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St. James's, October 4.

THIS Day the Right Honourable the Lord Mayor, Aldermen, and Commons, of the City of London, in Common Council assembled, waited on His Majesty, and being introduced to His Majesty by the Right Honourable William Finch, Esq; Vice-Chamberlain, made their Compliments in the following Address, which was spoken by Sir William Moreton, Knight, the Recorder.

To the King's most Excellent Majesty,
The humble Address of the Lord Mayor, Aldermen, and Commons, of the City of London, in Common Council assembled.

Most gracious Sovereign,

WH your Majesty's ever dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Lord Mayor, Aldermen, and Commons, of your City of London, in Common Council assembled, humbly beg Leave to congratulate your Majesty upon the late signal Success with which it has pleased the Almighty to bless your Majesty's Arms, in the Reduction of the Havannah and its Dependencies (most properly styled the Key of the Spanish West Indies, and long deemed impregnable) under a Capitulation that does Honour to the Spirit and Humanity of the British Nation.

It is with the highest Pleasure we reflect upon the Value and Importance of this Conquest, attended with the Acquisition of immense Riches, and an irreparable Blow to the Trade and Naval Power of Spain. A Conquest, that gives additional Lustre to an already Glorious and Successful War; and which cannot but strike Terror into an Enemy, not only unprovoked, but insensible to the repeated Instances of your Majesty's Good-will, Friendship, and Moderation; and convince him, that there is no Attempt, how arduous soever, but what, planned and directed by the Wisdom of your Majesty's Councils, may, under the Divine Providence, be effected by the Harmony, Activity, and Abilities of such Commanders, and the Valour, Zeal, and Emulation of your Fleets and Armies, regardless of any Fatigue or Dangers, where-ever the Glory of their King and Country is concerned.

May the Possession of this very valuable Conquest, together with other happy Consequences of your Majesty's Measures, thus wisely and vigorously pursued, prove the Means of effectually defeating the ambitious Views of your Majesty's Enemies, and of for ever dissolving the late alarming Compact of the House of Bourbon, calculated to destroy the Commerce of your Subjects, and replete with Danger to the Existence of your Majesty's ancient and natural Ally, and to the Independance of the rest of the Powers of Europe.

And we beg Leave humbly to assure your Majesty, that your faithful Citizens of London, animated by the warmest Sense of Duty to your Majesty, and their Country, will, with unwearied Chearfulness, contribute their utmost Efforts to strengthen your Majesty's Hands, until your Enemies, moved by their own repeated Losses and Distresses, shall be disposed to listen to such Terms of Accommodation, as your Royal Wisdom shall think adequate to our Glorious Successes; and such as may effectually secure the

Trade and Navigation of your Subjects; and prevent the Calamities of a future War.

Signed by Order of Court,
James Hodges.

To which Address His Majesty was pleased to return the following most gracious Answer.

I Return you my Cordial Thanks for this very dutiful and loyal Address, and for the continued Proofs you give Me of your Attachment to My Person and Government.

The able Conduct, unwearied Activity, and exemplary Harmony, of my Commanders by Sea and Land, and the intrepid Valour of My Fleets and Armies, have never been more conspicuous, than on the present Occasion, and have acquired additional Glory to the British Arms.

The steady Affections of My People, and their Zeal for the Honour of My Crown, will, I trust, under the Blessing of God, enable me to terminate this just War by an equitable, glorious, and lasting Peace.

The Prosperity of the City of London, and the extensive Trade and Navigation of my faithful Subjects, are, and ever will be, the constant Objects of My unwearied Care and Attention.

They were all received very graciously; and had the Honour to kiss His Majesty's Hand.

His Majesty was pleased to confer the Honour of Knighthood on,

Thomas Challenor,	} Esqrs. Sheriffs of the City of London.
and	
Henry Bankes,	

The following Address of the Provost, Magistrates and Town Council of the City of Stirling, having been transmitted by the Right Honourable William Pitt, Esq; to the Earl of Egremont, one of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, has by him been presented to His Majesty: Which Address His Majesty was pleased to receive very graciously.

To the King's most Excellent Majesty,
The humble Address of the Provost, Magistrates and Town Council of your City of Stirling.

Most gracious Sovereign,

WE your Majesty's very dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Provost, Magistrates and Town Council of your ancient City of Stirling, in Council assembled, humbly beg Leave to join, with your other loyal Subjects, in congratulating your Majesty upon the safe and happy Delivery of the Queen, and the auspicious Birth of a Prince.

The Welfare of the Subject is so inseparably connected with the Prosperity and Happiness of your Majesty's Family, that this important Event must raise in us the most grateful Sentiments of the Divine Goodness.

May Her Majesty be thereby quickly restored to perfect Health; and Length of Days given the Royal Infant.

Long may your Majesty live the Ornament and Delight of Britain; the Patron of Liberty; and your exemplary Conduct and pious Care, form the Mind of the Prince for the Government of a free People.

that he may inherit the Virtues, as well as in due Time, the Throne of his Illustrious Ancestors.

Done at the City of Stirling aforesaid, in the Council Room, and appointed to be signed in our Name, by our Præses, the Fourth Day of September, 1762 Years.

Andrew Wallace.

The following Address of the Mayor, Aldermen, Bailiffs and Citizens of the City of Carlisle, has been presented to His Majesty by Sir James Lowther, Bart. one of the Representatives in Parliament for the County of Cumberland, being introduced by the Lord of His Majesty's Bed Chamber in Waiting: Which Address His Majesty was pleased to receive very graciously.

To the King's most Excellent Majesty.

Most gracious Sovereign,

THE Mayor, Aldermen, Bailiffs and Citizens of the City of Carlisle, beg your Majesty to accept their sincere Congratulation on the Birth of a Prince.

A numerous Offspring from your Majesty's August House is of the greatest Consequence to the Welfare of all your Kingdoms, remarkably flourishing under the Government of it; yet we, of this City, have peculiar Reason to rejoice at the Increase of a Family, under which alone we will, and, under which alone, Experience hath taught us, we can live free.

May your Majesty, and your Royal Consort, be favoured with many like Blessings; and may all your Children long live to felicitate and resemble their Parents in every Virtuous and Princely Endowment.

Given under our Common Seal the Eighth Day of September, in the Second Year of your Majesty's happy Reign over us.

The following Address of the High Sheriff, Lord Lieutenant, Nobility, Clergy and Gentry of the County of Surry, has been presented to His Majesty by Bridges Baldwin Esq; High Sheriff of the County of Surry, (on whom His Majesty was pleased to confer the Honour of Knighthood) being introduced by the Lord of His Majesty's Bed-Chamber in Waiting: Which Address His Majesty was pleased to receive very graciously.

