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Milan, Sept. 4.

Several new Regiments are at present raising in this Dutchy, and, among others, the Count de Bolognani does levy a Regiment for the service of Sicily; several Troops have already been transported thither from hence this Summer, and more are intended. We had expected to have heard, ere this, of the formal besieging of Messina, by the Viceroy of Sicily; but, it seems, the arrival of the Dutch Fleet under the command of Lieutenant-Admiral de Ruyter, as well as of Don Juan of Austria, is first expected.

Venice, Sept. 7. By a Bark which arrived here on Saturday last, we have advice, That the Bassa of Bessina had received new orders from the Grand Signior to gather together what Forces he possibly could and to cause them to march towards Poland, being resolved to prosecute the War with all imaginable vigor against that Crown. Signior Antonio Barbaro prepares for his journey to Rome, whither he goes to reside in quality of Extraordinary Ambassador on the part of this Republick. From Palermo in Sicily we have advice, That the French have taken Augusta, situate between Catania, and Syracuse, so that they are now near Neighbors to those two places: It's said the taking of Augusta was the less difficult to the French, for that they had an intelligence within the Town; however, that the Inhabitants defended it six hours. Great preparations are making for the publick entry of Signior Giustiniani, the new Procurator of Sr. Mark. On Tuesday last, the Deputies of Bergamo were to complement our Doge in the usual manner.

Swerin, Sept. 11. To morrow, or the day following, will be held the Conference, so often spoken of; between the King of Denmark and the Elector of Brandenburg, at Gaderusob, a Town belonging to the Duke of Mecklenburg our Prince. The Danish Army which has its Rendezvous at Mullem, is composed of 18000 Men. The Elector of Brandenburg continues with his Forces encamped at Swin, and the Imperial Troops, commanded by General Cops, at Gustraw.

Wismar, Sept. 12. Colonel Wangelin who was taken by the Brandenburgs at Ratenuw, is at liberty again, having been exchanged for Major-General Goize, and 100 common Soldiers. The said Colonel has orders to raise a new Regiment of Dragoons.

Vienna, Sept. 8. Here is arrived an Envoy from the Prince of Transylvania, to intercede with his Imperial Majesty in favor of some of the Rebels of Hungary; the Emperor having given Count Spaur's Regiment to the eldest son of the Duke of Brunswick Wolfenbuttel, he is preparing to march with it towards the Upper Austria, and has order to recruit it to 2500 men, as all the other Imperial Regiments are: his Imperial Majesty has nominated the Count de Caprara, Cousin to the Count of that name, who is at present in the Imperial Army, to go to the Prince of Orang, and to continue in his Camp for the rest of the Campagne. From Hungary they write, That though the Rebels have not of late appeared in any considerable Body yet that in small parties they

continue to commit frequent disorders in the Countrey.

Hamburg, Sept. 15. We are now assured, That the Duke of Hanover hath made a Treaty with the Confederates, by which he obliges himself not to assist the Suedes; and accordingly, it's said, that he has drawn his Troops out of Ferden. So soon as the Conference is over between the King of Denmark and the Elector of Brandenburg, the Armies will begin to act, pursuant to the Resolutions that will be there taken; the general opinion is, That the King of Denmark will fall into the Dutchy of Bremen. Since the return of our Deputies from Mullem, we are much more at ease here; for we understand that they were very kindly received and dismissed by the King of Denmark, and the Presents they made his Majesty accepted. The Queen of Denmark is at present at Glucksstadt, where she will continue, till his Majesties return. We have not as yet any advice of the Suedish Fleet being at Sea, nor of any thing that hath been attempted by that of Denmark, which continues to Cruise on the Coasts of Pomeran. From Magdeburg they write, That Colonel Smith, late Governor of that place, who had been taken into Arrest by order of his Electoral Highness, on suspicion of holding intelligence with the Enemy, and had made his escape, hath been retaken, as he was travelling within two Leagues of Berlin. The Troops of the Bishop of Munster are advanced within a League of Ferden.

Strasbourg, Sept. 13. The ninth instant, the Imperial Army decamped from Dachstein, and marched to Hochfelden, where it continued the two following dayes, by reason of the great rains that fell. General Montenuy, having there advice, That a party of 400 French Horse was abroad to observe his march, sent out Major-General Schultze with 800 Horse, who fell upon the French near Ober-Ehenheim, and totally routed them, greatest part of them being killed upon the place, and 40 made Prisoners, and among them ten Officers. The 14, the Imperialists decamped from Hochfeld, and marched directly towards Saverne, which the Prince of Baden invested yesterday morning early; it is said that there are 2000 French in Garison, and that the Governor is resolved to defend the place to the last. Some dayes since, he caused all the Forage that was to be found several miles round Saverne, and several Villages, to be burnt, so that the Imperialists are forced to go a great way to fetch their Forage. The Prince of Conde continues still at Kestelholz, having, as we are told, received of late considerable reinforcements.

Lipsstadt, Sept. 14. The Brandenburg Troops which have had their quarters in the Diocess of Cologne, continue still in the Neighborhood of Minden, together with the Munster Troops; it's said, they will march to-morrow or next day. We are told that the City of Bremen hath quieted its Neutrality, in obedience to the Emperors Mandate, who will not permit that any Prince or State of the Empire shall observe any Neutrality with the Enemies thereof; and, it's said, that the Duke of Hanover has likewise declared for the Confederates.

Cablen,