

The London Gazette.

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From Monday November 8. to Thursday November 11. 1675.

Copenhagen, Nov. 6.

The Swedish Fleet is certainly at Sea, consisting in fifty six Sail, of which thirty six are stout Men of War, they have on Board between six and eight thousand Land-men. We are told that they have taken their Course directly to *Dantzick*, with design to surprize the Dutch and Danish Merchantmen that are there with their Convoys, and to destroy them; others say, that the Fleet is gone to *Colmar*, to take in 3000 Men more there, and that then it will stand over for the Coast of *Pomerania*: in the mean time our Fleet is come into the *Sound*, and has at present its station about a League from hence, The *Sieur Roosbeen* is passed by with the Danish Men of War that lay before *Gottenburgh*, to join the Fleet. We hear that the *Sieur Guldenteeuw*, Viceroy of *Norway*, has got 1000 Men together, to attack the Swedes on that side. The King of *Sweden*, they say, is coming towards *Gottenburgh*.

Rosock, Octob. 30. Yesterday the King of *Denmark* arrived here; yesterday likewise, and this day, the Danish Forces passed through this place, taking their march towards *Wisnar*. The King has caused *Demgarten*, and the other Passes to be demolished, resolving to employ all his Force, which may be about 20000 Men, for the reduction of *Wisnar*.

Hamburg, Nov. 10. The King of *Denmark* hath now for several dayes besieged *Wisnar*, and batters the place very furiously; the Elector of *Brandenburgh* attacks *Anklam* and *Wolgast*, and the Prince of *Anhalt* with a separate Body endeavors to take the *Damme* near *Svein*. We receive certain advice, that the Swedish Fleet is come to Sea, in all 52 Sail, having, as is said, a great many Land men on Board; and the Danish Fleet, we hear, is returned towards *Copenhagen*, pretending the bad weather will not permit them to keep the Sea any longer: by this means *Wisnar* will be open towards the Sea, and that will render the siege the more difficult; some have reported, that the King of *Denmark*, upon this advice, has quitted the said siege, but we do not give any credit to it. From *Bremen* we are told, That the Confederates finding the season too far advanced for the carrying on the siege of a place so well provided for its defence, as *Stade*; and besides, the Besieged having made two or three Sallies upon them with good success, have resolved to quit the siege, and to employ part of their Forces in blocking up the place this Winter, and the rest before *Carlstadt*. The Duke of *Zell* was in person before *Stade*, and the Bishop of *Munster* at *Boemersfurde*. It is said that the *Mareschal Horne*, upon the Enemies coming before the place, assembled all the German Soldiers, in Garrison there together, and told them, That if there were any who were unwilling to serve the Crown of *Sweden* any longer, and particularly in the defense of that place, he freely gave them leave to depart; but that they all declared, that they would continue faithful in the Service they were in.

Spire, Nov. 2. The Imperial Army, which for some time has had its quarters in the *Palatinate* about *Spire*, decamped yesterday morning early from *Offenbach*, and

lodged at *Langenkandel*, and this day the Troops begin to pass the *Rhine* over the Bridge of Boats near *Lauterburgh*, in which place the Count of *Arch*, General of the Imperial Artillery, commands. Four Regiments of Horse are marched towards *Mayence*, where they will pass the *Rhine*, in order to their taking their Winter-quarters in the Diocess of *Fulda*. The Troops of the Circles are to remain in several Posts about *Philipsburg*, and the Marquis of *Dourlach* intends, we hear, to omit nothing to straighten that Garrison this Winter and in order thereunto has possessed himself of *Graben*. The other day the said Marquis advanced with 1500 Horse under the walls of *Philipsburg*, upon which a Party of that Garrison came out, and skirmished with the Imperialists, but without any considerable advantage on either side. The Duke of *Lorraine* is arrived with his Troops at *Landaw*, they will pass the *Rhine*, and follow the Imperialists, being to winter with them.

Staffurt, Nov. 4. Yesterday, and this day, the Imperial Troops have been employed in passing the *Rhine*; 21 Regiments have orders to go and take their quarters in the Duchy of *Wirtemberg*, and in other Countries in *Suabia*; 16 Regiments march towards *Franconia*, and General *Montecuculi* will have his quarters at *Esslingen*, where he will remain this Winter, unless he receive new orders from the Emperor. The Troops of the Circles continue in the several Posts about *Philipsburg*, and the blocking up of that place is committed to the General of the Empire, the Marquis of *Dourlach*.

Lauterburgh, Nov. 8. The sixth instant, the Imperial Army having marched some miles together after its passing the *Rhine*, separated, and the Regiments are marching to the several quarters assigned them. The Imperial Garrison here, which consists in four Regiments, continue to fortifie themselves, though the Fortifications are already in so good a posture, that they need not fear any attempt of the Enemy.

