The London Gazette.

Published by Authority.

From Monday October 18. to Chursday October 21. 1675.

Warsam, Odbb. 3.
Nour last, we told you of the taking of Podhats by the Insidels, and the resolution the King of Poland took thereupon, to march directly towards

the Enemy, contrary to the advice of most of the Senators that were with his Majesty, who thought it an enterprize of too much hazard, but it hath pleafed God to make it successful, and happy to the Poles; for the Turks who had been two days before Buczaez, no fooner had advice of his Majesties approach, but taking counsel from their fears, they quitted the delign they had upon that place, and retired towards Arambowla, whither the King followed them; and receiving an account from some Prisoners, that there was a great diforder among the Infidels, on account of the purchase they had taken at Podhais, in sharing whereof, they could not agree, and that the same was increased by their sudden retreat from before Buczace, his Majesty resolved to march up to them, and fight them, which he did, and obtained a great Victory over them, above 15000 Turks having been slain upon the place, the rest that esca-ped, taking their slight to the Camp of the Tartars, which was some sew Leagues from thence. We know not yet the particulars of the Action, nor the loss on our side, but it's f id to be very inconsiderable, confidering the great Victory obtained. From the ukraine we likewise hear, that the Lieutenant-Colonel Korf having fallen upon the Rebel Coffacks at Ladizin, had destroyed them all, and burnt the Town and Castle to the ground; and that Hokol the under General of. the faithful Cossacks, is gone with 1000 Men to ruine the Bridge the Turks have there.

Florence, Sept. 24. On Sunday last arrived here the Cardinal Spada from France, on his way to Rome. We have advice, That the Prince Regent of Portugal hath declared War against the Cortains of Argiers, and that the Portuguese Armada consisting in 14 Men of War, have taken their course towards Argiers, where, it is said, they have a correspondence with some princi-

pal persons in that Government.

Madrid, Octob. 7. The seizure of the German success in their passage from Trieste towards Naples, through the Gulfe of Venice, by order of that Republick, for that they had not the leave the Venetians pretend they ought to have had from the State, hath been very much resented in this Court, and hath occasioned some warm discourse with the Venetian Ambassador here, concerning the Dominion or Jurisdiction of the Republick in that Sea. From Calix we have advice, That the 27 pass, Lieutenant-Admiral de Ruyter came with 12 Men of War before that place, but he came on able, by reason of the strong easterly winds, to come into the Bay, till the next day. It is said; that de Ruyter will expest there sive Men of War more from Biscay, whicher they went to Convoy from thence the new Spanish Capitana built there; but we hear, that the said Men of War and Capitana having put to Sea, there arose a great storm, which obliged the Capitana to return into Port, and the Men of War being dispersed, are not yet heard of. The six Spanish Men of War who carried the suc-

cors to Oran, have, fince their return, remained at Carthagena in expectation of the Dutch Squadron, with whom they are to join. It is not certain whether Don Fuan of Austria will take his passage to Sissily on board the three Gallies that attend him at Alfaler, or on the Dutch Men of War: though after all, there are some that think his Highness will not go at all. The Marquis de Seratno, appointed to succeed the Duke of St. Germain in the Government of Caradinis, hath been taken very ill within some days. The Abbot Odliborough his her lately the Cap from Rome, to Cardinal Marescotti, Nuntio in this Court, which was put on his head with great formality, this last week, by the Patriarch of the Indies, in the Church of the Impelial Colledge.

,90 th3

Berlin, Octob. 11. The fixth instant, the Elector of Erandenburgh came to Wildberg in the Suedish Pomeren, with part of his Forces, the rest being in conjunction with the Imperialists, as the King of Denmark is before Demgarten. On Monday next, the Prince of Anhalt parts hence towards the Oder, being to command a flying Army of 6 or 7000 Men on that side, and some report, that with these Troops he will attack Steetn.

Copenbagen, Octob. 12. The Dutch and Danish Men of War, under the command of the Sieur Rootsteen, continue their station before Gottenburg; and from the Baltick we have advice, that our Fleet in that Sea Cruises still on the Coasts of Pomeren, where they will remain till the season obliges them to return home, which will likewise hinder the Suedes from transporting any succors into their Territories in Germany. Two Frigats are sailed from hence, being laden with all forts of military Provisions and bound for Rostock, where our King, we hear, is erecting a Magazine.

