## The London Gazette.

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From Chursday September 9. to Monday September 13. 1675.

From on board the Henricita before Tripoli, July 28.

IR John Narborough continues with the Men of War under his command to block up Tripoli, to the great prejudice and interruption of the Trade and Navigation of those People. The tenth instant, in the morning, we gave chace to, and about three in the afternoon forced ashore a Tripoline called la Madonna del Rosatio, which formerly had been their Rear-Admiral, and carried 30 Guns, but at present was turned into a Merchantman, and employed to fetch Timber for their ships; she had on board about 80 or 90 Negroes, and was failed by Greeks; some few Moors and Negroes leaped over-board, and Iwam alhore, and some were drowned: the ship being much damnisied, Sir John caused to be burnt. The II, we spied a, Vessel at anchor under the shore, we sent our Boats on board, who found all the Men were fled ashore, and the Veffel full of water; she was a Pollacke laden with Corn, bound for Tapoli, and belonging to that place, and was likewife burnt. The t z, we gave chace to a Londea, otherwise a great Sitea, but it being calm, Sir John fent out his Boats, who forced her ashore, we having had one Man killed; and the night following we ferched her off, though the Tripoli Camp of 4 or 500 Horse was in fight, but they durst not come down for fear of our Can-All their Men of War are in Port, fave a Pol-

lacke, which is got out, and gone in Corfo.

Cadia, Aug. 19. We hear that the Moors have the second time besieged Oran, and that they have now with them leveral Engineers, who instruct them how to mike their approaches; and that the fix Spanish Men of War are gone thither again with more fuccors.

Madrid, Aug. 28. It is now reported with more confidence than ever, That Don Juan will pass into Italy, and that he expects the arrival of Lieutenant-Admiral de Ruster at Cadia, to embark on his Fleet for Naples! Of the Portugueze Armada we have no farther news, than that it hath paffed the streight of Gibratter. Since the taking of Belgarde, it's faid the French are returned into Roufellon to recruit.

Dantzick, Aug. 31. Here is news in Town, with what certainty we know not. That the Tartars being advanced with a party of 10 or 12000, under the conduct of Sulin Nuradin, to attack Leopol; his Majefly, upon notice thereof, went out with 3 or 4000 Men, and engaged them To fuccessfully, that he totally routed them : of which, if confirmed, we shall soon have a more particular account. The Forces of Lithuania, according to our last Letters from Leopol, had not yet joined the King, but were daily expected.

Naples, Aug. 28. By a Felucca arrived this week from Sicily, we have advice, That the French have taken the City of Augusta, and that it's feared they will make a farther progress with their Arms, being now near Neighbors to Catania, though they have but few Soldlers to take possession of many places; in the mean time we hear, that there is not at present any Trade at Messina, ed from

but that notwithstanding the City is plentically provided with all forts of provisions. This day parted hence three Gallies, and several Barks, on which are embarked, 3000 Soldiers for Melazzo and Palerme. It is not doubted but Den Juan of Austria will be suddenly here, his Apartment in the Palace being accordingly preparing. Our Viceroy is certainly to depart, and the Cardinal de Porto de Carero will take the Government. We impariently expect the arrival of the Dutch Men of Wars. and promife our felves much from their affiftance.

Genoua, Sept. 4: Five dayes since failed from hence, five of our Gallies commanded by Sighior Alexandro: Grimaldo, late Duke of this Republick; to Cruise about: the Isles of Corfica. Yesterday morning early arrived here the New African, in 13 days from Alicant, where the left this States Convoy on its return bither from: Cadiq. By a Bark arrived here from Bercelana, we have: advice, That Don Juan of Austria was to embark there as this day, on four Gallies, and eight Men of War, for Naples, though it is thought he will first expect the arrival of Lieucenant-Admiral de Rayter. The French tëll us, That the Duke de Vivonne has taken Augusta in

Vienne, Sept. 5. The Troops continue to march in. the Hereditary Countries, in order to the forming a fresh Body at Egra, for the reinforcement of General Montecuculi. The Empress is not, it feems, fo near her. time as was thought; however, the Prayers for her hap-

py delivery are continued.

