

# The London Gazette.

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From Tuesday November 8, to Saturday November 12, 1763.

At the Court at *St. James's*, the 4th Day of  
November 1763,

P R E S E N T,

The KING's most Excellent Majesty in Council.

**W**HEREAS there was this Day read at the Board, the humble Petition of several Merchants, whose Names were thereunto subscribed, in Behalf of themselves and others His Majesty's Subjects trading to and from the Kingdom of Spain; setting forth, That by the Restoration of the Peace, British Ships are no longer liable to be stop'd or visited by Cruizers, and to other Accidents on those Seas, which exposed them to Infection in Time of War; That there is very seldom any Communication or Intercourse of Trade from those Ports in the Levant, Barbary, and other Places where the Plague usually breaks out, and the Ports of Spain; and when any Ship or Vessel, that has touched at any other Port or Ports in the Straights (even suspected of having Communication with infected Places) arrives at a Spanish Port, she is always subjected to perform a regular Quarantine before she is admitted into Port; That the Dutch, Hamburgers, Danes, Swedes, and other Nations, do not subject their Trade from those Ports to Quarantine, or to any Delay upon that Account, nor did they do it even during the last War; That the Continuance of the Quarantine will be attended with a great Deal of Vexation to the Petitioners, Difficulties and Delays in their Trade, as well as Expence, and consequently very injurious to that Part of the British Commerce and Navigation, particularly in regard to perishable Goods: And as the Cause for establishing the said Quarantine is intirely removed, the Petitioners humbly pray, that the Quarantine may be taken off all Ships coming from Spain, upon producing clean Bills of Health—His Majesty, having taken the said Petition into Consideration, and being desirous to remove all Obstructions upon Trade, so far as may be consistent with the Health and Safety of His Subjects, is pleased, with the Advice of His Privy Council, to Order, as it is hereby Ordered, That the Quarantine at present subsisting upon all Ships and Vessels coming from or through the Mediterranean, be taken off so far as respects Ships and Vessels coming directly from any of the Ports of the Kingdom of Spain, Minorca, or Gibraltar; and that such Ships and Vessels be permitted to discharge their respective Ladings without Opening, Unpacking and Airing, and without performing any Quarantine; provided that they bring with them clean Bills of Health, and that the Master, or other Person taking Charge of such Ship or Vessel, do first make Oath before the Custom-house Officer, or Chief Magistrate, on their Arrival at the Place where they are bound to, that they did not touch at any infected Place, nor had Communication with any infected Ship du-

ring the Voyage, and are free from all Infection.— And the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, the Commissioners for Executing the Office of Lord High Admiral of Great Britain, the Lord Warden of the Cinque Ports, the Master General of the Ordnance, His Majesty's Secretary at War, and the Governors or Commanders in Chief for the Time being, of the Isles of Jersey, Guernsey, Alderney, Sark and Man, are to give the necessary Directions herein, as to them may respectively appertain.

*Hen. Fans.*

*St. James's, November 12.*

The following Accounts were received the 9th Instant from Sir Jeffery Amherst.

*New York, October 13.*

**O**N the 14th past, a very large Body of Indians, supposed to be 500, or more, attacked a Convoy of a Serjeant and 28 Men of Willmot's Regiment, returning with some Waggons from the Fort at the lower Landing at Niagara; and the Fire being heard by Lieutenants Campbell and Frazer, who were encamped with two Companies of that Regiment, they marched instantly to support the Convoy, were surrounded by the whole Body of Indians, and both the Officers, with 6 Serjeants and 72 Men, were killed, with Lieutenant Rofco of the Royal Artillery. Capt. Johnson of the New Jersey, and Lieutenant Deyton of the New York Provincials, who were returning with the Convoy, and about 20 Men only, got back into Niagara. The Loss the Indians may have sustained in these two Affairs is not known.

*Return of the Killed, Wounded, and Missing, in the Action on the Carrying Place at Niagara, the 14th of September, 1763.*

*Royal Artillery.* 1 Lieutenant killed.

*60th, Royal Americans.* 3 Rank and File, killed.

*80th, Light Infantry.* 2 Lieutenants, 6 Serjeants, 63 Rank and File, killed. 8 Rank and File, wounded.

*Jersey Provincials.* 1 Captain, 2 Rank and File, killed.

*York Provincials.* 1 Lieutenant, 2 Rank and File, killed.

Total, 1 Captain, 4 Lieutenants, 6 Serjeants, 70 Rank and File, killed. 8 Rank and File, wounded.

Sutlers Servants; 2 killed.

*Names of the Officers killed.*

Lieut. Rofco, Royal Artillery.

Lieut. Campbell, Lieut. Frazer, 80th Regiment.

Capt. Johnson, Jersey Provincials.

Lieut. Dayton, New York Provincials.

Another Affair has happened on Lake Erie, in which the Crew of a Schooner behaved remarkably well, they having been attacked by 350 Savages in Canots, as the Vessel lay at Anchor in the River,