Vienna, Oct. 12. All people here are in great expecta. tion to hear of the Empresses being brought to bed, het Imperial Majesty being within few days of her time. The Turkish Garisons on the Frontiers of Hungary, notwithflanding all the complaints that have been made, continue to commit frequent hostilities upon the Imperialists, and they again on them. The Rebels in Hungary Hill appear in small bodies, and very much disturb the Peace The discourse at Court is, That of that Kingdom. General Montcouculi will put the Army into Winterquarrers, and return hither very suddenly; and that the Troops which are marched towards Egra, will quarter this Winter on those Frontiers, that so they may be the earlier with the Army in the Spring; there be those that seem to think this Winter will produce a Peace though on what ground we know not. The Memorial presented to the Dyet at Ratisbon, by the States of Suabia, desiring to be excused from granting Winter quarters, hath been presented to his Imperial Majesty, but we hear not that any refolution hath been passed upon

Hamburgh, Oslab. 18. The news we had here four days fince, of the King of Denmark's having taken Dengarten by florm, hath not been confirmed; and our last Letters from Bellin said, that the Danish Forces lay still before in though it is shought, the Suedes will at

Jan.

last, be forced to give way to the great numbers of their Enemies, who appear on all fides of them. The Duke of Zell is preparing to enter into Bremen, and to him the Bishop of Munfter will give over the command of the Forces that act in that Dutchy. The Magistrates of this City are fitting out two Men of War, who are to Cruise off of the Mouth of the Elbe, to secure our Merchant-men against the French Privateers, who we hear, have Commissions to take them. Our Letters from Danizick and Warfaw, speak of a second, and greater Victory obtained by the King of Poland over the Turks; though at the same time, the Lerters that

come from Leopol, do somewhat lessen the thing.

Spire, Ottob. 15. The Imperial Army remains as yet near Landam, and the Head-quarter is at finbach; where, it's faid, General Montecuculi expects the re-turn of Count Mansfeild from Vienni, whicher he was lately fent by his Excellency, to acquaint his Imperial Majesty with the necessities of the Army. His Excellency is at present very much troubled with the Gout.

Philipsburgh, Ottob. 17. The Imperial Army continues in our Neighborhood, having its quarters at Offenbach, Landam, Weissemburg, Lauterburg, and other laces, in the mean titue, General Montecuculi fortiplaces, in the myan time, the three or four Posts to bridle this Garison this Winter. Our parties bring in Prisoners daily, and very much disturb the Enemies Foragers; it is said, that the Imperial Army is much weakned, as well by deferters as

those that have dyed, which are not a few.
Cologne, OH. 18. The Imperialists demand of this Diocess, and the Dutchy of Juliers, a monthly Contribution of 30000 Rixdollers, which the poor Inhabitants will hardly be able to raife, having been already ruined by the continual marches and quartering of Soldiers, during this War. We expect our next Letters from Spire will inform us, of the Imperial Armies having passed the Rhine at Lauterburg, in order to their going into their Winter-quarters, which, it's faid, will be in Franconia, and that the Head-quarter will be kept at Francfire; though those Magistrates endeavor to free their City from that trouble and vexation, and have offered a good furn of Money to obtain that exemption, The Duke of Holstein has still his quarters with the Lunenburg Troops that remain in the Diocess at Weeringen.

Metz, Octob. 20. Some days since arrived here the Dauphins Regiment of Dragoons, and feveral Troops , of Horse commanded by the Marquis de Chazeron, who are marched again, with the Infantry that was here, to Moyenvic, the place appointed for the Rendezvous of the Troops to be commanded by the Mareschal de Rochefort, who is at present posted with a small Body between Fauquemont and Sarbruck, to have an eye upon the Duke of Lorrain, who hath lately appeared with 5 or 6000 Men towards Hamburgh, as if he designed to befiege Sarbruche on the Saar; but upon the approach of the Mareschal de Roche fort he is retired towards Messenbeim, beyond St. Vandel, on the River Glan, which paffes to Crentznac, where he expects, as is said, the Imperial Troops from Mayence. Two days fince arrived at Mojenuic a commanded party of 1200 Men, from the Prince of Conde's Camp, for the reinforcement of the Mareschal de Rochefort.

Liege, Offob. 20. The Countrey people who come in quarters which the Dutch and Spaniards quitted some days since at Orp le Grand. The Dutch Army was advanced within three Leagues of this place, which alarmed the French in the Cittadel, but is since marched towards Hasselt, and those quarters. Three days since wards Hasselt, and those quarters. Three days since the French in the Cittadel, but is since marched towards Hasselt, and those quarters. Three days since the French in the Cittadel, but is since marched towards Hasselt, and those quarters. Three days since the French in the Cittadel, but is since marched towards Hasselt, and those quarters. Three days since the French in the Cittadel, but is since marched towards Hasselt, and those quarters. Three days since the French in the Cittadel, but is since marched towards Hasselt, and those quarters. Three days since the French in the Cittadel, but is since marched towards Hasselt, and those quarters. Three days since the French in the Cittadel, but is since marched towards Hasselt, and those quarters. Three days since the French in the Cittadel, but is since marched towards Hasselt, and those quarters. Three days since the French in the Cittadel, but is since marched towards Hasselt, and those quarters are the French in the Cittadel, but is since marched towards and shigh, the had a cut on his knee with a piece of leather on it. Whoever can give notice of them to Mr. Belford at the Post-Office, or to Mr. Gascoyne at Sittinbourn, shall be well rewarded.

marched out of Maestricht, with orders, as was given out, to go and join the French Army, under the command of the Mareschal de Montmorency, who, it was faid, resolved to fall upon the Dutch in their retreat; but these Troops have been since countermanded.