Most Gracious Sovereign,

WE your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal Subjects, the High Sheriff, Lord Lieutenant, Nobility, Clergy and Gentry of the County of Surry, beg Leave to join with the rest of our Fellow-Subjects, in offering our hearty Congratulations to your Majesty on the happy Event of the safe Delivery of the Queen, and of the Birth of a Prince.

We felicitate our Country on this joyful Occasion, as the Increase of your Royal Family must add to the Stability of your Throne, which we know, by happy Experience, is the surest Means of continuing to our Posterity, those Blessings of Liberty which we so fully enjoy. Of this we have the most pleasing Prospect, in the Consideration of the Heir Apparent to the Crown of Great Britain, being to have his Mind formed by the Instructions of his Royal Parents, who so eminently adorn it; and in the fervent Hopes of their living long an Example to him of every Princely Virtue.

Trained under that Example, may he late, very late, succeed to the Throne of his Royal Father, and, like you, reign in the Hearts of a Free and Grateful People.

The following Address of the Lord Lieutenant, High Sheriff, Justices of the Peace, Grand Jury, Gentlemen, Clergy, and Freeholders of the County of Cumberland, has been presented to His Majesty by Sir James Lowther, Bart. one of their Representatives in Parliament, being introduced by the Lord of His Majesty's Bed-Chamber in Waiting: Which Address His Majesty was pleased to receive very graciously.

To the King's most Excellent Majesty,

The humble Address of the Lord Lieutenant, High

Sheriff, Justices of the Peace, Grand Jury, Gentlemen, Clergy, and Freeholders of the County of Cumberland.

Most gracious Sovereign,

ON this important, and (to this Kingdom) most interesting Event, the safe and happy Delivery of your Royal Consort, and the auspicious Birth of a Prince, permit us to offer our most sincere Congratulations to your Majesty.

A Prince thus descended, born the Delight of a free and happy People, formed and educated under your Majesty's Royal Dictates and Example, must not only rejoice the Heart of every honest Briton; but must secure to the latest Posterity their Religion, Laws and Liberties, as established by the Accession of your Royal Ancestors.

May every great and virtuous Quality, that so transcendently adorns your Majesty's Actions and Conduct, descend on your Royal Offspring; and in them perpetuate to this Kingdom the Reign of your Illustrious Line over a loyal, faithful, free and happy People, ever supported by the same kind Providence, which hath hitherto rendered all your Majesty's Efforts successful; and may an honourable and lasting Peace, in proper Time concluded, prevent any Interruption in your Majesty's Domestick Happiness, is the constant and most sincere Wish of,

Your Majesty's most dutiful Subjects.

The following Address of the Mayor, Recorder, Aldermen, Bayliffs and Burgesses of the Borough of Chepping Wycombe in the County of Bucks, has been presented to His Majesty: Which Address His Majesty was pleased to receive very graciously.

The humble Address of the Mayor, Recorder, Aldermen, Bayliffs and Burgesses of the Borough of Chepping Wycombe, in the County of Bucks.

Most gracious Sovereign,

PERMIT us, your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal Subjects, the said Mayor, Recorder, Aldermen, Bayliffs and Burgesses of the aforesaid Borough, to present our unfeigned Congratulations to your Majesty on the safe Delivery of your Royal Consort, and the Birth of his Royal Highness the Prince.

So happy and interesting an Event, on a Day so auspicious to the Liberty of these Kingdoms, fills our Hearts with the most grateful Sentiments of the Divine Goodness, which thus early crowned your Majesty's Domestick Happiness.

To our Congratulations we humbly beg Leave to add our most ardent Wishes, that the young Prince, educated under your Majesty's great and pious Example, may early inherit all your Royal Virtues, and thereby become the Ornament, as well as Delight, of a free, brave, and loyal People.

The following Address of the Bailiff, Steward, Approved Men and Burgesses of the Borough of Audevor in the County of Southampton, has been presented to His Majesty by Sir John Griffin Griffin, and Sir Francis Blake Delaval, their Representatives in Parliament, being introduced by the Lord of His Majesty's Bed-Chamber in Waiting: Which Address His Majesty was pleased to receive very graciously.

To the King's most Excellent Majesty,

The humble Address of the Bailiff, Steward, Approved Men and Burgesses of the Borough of Audevor, in the County of Southampton.

May it please your Majesty,

WE your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal Subjects beg Leave to offer our Congratulations on the Birth of the Prince. An Event which must give the most sincere Joy to all your Majesty's Subjects, as it affords them the pleasing Prospect of having the Blessings they now enjoy continued down to their Posterity, under an Illustrious Line of Princes, descending from your Majesty and your Royal Consort, and inheriting those great and distinguished Virtues, which we have the Happiness to see adorn the Throne.

That the Divine Providence may bless your Majesty and the Queen with Health and long Life, with

a numerous Progeny, and with every other Circumstance of Happiness, must be the grateful Wish and hearty Prayer of all your People.

Given under our Common Seal, this Twenty-fifth Day of September, in the Year of our Lord, One thousand seven hundred and sixty two.

The following Address of the Mayor, Recorder, Aldermen, Town Clerk, Brethren and Capital Burgesses of the Borough of Derby in the County of Derby, has been presented to His Majesty by William Fitzherbert, Esq; one of their Representatives in Parliament, being introduced by the Lord of His Majesty's Bed-Chamber in Waiting: Which Address His Majesty was pleased to receive very graciously.

To the King's most Excellent Majesty.

WE your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Mayor, Recorder, Aldermen, Town Clerk, Brethren and Capital Burgesses of your Majesty's Ancient Borough of Derby, in the County of Derby, in Common Council assembled; humbly beg Leave to present to your Majesty our sincere Congratulations on the safe and happy Delivery of the Queen your Royal Consort, and on the Birth of his Royal Highness the Prince; and to express the Satisfaction we feel, in being assured, that both Her Majesty and the Prince have been blessed with a prosperous State of Health, ever since this auspicious Event.

We are sensible, that our dearest Privileges depend on the Perpetuity of your Majesty's Royal Line: We cannot therefore but rejoice on this Occasion, as it carries our most pleasing Expectations into future Times; and gives us Reason to hope, that, under the Government and Protection of a Race of Princes, descending from your Majesty, instructed and animated by your Royal Example, the same Blessings of Providence, that we ourselves enjoy, will be handed down to our latest Posterity.

To these our Congratulations we add our devout Prayers to the Almighty, beseeching Him long to establish your Throne upon the Hearts of your Subjects, and to bless your Arms with Success, as long as the present War shall continue; and on your Majesty's Wisdom we firmly rely, for the Conclusion of it in a safe and honourable Peace.

Given under the Common Seal of the said Borough, the Thirteenth Day of September, in the Second Year of your Majesty's Reign.

The following Address of the Mayor, Recorder, Aldermen, Bailiffs, and Commonalty of the Town of Lancaster, has been presented to His Majesty by Francis Reynolds, Esq; one of their Representatives in Parliament, being introduced by the Lord of His Majesty's Bed-Chamber in Waiting: Which Address His Majesty was pleased to receive very graciously.

