advices said, that the Turks having quitted the Siege of *Trembowla*, marched with all the diligence possible towards *Caminiec*, and put themselves under the Cannon of that place, where they continued several days, till they received advice that the King marched directly towards them, whose Army they reckoned at 60000 Men, whereupon *Ibrahim Bassa* having held a Council of War, it was resolved not to expect the Poles, but to march away towards *Walachia*, which had accordingly been put in execution, yet so, as that the King, who had advice of their retreat, sent out the Chevalier *de Lubomirsky* with some Troops, who, it's said, fell upon the Turks in the Rear, and cut off a great many of them. We are likewise told, that another party his Majesty sent out to look after the Enemy, intercepted a great Convoy going with provisions to *Caminiec*. It is not known what resolutions his Majesty will take farther, but it is generally believed, that he will not think fit at this season to pursue the Enemy any longer, but that he will return with his Forces, to put them into Winter-quarters.

*Stockholme, Octob. 26.* Our Fleet is very unexpectedly come in again to the *Dollars*, having, it seems, met with such violent storms and continual ill weather since its going out, that the Rycks Admiral thought fit to return; which hath very much disappointed all people, who promised themselves some considerable action from the Fleet. We hear however, that a Squadron of Men of War are still abroad, and that all the other Men of War, of the smaller sort, who are come in, have orders to sail forthwith to join the said Squadron, who, it's said, is to look after the Fleet of Dutch Merchantmen that are coming from *Dantzick*, and those parts. The King is expected here this night.

*Elfenore, Nov. 6.* Most of the Danish Men of War are come to *Copenhagen*, to be laid up this Winter. Yesterday the Danish Admiral *Adelaer*, who came ashore the day before, dyed at *Copenhagen*. Here is arrived a Vessel from the Coast of *Pomeran*, the Master of which tells us, that three days since he was with General *Wrangel* in the Isle of *Rugen*; That his Excellency had been with 3000 Men, which were embarked in several small Boats, to endeavor the relief of *Wolgast*, but that he came too late, the place being already surrendered to the *Brandenburgs*.

*Naples, Nov. 5.* The Spanish Armada and Gallies continue to Cruise in the Fare of *Messina*. We are told that the French to content the *Messineses*, have put three small Forts into their hands; but that those Inha-

bitants pretend likewise to have the Castles in their possession; which the French do not think fit to agree to. We have not as yet any news of *de Ruyter*.

*Florence, Nov. 12.* From *Naples* we have advice, that the Prince of *Montefarchi*, cruises still before *Messina*, to hinder all succors from going to that place. Some advices say, that the French finding themselves very much streightned, went out with ten Men of War, and four Fireships; that they had fought the Spanish Armada, and had had the advantage, but this needs a confirmation. The Viceroy of *Sicily* besieges *Augusta*, though it's said he has not Forces enough to carry on the siege with vigor. On Sunday last died here the Cardinal *de Medicis*, in the 59 year of his age.

*Genoua, Nov. 14.* About nine days since, a Vessel that arrived here, met with Lieutenant-Admiral *de Ruyter* in the *Gulf of Lyons*, having only with him 12 or 13 sail. Four of his Men of War he had it seems sent to *Argiers*, to exchange the Ratification of the Articles concluded some time since with that Government at the *Hague*. Four other ships of his Squadron are gone upon some other design, it's said, to attend *Don Juan of Austria* at *Barcelona*.

*Madrid, Nov. 7.* The Court, which had for several dayes been entertained with divers publick Diversions on the occasion of the Kings Majority, was much surprized at the arrival of *Don Juan of Austria*, who came to Town the sixth instant in the evening, by special order from the King, though as is said without the knowledge of the Queen; his Highness went directly to Court, and was very kindly received by his Majesty; and this evening or to morrow morning his Highness, by the Kings command will part hence again for *Sicily*, to command his Majesties Forces in those parts. It is said in the mean time that the Government of this Kingdom will remain for two or three years longer in the hands of the Queen, and that all dispatches will be signed jointly by the King and her Majesty.