H fgue, Offeb. 22 The Burghers (who are ordered to receive Migue, Octob. 12 Ine surgners (who are ordered to receive his Highness his Arms) that they may not be surprized with his coming, have appointed Watches, who are to give them notice, and upon the ringing of the Bell, and beat of Drum, they are all to repair immediately with their Arms to their Colours. The 20 instant, the Lunenburgh Ministers caused Bonesires again to be burnt, and entertained the Deputies of the States at supper at Prince Maurit's house. Our Letters from Brimen. confirm the taking of Buckbooke by the Confederates. Bremen, confirm the taking of Buckboode by the Confederates, who are marched directly towards Stude, likewife to befiege that place, though in probability they will find their attempts there more difficult, than they have hichertoidone People here deem not altograther fatisfied, that General Minicipachic larts from and 6. hath continued to long without attempting any thing upon the themy, especially when it was faid he had so great an advantage upon them.

L'aris, Otto, 26. We are told that the Men of War which are arrived at Thoulan from Meffina, will be ready to put to Sea again by the beginning of the next month, and that they will take with them great stores of all sorts of Provisions. The Assembly of the Parliament of Britans, is removed from Rennes to Vannes. We have Letters from the Prince of Ende's Camp to Vaines. We have Letters from the Prince of senier's camp at Kaffenboltz near Schieftadt, of the 19 inftant, which tell us, That the Sicur de Tracy, who was taken Prifoner fome moneths fince, was returned, with feveral other Officers, to the Camp, having been exchanged; That a little before the coming away of these Letters, the Prince of Ende had received an Express from Strickleights which informed his Highnels, that the Important Laurenburgh; which informed his Highnels, that the Important Companies againg to rafe the Phine's Laurenburgh; white the rial Apmy was going to pais the Rhine at Lasterburgh, wriste.

Monticuculi intended to leave 6 or 1000 Men; From Pergignal,
of the ninth instant, they write, That the Mareschal de Schome

bergh having given out that he would put his Forces into Wir-ter-quarters, had accordingly sent greatest part of them to the places designed for them; upon which, the Boors, and other places designed for them; apon ways, in poors, any poors Country people of Catalonia, who had retired with their goods and families into the fortified places, returned to their several habitations with their Cattel, &c., but the Mareschel who defigned to surprise them, had reserved a Body of his Troopr, whom he sent out in the night to those several places; they

executed the defign, and took most of these poor people Pri-foners, and near 4000 Head of Cattel, which will be an irrepara: le loss to that Countrey.

Advertisements.

Whereas His Majesty by His several Letters Patents of the 19th of June 1674, and the 19th of December last past, was Graciously pleased to Grant for 13 years to come, the Royal-Oah-Lottery, and all other Lottery and Lotteries whatsoever, invented, or to be invented, to leveral truly Loyal and Indigent Officers, in confideration of their many faithful Services and Sufferings, with Prohibition to all others to use or set up the said Lotteries, and with Command to all Mayors, Justices of the Peace, Sheriffs, Bayliffs, Constables, and other His Majesties Officers and Subjects what loever, to be aiding and assisting to the said Loyal Indigent Officers? Notwithstanding which, Deputations have been given to several persons to exercise the same in most parts of England, contact the same of the same o trary to His Majesties said Letters Patents, of which we are desired to give Notice, for the preventing the said Abuse, and to the end that no Persons may be Tolerated, but those that have Deputations from the said Loyal Indigent Officers.

Trayed away out of Mr. Foolyes Ground at Stratford, near Trayed away out of Mr. Fosses Ground at Straiford, near Offober, a gray Gelding, swine-backt, with a shorn Mane, 14 hands high and better, eight years old, Strawberred in the ne r Cheak. Also a brown bay Gelding, 14 hands high, bobtail, bridle star, with a snip on his Note, bath knees broken, white on the near foot behind, white spots on his back, belonging to his Highest Prince Rubert. If any one shall bring them. ing to his Highnels Prince Rupert. If any one shall bring them, or either of them, to the faid Mr Jollye's house at Bow asutesaid, shall be well rewarded for their pains.