To the King's most Excellent Majesty.

The humble Address of the Mayor, Recorder, Aldermen, Bailiffs, and Commonalty of the Town of Lancaster in Common Council assembled.

May it please your Majesty,

TO accept: the most sincere Congratulations of your most dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Mayor, Recorder, Aldermen, Bailiffs and Commonalty of the Town of Lancaster, in Common Council assembled, on the happy Delivery and Recovery of the Queen, and the Birth of a Prince, on a Day most eminently distinguished, and for ever to be commemorated, as the most propitious to these Kingdoms.

Suffer us, most gracious Sovereign, at the same Time we are rejoicing with your Majesty on this great and important Event, to congratulate our own good Fortune in having the most agreeable Prospect of seeing the young Prince educated and instructed under the Eye of his Royal Parents; and of his having early instilled into his tender Mind, all the Principles of Religion and Virtue, which do Honour to human Nature. From such a Care in the Education of the Heir Apparent to the Crown of Great Britain, directed as he will be by such Precepts, and formed and animated by such Examples, what may not this Nation hope for and expect?

That your Majesty may live long the common Father of your Family, and your People; that your Throne may be surrounded by a numerous Progeny; and that your Majesty may at length be succeeded by an Heir, both to your Virtues and your Dominions, is the ardent Wish of us your ever faithful Subjects.

Given under the Common Seal of the Town of Lancaster this Fifteenth Day of September, in the Year of our Lord, One thousand seven hundred and sixty two.

The following Address of the Mayor, Bailiffs and Burgesses of the Town of Southampton, has been presented to His Majesty: Which Address His Majesty was pleased to receive very graciously.

To the King's most Excellent Majesty.

The humble Address of the Mayor, Bailiffs and Burgesses of the Town of Southampton:

Most Gracious Sovereign;

WE your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Mayor, Bailiffs and Burgesses of the Town of Southampton, assembled at our most solemn Anniversary Meeting this Day held in our Guild-Hall for the Election of Magistrates, humbly beg Leave to approach your Majesty, the Fountain of all Authority; and, amidst the universal Acclamations of all Ranks of People, to express our unfeigned Joy on the Blessing vouchsafed by Heaven on your Nuptial Bed by the Birth of a Prince, and the Recovery of your Royal Consort, our most gracious Queen.

This Event, so important and essential to the Happiness of your Majesty and your faithful Subjects, (which are inseparably connected) we cannot but look upon as an additional Pledge of the Continuance of our most excellent Constitution in Church and State.

Long may your Majesty live the Protector of our Religious and Civil Liberties; a shining Example to our new Born Prince, and to all your Royal Line, Inheritors of your Crown; and may they, emulating the Glory of their Ancestors, reign the perpetual Fathers of these Nations.

We presume, Great Sir, to offer to your Majesty our further Congratulations on the Success of your Majesty's Arms from the Commencement of your auspicious Reign, which we hope will conduce to the procuring new Glory to your Majesty, and Happiness to your Kingdoms, by a safe, honourable, and lasting Peace.

Given under our Common Seal this Seventeenth Day of September, One thousand seven hundred and sixty two, in the Second Year of your Majesty's Reign.

The following Address of the Burgesses of the Borough of Cokermonth, has been presented to His Majesty: Which Address His Majesty was pleased to receive very graciously.

To the King's most Excellent Majesty.

Most gracious Sovereign,

THIS Bailiff and Burgesses of the Borough of Cokermonth, beg Leave to congratulate your Majesty on the Birth of a Prince.

This early Instance of Divine Favour to your Majesty, and to these Kingdoms, affords a most pleasing Hope, that our Posterity may for Ages enjoy the same Benefits, resulting from a virtuous Government, which we feel.

For this End, and for your own more intimate Happiness and Support, may God grant your Royal Son many Years to improve under your Majesty's Instruction and Example.

The following Address of the Mayor, Recorder, Aldermen, and Burgesses of the Borough of Huntingdon, has been presented to His Majesty by the Right Honourable Lord Sandwich, their Recorder, and Robert Jones, Esq; one of their Representatives in Parliament, being introduced by the Lord of His Majesty's Bed-Chamber in Waiting: Which Address His Majesty was pleased to receive very graciously.

To the King's most Excellent Majesty.

The humble Address of the Mayor, Recorder, Aldermen,

dermen, and Burgesſes of the Borough of Huntingdon.

Moſt Gracious Sovereign,

WE your Maſteſty's moſt dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Mayor, Recorder, Aldermen, and Burgesſes of the Borough of Huntingdon, with Hearts full of Transport, beg Leave to join in with the unanimous Voice of the Nation, in congratulating your Maſteſty and your Royal Conſort upon the late auſpicious Event of the Birth of a Prince, who as he is Heir to your Maſteſty's Throne, will, we truſt in the Almighty, be alſo Heir to your Virtues.

As Friends to the Liberty and Welfare of theſe Kingdoms, we cannot form a Wiſh more extenſive than that we have already expreſſed; we will therefore only add our moſt fervent Prayers, that your Maſteſty may enjoy a long and prosperous Reign, and be bleſſed with a numerous Progeny, who, with ſuch an Example before their Eyes, cannot fail of being trained up in the Paths of Virtue, and will of Courſe, in diſtant Ages, continue to this happy People the Bleſſings they now enjoy.

Given under the Common Seal of the ſaid Borough, the Twenty ninth Day of September, in the Year of our Lord, One thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty two.

The following Addreſs of the Mayor, Aldermen, and Burgesſes of Beverley, has been preſented to His Maſteſty by George Forſter Tuſnell, Eſq; one of their Representatives in Parliament, being introduced by the Lord of His Maſteſty's Bed-Chamber in Waiting: Which Addreſs His Maſteſty was pleaſed to receive very graciouſly.

To the King's moſt Excellent Maſteſty,

The humble Addreſs of the Mayor, Aldermen, and Burgesſes of Beverley in the County of York.

WE your Maſteſty's moſt dutiful and loyal Subjects, moſt humbly beg Leave to expreſs our moſt unfeigned Congratulations on the happy Accompliſhment of our Wiſhes in the ſafe Delivery of Her Maſteſty, and the Birth of your Royal Son.

The Happineſs, which we have enjoyed under the Princes of your Illuſtrious Houſe; the mild and glorious Adminiſtration of your Maſteſty; and, above all, the Security of our Religious and Civil Rights, afford us the ſtrongeſt Reaſons to rejoice at every Event, which promiſes the Continuance and Stability of theſe Bleſſings. It is therefore with inexpressible Pleaſure that we ſee the Virtues, which adorn your Maſteſty, not likely to be confined to the preſent Age, but extended to future Generations. Theſe Hopes cannot be ill grounded, while the Example of every noble Virtue, of every amiable Quality, diſplayed in your Maſteſty and your excellent Conſort, will have ſo powerful an Influence in forming the Manners, and directing the Conduct of your Royal Son.

