

its Successes, and fortunate in its Conclusion. The Efforts alone of one Campaign have saved an Ally from Destruction, and terminated in our Favour ancient Disputes, which had themselves been the Cause of former Wars.

Peace thus happily concluded, we rejoice in the pleasing Prospect of those domestick Improvements, which, from your Royal Virtues, we have Reason to expect will now take Place; which, though less brilliant than the Successes of War, are not less beneficial to the Publick. Our Manufactures will thereby be improved, and our Commerce extended. But above all, we rejoice in your Majesty's gracious Assurances, that the strictest Economy will be observed for the Future.

Happy in these pleasing Prospects, we will most ardently offer up to Heaven our constant Prayers, that the Prince, to whom we are indebted for so many Blessings, may long continue to reign over us, and employ that Peace, which he has established, in perfecting the great Work of National Reformation, which, while it compleats our Happiness and Prosperity, will fill up the Measure of His Glory.

The following Address of the Lord Lieutenant, High Sheriff, Deputy Lieutenants, Justices of the Peace, Grand Jury, Gentlemen, Clergy, and Freeholders of the County of Essex, has been presented to His Majesty by Sir William Maynard, Bart. and William Harvey, Esq; their Representatives in Parliament, being introduced by the Lord of His Majesty's Bed-Chamber in Waiting: Which Address His Majesty was pleased to receive very graciously.

To the King's most Excellent Majesty.

WE your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Lord Lieutenant, High Sheriff, Deputy Lieutenants, Justices of the Peace, Grand Jury, Gentlemen, Clergy, and Freeholders of the County of Essex, assembled at the General Quarter Sessions of the Peace, held at Chelmsford in and for the said County, the Eleventh Day of January, One thousand seven hundred and sixty three, humbly beg Leave to approach your Majesty's Royal Person, with our sincerest Congratulations on the Preliminary Articles of Peace being signed.

It is with the highest Satisfaction we see the great Object of the War attained, and such considerable Acquisitions made, by which your Majesty's Territories are so greatly extended: It is a farther Satisfaction to us to reflect, that our Enemies have been convinced, during the War, of our Power to repel their Insults; and we have also reasonable Hopes in the Permanency of the Peace your Majesty has restored to us, from the Inability of our Enemies to renew their ambitious Projects.

Give us Leave, Sir, to observe, that although War is essentially prejudicial to a commercial Nation, we are however confident your Majesty's faithful and loyal Subjects would, with Alacrity and Zeal, have contributed their utmost towards carrying it on, had the Continuation of it being found necessary. But we cannot help expressing, at the same Time, our warmest Sentiments of Gratitude, to your Majesty, for delivering us from the Miseries of War, at the Zenith of the Nation's Glory, and by a Peace effected to consistently with Honour, Safety, and Wisdom.

May we still further, Sir, be allowed to add, that, under your Majesty's most auspicious Reign, we are firmly convinced, we shall ever see the essential Interests of your People the Standard of your Government; and may your Majesty, persuaded of these our Principles, long continue to reign over a free, dutiful, and loyal People.

Moscow, November 29, N. S. The Empress removes to the Palace in the Wood on Thursday next. Count Solms, the new Minister from the King of Prussia, is just arrived here.

Moscow, December 6, N. S. M. Breteuil, and M. Almodover the Spanish Minister, have had their Audiences, and were at Court Yesterday, being the Empress's Name Day, which was celebrated with the greatest Order, Propriety and Magnificence. Count

Mercy, and the Earl of Buckinghamshire, had the Honour of Supping with her Imperial Majesty. The other Foreign Ministers were at another Table. The Company was excessively numerous, and there was every Appearance of universal Satisfaction.

Florence, December 25. In the last Week Mr. Hutchinson, Chaplain to the English Factory at Leghorn, died there.

Copenhagen, December 25. A Royal Ordonnance, dated the 17th Instant, is just published, enforcing former Regulations, and enjoining some new Observances to prevent the Contagion from spreading among the Horned Cattle.

Berlin, December 25. It is said, that General Wylich is ordered to go to Saalfeld, in order to regulate, with a General Officer of the Army of the Empire, a Convention for a Cessation of Hostilities, during the Winter, between the Prussians and the Troops of the Empire; and, at the same Time, to endeavour to settle a Cartel for the Exchange of their respective Prisoners.

Letters from Silesia confirm the News of Colonel Loffow's March, with a small Detachment, into Poland, the Object of which is to escort some Magazines of Provisions, which have been bought up in that Kingdom, for the Use of the Prussian Army.

Hamburg, January 4. His Royal Highness Prince Henry of Prussia is expected as To-morrow at Berlin from Leipsick, where his Royal Highness has been to visit the King his Brother.

Leicester House, January 14.

This Day Lucky Abdacader Haniel, Ambassador from the Emperor of Morocco, had Audience of her Royal Highness the Princess Dowager of Wales.

And afterwards of their Royal Highnesses the Duke of York, and Princess Augusta.

To all which he was introduced by Stephen Cottrell, Esq; Assistant Master of the Ceremonies.

Admiralty Office, January 11.

Pursuant to an Act of Parliament passed in the 26th Year of His late Majesty's Reign, this is to give Notice to the Concerned, that Information has been sent to this Office, That on the 24th of December last, the Sloop Two Brothers, whereof Nicholas Gallion was Master, of the Burthen of 50 Tons, or thereabouts, and bound from Guernsey to London, laden with Raisins, Brandy, and Wine, was stranded on Benbridge Ledge of Rocks, at the East End of the Isle of Wight, but a great Part of the Raisins, and the greatest Part of the Sloop's Rigging, Sails and Materials, are saved.

J. Cleveland.

Whitehall, January 8, 1763.

Whereas it has been humbly represented to the King, that an anonymous Letter has been sent by the General Post to Vice Admiral Holburne, at the Dock Yard at Portsmouth, Hants, threatening to shoot him the said Vice Admiral; His Majesty, for the better discovering and bringing to Justice the Person or Persons concerned in writing and sending the said Letter, is pleased to promise His most gracious Pardon to any of them (except the Person who actually wrote the said threatening Letter) who shall discover his, her, or their Accomplices or Accomplices therein, so that he, she, or they may be apprehended and convicted thereof.

EGREMONT.

And as a farther Encouragement for the making of such Discovery as aforesaid, my Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty do hereby promise a Reward of One Hundred Pounds, to be paid by Samuel Seddon, Esq; their Solicitor, upon the Conviction of the Offender or Offenders.

J. Cleveland.

Whitehall, January 11, 1763.

Whereas it has been humbly represented to the King, that Richard Preston stands charged, on Oath, with the cruel Murder and Robbery of a young Man in the Month of June 1759, in a Wood at Higney, in the Parish of Ramsey in Huntingdonshire; in order for the apprehending and bringing to Justice the said Richard Preston, His Majesty does hereby promise a Reward of One Hundred Pounds, to any Person, or Persons, who shall apprehend, or be the Means of apprehending