*Spire, Nov. 20.* The Troops of the Circles having quitted several Posts which they held about *Philipsburg*, that Garrison is now at liberty again, and makes frequent excursions to the very Walls of this City; the other day they set fire to the Castle of *Kieseloch*, and to a fair Village about half a League from hence, for omitting to pay their Contributions. According to our last advices, General *Montecuculi* was still at *Eslingen*, and we are not yet certain that his Excellency will return to *Vienna* this Winter; for besides, that the French keep the Imperialists upon their guard by the reports that are given out of their design to attack *Lauterburg*, they (the Imperialists) pretend to be very early in the Field the next Spring.

*Cologne, Nov. 22.* From *Lipsstadt* of the 19 instant they write, that the Bishop of *Munster* had refused passage through his Countries to two Regiments of the Bishop of *Osnabrug*, who were designed to winter in *East-Friesland*. The other *Lunenburg* and *Brunswick* Troops have actually taken their Winter quarters in *Westphalia*, at which the Bishop of *Munster* is much dissatisfied. The Garrisons of *Limburgh* and *Maestrich*

continue to threaten this Diocess with Fire and Sword, for not paying the demanded Contributions. Our Letters from *Strasbourg* tell us, that it is still believed there that the French intend to make some attempt upon *Lauterburg* this Winter, and that to that end they have quartered greatest part of their Forces in *Alsace*, to be near at hand. At *Hagenaw* is a Garrison of Five thousand Men.

*Hamburg, Nov. 22.* From *Bremen* they write, that the *Munster* Troops have passed the *Weser*, and are going into their Winter-quarters. Yesterday the King of *Denmark* intended to make a general Assault upon *Wisnar*, which defends it self very well; and many people will believe, that considering the season, the King will be at last forced to quit that siege. From *Stralsund* they write, that the Count of *Wirtemberg* was embarked with 1200 Men, with orders to endeavor to put them into *Wisnar*.

*Rosstock, Nov. 18.* We have here these particulars of the siege and surrender of *Wolgast*, viz. That the first instant, the Elector of *Brandenburg* set down before the Castle (the Town not having made any opposition, but opened its Gates to his Electoral Highness) which was fortified with six good Bulwarks, stands on the River *Peene*, and had a Garrison of 500 Foot, and 400 Horse. The second, the Besiegers began to work for the raising their Batteries, and laying a Bridge over the River, which was not finished till the eighth; the ninth, his Electoral Highness gave orders to fire from all the Batteries together, and to make use of Grandees, Fireballs, &c. not without doing great execution, for the Cannon beat down two of the principal Bulwarks, and dismounted the Cannon that was there, and the Fireballs set the Castle on fire, and particularly the rooms in which was their Powder and Provisions. The tenth, all things were prepared to make a general Assault, when the Garrison finding themselves unable any longer to defend themselves, capitulated, and agreed to surrender the Castle on these conditions:

I. That as well the Forreigners as Suedes, serving either as Horse or Foot, as well as Officers and Common Soldiers shall march out with their complete Arms, and Baggage, with Colours flying, Drums beating, &c. and shall be conveyed to *Stralsund*.

II. That notwithstanding the Germans according to the Emperors Avocatoria ought not to remain any longer in the service of the Crown of *Sueden*, yet his Electoral Highness takes it upon him to excuse to the Emperor, and to the Empire, those that are now in the Castle, and have by this agreement leave to march to *Stralsund* with the other Soldiers. And that those that desire to take service in the Electors Army, shall be at liberty so to do.

III. That the Prisoners shall be set at liberty on both sides.

IV. That all the Cannon, Ammunition, Provisions, Arms, and all Military materials shall be left in the Castle, to be delivered into the hands of the Commissaries of his Electoral Highness.

V. That if there be any Mines, the Governor shall declare them to his Electoral Highness.

VI. That the Officers shall have liberty to take their Horses with them.

VII. That if any part of these Articles shall be broken by the Garrison, the whole stipulation shall be null and void.

*Postscript.* We hear that the Elector of *Brandenburg* is marched with his and the Imperial Forces to attack *Anclam*. And from *Stralsund* we have just now

advice, that the Crown-General *Wrangel* was about embarking several Troops there, under the command of Count *Wirtemberg*, with design to relieve *Wisnar*, on the side of the Water.