May he long live to be a Bleſſing to your Maſteſty; and when, after many Years to come, your Maſteſty's Crown ſhall be changed for one that ſadeth not away, may it devolve, together with your Virtues, and the Affections of your Subjects, upon him, the riſing Hopes of his Country!

Given under our Common Seal the Thirteenth Day of September, in the Second Year of your Maſteſty's Reign.

The following Addreſs of the Mayor, Capital Burgesſes and Aſſiſtants of Tiverton, has been preſented to His Maſteſty by Thomas Gore and Nathaniel Ryder, Eſqrs. their Representatives in Parliament, being introduced by the Lord of His Maſteſty's Bed-Chamber in Waiting: Which Addreſs His Maſteſty was pleaſed to receive very graciouſly.

To the King's moſt Excellent Maſteſty,

The humble Addreſs of the Mayor, Capital Burgesſes, and Aſſiſtants of Tiverton.

Moſt gracious Sovereign,

WE, the Mayor, Capital Burgesſes, and Aſſiſtants of Tiverton, humbly beg Leave to offer

to your Maſteſty our dutiful Congratulations on the Birth of a Prince, and the happy Recovery of your Illuſtrious Conſort.

Your Maſteſty's truly Paternal Attention to the Inter-eſt of your Kingdoms, ſeems to have intitled you to the peculiar Regard of Providence; and we rejoice that you have, in this Inſtance, received a Mark of the Divine Favour, which muſt be moſt particularly acceptable to your Royal Mind, as it gratifies the earneſt Deſires of your faithful Subjects.

Your Maſteſty's mild, wiſe, and ſucceſſful Adminiſtration, had, indeed, left them no Wiſh, excepting for a farther Security in the various Bleſſings they at preſent enjoy; and they cannot therefore avoid feeling the moſt lively Satisfaction from an Event, which, while it crowns your Maſteſty's domeſtick Happineſs, promiſes alſo the Continuance of National Felicity to lateſt Poſterity.

Your Maſteſty's flouriſhing Years afford your People the moſt rational Proſpect, that your Royal Progeny will long enjoy the Advantage of your bright Example; and they look forward into the remoteſt Periods of Futurity, with the pleaſing Expectation, that your princely Virtues will be tranſmitted to your Deſcendants; and that Great Britain, under their auſpicious Governour, will remain for Ages the Envy and Admiration of the World.

Given under our Common Seal at the Guildhall of Tiverton, this Eighteenth Day of September, One thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-two.

The following Addreſs of the Mayor, Recorder, Magiſtrates, Bailiffs and Burgesſes of the Borough of Clifton Dartmouth Hardneſs in the County of Devon, has been preſented to His Maſteſty by John Jeffreys, Eſq; one of their Representatives in Parliament, being introduced by the Lord of His Maſteſty's Bed-Chamber in Waiting: Which Addreſs His Maſteſty was pleaſed to receive very graciouſly.

To the King's moſt Excellent Maſteſty,

The humble Addreſs of the Mayor, Recorder, Magiſtrates, Bailiffs and Burgesſes of the Borough of Clifton Dartmouth Hardneſs in the County of Devon

Moſt gracious Sovereign,

WE your Maſteſty's moſt dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Mayor, Recorder, Magiſtrates, Bailiffs and Burgesſes of the Borough of Clifton Dartmouth Hardneſs in the County of Devon do, with humble Petitions, crave our Leave to offer our ſincereſt Congratulations on the ſafe Delivery of our moſt Gracious Queen, and the Birth of an Heir Apparent to the Throne of theſe Kingdoms.

Attentive, as we always are, to whatever may increaſe the Sum of your Maſteſty's Enjoyment, we cannot but contemplate, with a peculiar Pleaſure, the Acceſſion to your private Happineſs reſulting from this moſt deſirable Event. Nor can we, at the ſame Time, fail of perceiving in it the higheſt Object of a National Felicity: A Prince, enlightened by the Admonitions, and influenced by the Example, of a Patriot King, affords the faireſt and moſt pleaſing Proſpect of becoming another Father of his Country, in due Time to bleſs this Favoured Land.

With the warmeſt Gratitude we acknowledge our Obligations to the Divine Favour, in opening to our View this delightful Scene; with the utmoſt Fervour we em-plore, that nothing may ever ariſe to diſturb it; but that the ſame affectionate Concern for the Publick Welfare and Proſperity, the ſame inviolable Attachment to the Inter-eſts of Virtue and Religion, which have been ſo eminently conſpicuous under your Maſteſty's auſpicious Reign, may, with the Crown of theſe Realms, be continued, in your Illuſtrious Line, to the moſt diſtant Period.

Given at the Guildhall of the ſaid Borough, under our Great Seal, the 16th of September, 1762.

The following Address of the Bailiffs, High Steward, Recorder and Freemen of the Corporation of Kingston upon Thames in the County of Surry, has been presented to His Majesty by George Onflow, Esq; one of the Representatives in Parliament for the County of Surry, being introduced by the Lord of His Majesty's Bed-Chamber in Waiting: Which Address His Majesty was pleased to receive very graciously.

To the King's most Excellent Majesty,

The most humble Address of the Bailiffs, High Steward, Recorder and Freemen of your Majesty's ancient Corporation of Kingston upon Thames in the County of Surry.

Most gracious Sovereign,

WE the Bailiffs, High Steward, Recorder and Freemen of the ancient and loyal Corporation of Kingston upon Thames, beg Leave to join in the general Congratulations of our Fellow-Subjects, upon the Birth of his Royal Highness the Prince of Wales; an Event of infinite Importance to the Stability and Permanency of the Liberties and Happiness of our Country. We presume likewise, most gracious Sovereign, to testify our Joy on the Recovery of Her Majesty, and do most ardently wish, that many Branches may arise from your illustrious House, emulating your Majesty's publick and domestick Virtues, taught by your Precept, and led by your Example, like your Majesty, firm in the Maintenance of the Civil and Religious Rights and Liberties of their Country, and thereby convey to Posterity the inestimable Blessings we happily enjoy under your Majesty's auspicious Reign.

Given under our Common Seal, in the Guildhall of our said Town, the Twenty-seventh Day of September, in the Second Year of your Majesty's Reign, and in the Year of our Lord, One thousand seven hundred and sixty-two.

Petersburg, August 27, O. S. The Court's Departure for Moscow is fixed for the Beginning of next Month; and Yesterday the Great Duke, attended by M. Panin his Governor, began his Journey for that Capital.

Breslau, September 19. The Head Quarter is still at Peterswaldau; and we have not heard that Marshal Daun has made any Movement.

This is now the Forty Third Day since the Trenches were opened before Schweidnitz.

