

Prisoners, and 20 Wagons and Mules laden with Baggage; but *Schutz* had the good fortune to cut off the French Commissaries, with their Convoy, at *Ober-Ebnheim*, whom he took with 10 000 weight of Bread, and 500 Sacks of Corn laden on 50 Wagons, and about 300 Prisoners of all sorts, and amongst them 30 Bakers. The Prince of *Conde* continuing his retreat, arrived the next morning at *Erstein*, and from thence marched to *Benfeldt* and *Schlestadt* where he now is; Wednesday, and this day, the Imperial Army marched, and is this night lodged at *Nider-Ebnheim*, being resolved to follow the French; who, we are told, are much discouraged.

*Onaburgh, Sept. 1.* The Bishop of *Munster*, who hath for some time had his residence at *Sassenberg*, passed yesterday by this place, towards his Fortrefs of *Vecht*. We expect here, with some impatience, the Declaration of the Duke of *Hanover*, in favor of his Imperial Majesty, and the Confederates.

*From the Camp before Treves, Sept. 2.* The general attack that was at first intended to have been made as this day, was put in execution yesterday. About three in the afternoon, upon the signal given, which was by firing a piece of Cannon, the several Troops marched to the Posts assigned them, the Granadiers marching in the head of every Regiment, and carrying each a Fagot; the Troops of the Elector of *Treves*, and the Spanish, commanded by Monsieur *Louigny*, who were quartered behind the ruins of *St. Maximin*, attacked the corner of the Counterescarp, which is next to the gate of *St. Simon*, though they were much expos'd to the French, who fired upon them out of the Half-moon; however, after a brave resistance on the part of the French, they gained it, and lodged themselves; the Troops of *Munster* attacked, and gained another corner of the Counterescarp; and those commanded by the Marquis de *Grana*, a third: while Monsieur d' *Audel* with the Lunenburg Troops under his command, lodged himself on the Half-moon, with the loss only of six Men. The Imperialists and Spaniards being encouraged with this success, entered the Ditch, and would have passed into the Town through the breach, but they were repulsed; and Monsieur de *Louigny* coming to their assistance, was wounded in the thigh, and several Officers killed and wounded: the Action lasted till night, and we maintained the Counterescarp, covering our selves with great numbers of Fagots prepared for that purpose. During the night, the Besieged attempted nothing; this morning, by the favor of a Mist, they made a Sally upon the Lunenburg Troops, but, after a brisk skirmish, were repulsed, the Sieur d' *Audel* being wounded in his heel, and his Major killed. We had advice, that the French had prepared several Mines under the Half-Moon, wherefore we immediately fell to digging, and we killed seven Miners, and took three, and so remained in the quiet possession of the Half-moon, and the other outworks, though they have cost us many Men, who have been killed, and more wounded, and several Officers; and we doubt that the Enemies loss is not inconsiderable. We hear that our Generals are resolved not to grant the Besiegers other terms, than that the French shall remain Prisoners at War; and that such Forreigners as are amongst them, shall have liberty to repair home.

*Luxemburgh, Sept. 4.* Yesterday, about six in the evening, the Besieged in *Treves* began to desire a Parley, and the Marechal de *Cregui* sent out Hostages, without expecting the like from the Besiegers. The Marechal demanded to march out with Arms, Bag and Baggage, but the Germans would only permit them to be Prisoners at War, to which the Marechal would not consent:

And this morning the Besiegers have again made use of their Cannon, which is planted very near the Ditch, and the Miners continue their work, which will be finished this night. The Prince of *Vaudemont*, is, we hear, perfectly recovered of his wounds.

*Brussels, Sept. 6.* Our Army continues encamped along the River *Hayne* not far from *Binch*; the last Letters we received from thence, were dated yesterday, and tell us, That that morning the Prince of *Orange* had been at *Binch*, to see in what readiness the Mines were for the demolishing of that place, which, it's believed, were sprung last night; the French that were in Garison there, had liberty to march out with their Arms, and, it's said, that 80 Dutch were killed, and about 140 wounded, in the taking of that Town. While the Prince was there yesterday, an Alarm was brought to the Duke de *Villa Hermosa*, of the march of the French Army towards *Charleroy*: upon which, all the Spanish Cavalry immediately mounted, but it proved without ground; It is said here, that the Prince of *Orange* has about 30 000 Men in his Army, and that Marechal *Montmorency* is as strong, he exceeding in Cavalry, and the Prince in Infantry. The French lie at present between this place and our Army, so that the Artillery and Ammunition that is here, cannot get thither, till the 16 Regiments arrive that are expected from *Holland*, three of which, viz. the Regiments of *Waes*, of *Hoffwegen* and *Rhinberg*, arrived here some days since by water, and on Wednesday last came ashore, and were lodged in our Counterescarp; and that same night there hapned a great disorder, between some of the Soldiers, and our Burghers guard; in which some were wounded on both sides, and one of *Waes* Regiment killed. The Letters above-mentioned from our Camp, say, That yesterday in the evening, the Duke de *Villa Hermosa* received, by an Express Letters, of the third Instant, from the Camp before *Treves*, giving an account, That the Marechal de *Cregui* had desired to Treat; and that in order thereunto, he had sent out Hostages; That he desired the Garison should march out with their Arms, &c. But the Besiegers demanded they should be Prisoners at War, allowing the Besieged only an hour to resolve, which expired, they were to expect no other terms, than to surrender upon discretion. The same Letters add, that my Lord *Douglas* having been sent out by the Marechal de *Cregui* with a Compliment to the Prince of *Vaudemont*, had been made Prisoner, for coming without a Passport; and that the hour given going to expire, the Besiegers prepared to make the general assault.

*Postscript.* We are just now told, that a Courier is passed through here, going to our Camp, with an account of the surrender of *Treves*.

*Paris, Sept. 7.* According to our last advices from *Alfort*, the Prince of *Conde* was encamped at *Kastelbeitz*, near *Schlesstadt*, where he had retrenched his Camp, and resolved to continue; *Treves* holds out still.

*White hall, Sept. 1.* The Bishoprick of *Worcester* being void by the death of the late Reverend Father in God, Dr. *B. andford*, and His Majesty having been pleased to confer the same, on the Reverend Dr. *James Fermwood*, Provost of *Kings-Colledge* in *Cambridge*, on Sunday the 29th of August, his Lordship *Eleck* was Consecrated in *St. Peter's Church* in *Broad-street*, *London*, by the Right Reverend Father in God *John Lord Bishop of Rochester*, his Grace of *Canterbury's* Commissioner for that purpose; being assisted by the Bishops of *Ely*, *Christester* and *Lincoln*. And after the performance of the Solemnity, their Lordships, with many of the Nobility, and other Persons of Quality, were entertained at a very Noble Dinner at *Drapers Hall*.

#### Advertisement.

A Little white Spaniol, with some red spots on her back; sides, and ears, something forth eyes, was lost Aug. 8. from Mr. *Fabian Philips* in *Chancery-lane*, over against *Lincolns Inne-garden*. If any can give notice of it, they shall be well rewarded.