*Bremen, Nov. 20.* This day the *Munster* Troops have all passed the *Weser* together, with their Train of Artillery; the Bishop has taken his journey directly towards *Munster*, where he intends to reside this Winter. The Duke of *Zet* is at present at *Harbourg*, and is lodged in the Castle, where he will likewise remain this Winter. We do not hear any Troops remain about *Stade* to block it up as was reported.

*Brussels, Nov. 26.* Here are at present a great many reformed Officers in Town, who expect Commissions to make Levies against Spring; but we do not hear that his Excellency has as yet taken any final resolution in the matter, and its said the monies necessary for the carrying on that work must be first remitted from *Spain*. We are here in great impatience of the arrival of the next Courier from *Spain*, who will bring the certainty of what hath passed at that Court since the departure of *Don Juan of Austria*.

*Hague, Nov. 26.* We are told that preparations are making at *Nimeguen* for the reception of the Ambassadors, who are expected there in *December* for the beginning the Conferences in order to a general Peace. Though in the mean time the general discourse here is concerning the preparing for the next Campaign; some have said, that this State will have then the same Forces on foot both by Land and Sea it had this last Summer, but nothing is yet finally resolved in the matter. The Town and Castle of *Wolgast* is now in the hands of the Elector of *Brandenburg*, who granted the Besieged very honourable conditions. We have Letters of the 17 instant from the Dutch Camp before *Wisnar*, which say, That the day before they possessed themselves of the strong Fort called the *Wolvis*, as likewise of a Swedish Man of War, which had layen for some time before *Wisnar* to keep the passage open towards the Sea; That in the Fort, in which commanded a Lieutenant, the Garrison consisting in 52 Men, they found 30 pieces of Cannon, whereof 24 were of Brass, and that in the Man of War which was manned with 62 Men, they took 6000 Swords, and great quantity of Victuals. The Letters add, that the Dutch lost not one Man in taking the said Fort and Man of War, the former having been surrendered upon Summons, not without a suspicion of treachery in the Lieutenant, and the Man of War was on ground, so that the Sea-men could not defend it. That this had very much discouraged the Besieged, as well as to see the Enemy approached within Pistol-shot of the Walls of the Town. It is said that at the coming away of these Letters, the Besieged had sent out a Trumpet to desire honourable Conditions to surrender the place, which it's not doubted but his Majesty will have granted them. From *Liege* they write, that 4000 Men of the Garrison of *Maastricht* had been out with design to take *Marbe*, situate between *Namur* and *Luxembourg*, but that they had not been able to effect it, but were returned to *Maastricht*.

#### Advertisements.

**Flora: Or, a Complete Florilege.** The second Impression Corrected, with many Additions, and several new Plates. By *John Kna*, Gent. Sold by *George Marriot* at the Sign of the Temple near the Inner-Temple-gate in Fleet-street.

**M**R. *Ogilby's* first Volume of *Britannia* being now finished, is to be sold by Mr. *Ambrose Isted* Stationer at the Golden Anchor against St. *Dunstons* Church in Fleet-street, by Mr. *John Harding* Bookseller at the Table and Anchor at the West-end of St. *Pauls*, and by the Author at his house in *White-Friers*; whither all persons that are Subscribers or Adventurers, are desired to send their Tickets every day, except Sunday, from one till five a clock afternoon, before the 20th, of *December*, by which time the Book of Roads will be ready to deliver also.

**S**Tolen at Grays from Mr. *William Prickman* at *Streatbam* in *Surrey* the 16 instant, a dark brown Nag almost black, above 13 hands high, no white about him, above 8 years old, walks well, and trots all, high-mettled, a brush tail, if not cut since stolen. Also a light bay Mare with a star in her forehead, about 13 hands high, bath all her paces, bob tail'd. Whoever gives notice to Mr. *Prickman* at *Streatbam* aforesaid, or to Mr. *Gould* at the *Whitehorse* in *Fenchurch-street*, shall receive twenty shillings apiece besides their charges.