Camp at Brucker Muhl near Radecker upon the Ohme, September 24. The Enemy having on the 7th made a general Movement from the Camp at Fridberg towards Giessen, by their Left, His Serene Highness, on the 8th, ordered the Army to march by the Right, to occupy the Position behind the Ohme, which was effected on the 10th, 11th and 12th, Luckner's Corps encamping on the Heights of Langenstein; the main Body of the Army at Schwinsburg; General Hardenberg, with Part of the Hereditary Prince's Corps, on the Heights of Hombourg; Lord Granby's Reserve occupied the Heights of Maulbach; and General Bock, with the Troops that had formed the Rear Guard of the Army, was encamped on the Heights opposite to Burgemunden, on the Left of the Whole. In Consequence of the Enemy's Motions by Marbourg towards Wetter, the Army moved on the 13th to Kirchayn, and 14th to Schwartzborn. The Generals Luckner and Conway were pushed on to the Neighbourhood of Ernshausen, to cut off the Enemy's Communication with Franckenberg. Lord Granby's Reserve, being joined by Part of Hardenberg's and Bock's Corps, with the Light Troops of the Left Wing, occupied the Heights of Homburg.

The Enemy's main Army was now in the Neighbourhood of Nieder-Weimar, and Marburg; and That of the Prince of Condé was encamped on the Heights of Grosfellen. The Light Troops, under M. de Levis, occupied Wetter, and the high Ground immediately behind it.

On the 15th his Serene Highness resolved to dislodge the Enemy from Wetter; and for this Purpose the Corps of Luckner and Conway were ordered to

March by Aménau and Schwartzbach; while the main Army occupied the Heights of Ober-Rosa, Nieder-Rosa, and Melnaw. Lord Granby's Reserve, which had moved on the 14th to Schonstadt, was ordered to hold itself in Readiness to march, either to sustain the Army, or to move to its Left, if the Enemy should attempt to pass the Ohme any where between Kirchayn and Burgemunden.

After some Cannonading, the Enemy thought proper to quit Wetter, and the Heights, which were immediately after taken Possession of by the Corps of Luckner and Conway; and the Army encamped where it had formed in Order of Battle.

On the Movement which the Army made to its Right towards Wetter, the Enemy passed the Ohme with a large Body of Light Troops under the Command of M. de St. Victor, and attempted to destroy our Bakery, then just removing from Alsfeldt. Freytag was ordered to march from Homburg to protect it, which he did very opportunely. Upon Freytag's quitting Homburg, the Enemy passed the Ohme with another Body of Troops, mostly Cavalry, near Nieder-Uffleyden; and pushing towards Nieder-Klein, Lord Granby was ordered, with Part of the Reserve, to march to attack them, wherever they could be met with on this Side the Ohme.

On our advancing on the 16th in the Morning, the Enemy retired: They appeared to wish to keep Schweinsburg, but, on cannonading them, they retired. General Hardenberg was left with six Battalions and eight Squadrons on the Heights of Radecker; and the Rest of the Reserve marched to Stautzenbach.

On the 17th in the Morning the Enemy carried off one of Hardenberg's Posts at the Brucker-Muhl, posted in a Fleche beyond the Ohme.

On the 18th, General Wangenheim was detached to Danrod, with three Battalions and four Squadrons, to supply Freytag's Place, who was still in Quest of the Enemy's Light Troops.

On Prince Xavier's advancing towards Homburg on the 19th, Wangenheim's Corps was reinforced; and the Enemy having made a Movement to the Right to Gros-Seelkeim at Mardoff; Lord Granby's Reserve, being replaced by General Wessfenbach with ten Hessian Battalions and eight Squadrons, Stautzenbach, marched to the Heights behind Kirchayn, where it arrived at Day-break on the Morning of the 21st.

At this Time Amonebourg was occupied by a Battalion of the British Legion, and a Detachment of 200 Men from the Reserve. Kirchayn had a Garrison of 400 Men; and the Bridge over the Ohme at the Brucker-Muhl was garrisoned by a Detachment of 200 Men from Hardenburg, the greatest Part of which were posted in a small Work on this Side of the Bridge.

About Six in the Morning of the 21st, the Weather being extremely foggy, the Enemy attacked the Post at the Brucker-Muhl, which they cannonaded, and attacked with Small Arms. On the Fog's clearing up, it was perceived that they had both Cavalry and Infantry formed on the Height beyond the Bridge. Our Cannon being ready, their Cavalry was cannonaded and dispersed: Their Infantry likewise gave Way, but were soon supported by fresh Troops. The Cannonade and Fire of Small Arms continued very severe on both Sides. In the mean Time, General Waldegrave, (who had taken the Command of the Reserve, on Lord Granby's being ill of a Fever) was ordered to support the Brucker-Muhl. This Succour came just in the proper Time, as the Hanoverian Troops had already suffered much, and their Ammunition of every Kind was almost spent. The First Battalion of British Guards marched immediately down to relieve them, and the Enemy kept constantly throwing in fresh Troops into a little Work which they had beyond the Bridge. Our heavy 12 Pounders arrived at this Time, and played with great Success. The Enemy, on their Part, still kept bringing up more Cannon. The Duke ordered us up six heavy 12 Pounders, and three Hawtizers from the Army, which arrived just at the Time, when, from
some

some of our Guns being disabled, and the growing Scarcity of Ammunition, our Fire began to abate. Four Hessian Battalions were likewise ordered up. The Fire on both Sides was kept up (both of Cannon and Small Arms) with the utmost Severity, and most determined Resolution, till dark Night at last put an End to it. There was no Attempt on either Side to pass the Bridge; but fresh Troops were sent to support the Posts, which each had on the opposite Banks of the River, as fast as the former Reliefs had expended their Ammunition. The whole Affair lasted Fourteen Hours, without one Moment's Intermision. Never did Troops bear with more Firmness, and Resolution, so long, and so severe a Cannonade. Our Loss is between Seven and Eight Hundred Men in Killed and Wounded; that of the Enemy, by all Accounts, is much greater.

Hague, October 1. Letters from the Army of the 27th inst, bring an Account of a very obstinate and bloody Affair, which happened on the 21st, between the Corps under the Marquess of Granby, and General Zastrow, posted at the Brucker Muhl upon the Ohme, near Amonebourg, and a Part of the French Army. The French Generals de Castries, and Sarfeldt, are said to have been dangerously wounded therein; but we have as yet no other Particulars of their Loss.

The following is the most exact Accounts that we have hitherto received of that Action.