Hamburgh, Sept. 13. The Elector of Brandenburgh is come to Gadebr sch with a Convoy of 3000 Horse, in order to the holding a Conference there with the King of Denmark; who, according to the report of our Deputies, which this day returtied hither from Mollem, intended to depart thence yesterday in the evening, after having been present at the Rendezvous of his Forces there, to meet the faid Elector. The Duke of Handuer has not as yet declar'd himfelf y and, we are told, that his Highness continues sirm in his resolution to desend Bromen; but for the rest is willing to remain Neuter; From Copenhagen they write of another Squadron of Men of War fitting out there; to be commanded by the Sieur Roofteen. The Fleet already at Sea, consilts in 14 Men of War, feven Danish, and seven Dutch, three or four Fireships, and five Galliots, and is commanded in chief by the Heer Adelaer Admiral of Denmark, and next to him by the Sieur Binches, Commander of the Dutch thips; they Cruise at present along the Coast of Pomeren, from Bromholme to Wismar and Straelfonds The Suedish Fleet is not asyet at Sea, being hindered, as is faid, by contrary winds. An Apartment is preparing at Lunenburg for the Marelchal de Crequi, whither be is to be brought. The Munster Troops are on their march, as will be the Danes and Brandenburghe in few dayes, fo that we shall quickly hear of some considerable

Straiburgh, Sept. 9. According to what we told you in our le the fixth instant, the Imperial Army decamp-ed from its quarters near St. Pierre and Stateanieim;

and marched to Merstersheim near Ober-chanheim; the next day the Army repassed the Preuseh, and encamped at Mutzich near Dachstein, where it continued yesterday till towards night, when it moved again, and this morning took its quarters at Marlenheim and Wassenheim ; Sit is verily believed, that the design is to attack Saverne, for the Vanguards take their march directly that way. By the way of Banfeld we have advice, That the Prince of Conde has fent out the Marquis de Monglas with 1000 Horsesto observe the motions of the Imperialists. General Monsequeule having fent to our Magistrates, to know of them, whether they would at last obey the Emperors Mandage, and wholly quit their Neutrality with the French, or nor: They were extraordinarily affembled ybsterday, to consult what answer to return : what they refolved on, we yet know not 3 but they have caused four great pieces of Cannon to be drawn out of our Arlemal, and to be fent as a Prefent to General Montecusuli. By an Express just now arrived from our Army; we have advice, That a parcy of Imperialists having passed the Mountains, had furprized Sarbourg in Lorrain, and taken many French Officers and Soldiers, and a great booty. But on the other fide, that General Montecueuli, was much troubled to understand that the Prince de Gon-Letters from the Emperor to his Excellency, bath been intercepted by a French party, who, it's thought, had notice of his coming, and way-laid him,
- Gologne, Septemb. 13. The Letters we receive from

Francfort and Stratburgh advise, That the Emperor. Was drawing a Body of 9000 Men together at Egra in Bahemia; and that General Montecucula was gone to befiege Suverne. The Lunenburgh and Offichrugh Troops, according to our last advices, continued in the Neighborhood of Treves, to refresh, those Dukes, having, at the instance of the other Confederates, changed the resolution they had once taken to return home; and some Letters say, That the Duke of Lorrain was already falleninto Lorrain with 8 or 9000 Men; and that 4 or 5000 Horse of that Confederate Army, were coming down to join the Prince of Orange.

Bruffels, Sept. 17. The Prince of Orange continues fill with his Army at Waure; and the Count de Horne, General of his Highness Artillery, has been here for fome days; in order to the fending away the Artillery to the Army, which, it's faid, will decamp to morrow or next day at farthest, and march towards Liege. The Mareschal de Montmoreney keeps in the mean sime very close to the Prince, to observe all his motions, and is: at present encamped towards Seneffe and Charleroy. Our Maistre de Camp General, and most of the other principal Spanish Officers, are at prefent here, though we are told they will to morrow, if not yet this evening resurn to the Army. The Dutch Regiments, making about 4000 Men, under the command of the Count of Stirum, have passed the Macfe at Ruremond, but still continue in that Neighborhood, expecting farther orders from the Prince of Orange. We are now affured. That the Dukes of Lunenburgh have been prevailed with, to remain with their Forces in conjunction with the other Allies, to act on the fide of Lorrain, or otherwayes, as shall be found best; in consideration whereof, Oneshundred thousand Crowns have been paid them. The Confederates are much concerned at the intercepting of the Prince of Gonzague, as he was going from Vienna so the Imperial Army, having had with him feyeral private dispatches for General Montecuculi.