Cologne, Nov. 8. On Tuesday last the Marquis de *Grana* arrived here, and the same day returned again to *Bonne*. From *Alsacia* we have advice, That the *Imperialists* are now actually going into their Winter quarters; that to that end, General *Montecuculi* has passed the *Rhine* at *Lauterburgh*, with greatest part of his Forces; and that 6000 Men who are to quarter in the Diocess of *Fulda*, marched towards *Munster*, where they passed the *Rhine* the fourth instant, and so continued their march towards *Franfort*. The Duke de *Hollstein*, *Mareschal de Camp* of the *Lunenburgh* and *Osnabrugh* Forces, having passed the *Rhine* with part of his Troops at *Angersort*, had, the third instant, his quarters at *Essen*. Monsieur *Van Uffelen*, Major General of the Troops of *Osnabrugh*, arrived the same day with two Regiments of Foot, one of Horse, and one of Dragoons, in our Neighborhood, with intention to go and pass the *Rhine* at *Andernach*; but having advice that a strong Party of the Garrison of *Mastricht* had appeared the night before near *Bonne*, he resolved to avoid all danger, to pass the *Rhine* here with the said Troops over our flying Bridge, which he did yesterday.

Ditto, Nov. 12. On Saturday last, the Princess of *Nassau*,

Nassau and the Dutchess of Simeren, arrived here from *Dieff* in the County of *Nassau*, and this morning are parted hence again on their way to the *Hague*. The Duke of *Orleans* left the *Burgund* Infantry, the 7th instant, at *Lombé*, in the Countrey belonging to the *Abby of Essen*, and hath taken his journey by *Lipstadt* and *Paderborne* towards *Wolfenbuttel*. Since the Count de *Lippe* has joined the said Infantry, with the Cavalry he brought from the *Maese*, and thereupon those Troops are separated, and marched part towards the Countrey of *Lippe*, *Tecklenburg*, and *Harberg*, and part towards *East-Friesland*, to take Winter-quarters.

Frankfort, Nov. 10. Count *Montecuculi* being returned from *Vienna*, with final orders to General *Montecuculi*, about the distribution of the Winter-quarters, the Army immediately decamped; and the third and fourth instant passed the *Rhine* at *Laarburgh*, except the Troops that remain there at *Ludwig*, &c. and four Regiments of Horse, who marched from *Moyence*, and passed the *Rhine* there, under the command of Major General *Dumerval*. These Troops have since passed by this place so near, that we could see them march from our walls; they appeared to be in no very good condition, and the Troops very small; they are going to take their quarters in the Diocess of *Pulda*, and in the Dutchies of *Gatha* and *Wimr*. The *Lorrain* Troops will, for the future, be incorporated with the *Imperialists*, whom the Duke of *Lorrain* will command this Winter. Count *Montecuculi* return to *Vienna*. His Excellency has provided the several Posts about *Phillipsburgh* with good Garrisons; and besides will quarter the rest of his Forces in *Snabiz*, as that they may be ready to assist them in case of any attack by the Enemy.

Ghent, Nov. 9. On Monday last, a Flash of Lightning set fire to the Steeple of the great Church *de Nostre Dams*, which 20 persons went up to quench; of whom, a second flash struck 13 dead upon the place, and mortally wounded six others. The said Steeple has received great damage.

Brussels, Nov. 12. The Intendant of *Namur*, on the part of the *Spaniards*; and the Intendant of *Charleroy* for the *French*, have finally concluded a Treaty, by granting a free Commerce to the Inhabitants of the Countrey of *Lieres*, which is to be ratified in 15 days. The *French* have some dayes since possessed themselves again of *Bimch*, where they have at present 2000 men, and are fortifying the place with all possible diligence. We are told that they are building a Castle at *Thuis*, because of the commodious situation of that place upon the *Sambre*. We begin here to talk of making several Levies against Spring, which will be begun so soon as the monies necessary are remitted from *Spain*; for these Provinces are so ruined by the War, that they can contribute very little towards the latter end of the week, the Duke de *Villa Hermosa* parts for *Flanders*, to endeavor to dispose the States of that Province to the usual Contribution. The late violent winds have not only occasioned great damage in *Holland*, but likewise in *Flanders*, from whence we hear of several Dikes that have been broken, and of much mischief done thereby.

Ditto, Nov. 15. The 12th instant arrived here an Extraordinary Courler from *Spain*, who brought three golden Keyes, to be presented to our Governor General the Duke de *Villa Hermosa*, the Duke de *Montalto*, and the young Marquis de *Mortara*, as Gentlemen of the Bed-chamber to the King. The Baron de *Bergeyck*, is preparing to part hence for *Spain*, being made one of the Kings Council.