The Enemy having on the 19th of last Month considerably reinforced their Right by marching the whole Corps de Reserve towards Deckenbach, and posting the greatest Part of their Army between Holtzhausen and Bauebach, General Wangenheim had taken Possession of the Heights of Dannerode, with Alesfeld's and Goldacker's Brigades, eight Squadrons of Hanoverians, and seven Battalions of the same Troops which had composed the Corps under the Hereditary Prince: Four Squadrons of General Bock's Corps, and the Carabineers, occupied the Heights of Rodeken; Beckwith's Brigade, Those of the English Guards, and of Maisburg, the Heights of Langenstein; and General Wissenbach that of Staugenbach. The rest of the Army remained in its former Position, from Bodenhausen to Bettgesdoiff, whilst the Corps under Luckner, Conway, and Gilfae, lay between Wartzebach and Wettern.

In the Night between the 20th and 21st, the Enemy resolved to get Possession of Amonebourg, which was defended by one Battalion of Cruse and 200 Commande's. With this View they raised several Batteries, and took Possession, in the Night, of the Brucker-Muhl, where they raised a small Breastwork, and a Kind of Trench to secure the Entrance.

A Redoubt on this Side of the River, and just opposite the Bridge, was defended by 100 Men, whom they attacked in the Morning, but without being able to carry it. They planted at the same Time some Cannon, at the Foot of the Hill of Amonebourg, about 200 Paces from the Bridge, in order to bear on the Redoubt. It appeared, that their Intention at first, in taking Possession of the Mill, was only to cut off our Communication with Amonebourg; but the Fog, with the Fire of their Cannon, giving it the Appearance of a Design of more Consequence, we brought up several Pieces of Artillery. Lord Granby's whole Corps moved that Way: General Wissenbach marched to Kirchayn, and eight Battalions and four Squadrons into the Wood of Stautzenberg. In Proportion as the Number of our Cannon increased, that of the Enemy did so likewise, till they had brought up 20 Pieces of Heavy Artillery. On our Side all the Hessian, and Buckenburgh, and Half of the Hanoverian Artillery, was placed upon the Height of Brucker-Muhl; and from Break of Day till Dark Night, a most terrible Firing continued without Intermision. We maintained the Redoubt, and the Enemy the Mill. History, I believe, can scarce furnish an Instance of so obstinate a Dispute; in which the Loss on either Side may easily be conceived to be considerable. The Troops

in the Redoubt were constantly relieved, after having fired 60 Charges: And towards the Close of the Day, seventeen compleat Battalions had been employed on that Service. The Redoubt was exposed to the Fire of the Enemy's Artillery at the Distance of about 300 Paces; and to that of all their Small Arms, within 30 Paces Distance; besides that the Troops, coming and going, were obliged to march near 400 Paces, exposed to the Enemy's Cannon, loaded with Grape Shot. The Enemy's Situation was nearly the same, excepting that the Mill afforded them rather more Shelter. This, in general, is the Whole of the Affair. The oldest Soldiers say, they never saw so severe a Cannonade; since, though there were near 50 Pieces of Cannon employed, their Execution was confined to the Space of about 400 Paces; and not only the Fire of the Artillery, but the Musquetry too of the two opposite Posts, was not intermitted a single Instant, for near 15 Hours. Towards the Conclusion of the Affair, the Number of the Killed and Wounded, at the Entrance of, and in the Redoubt, on our Side, seemed to exceed 500; so that the Troops, which came there late in the Day, made Use of the dead Bodies to raise the Parapet a little, which was almost levelled; and within a very small Compass, 1700 of the Enemy's Cannon Balls have been since taken up.

While the Enemy were attacking the Redoubt, they played likewise some Batteries on Amonebourg, and assaulted it three Times, but without Success. On the 22d every Thing was quiet, and the Works on both Sides were repaired without the least Molestation. We raised a considerable Work on the Height, exactly over-against the Stone Gallows:

The Entrance of Kirchayn is fortified in the same Manner; and Lord Granby's whole Corps is between the Kleine and Schweinsberg: General Wissenbach is on the Height of Kirchayn; and the main Body between Stautzenberg and Schonstadt.

After a Fire from the Enemy, which lasted all Night, and by which they had made a practicable Breach, the Garrison of Amonebourg surrendered Prisoners. In Consequence of which, on the 23d, the Enemy pushed forward the Right of their Camp, and posted a Body between Amonebourg and Kleinfeelheim.

Return of the killed, wounded and missing of the British Troops at the Brucker-Muhl, September 21, 1762.

BRIGADE of GUARDS.

Grenadiers. 1 Rank and File, killed. 6 R. and F. wounded.

First Regiment. 1 Field Officer, 5 R. and F. killed, 42 R. and F. wounded. 2 R. and F. missing.

Cold Stream Regiment. 1 Captain, 1 Ensign, 2 R. and F. killed; 1 Captain, 2 Serjeants, 1 Drummer, 23 R. and F. wounded.

Third Regiment. 2 Serjeants, 8 R. and F. killed. 1 Field-Officer, 3 Ensigns, 3 Serjeants, 43 R. and F. wounded.

Colonel BECKWITH'S BRIGADE.

Eustace's. 9 R. and F. killed. 2 Lieutenants, 30 R. and F. wounded. 1 R. and F. missing.

Maxwell's. 1 Captain, 5 R. and F. killed. 1 Lieutenant, 2 Serjeants, 3 Drummers, 29 R. and F. wounded.

Keith's. 9 R. and F. killed. 1 Lieutenant, 2 Serjeants, 21 R. and F. wounded.

Campbell's. 1 Field Officer, 12 R. and F. killed. 1 Captain, 1 Serjeant, 37 R. and F. wounded. 1 R. and F. missing.

Names of Officers killed and wounded.

First Regiment of Guards. Lieutenant Colonel Manlove, killed.

Coldstream Regiment. Captain Twisleton, Ensign Clive, killed. Captain Wyvil, wounded.

Third Regiment. Lieutenant Colonel Hale, Ensign Gwynne, Ensign Byron, Ensign Girardat, wounded.

Eustace's. Lieutenant Palmer, Lieutenant Bailly, wounded. *Maxwell's.*

Maxwell's. Captain Reynell, killed. Lieutenant Ferguson, wounded.

Keith's. Lieutenant Barlard, wounded

Campbell's. Major M'Lean, killed. Captain Peter Campbell, wounded.

TOTAL LOSS.

	Killed.	Wounded.	Missing.
Field Officers	2	1	0
Captains	2	2	0
Lieutenants and Ensigns	1	7	0
Serjeants	2	10	0
Drummers	0	4	0
Rank and File	51	231	4
Total	58	255	4

List of the killed, wounded and missing of the Hanoverian Corps in the Action of the 21st of September, 1762, near Amonebourg.

Block's Dragoons. 1 Rank and File, killed. 1 Horie, killed.

I N F A N T R Y.

Block's Regiment. 1 Serjeant, 6 R. and F. killed. 2 Officers, 2 Serjeants, 31 R. and F. wounded. 2 R. and F. missing. Heavy Artillery, 3 Horses, killed. 2 Matrosses, wounded.