the first intention, great preparations are making for the Printed by Tho. Newco

Enterment of the Princess Dowager of Orange, which will be attended with great pomp and magnificence at the charge of the State. The death of her Highness, is the cause that the solemnization of the Marriage between the Prince of Courtand, and the Princess of Nassau, Neece to Prince Mauriss, is put off for some short time. All the saying here is, That the States have an account of the Duke of Hanoners having declared for the Confederates, though there be Letters from Hamburgh which speak to the contrary. We understand that a new Agreement hath been made, with the Dukes of Lumenburgh, and Osiabrugh; pursuant to which, they will continue with their Forces in the quarters where they now are, and the Spanish Ambasador shath remitted to thema large sum of money. It is said here, that our Army will march towards Liege.

my will march towards Liege.

Paris, sept. 18. We have at prefent very little news here; our last Letters from Alfatta toldus. That the Prince of Conde continued at Kastenholtz, and that the Imperialists were gone to besiege Saverne. The same Letters say, That the Prince of Conde is very vigorous, and every say the prince of Conde is very vigorous, and every say the prince of Conde is very vigorous, and every say the prince of Conde is very vigorous, and every say that the Prince on Horseback, but that his Army consists not in above 14 or 15000 Men. From Metz we hear, That 1500 Men were come thither from Treves, being all that remained in a Body of above 4000 that had been in Garison there before the siege; they complain extremely of the Germans who broke the Capitulation: and after the were Masters of the Town, killed many of the Garsson, and stript and evilly entreated all, both Officers and Soldiers. Commissions are daily given out for the raising of Soldiers as well in this City, as in all the Provinces of this kingdom. According to our last advices from Flanders, the Prince of Orange lay encamded at Wavre, and the Duke of Luxemburgh at Fleria Abby, being resolved to sollow the Enemy close, and to endeavor to prevent any design they might have.

Cork, Aug. 20. We have lately had a great Affizes in this place; for befides the ordinary business, the Judges sate in affiltance of the Vice Admiralty, on a Special Commission of Oyer and Terminer, directed by his Excellency our Lord Lieutenant, before his going for England, for Trial of those Pyrates, who, under the command of one Peter Fox, entered on a Ship in Holland called the St. Peter of Hamburgh, richly laden for France, pretending to take their passage in her; but in the Voyage they fell on the ships company, barbarously murthered the Master, and three of the Men, and brough the ship into Ireland: where arriving, she was slappily recovered, by the extraordinary vigitable of our Vice Admiral Mr. Southwell, and siye of the Pyrates taken, namely, Edward Fox, the brother to Peter Fox, John Fitz Gerald, John Hood, John Crouch, and John North; who, after a fair Tryal, were condemned to be drawn, hang d and quarter d. Murther, by the Laws of this Kingdom, being Treason; and they were accordingly Executed, and their Heads fer up along the Coast, at Waterford, Toughall, Cork, Kinfale, and Grandove for the terror of such Malesations. The Ringleader, Peter Fox; could not be seized, having made his crape. Plimouth, Sept. 7. The fifth instant, Lieutenant-Ad-

Plimouth, sept. 7. The fifth mitant, Lieutenant-Admiral de Ruyter appeared with his Fleet off of this Port, and having fent for the Men of War and Merchantmen, among which latter, was a Durch East-India ship, that expected him here, and they having joined him, continued his course towards the Street by:

Whitehall, Sept. 11. This morning His Majesty returned hither from Windfor, as Her Majesty and their Royal Highnesses did yesterday in the evening.