Paris, Nov. 16. The Duke of *Burgundy* having disposed of his Troops into Winter-quarters, arrived here the 12th inst. and

was very well received by his Majesty. The 24th of this month, the Prince of *Conde* is expected here, and will in few dayes be followed by the Duke d' *Enghien* his son. *Wageningen* at 12 Battalions of Foot, and 3000 Horse, will remain the Winter in *Alfinga*, under the command of the Sieur de *Montbrun*, Marechal de Camp. From *Charlotten* they write, That the Sieur de *Montbrun* has again put a Garrison into *Bimch*; and that the Marquess of *Louvoigne* hath lately made himself Master of the Castle of *Rochefort*, in which he has put a Troop of Horse, and a Company of Foot.

Whitehall, Nov. 10. His Majesty was this day pleased in Council, to order the following Proclamation to be forthwith published.

A Proclamation for the Detention of a French Jesuit, fleeing himself Monsieur St. Germain, and his Accomplices, in the late Violence of France, Monsieur Luzancy, alias Chalmers.

CHARLES R.
WHEREAS it hath appeared to His Majesty upon Oath, that the said Monsieur Luzancy, being lately Converted from the Romish to the Protestant Religion, established in the Church of *England*; and having in a late Sermon by him preached and published, expressed the Causes and Reasons of his Conversion, the said Monsieur St. Germain, with other persons unknown, did in a most presumptuous and insolent manner repair to the Lodging of the said Monsieur Luzancy, and did there, by Threats and Terror, of Assassinating the said Monsieur Luzancy, and of carrying him away by force into Parts beyond the Seas, induce and compel the said Monsieur Luzancy to transcribe and sign a pretended Retraction of what he had so preached and published; His Majesty being highly sensible of this transgression, and being desirous to prevent the like insolent attempts, and all other violence that may be offered to the said Monsieur Luzancy, upon account of his Conversion, to his Protestant Religion, and to encourage him to persevere in the same, hath taken therein a more especial manner into His Royal Protection; and doth by this His Royal Proclamation, strictly Charge and Command all his Subjects, and other Persons whatsoever within His Dominions, to take notice thereof; and to forbear so offer any violence, injury or affront to the said Monsieur Luzancy: And that all Mayors, Sheriffs, Justices of the Peace, Bayliffs, Constables, Headboroughs, and all other His Majesties Officers and loving Subjects whatsoever, be aiding and assisting to the said Monsieur Luzancy, in committing violence or affront shall be offered unto him, as they will answer the contrary at their Perils. And His Majesty conceiveth His Royal Authority highly concerned to punish so great an offence (as was committed, as aforesaid, by the said Monsieur St. Germain, and his Accomplices) doth by this His Royal Proclamation farther publish and declare, That if any Person or Persons shall apprehend and bring the said Monsieur St. Germain to either of His Majesties Principal Secretaries of State, he or they shall have a Reward of Two hundred pounds sterling; And to the end the said Offenders may be prosecuted and punished according to the utmost severities of Law, His Majesty doth strictly Charge and Command the Officers of His Power, and all other His Officers and Ministers, as well Civil as Military, and Subjects whatsoever, to be diligent, and use their best endeavors to search for, stop and apprehend the said Monsieur St. Germain, and his Accomplices in the said Offence, in all places whatsoever, as they will answer the Neglect thereof at their Perils. And His Majesty doth hereby further publish and declare, That if any Person or Persons shall after the Publication of this His Royal Proclamation, directly or indirectly conceal or harbor the said Monsieur St. Germain, or his said Accomplices, or shall not use his or their best endeavors for their Discovery and Apprehension, as well by giving due Advertisement to His Majesties Officers, as by all other good means, His Majesty will cause them to be proceeded against with all severity.

Advertisement.

STolen out of the Buttery and Bakers Chamber at *New-Colledge* in *Oxford*, on Friday the 8th of November instant, at night, one very large Embellish'd Silver Bowl (and its Cover) holding about seven quarts, one large plain Silver Bowl, one large Tankard, one large Silver Pot with two round handles, and about eleven small ones, all mark'd with the Collage Arms, viz. two Cheevers between three Roses; and the Gunter round it with *Honi soit qui mal y pense*, besides 40 Silver Spoons mark'd with a crown and W on the back of them, and above 30 pounds in money. Whoever shall give intelligence thereof to Mr. John Mason, at the *Gold & Buck* in *Fleet-Street*, or to Mr. Richard Wood at the *Black Swan* in *Holborn* Goldsmith; or to the Butcher of *New-Colledge*, shall have Forty pounds for a Reward; or whosoever shall discover any part thereof, shall be largely rewarded.