Kielm njege's. 2 Officers, 9 R. and F. killed. 1 Officer, 1 Serjeant, 26 R. and F. wounded. 9 R. and F. missing.

Prince Charles of Mecklenburg's. 1 Officer, 16 R. and F. killed. 1 Officer, 4 Serjeants, 28 R. and F. missing. Heavy Artillery, 2 Matrosses, 6 Horses, killed. 1 Subaltern, 1 Gunner, 2 Matrosses, wounded.

E's's. 1 Officer, 21 R. and F. killed. 1 Officer, 27 R. and F. wounded. Heavy Artillery, 1 Matross, wounded.

Krausbaar's. 1 Serjeant, 10 R. and F. killed. 1 Officer, 5 Serjeants, 24 R. and F. wounded. Heavy Artillery, 4 Horses, killed.

Meding's. 3 Officers, 1 Serjeant, 19 R. and F. killed. 1 Officer, 4 Serjeants, 26 R. and F. wounded. 2 R. and F. missing. Heavy Artillery, 1 Matross, wounded.

Linsing's, No Loss.

Buckeburg, Heavy Artillery. 1 Subaltern, 2 Gunners, 6 Matrosses, 5 Horses, killed. 4 Gunners, 8 Matrosses, wounded.

TOTAL LOSS.

	Killed.	Wounded.	Missing.
Officers,	7	7	0
Serjeants,	3	16	0
Rank and File,	82	162	13
Artillery.			
Subalterns,	1	1	0
Gunners,	2	5	0
Matrosses,	8	14	0
Total,	103	205	13
Horses,	19 killed.		

Cannon rendered unserviceable.

- 2 Cannon of the Regiment of Meding.
- 1 Ditto of Block's.
- 1 Ditto of Prince Charles's.

Admiralty-Office, September 13, 1762.

Notice is hereby given, that in Pursuance to the Decision of an Act of Parliament passed in the 32d Year of His late Majesty's Reign, entitled, An Act for the Encouragement of Seamen, and the more effectual Manning His Majesty's Navy, and for the Prevention of Piracies and Robberies by Crews of Private Ships of War, a Session of Oyer and Terminer and Goal Delivery, for the Tryal of Offences committed on the High Sea, within the Jurisdiction of the Admiralty of England,

will be held on Friday the 29th Day of October next, at Justice-Hall in the Old Bailey, London, at Eight of the Clock in the Morning. J. Cleveland.

General Post Office, July 24, 1762.

Whereas the Post Boy bringing the Mail from Bath, was, on the 22d Instant, between the Hours of Ten and Eleven o'Clock at Night, attacked in his Way to Petty France in Gloucestershire, and robbed by three Foot Pads in Sailors Habits, of the Mail containing the following Bags, viz. The Bag from Bath for London, and also the Bye Bag from Bath for Tedbury, Cirencester, Farringdon, and Oxford.

This is to give Notice, that whoever shall apprehend and convict, or cause to be apprehended and convicted, the Persons concerned in committing the said Robbery, of whom no particular Descriptions are as yet come to hand, will be entitled to a Reward of Two Hundred Pounds, over and above the Reward given by Act of Parliament: Or if any Person or Persons, whether an Accomplice in the said Robbery, or knowing thereof, shall make Discovery whereby any of the Persons concerned in the same may be apprehended and brought to Justice, such Discoverer or Discoverers shall, upon Conviction of any of the Parties, be intitled to the same Reward of Two Hundred Pounds, and also His Majesty's most gracious Pardon.

By Command of the Post-master General,
Henry Potts, Secretary.

Navy Office, September 22, 1762.

The Principal Officers and Commissioners of His Majesty's Navy give Notice, that on Tuesday the 12th of next Month, at Ten of the Clock in the Morning, Commissioner Hughes will expose to Sale, at the Pay Office in His Majesty's Yard at Portsmouth, Several Lots of old Stores, consisting of old Canvas in Paper Stuff, old Colours, with Sabling in Rags, old Hammocks with Clews, decayed Locks and Pieces, and Smiths Bellows, old cast Iron Pots and Furnaces, decayed Nail Bags and Pieces, and Canvas Hoses, decayed Hand Landborns and Pieces, old Rope, ditto in Paper Stuff, Junk in Paper Stuff, White Ocham, Hemp Rubbish, damaged Hemp, decayed worming and Spun Yarn, Shavings, ditto decayed, and short Pieces of old Rope in Paper Stuff, lying in the said Yards, where such Persons as are willing to be Purchasers, may have the Liberty of viewing them at any Time in the common Working Hours of the Yard, till the Day of Sale. And as a Deposit of 25 l. per Cent. or in Proportion thereto, is to be made by the Persons who shall purchase the said Stores, all Persons that shall attend the said Sale, are to take Notice thereof, and come prepared for that Purpose. And unless the Stores so purchased shall be paid for and taken away at the End of forty Days, after the Day of Sale, the Deposit shall be forfeited, and become the Property of the Crown.

Notice is hereby given to the Officers and Companies of His Majesty's Ships undermentioned, who were actually on board at taking of the L'Immaculate Conception, St. Ignacio de Leicla, under Paper's Colours, by His Majesty's Ship St. Albans, Capt. Edward Vernon, off Cadix, that their respective Shares of the Produce of the said Prize will be paid them on the following Days, at the French Horn in Crutched Fryers, London, viz. Prince and St. Albans the 18th Instant. Newark and Lyme the 19th Instant. Culloden and Conqueror the 20th Instant. Jersey, Tartar's Prize, and Gramsey the 21st Instant. And the Shares remaining unpaid will be recalled at the same Place the first Thursday in every Month for three Years, by Oliver Toulmin, of Crutched Fryers, for Tho. Tierney, Henry Blackley, of Gibraltar, John Lewis, and Robert Haidy, Agents.

Notice is hereby given to the Officers and Company of His Majesty's Armed Cutter Revenge, who were actually on board at taking of the St. Joseph, a Spanish Frigate, that they will be paid their respective Shares on board the Revenge at Plymouth, the 15th Instant,

or as soon after as she shall arrive: And the Shares remaining unpaid will be recalled the first Monday in the Month for three Years, at Mr. Jacob Chaille's in Pike Street Plymouth.

Oliver Toulmin, of Crutched Fryers, London, } Agents.
Jacob Chaille, of Plymouth,

Notice is hereby given to the Officers and Company of His Majesty's Ship *Arctifusa*, who were actually on board at taking the *Quimper Privateer*, that they will be paid their respective Prize and Head Money, on board the said Ship *Arctifusa*, on Wednesday the 20th of this Instant October, or so soon after the said Ship arrives in Plymouth Sound: And the Shares remaining unpaid will be recalled at the Office for the Court of Requests in Southwark, the second Wednesday in every Month for three Years to come.

David Urquhart, of Plymouth, Esq; Agent.

Penryn, September 27, 1762.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership lately subsisting between Thomas Hill, Matthew Towgood, John Penwarne, and Edward Pyke, for carrying on the Woollen Manufactory in the Borough of Penryn, in the County of Cornwall, hath been dissolved ever since the 31st Day of August last; and that the same is now carried on by the said Thomas Hill, Matthew Towgood, and John Penwarne; and that either of their Receipts shall be a full Discharge for all Debts due to the aforesaid late Partnership.

THE Creditors who have proved their Debts under a Commission of Bankrupt issued against Edmond Michael Colnett, late of Shadwell in the County of Middlesex, Biscuit Baker, may receive their respective Dividend on Friday the 15th Day of October Instant, at the Amsterdam Coffee House behind the Royal Exchange, between the Hours of Ten and One o'Clock; or on any subsequent Friday between Twelve and One. Inquire at the Bar.

PURSUANT to an Order made by the Right Honourable Lord Henley, Baron of Grange, Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, for enlarging the Time for John Cook, of Bow, in the County of Middlesex, Collar-maker, Dealer and Chapman, (a Bankrupt) to surrender himself, and make a full Discovery and Disclosure of his Estate and Effects, for Forty Days, to be computed from the 2d of October Instant; This is to give Notice, that the Commissioners in the said Commission named and authorized, or the major Part of them, will meet on the 11th of November next, at Three o'Clock in the Afternoon, at Guildhall, London; when and where the said Bankrupt is required to surrender himself, and make a full Discovery and Disclosure of his Estate and Effects, and finish his Examination; and the Creditors who have not already proved their Debts, may then and there come and prove the same, and assent to or dissent from the Allowance of his Certificate.

WHEREAS a Commission of Bankrupt is awarded and issued forth against John Roblason, now or late of Proseley in the County of Salop, Linnen Draper, Grocer and Chapman, and he being declared a Bankrupt, is hereby required to surrender himself to the Commissioners in the said Commission named, or the major Part of them, on the 18th and 19th of October Instant, at the House of James Vobe, known by the Sign of the George in Bewdley in the County of Worcester, and on the 16th of November next, at the House of John Ford, known by the Sign of the Saracen's Head in Bewdley aforesaid, at Ten o'Clock in the Forenoon, on each of the said Days, and make a full Discovery and Disclosure of his Estate and Effects; when and where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, and at the Second Sitting to chuse Assignees, and at the last Sitting the said Bankrupt is required to finish his Examination, and the Creditors are to assent to or dissent from the Allowance of his Certificate. All Persons indebted to the said Bankrupt, or that have any of his Effects, are not to pay or deliver the same, but to whom the Commissioners shall appoint, but give Notice to Mr. John Cowper, Attorney, at Bewdley aforesaid.

THE Commissioners in a Commission of Bankrupt awarded and issued forth against James Langford, now or late of the City of Bristol, Hoffer, intend to meet on the 18th of November next, at Four o'Clock in the Afternoon, at the House of Matthew Meafe, Vintner, called the Nag's Head Tavern in Wine Street in the said City of Bristol, in order to make a first and final Dividend of the said Bankrupt's Estate and Effects; when and where the Creditors, who have not already proved their Debts, are to come prepared to prove the same, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the said Dividend. And all Persons, who have made any Claims are to come and prove the same, or they will be disallowed.

THE Commissioners in a Commission of Bankrupt awarded and issued forth against Nicholas Cunliffe, late of Coln

in the County of Lancaster, Shalloon maker, Dealer and Chapman, intend to meet on the 9th of November next, at Eleven of the Clock in the Forenoon, at the House of John Petty, known by the Sign of the Hole in the Wall in Coln aforesaid, in order to make a Dividend of the said Bankrupt's Estate and Effects; when and where the Creditors, who have not already proved their Debts, are to come prepared to prove the same, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the said Dividend. And the Creditors of the said Bankrupt are to attend at the Time and Place aforesaid, to assent to or dissent from the commencing and prosecuting one or more Suits or Suits touching the said Bankrupt's Estate and Effects, or referring to Arbitration, or otherwise compounding the same; and to consider of other Matters relating to the said Bankrupt's Affairs.

THE Commissioners in a Commission of Bankrupt awarded and issued forth against Joseph Springall, of Coltishall in the County of Norfolk, Beer Brewer, Maltster, Dealer and Chapman, intend to meet on the 6th of November next, at the House of John Sturley, known by the Sign of the King's Head, in the Parish of St. Saviour in the City of Norwich, in order to make a Dividend of the said Bankrupt's Estate and Effects; when and where the Creditors, who have not already proved their Debts, are to come prepared to prove the same, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the said Dividend.

THE Commissioners in a Commission of Bankrupt awarded and issued forth against James Bernard, of Pater Noster Row, in the Parish of Christ Church, in the County of Middlesex, Hatter, intend to meet on the 4th of Day of November next, at Four in the Afternoon, at Guildhall, London, in order to make a further Dividend of the said Bankrupt's Estate and Effects; when and where the Creditors, who have not already proved their Debts, are to come prepared to prove the same, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the said Dividend. And all Persons, who have made any Claims, are to come and prove the same, or they will be disallowed.

THE following Persons being Prisoners for Debt, in the respective Prisons, or Goals, hereafter mentioned, do hereby give Notice, That they intend to take the Benefit of an Act of Parliament, passed in the First Year of the Reign of His present Majesty King George the Third, intituled, *An Act for Relief of Insolvent Debtors*, at the next General or Quarter Sessions of the Peace to be held in and for the County, Riding, Division, City, Town, Liberty, or Place, or any Adjournment thereof, which shall happen next after THIRTY Days from the FIRST Publication of the under-mentioned Names, *viz.*

Prisoner in His Majesty's Prison of the FLEET.

Third Notice.

John Huskins Bayles, formerly of the Parish of Rotherhithe, in the County of Surry, Peruke-maker, late of the Parish of Wickham, in the County of Kent, Innholder.

THE following Persons being Fugitives for Debt, and beyond the Seas, on or before the TWENTY-FIFTH Day of OCTOBER, One Thousand Seven Hundred and Sixty, and having surrendered themselves to the Goalers or Keepers of the respective Prisons or Goals hereafter-mentioned, do hereby give Notice, That they intend to take the Benefit of an Act of Parliament, passed in the First Year of the Reign of His present Majesty King George the Third, intituled, *An Act for Relief of Insolvent Debtors*, at the next General or Quarter Sessions of the Peace to be held in and for the County, Riding, Division, City, Town, Liberty, or Place, or any Adjournment thereof, which shall happen next after THIRTY Days from the FIRST Publication of the under-mentioned Names, *viz.*

Fugitive surrendered to the Warden of His Majesty's Prison of the FLEET.

Third Notice.

Robert Andrews, formerly of King Street Cheapside, London, late of Dame Street in the City of Dublin, Mercer.